# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, June 15, 2022.

The committee on State Administration and Regulatory Oversight to whom was referred the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3199) of Adrian C. Madaro, Carlos González and others relative to state agency language access and inclusion, reports recommending that the accompanying bill (House, No. 4872) ought to pass.

For the committee,

ANTONIO F. D. CABRAL.

FILED ON: 6/6/2022

#### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act relative to language access and inclusion.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:* 

1	SECTION 1. Title II of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, is
2	hereby amended by inserting after Chapter 6D the following chapter:-
3	CHAPTER 6E. LANGUAGE ACCESS AND INCLUSION.
4	Section 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this Act, the following terms shall have the
5	following meanings—
6	"Auxiliary aids and services" mean items, equipment or services that assist effective
7	communication between a deaf or hard of hearing individual and an individual who is not deaf or
8	hard of hearing.
9	"Culturally competent" means having a set of congruent behaviors, attitudes and policies
10	that enables effective work in cross-cultural situations, in a manner which respects the beliefs,
11	interpersonal styles, attitudes, language and behaviors of service recipients.

12	"Equal access" means to be informed of, participate in, and benefit from public services
13	offered by a state agency, at a level equal to English proficient individuals.
14	"Language access plan" means an administrative blueprint by which an agency complies
15	with language access requirements. The plan shall outline the tasks to be undertaken, establish
16	deadlines by which actions will be taken, identify responsible personnel assigned to implement
17	the plan, and establish priorities relative to the implementation of these plans.
18	"Language access services" means oral interpretation services, oral language services,
19	and written translation services, including auxiliary aids and services.
20	"Limited English proficient" or "LEP" individuals means individuals who do not speak
21	English as their primary language and have a limited ability to speak, read, write, or understand
22	English.
23	"Machine translation" means automated translation by computer software which
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24	translates a text from the source language into the target language without human intervention.
24 25	translates a text from the source language into the target language without human intervention. "Oral interpretation" means the act of listening to something in one language (source
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25 26 27 28	"Oral interpretation" means the act of listening to something in one language (source language) and orally translating it into another (target language). "Oral language services" means various methods of providing verbal information and interpretation through staff interpreters, bilingual or multilingual staff, telephone interpreter
25 26 27 28 29	"Oral interpretation" means the act of listening to something in one language (source language) and orally translating it into another (target language). "Oral language services" means various methods of providing verbal information and interpretation through staff interpreters, bilingual or multilingual staff, telephone interpreter services, and private interpreter services.

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"Primary language" means preferred language of the LEP individual.

34 "Public contact position" means a position determined by the state agency to be one that 35 includes meeting, contacting and dealing with the public in the performance of the agency's 36 functions. 37 "Qualified bilingual employee" means a staff person who is proficient in both the English 38 language and the non-English language to be used. Qualified bilingual employees may be 39 categorized as Tier 1 Bilingual Employees, or Tier 2 Bilingual Employees. 40 "Qualified interpreter" is a person who is fluent in both the English language and the 41 non-English language to be used, and who, either by certification, training or experience, is 42 skilled in simultaneous interpretation. 43 "Qualified multilingual employee" means a staff person who is proficient in the English 44 language and more than one non-English language to be used. Qualified multilingual employees 45 may be categorized as Tier 1 Multilingual Employees, or Tier 2 Multilingual Employees. 46 "Qualified translator" means a person who has a thorough knowledge of writing, reading 47 and proofreading in both the English language and the non-English language to be used, either 48 by certification, training or experience, and thereby is able to render a text from one language 49 into another, maintaining its tone, style and complex meaning, observing the cultural nuances, 50 and remaining impartial to the content. 51 "State agency" means an agency or executive department of state government. 52 "Vital document" means a document containing information which, if not provided

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accurately or in a timely manner, would have adverse consequences for the intended recipient,

54	including, but not limited to, documents that affect or relate to legal rights, privileges, or duties,
55	as well as applications, informational materials, notices, and complaint forms.
56	"Written translation" means the replacement of a written text from one language (source
57	language) into an equivalent written text into another language (the target language).
58	Section 2. Communications with the Public.
59	A State agency shall provide equal access to services, programs, and activities serving
60	limited English proficient individuals in a reasonable timeframe, including:
61	(a) Oral interpretation
62	1. A state agency shall provide timely, culturally competent oral language services to
63	all LEP individuals who seek to access services, programs, or activities. State agencies may,
64	utilizing existing funds, contract with telephone-based interpretation services or community-
65	based organizations that provide interpretation to LEP individuals, in addition to utilizing
66	qualified Tier 1 bilingual or multilingual employees.
67	2. A state agency shall notify every person inquiring about services, every applicant,
68	and every recipient of services of their right to timely oral interpretation in their primary
69	language.
70	3. A state agency that significantly relies on outside service providers to fulfill the
71	agency's responsibilities to the public shall ensure the implementation of the requirements of
72	Section $2(a)(1)$ and Section $2(a)(2)$ within those outside organizations' policies and practices.
73	(b) Written translation

A state agency shall issue vital documents in the following languages: Arabic,
 Cape Verdean Creole, Chinese (Simplified and Traditional), French, Haitian Creole, Khmer,
 Korean, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish, Vietnamese and any languages deemed necessary by the
 agency's language access survey.

78 2. A state agency shall translate all notices and materials that explain its services in
79 the languages stated above.

3. A state agency shall utilize qualified translators or Tier 1 bilingual or multilingual
employees, to translate notices, materials, and vital documents. Agencies shall not rely solely on
machine translation of notices, materials, and vital documents. A state agency that significantly
relies on outside service providers to fulfill the agency's responsibilities to the public shall
ensure the implementation of the requirements of Section 2(b)(1) and Section 2(b)(2) by the
outside service provider.

4. LEP individuals whose primary language is not covered under Section 2(b)(1) or
Section 2(b)(2) are entitled to the oral interpretation of vital documents into their primary
language.

If a state agency maintains one or more websites for use by the public, the agency
 shall provide the website in the following languages: Arabic, Cape Verdean Creole, Chinese
 (Simplified and Traditional), French, Haitian Creole, Khmer, Korean, Portuguese, Russian,
 Spanish, Vietnamese and any languages deemed necessary by the agency's language access
 survey. The state agency shall ensure that its websites are mobile compatible in said languages.

<sup>89 (</sup>c) Websites

95 2. Agencies shall not rely solely on machine translation for the translation of its
96 websites. A state agency shall utilize qualified translators or Tier 1 bilingual or multilingual
97 employees to translate its websites.

3. A state agency that maintains one or more websites for use by the public shall
provide forms and processes for submitting complaints of alleged violations of this Act on the
homepage of the website. The forms and processes shall be translated into the languages stated
above.

102 Section 3. Language Access Plans.

103 (a) Requirements of language access plans

104 1. A state agency shall develop a language access plan to implement protocols for 105 providing services to LEP individuals and deaf or hard of hearing individuals in accordance with 106 this Act. After the language access plan is implemented, the agency shall update its language 107 access plan every two years based upon the most recent language access survey. The language 108 access plan shall include:

i. The state agency shall conduct a needs assessment that includes data on the
language composition of the population served by the agency, including American Sign
Language. The agency shall determine the percentage of the eligible service population who are
non-English speakers, LEP, or deaf or hard of hearing; the frequency with which the agency
provides services to non-English speakers and LEP and deaf or hard of hearing individuals; and
the primary languages used by non-English or LEP individuals in the agency's service area. The
needs assessment shall also identify all points of contact between the agency and the public, and

all potential language or language-related barriers to services and programs, including thelocation of offices.

118 ii. The state agency shall identify available language resources and staff to deliver 119 services, programs, and activities to LEP individuals and deaf or hard of hearing individuals who 120 require auxiliary aids and services, including existing staff who can provide linguistically, 121 culturally, and technically proficient interpretation services. The language resources assessment 122 shall detail the language services available under existing state contracts for in-person 123 interpretation, telephone interpretation, and translation, and determine the steps needed to make 124 these services available for staff use, including equipment and training. 125 iii. Language service protocols shall provide staff with procedures and instructions 126 for securing or procuring language services, and designed for ease of use, with minimal approval 127 or documentation required. 128 2. To complete its needs assessment and language resources assessment, a state 129 agency shall conduct a language survey of each of its statewide and local offices every three 130 years to provide the following: 131 i. A calculation of the percentage of LEP individuals served by the agency's central 132 and local offices, categorized by primary language.

133 ii. A determination of whether the use of oral language services and written134 translation is reliably serving the language needs of the individuals served by the agency.

135 iii. A determination of whether the use of auxiliary aids and services is reliably136 serving the language needs of the individuals served by the agency.

137	iv. An evaluation of whether contracted interpreter services are working effectively.
138	v. An evaluation of the effectiveness of annual language access training.
139	vi. A description of the agency's procedures for identifying language needs at central
140	and local offices and assigning qualified bilingual or multilingual employees to those offices.
141	vii. A description of agency procedures for recruiting and retaining qualified bilingual
142	or multilingual employees in central and local offices.
143	viii. The number of qualified bilingual or multilingual employees, in public contact
144	positions in each central and local office, and the languages they speak other than English.
145	ix. A description of any training the agency provides to its staff on the provision of
146	services to LEP and deaf or hard of hearing individuals, frequency of training, and date of most
147	
147	recent training.
147	x. A description of complaints regarding language access received by the agency
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148 149	x. A description of complaints regarding language access received by the agency since submitting its most recent report under Section 6, and the agency's procedures for
148 149 150	x. A description of complaints regarding language access received by the agency since submitting its most recent report under Section 6, and the agency's procedures for accepting and resolving these complaints.
148 149 150 151	<ul> <li>x. A description of complaints regarding language access received by the agency since submitting its most recent report under Section 6, and the agency's procedures for accepting and resolving these complaints.</li> <li>xi. A description of the agency's procedures for identifying vital documents for</li> </ul>
148 149 150 151 152	<ul> <li>x. A description of complaints regarding language access received by the agency since submitting its most recent report under Section 6, and the agency's procedures for accepting and resolving these complaints.</li> <li>xi. A description of the agency's procedures for identifying vital documents for translation.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>148</li> <li>149</li> <li>150</li> <li>151</li> <li>152</li> <li>153</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>x. A description of complaints regarding language access received by the agency since submitting its most recent report under Section 6, and the agency's procedures for accepting and resolving these complaints.</li> <li>xi. A description of the agency's procedures for identifying vital documents for translation.</li> <li>Section 4. Personnel.</li> </ul>

157	in consultation with the language access advisory board. State agencies with multiple offices or		
158	divisions shall designate regional language access coordinators who shall address the language		
159	access needs of the relevant region and train the regions' staff on compliance with this Act.		
160	Regional language access coordinators shall report to the language access coordinator.		
161	2. Language access coordinators shall maintain a centralized, electronic, searchable		
162	language access database containing the following data, which shall be submitted to the office of		
163	access and opportunity, and to the language access advisory board, including:		
164	i. all formal and informal requests for language access services and the status of		
165	those requests;		
166	ii. all language access-related complaints, including complaints of language		
167	discrimination and/or disability discrimination in cases of the deaf or hard of hearing;		
168	iii. the status and progress of all such requests and complaints;		
169	iv. the resolution of all such requests and complaints, including decisions by the		
170	regional and central offices;		
171	v. the reasons for full and partial denials of requests for language services;		
172	vi. the office(s) handling the relevant case/service.		
173	(b) Staffing		
174	1. A state agency shall employ a sufficient number of qualified bilingual or		
175	multilingual employees in public contact positions or as interpreters to assist employees in public		

176 contact positions, to ensure provision of information and services in a person's preferred177 languages.

A bilingual or multilingual staff member shall not provide interpretation in
 adversarial proceedings when the state agency that employs the bilingual staff member is a party
 to the proceedings.

3. A bilingual or multilingual staff member may provide language services to LEP individuals and those who are deaf or hard of hearing, in accordance with their skill level as determined by the applicable regional language access coordinator. A bilingual employee shall be classified into one of the following two tiers, and shall provide interpretation in accordance with that tier.

i. Tier 1 bilingual or multilingual employee: Tier 1 employees must have formal
certification, training in interpretation, or sufficient experience with interpreting in the specific
subject matter. If the employer does not regularly employ a person that may be classified as a
Tier 1 employee, the employer must hire a third-party contractor or service to fulfill these
interpreting needs.

191 ii. Tier 2 bilingual or multilingual employee: Tier 2 employees have the skill and
192 capacity to communicate directly with clients regarding routine or common business matters.
193 Tier 2 employees need not have formal certification, but shall be proficient in the non-English
194 language.

195 iii. Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees must be capable of communicating both receptively
196 and expressively in English and the non-English language, and be without interest in the matter
197 or outcome. Qualified bilingual or multilingual employees shall agree in writing to, the ethical

198 and confidentiality requirements associated with interpreting pursuant to the American 199 Translators Association Code of Ethics and Professional Practice. 200 4. Any employee who is regularly acting as an interpreter or translator must be 201 reasonably compensated for that additional work. 202 (c) Training 203 1. Regional language access coordinators and the language access coordinators shall 204 train all employees of a state agency to effectively obtain and utilize the services of language 205 interpreters and translators. A state agency may provide language access trainings for outside 206 service providers they have engaged; provided that the outside service providers lack sufficient 207 resources or capacity to hold such trainings independently.

208 2. Regional language access coordinators, in conjunction with the language access 209 coordinator, shall conduct training for every new hire and for every employee annually thereafter 210 on the language access plan, and provide any materials necessary for staff to readily access the 211 language access plan as needed.

212 Section 5. Language Access Advisory Board.

(a) There is established, for oversight and the provision of technical assistance, a
language access advisory board to ensure equal access to services, programs, and activities
offered by a state agency for LEP and deaf or hard of hearing individuals. The board shall be cochaired by a staff member from the office of access and opportunity, and one other member of
the advisory board voted upon by the board itself. The members of the advisory board shall be
appointed within 90 days after the effective date of this Act, and shall serve 4-year terms.

219 Members whose terms have expired may serve until a successor is duly chosen. The board shall220 meet no less than 4 times annually.

- 221 (b) Composition
- 222 The language access advisory board shall include:
- 1. three members appointed by the Massachusetts Immigrant and Refugee

Advocacy Coalition from prevalent LEP populations within Massachusetts, as determined by the

- 225 most recent United States Census data, who has an interest in language access reform;
- 2 one member from the deaf or hard of hearing community who has an interest in
  language access reform, appointed by the Disability Law Center;
- 228 3. one member appointed by the Massachusetts Law Reform Institute;
- 4. one member appointed by the Massachusetts Appleseed Center for Law &Justice:
- 5. one member appointed by the Massachusetts Language Access Coalition;
- 232 6. one member appointed by Greater Boston Legal Services;
- 233 7. one member appointed by the Justice Center of Southeast Massachusetts;
- 8. one member appointed by MetroWest Legal Services;
- 235 9. one member appointed by the Central West Justice Center; and
- 236 10. one member appointed by the Northeast Justice Center
- 237 (c) Advisory board responsibilities

238	The advisory board shall support the relevant state agencies to achieve compliance with		
239	this Act by:		
240	providing guidance and technical assistance to the state agencies;		
241	advise language access coordinators of the state agencies in the development and review		
242	of their language access plan;		
243 244	review biennial reports from the state agencies, and make recommendations for steps toward compliance.		
245	disseminate recommendations to state agencies to reduce identified barriers for serving		
246	the LEP and deaf or hard of hearing population. The language access advisory board, in		
247	formulating its recommendations, shall take into account the best practices and policies in other		
248	states and jurisdictions; and		
249	other activities to help state agencies achieve compliance with this Act.		
250	Section 6. Reporting.		
251	(a) Reporting requirements		
252	1. Every 3 years following a state agency's full implementation of this Act, the State		
253	agency shall submit to the joint committee on ways and means, the joint committee on state		
254	administration and regulatory oversight, the language access advisory board and the office of		
255	access and opportunity, a report on the data collected under Section 3(a)(2).		
256	2. The report shall be disaggregated and cross tabulated by:		
257	i. primary language;		

258	ii.	disability status;	
259	iii.	race;	
260	iv.	ethnicity;	
261	v.	age;	
262	vi.	gender; and	
263	vii.	low-income status	
264	3.	The report shall be publicly available in multiple languages, and be provided in	
265	plain languag	e that community members can understand; and	
266	4.	The report shall be presented in a manner that protects the privacy of individuals.	
267	Sectio	on 7. Relief.	
268	(a) Re	elief potentials	
269	1.	Any person or class of persons claiming to be aggrieved by a state agency for	
270	failure to prov	vide language access for benefits or services according to the terms of this Act shall	
271	have the right to institute and prosecute a civil action in the district, superior, housing, probate or		
272	land court department for injunctive and other appropriate equitable relief including an award of		
273	actual and consequential damages. Should the person or persons prevail, they shall be entitled to		
274	an award of the costs of the litigation including expert witness fees, reasonable attorneys' fees in		
275	an amount to	be fixed by the court, and prejudgment and post judgment interest.	

276 2. The Massachusetts commission against discrimination may commence a civil277 action to seek relief for a violation of this Act.

3. The attorney general may also commence a civil action to seek relief for aviolation of this Act.

280 Section 8. Office of access and opportunity.

The office of access and opportunity of the executive office for administration andfinance shall have the following responsibilities:

Accept and investigate complaints submitted to the office of access and
 opportunity by individuals who have been unable to obtain timely language access services in
 any state agency.

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2. Annually provide copies of all complaints as detailed in Section 8(a)(1)(i) to the
287 language access advisory board.

3. 288 Where an agency does not provide equal access, eliminate the language access 289 barrier using informal methods, including conference, conciliation, mediation, or persuasion. 290 Where the language access barrier cannot be eliminated by informal methods, the office of 291 access and opportunity shall submit written compliance requirements to the state agency. The 292 office of access and opportunity may request the state agency to notify it within a specified time, 293 of any action taken on its requirements. Further, the office of access and opportunity may require 294 a state agency to increase the frequency of the reporting every six months, as it deems necessary, 295 or as requested by the language access advisory board.

4. In consultation with the language access advisory board, create multilingual
signage informing LEP individuals of their right to free oral language services, for dissemination
to state agencies.

299 (a) Conflicting law

It is the intent of the legislature that the provisions of this Act be guided by Title
 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Executive Order No. 13166, and the federal rules and
 regulations adopted in implementation thereof, except that if the laws of this state prescribe
 stronger protections and prohibitions, the programs and activities subject to this Act shall be
 subject to the stronger protections and prohibitions.

- 305 Section 9. Language Access Implementation Schedule
- 306 1. On or before 1 year after this bill is enacted, there shall be full implementation by:
- i. MassHealth
- 308 ii. the department of children and families
- 309 iii. the department of early education and care
- 310 iv. the department of elementary and secondary education
- 311 v. the department of housing and community development
- 312 vi. the department of transitional assistance
- 313 vii. the department of unemployment assistance
- 314 viii. the registry of motor vehicles

315	ix.	the department of public health
316	Х.	Massachusetts office for victim assistance
317	xii.	the department of mental health
318	xii.	the office of access and opportunity
319	2.	On or before 2 years after this bill is enacted, there shall be full implementation
320	by all agencie	es or departments within:
321	i.	the executive office of education
322	ii.	the executive office of health and human services
323	iii.	the executive office of housing and economic development
324	iv.	the department of revenue child support enforcement division
325	v.	the district attorneys of Massachusetts
326	vi.	the executive office of public safety and security
327	vii.	the Massachusetts commission against discrimination
328	3.	On or before 3 years after this bill is enacted, there shall be full implementation
329	by all agencie	es or departments within:
330	i.	the executive office for administration and finance
331	ii.	the executive office of energy and environmental affairs
332	iii.	the executive office of labor and workforce development

333	iv.	the executive office of public safety and security
334	v.	the executive office of technology services and security
335	vi.	the executive office of transportation and public works
336	vii.	the department of revenue
337	viii.	the disabled protection commission
338	ix.	the sheriffs of Massachusetts
339	х.	the Massachusetts office of consumer affairs and business regulation
340	xi.	the cannabis control commission
341	4.	Additional state agencies may be beholden to this statute as determined by the
342	language acce	ess advisory board, in consultation with the office of access and opportunity.