HOUSE DOCKET, NO.

xxxxx FILED ON: 05/18/2012

HOUSE No. 04096

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts
PRESENTED BY:
Brian S. Dempsey
To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:
The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill
preventing unlawful and unnecessary foreclosures
PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Brian S. Dempsey	3rd Essex

HOUSE No. 04096

House bill No. 4087, as changed by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading and as amended and passed to be engrossed by the House. May 16, 2012.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Twelve

preventing unlawful and unnecessary foreclosures. .

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 244 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 14, as
- 2 appearing in the 2010 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- 3 Section 14. The mortgagee or person having estate in the land mortgaged, or a person authorized
- 4 by the power of sale, or the attorney duly authorized by a writing under seal, or the legal
- 5 guardian or conservator of such mortgagee or person acting in the name of such mortgagee or
- 6 person, may, upon breach of condition and without action, perform all acts authorized or
- 7 required by the power; but no sale under such power shall be effectual to foreclose a mortgage,
- 8 unless, previous to such sale, notice thereof has been published once in each of 3 successive
- 9 weeks, the first publication to be not less than 21 days before the day of sale, in a newspaper, if
- 10 any, published in the town where the land lies or in a newspaper with general circulation in the
- 11 town where the land lies and notice thereof has been sent by registered mail to the owner or
- 12 owners of record of the equity of redemption as of 30 days prior to the date of sale, said notice to

be mailed by registered mail at least 14 days prior to the date of sale to said owner or owners to the address set forth in section 61 of chapter 185, if the land is then registered or, in the case of 14 unregistered land, to the last address of the owner or owners of the equity of redemption 15 appearing on the records of the holder of the mortgage, if any, or if none, to the address of the 16 owner or owners as given on the deed or on the petition for probate by which he acquired title, if 17 18 any, or if in either case no owner appears, then mailed by registered mail to the address to which the tax collector last sent the tax bill for the mortgaged premises to be sold, or if no tax bill has 19 been sent for the last preceding 3 years, then mailed by registered mail to the address of any of 20 21 the parcels of property in the name of said owner of record which are to be sold under the power of sale and unless a copy of said notice of sale has been sent by registered mail to all persons of 22 record as of 30 days prior to the date of sale holding an interest in the property junior to the 23 mortgage being foreclosed, said notice to be mailed at least 14 days prior to the date of sale to each such person at the address of such person set forth in any document evidencing the interest 25 26 or to the last address of such person known to the mortgagee. Any person of record as of 30 days prior to the date of sale holding an interest in the property junior to the mortgage being 27 foreclosed may waive at any time, whether prior or subsequent to the date of sale, the right to 28 29 receive notice by mail to such person under this section and such waiver shall be deemed to 30 constitute compliance with such notice requirement for all purposes. If no newspaper is 31 published in such town, or if there is no newspaper with general circulation in the town where 32 the land lies, notice may be published in a newspaper published in the county where the land lies, and this provision shall be implied in every power of sale mortgage in which it is not expressly 33 set forth. A newspaper which by its title page purports to be printed or published in such town, 34 city or county, and having a circulation therein, shall be sufficient for the purpose.

36	The following form of foreclosure notice may be used and may be altered as circumstances
37	require; but nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the use of other forms.
38	(Form.)
39	MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
40	By virtue and in execution of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage given by
41	to dated and recorded with
42	
43	Deeds, Book, page, of which mortgage the undersigned is the present
44	holder,
45	(If by assignment, or in any fiduciary capacity, give reference to the assignment or assignments
46	recorded withDeeds, Book, page, of which mortgage the undersigned is the
47	present holder,)
48	for breach of the conditions of said mortgage and for the purpose of foreclosing the same will be
49	sold at Public Auction ato'clock,
50	year), (place) all and singular the premises described in said mortgage,
51	(In case of partial releases, state exceptions.)
52	To wit: "(Description as in the mortgage, including all references to title, restrictions,
53	encumbrances, etc., as made in the mortgage.)"

54 Terms of sale: (State here the amount, if any, to be paid in cash by the purchaser at the time and place of the sale, and the time or times for payment of the balance or the whole as the case may 55 be.) 56 Other terms to be announced at the sale. 58 (Signed) Present holder of said mortgage. 60 A notice of sale in the above form, published in accordance with the power in the mortgage and 61 with this chapter, together with such other or further notice, if any, as is required by the mortgage, shall be a sufficient notice of the sale; and the premises shall be deemed to have been 62 63 sold, and the deed thereunder shall convey the premises, subject to and with the benefit of all restrictions, easements, improvements, outstanding tax titles, municipal or other public taxes, assessments, liens or claims in the nature of liens, and existing encumbrances of record created 65 prior to the mortgage, whether or not reference to such restrictions, easements, improvements, 66 liens or encumbrances is made in the deed; but no purchaser at the sale shall be bound to complete the purchase if there are encumbrances, other than those named in the mortgage and 68 included in the notice of sale, which are not stated at the sale and included in the auctioneer's contract with the purchaser. 70 In the event a mortgagee holds a mortgage pursuant to an assignment, for purposes of this 71 section and section 21 of chapter 183, no notice pursuant to this section shall be valid unless (i) 73 at the time such notice is mailed, an assignment, or a chain of assignments, evidencing the 74 assignment of the mortgage to the foreclosing mortgagee has been duly recorded in the registry 75 of deedsfor the county or district where the land lies, and (ii) the recording information for all

- 76 recorded assignments is referenced in the notice of sale required in this section. The notice shall
- 77 not be defective if any holder within the chain of assignments either changed its name or merged
- 78 into another entity during the time it was the mortgage holder; provided, that it is recited within
- 79 the body of the notice the fact of any merger, consolidation, amendment, conversion or
- 80 acquisition of assets causing the change in name or identity, the recital of which shall be
- 81 conclusive in favor of any bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, lienholder or encumbrancer of value
- 82 relying in good faith thereon.
- 83 SECTION 2. Said chapter 244 is hereby further amended by adding the following two sections:-
- 84 Section 35B. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall, unless the context clearly
- 85 requires otherwise, have the following meanings:-
- 86 "Affordable monthly payment", a borrower's ability to make monthly payments on a mortgage
- 87 loan, taking into account the borrower's current circumstances, including income, debts and
- 88 obligations.
- 89 "Borrower", a mortgagor of a mortgage loan.
- 90 "Certain mortgage loan," a loan to a natural person made primarily for personal, family or
- 91 household purposes secured wholly or partially by a mortgage on an owner-occupied residential
- 92 property with 1 or more of the following loan features:
- 93 (i) an introductory interest rate granted for a period of 3 years or less and such introductory
- 94 rate is at least 2 per cent lower than the fully indexed rate;
- 95 (ii) interest-only payments for any period of time, except in the case where the mortgage
- 96 loan is an open-end home equite line of credit;

- 97 (iii) a payment option feature, where any 1 of the payment options is less than principal and 98 interest fully amortized over the life of the loan;
- 99 (iv) the loan did not require full documentation of income or assets;
- 100 (v) prepayment penalties that exceed section 56 of chapter 183 or applicable federal law;
- 101 (vi) the loan was underwritten with a loan-to-value ratio at or above 90 per cent and the ratio
- 102 of the borrower's debt, including all housing-related and recurring monthly debt, to the
- 103 borrower's income exceeded 38 per cent; or
- 104 (vii) the loan was underwritten as a component of a loan transaction wherein the combined
- loan-to-value ratio was above 95 per cent. For the purposes of this section, loans financed by the
- 106 Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency, established by Chapter 708 of the Acts of 1966, as
- amended, and loans originated through programs administered by the Massachusetts Housing
- 108 Partnership Fund Board established in Section 35 of Chapter 405 of the Acts of 1985, as
- 109 amended, shall not be certain mortgage loans;
- 110 "Creditor", a person or entity that holds or controls, partially, wholly, indirectly, directly, or in a
- 111 nominee capacity, a mortgage loan securing an owner-occupied residential property, including,
- 112 without limitation, an originator, holder, investor, assignee, successor, trust, trustee, nominee
- 113 holder, Mortgage Electronic Registration System or mortgage servicer, including the Federal
- 114 National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. "Creditor"
- shall also include any servant, employee or agent of a creditor. Notwithstanding the forgoing, the
- bodies politic and corporate and public instrumentalities of the Commonwealth established by
- 117 Chapter 708 of the Acts of 1966, as amended, and established in section 35 of Chapter 405 of the
- 118 Acts of 1985, as amended, shall not be a Creditor for purposes of this section.

- 119 "Creditor's representative", a person who has the authority to negotiate and approve the terms of
- 120 and modify a mortgage loan.
- 121 "Modified mortgage loan", a mortgage modified from its original terms including, but not
- 122 limited to, a loan modified pursuant to 1 of the following: (i) the Home Affordable Modification
- 123 Program; (ii) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's Loan Modification Program; (iii) any
- 124 modification program that a lender uses which is based on accepted principles and the safety and
- soundness of the institution and authorized by the National Credit Union Administration, the
- 126 division of banks or any other instrumentality of the commonwealth; (iv) the Federal Housing
- 127 Administration; or (v) a similar federal loan modification plan.
- 128 "Mortgage loan", a loan to a natural person made primarily for personal, family or household
- 129 purposes secured wholly or partially by a mortgage on residential property.
- 130 "Net present value", the present net value of a residential property based on a calculation using 1
- 131 of the following: (i) the federal Home Affordable Modification Program Base Net Present Value
- 132 Model, (ii) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's Loan Modification Program, (iii) the
- 133 Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency's loan program used solely by the agency to compare
- 134 the expected economic outcome of a loan with or without a modified mortgage loan, or (iv) any
- model approved by the division of banks to consider the total present value of a series of future
- 136 cash flows relative to a mortgage loan.
- 137 "Residential property", real property located in the commonwealth having thereon a dwelling
- 138 house with accommodations for 4 or less separate households and occupied, or to be occupied, in
- whole or in part by the obligor on the mortgage debt; provided, however, that residential
- property shall be limited to the principal residence of a person; provided, further, that residential

- property shall not include an investment property or residence other than a primary residence; provided, further, that residential property shall not include residential property taken in whole or in part as collateral for a commercial loan; and provided, further, that residential property shall not include a property subject to condemnation, receivership, or proceedings in United States bankruptcy court.
- (b) A creditor shall not publish notice of a foreclosure sale, as required by section 14, upon certain mortgage loans unless it has first taken reasonable steps and made a good faith effort to avoid foreclosure. The determination of whether a creditor has taken reasonable steps and made a good faith effort to avoid foreclosure shall mean that the creditor has considered: (i) an assessment of the borrower's current circumstances including, without limitation, the borrower's current income, total debts and obligations; (ii) the net present value of receiving payments pursuant to a modified mortgage loan as compared to the anticipated net recovery following foreclosure; and (iii) the interests of the creditor, including, without limitation, investors.

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(1) Except as otherwise specified in a contract, a servicer of pooled residential mortgages may determine whether the net present value of the payments on the modified mortgage loan is likely to be greater than the anticipated net recovery that would result from foreclosure to all investors and holders of beneficial interests in such investment, but not to any individual or groups of investors or beneficial interest holders, and shall be deemed to act in the best interests of all such investors or holders of beneficial interests if the servicer agrees to or implements a modified mortgage loan or takes reasonable loss mitigation actions that comply with this section. Any modified mortgage loan offered to the borrower shall comply with current federal and state law, including, without limitation, all rules and regulations pertaining to mortgage loans and the

- borrower shall be able to reasonably afford to repay the modified mortgage loan according to itsscheduled payments.
- 165 (2) A creditor shall be presumed to have acted in good faith and deemed to comply with this
- subsection, if, prior to publishing a notice of a foreclosure sale, as required by section 14, the
- 167 creditor:
- 168 (i) determines a borrower's current ability to make monthly payments, reasonably taking into
- 169 account the borrower's current circumstances, including income, debts and obligations;
- 170 (ii) identifies a modified mortgage loan that achieves the borrower's affordable monthly
- 171 payment, which may include 1 or more of the following: reduction in principal; reduction in
- 172 interest rate; or an increase in amortization period but not more than a 15-year increase not to
- 173 exceed a 45-year amortization period;
- 174 (iii) conducts an analysis comparing the net present value of the modified mortgage loan and the
- 175 creditor's anticipated net recovery that would result from foreclosure, such analysis shall be
- deemed compliant if in accordance with the formula presented in 1 of the following: (i) the
- 177 Home Affordable Modification Program; (ii) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's Loan
- 178 Modification Program; (iii) any modification program that a lender uses which is based on
- 179 accepted principles and the safety and soundness of the institution and authorized by the National
- 180 Credit Union Administration, the division of banks or any other instrumentality of the
- 181 commonwealth; (iv) the Federal Housing Administration; or (v) a similar federal loan
- 182 modification plan; and
- 183 (iv) either (A) in all circumstances where the net present value of the modified mortgage loan
- 184 exceeds the anticipated net recovery at foreclosure, agrees to modify the loan in a manner that

provides for the affordable monthly payment, or (B) in circumstances where the net present value of the modified mortgage loan is less than the anticipated net recovery of the foreclosure, or does not meet the borrower's affordable monthly payment, notifies the borrower that no modified mortgage loan will be offered and provides a written summary of the creditor's net present value analysis and the borrower's current ability to make monthly payments, after which the creditor may proceed with the foreclosure process in conformity with this chapter.

191 (3) The division of banks may adopt, amend or repeal rules and regulations to aid in the
192 administration and enforcement of this section, including regulations that determine further
193 requirements for reasonable steps and good faith efforts to avoid foreclosures and that provide
194 safe harbors for compliance in addition to that set forth in this section.

(c) In accordance with this section, for certain mortgage loans, the creditor shall send notice, concurrently with the notice required by subsection (g) of section 35A, of the borrower's rights to pursue a modified mortgage loan. Said notice shall be deemed to be delivered to the mortgagor when sent by first class mail and certified mail or similar service by a private carrier to the mortgagor at the mortgagor's address last known to the mortgagee or anyone holding thereunder. A copy of said notice shall be filed with the commissioner of the division of banks and the office of the attorney general. The time frame for determining whether a modified mortgage loan is offered shall occur within 150 days. No more than 30 days following delivery of the notice as provided for in this section, a borrower who holds a certain mortgage loan shall notify a creditor of (i) the borrower's intent to pursue a modified mortgage loan which shall include a statement of the borrower's income and a complete list of total debts and obligations at the time of receipt of the notice; (ii) the borrower's intent to pursue an alternative to foreclosure, including a short sale or deed in lieu of foreclosure; (iii) the borrower's intent not to pursue a

modified mortgage loan and pursue the right to cure period described in section 35A; or (iv) the borrower's intent to waive the right to cure period and proceed to foreclosure. A borrower who 209 holds a certain mortgage loan and fails to respond to the creditor within 30 days of delivery of 210 the notice provided for in this section shall be deemed to have forfeited the right to cure period 211 and shall be subject to a right to cure period of 90 days. A borrower shall be presumed to have 212 213 notified the creditor if the borrower provides proof of delivery through the United States Postal Service or similar carrier. No more than 30 days following receipt of the borrower's notification 214 that the borrower intends to pursue a modified mortgage loan, a creditor shall provide the 216 borrower with its assessment in writing pursuant to subsection (b). The assessment shall include, but not be limited to: (i) a written statement of the borrower's income, debts and obligations as determined by the creditor; (ii) the creditor's net present value analysis of the mortgage loan; (iii) 218 the creditor's anticipated net recovery at foreclosure; (iv) a statement of the interests of the creditor; and (v) a modified mortgage loan offer pursuant to the requirements of this section or 220 221 notice that no modified mortgage loan will be offered. Where a modified mortgage loan is 222 offered, the offer shall include the first and last name(s) and contact phone number(s) of the 223 creditor's representative. The assessment shall be provided by first class and certified mail. A creditor shall be presumed to have provided the assessment to the borrower if the creditor provides proof of delivery through the United States Postal Service or similar carrier. A borrower 225 who receives a modified mortgage loan offer from a creditor shall respond within 30 days of 226 227 receipt of the assessment and offer of a modified mortgage loan. The borrower may: (i) accept the offer of a loan modification as provided by the creditor; (ii) make a reasonable counteroffer; 228 229 or (iii) state that the borrower wishes to waive the borrower's rights as provided by this section 230 and proceed to foreclosure. The borrower's response shall be in writing and, where a

231 counteroffer is proposed, shall include substantiating documentation in support of the 232 counteroffer. The response shall be provided by first class and certified mail. A borrower shall be presumed to have responded if the borrower provides proof of delivery through the United 233 States Postal Service or similar carrier. A borrower who fails to respond to the creditor within 30 234 235 days of receipt of a modified mortgage loan offer shall be deemed to have forfeited the 150-day 236 right to cure period and shall be subject to a right to cure period of 90 days. Where a counteroffer is proposed, the creditor shall accept, reject or propose a counteroffer to the borrower within 30 237 days of receipt. Pursuant to this section, additional offers by both parties shall be considered 238 239 during the right to cure period; provided, however, that a borrower may at any time state, in writing, that the borrower wishes to waive the borrower's rights as provided by this section and 240 241 proceed to foreclosure. Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a creditor and a borrower from negotiating the terms of a modified mortgage loan by telephone or in person following the initial offer of a modified mortgage loan by a creditor; provided, however, that all 243 offers, whether by a creditor or a borrower, shall be in writing and signed by the offeror. The 244 right to a modified mortgage loan, as described in this section, shall be granted once during any 245 3-year period, regardless of the mortgage holder. (d) The notice required in subsection (c) shall, at a minimum, include the appropriate contact information for modification assistance within the office of the attorney general. The division of 248 banks shall adopt regulations in accordance with this subsection, including the minimum 249 requirements which constitute a good faith effort by the borrower to respond to the notice. The 250 251 notice shall be similar in substance and form to the notice promulgated by the division of banks in accordance with section 35A. 252

- 253 (e) Nothing in this section shall prevent a creditor from offering or accepting alternatives to
- 254 foreclosure, such as a short sale or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure, if the borrower requests such
- alternatives, rejects a modified mortgage loan offer or does not qualify for a modified mortgage
- 256 loan pursuant to this section.
- 257 (g) Prior to publishing a notice of a foreclosure sale, as required by section 14, the creditor, or
- 258 where the creditor is not a natural person, an officer or duly authorized agent of the creditor,
- 259 shall certify compliance with this section in an affidavit based upon a review of the creditor's
- 260 business records. The creditor, or an officer or duly authorized agent of the creditor, shall record
- 261 this affidavit with the registry of deeds for the county or district where the land lies.
- 262 The affidavit shall be conclusive evidence in favor of an arm's-length third party purchaser for
- 263 value, at or subsequent to the resulting foreclosure sale, that the foreclosing party identified or
- 264 referred to as the holder of the foreclosed mortgage in the affidavit has fully complied with this
- 265 section and is entitled to proceed with foreclosure of the subject mortgage pursuant to the power
- 266 of sale contained in the mortgage and any one or more of the foreclosure procedures authorized
- 267 in this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, the term "arm's-length, third party purchaser"
- 268 shall include such purchaser's heirs, successors and assigns.
- 269 Section 35C. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall, unless the context clearly
- 270 requires otherwise, have the following meanings:
- 271 "Borrower", a mortgagor of a mortgage loan.
- 272 "Creditor", a person or entity that holds or controls, partially, wholly, indirectly, directly, or in a
- 273 nominee capacity, a mortgage loan securing a residential property, including, without limitation,
- 274 an originator, holder, investor, assignee, successor, trust, trustee, nominee holder, Mortgage

- 275 Electronic Registration System or mortgage servicer, including the Federal National Mortgage
- Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. "Creditor" shall also include any
- 277 servant, employee or agent of a creditor.
- 278 "Mortgage loan", a loan to a natural person made primarily for personal, family or household
- 279 purposes secured wholly or partially by a mortgage on residential property.
- 280 "Residential property", real property located in the commonwealth having thereon a dwelling
- 281 house with accommodations for 4 or less separate households and occupied, or to be occupied, in
- 282 whole or in part by the obligor on the mortgage debt; provided, however, that residential
- 283 property shall be limited to the principal residence of a person; provided, further, that residential
- 284 property shall not include an investment property or residence other than a primary residence;
- and provided, further, that residential property shall not include residential property taken in
- 286 whole or in part as collateral for a commercial loan.
- 287 (b) A creditor shall not publish notice of foreclosure, pursuant to section 14, when it knows or
- 288 should know that it is not the present holder of the mortgage loan, including, without limitation,
- 289 if the creditor is not the original mortgagee and commences foreclosure without possessing a
- 290 valid written, signed and dated assignment evidencing the assignment of the mortgage.
- 291 (c) A creditor violates this chapter if it imposes upon a third party the cost of correcting, curing,
- 292 or confirming documentation relating to the sale, transfer, or assignment of a mortgage loan,
- 293 including, without limitation, a creditor shall bear the costs related to curative actions taken
- 294 because a foreclosure was commenced without the creditor's possession of a valid, written,
- 295 signed, and dated assignment evidencing the assignment of the mortgage, in violation of section

- 14. A third party may recover all of its costs including its reasonable attorney's fees for havingto correct, cure, or confirm documentation.
- 298 (d) A creditor violates this chapter if it makes statements to a state or federal court related to
 299 foreclosure or compliance with this chapter, orally or in writing, that it knows or should know
 300 are false, including, without limitation, statements about the offering of a loan modification, the
 301 borrower's history of payments, the validity of the assignment of the mortgage loan, that the
 302 creditor is the record holder of the mortgage loan, or the creditor's compliance with any other
 303 requirements of this chapter.
- 304 (e) A creditor violates this chapter if the creditor imposes a fee upon a borrower for goods not 305 rendered or services not performed in connection with a foreclosure.
- 306 (f) No person shall give and no person shall accept any portion, split, or percentage of any
 307 charge made or received for the rendering of a service in connection with a transaction involving
 308 a foreclosure upon a mortgage loan other than for services actually performed.
- 309 (g) The division of banks may adopt, amend or repeal rules and regulations for the administration310 and enforcement of this section.
- 311 (h) In all circumstances in which an offer to purchase either a mortgage loan or residential
 312 property is made by an entity with a tax-exempt filing status under Section 501 (c)(3) of the
 313 Internal Revenue Code, or an entity controlled by an entity with such tax exempt filing status, no
 314 Creditor shall require as a condition of sale or transfer to any such entity any affidavit, statement,
 315 agreement or addendum limiting ownership or occupancy of the residential property by the
 316 Borrower and, if obtained, such affidavit, statement, agreement or addendum shall not provide a
 317 basis to avoid a sale or transfer nor shall it be enforceable against such acquiring entity or any

- 318 real estate broker, Borrower, or settlement agent named in such affidavit, statement or
- 319 addendum.
- 320 SECTION 3. The division of banks shall, in consultation with the office of the attorney general,
- 321 annually track the resolution of certain mortgage loans and provide a report of said results to the
- 322 joint committee on financial services within 90 days of the end of each calendar year through
- 323 December 31, 2017.
- 324 SECTION 4. The law shall take effect upon its passage. Said sections 2 shall not apply to such
- 325 mortgages where the notice pursuant to section 35A of chapter 244 has been sent.