HOUSE No. 3932

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

INITIATIVE PETITION OF RICHARD M. EVAN AND OTHERS.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY. BOSTON, JANUARY 6, 2016.

Steven T. James Clerk of the House of Representatives State House Boston, Massachusetts 02133

Sir: - I herewith transmit to you, in accordance with the requirements of Article XLVIII of the Amendments to the Constitution, an initiative petition for a law named "The Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act," signed by ten qualified voters and filed with this department on or before December 2, 2015, together with additional signatures of qualified voters in the number of 70,739 being a sufficient number to comply with the Provisions of said Article.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM FRANCIS GALVIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AN INITIATIVE PETITION.

Pursuant to Article XLVIII of the Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as amended, the undersigned qualified voters of the Commonwealth, ten in number at least, hereby petition for the enactment into law of the following measure:

HOUSE No. 3932

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court (2015-2016)

An Act The Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 THE REGULATION AND TAXATION OF MARIJUANA ACT

- 2 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to control the production and distribution of
- 3 marijuana under a system that licenses, regulates and taxes the businesses involved in a manner
- 4 similar to alcohol and to make marijuana legal for adults 21 years of age or older. Its intent is to
- 5 remove the production and distribution of marijuana from the illicit market and to prevent the
- 6 sale of marijuana to persons under 21 years of age by providing for a regulated and taxed
- 7 distribution system. To the fullest extent possible, its terms are to be interpreted in accordance
- 8 with the purpose and intent set forth in this section.
- 9 SECTION 2. This act may be known as "The Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana
- 10 Act."
- SECTION 3. Chapter 10 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
- 12 section 75 the following sections:

Section 76. Cannabis Control Commission; members; appointment; terms; chairman; secretary

- (a) There shall be a commission known as the cannabis control commission to have
 general supervision and sole regulatory authority over the conduct of the business of marijuana
 establishments as defined in chapter 94G of the General Laws. The commission shall consist of 1
 commissioner and 2 associate commissioners who shall be appointed by the treasurer. Not more
 than 2 members of the commission shall be of the same political party. The commissioner shall
 serve a term co-terminous with the treasurer. The associate commissioners shall serve a term of 4
 years. Any vacancy occurring for any reason other than the expiration of a term shall be filled for
 the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (b) The treasurer shall appoint commissioners based on their experience or expertise in
 public health, law enforcement, social justice, the regulation and business of consumer
 commodities and the production and distribution of marijuana and marijuana products.
- (c) The commissioner shall serve as chair and shall preside over all official activities ofthe commission.
- (d) The treasurer may remove any member for neglect of duty, misconduct or
 malfeasance in office, after providing the member with a written statement of the charges and an
 opportunity to be heard.
- 31 (e) Two members shall constitute a quorum for conducting the business of the 32 commission. A vacancy shall not impair the right of the remaining members to exercise the 33 powers of the commission.

- 34 (f) The commission may expend for such investigators and clerical and other assistants as
 35 may be necessary for the performance of its duties. The commissioner may appoint a chief
 36 investigator and other investigators, who shall be exempt from chapter 31 of the General Laws,
 37 to enforce or cause to be enforced the penalties provided by law against a marijuana
 38 establishment that violates chapter 94G of the General Laws and shall make all necessary and
 39 appropriate investigations for that enforcement.
- 40 (g) All records of the commission shall be considered public records within the meaning 41 of chapter 66 of the General Laws.
- 42 Section 77. Cannabis Advisory Board

44 (a) There shall be a cannabis advisory board to study and make recommendations on the 45 regulation of marijuana and marijuana products. The board shall consist of 15 members appointed by the governor and shall consist of: 1 expert in marijuana cultivation, 1 expert in 46 marijuana retailing, 1 expert in marijuana product manufacturing, 1 expert in marijuana testing, 1 47 board member or officer of a medical marijuana treatment center, 1 registered medical marijuana 48 patient, 1 individual who represents marijuana retail consumers, 2 experts in public health, 2 experts in law enforcement, 2 experts in social welfare or social justice, and 2 attorneys with 50 experience providing legal services to marijuana businesses, marijuana consumers or medical 51 marijuana patients in the commonwealth. Members of the board shall serve terms of 2 years. 52 Members of the board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for their 53 54 expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties. Members of

the board shall not be state employees for purposes of chapter 268A of the General Laws by

56	virtue of their service on the advisory board. The board shall meet at the discretion of the
57	commission. A majority of the members of the board present and voting shall constitute a
58	quorum.
59	(b) The cannabis advisory board shall:
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61	(1) advise the commission on marijuana cultivation, processing, manufacture, transport,
62	distribution, testing and sale;
63	(2) consider all matters submitted to it by the commission;
64	(3) on its own initiative, recommend to the commission guidelines, rules and regulations
65	and any changes to guidelines, rules and regulations that the board considers important or
66	necessary; and
67	(4) advise on the preparation of regulations under chapters 64N and 94G.
68	(c) All records of the cannabis advisory board shall be public records under chapter 66 of
69	the General Laws.
70	SECTION 4. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 64M the
71	following chapter:
72	CHAPTER 64N.
73	MARIJUANA TAX.

- Section 1. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:
- 76 (a) "Commissioner", the commissioner of revenue.
- 77 (b) "Marijuana," "Marijuana establishment," "Marijuana product" and "Marijuana 78 retailer", as defined in chapter 94G of the General Laws.
- Section 2. State excise imposition; rate; payment. An excise tax is hereby imposed upon the sale of marijuana or marijuana products by a marijuana retailer to anyone other than a marijuana establishment at a rate of 3.75 per cent of the total sales price received by the marijuana retailer as a consideration for the sale of marijuana or marijuana products. The excise tax shall be levied in addition to state tax imposed upon the sale of property or services as provided in section 2 of chapter 64H of the General Laws and shall be paid by a marijuana retailer to the commissioner at the time provided for filing the return required by section 16 of chapter 62C of the General Laws.
- Section 3. Local tax option. Any city or town may impose a local sales tax upon the sale or transfer of marijuana or marijuana products by a marijuana retailer operating within the city or town to anyone other than a marijuana establishment at a rate not greater than 2 per cent of the total sales price received by the marijuana retailer as a consideration for the sale of marijuana or marijuana products. A marijuana retailer shall pay a local sales tax imposed under this section to the commissioner at the same time and in the same manner as the sales tax due to the commonwealth.
- All sums received by the commissioner under this section shall not be considered received on account of the commonwealth and shall at least quarterly be distributed, credited and

- paid by the state treasurer upon certification of the commissioner to each city or town that has adopted this section in proportion to the amount of such sums received from the sale or transfer of marijuana and marijuana products in the city or town.
- Section 4. Exemptions. This chapter shall not apply to the sale of marijuana or marijuana products by a medical marijuana treatment center or a registered personal caregiver to a qualifying patient or personal caregiver pursuant to chapter 369 of the acts of 2012, nor to any unlawful sale subject to taxation pursuant to chapter 64K of the General Laws.
- Section 5. Application of tax revenue. The commissioner shall deposit revenue collected pursuant to this chapter, other than revenue collected pursuant to section 2 of chapter 64H of the General Laws, in the Marijuana Regulation Fund established by chapter 94G of the General Laws and it shall be subject to appropriation.
- SECTION 5. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 94F the following chapter:
- 109 CHAPTER 94G
- 110 REGULATION OF THE USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF MARIJUANA
- 111 NOT MEDICALLY PRESCRIBED
- 112 Section 1. Definitions
- 113 As used in this chapter, the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires 114 otherwise, have the following meanings:
- (a) "Consumer", a person who is at least 21 years of age.

- (b) "Controlling person", an officer, board member or other individual who has afinancial or voting interest of 10 per cent or greater in a marijuana establishment.
- 118 (c) "Commission", the cannabis control commission established by section 76 of chapter 119 10 of the General Laws.
- (d) "Experienced marijuana establishment operator", (i) a medical marijuana treatment center as defined in chapter 369 of the acts of 2012 with a registration in good standing, or (ii) a reorganized marijuana business established by a vote of at least 2/3 of the board of directors of an entity that submitted an application for a registration to operate a medical marijuana treatment center to the department of public health before October 1, 2015 and was issued a provisional registration to operate a medical marijuana treatment center by the department of public health before the effective date of this chapter.
- (e) "Hemp", the plant of the genus Cannabis or any part of the plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed 0.3 per cent on a dry weight basis of any part of the plant of the genus Cannabis, or per volume or weight of marijuana product, or the combined per cent of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant of the genus Cannabis regardless of moisture content.
- (f) "Manufacture", to compound, blend, extract, infuse or otherwise make or prepare amarijuana product.
- (g) "Marijuana" or "Marihuana", all parts of any plant of the genus Cannabis, not
 excepted below and whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; and resin extracted from any part
 of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the

- plant, its seeds or resin including tetrahydrocannabinol as defined in section 1 of chapter 94C of the General Laws; provided that "Marijuana" shall not include:
- (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, fiber, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant or the sterilized seed of the plant that is incapable of germination;
- 143 (2) Hemp; or
- 144 (3) The weight of any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral 145 administrations, food, drink or other products.
- (h) "Marijuana accessories", equipment, products, devices or materials of any kind that
 are intended or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting,
 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing,
 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing
 marijuana into the human body.
- (i) "Marijuana cultivator", an entity licensed to cultivate, process and package marijuana,
 to deliver marijuana to marijuana establishments and to transfer marijuana to other marijuana
 establishments, but not to consumers.
- (j) "Marijuana establishment", a marijuana cultivator, marijuana testing facility,
 marijuana product manufacturer, marijuana retailer or any other type of licensed marijuana related business.

- (k) "Marijuana product manufacturer", an entity licensed to obtain, manufacture, process and package marijuana and marijuana products, to deliver marijuana and marijuana products to marijuana establishments and to transfer marijuana and marijuana products to other marijuana establishments, but not to consumers.
- (I) "Marijuana products", products that have been manufactured and contain marijuana or an extract from marijuana, including concentrated forms of marijuana and products composed of marijuana and other ingredients that are intended for use or consumption, including edible products, beverages, topical products, ointments, oils and tinctures.
- 165 (m) "Marijuana testing facility", an entity licensed to test marijuana and marijuana 166 products, including certification for potency and the presence of contaminants.
 - (n) "Marijuana retailer", an entity licensed to purchase and deliver marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana establishments and to deliver, sell or otherwise transfer marijuana and marijuana products to marijuana establishments and to consumers.
- 170 (o) "Process" or "processing", to harvest, dry, cure, trim and separate parts of the
 171 marijuana plant by manual or mechanical means, except it shall not include manufacture as
 172 defined in subsection (f) of this section.
- (p) "Unreasonably impracticable", that the measures necessary to comply with the regulations, ordinances or by-laws adopted pursuant to this chapter subject licensees to unreasonable risk or require such a high investment of risk, money, time or any other resource or asset that a reasonably prudent businessperson would not operate a marijuana establishment.

Section 2. Limitations

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- (a) Operating under the influence. This chapter does not amend existing penalties for operating, navigating or being in actual physical control of any motor vehicle, train, aircraft, motorboat or other motorized form of transport or machinery while impaired by marijuana or a marijuana product or for consuming marijuana while operating, navigating or being in actual physical control of any motor vehicle, train, aircraft, motorboat or other motorized form of transport or machinery.
- (b) Transfer to or possession by a person under 21 years of age. This chapter shall not be construed to permit the knowing transfer of marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana accessories, with or without remuneration, to a person under 21 years of age or to allow a person under 21 years of age to possess, use, purchase, obtain, cultivate, process, manufacture, deliver or sell or otherwise transfer marijuana or marijuana accessories.
- (c) Manufacture of products. Unless done pursuant to a marijuana product manufacturer license issued by the commission, this chapter does not authorize a person to manufacture marijuana or hemp by means of any liquid or gas, other than alcohol, that has a flashpoint below 100 degrees Fahrenheit.
 - (d) Property. This chapter shall not be construed to:

(1) prevent a person from prohibiting or otherwise regulating the consumption, display,
production, processing, manufacture or sale of marijuana and marijuana accessories on or in
property the person owns, occupies or manages, except that a lease agreement shall not prohibit a
tenant from consuming marijuana by means other than smoking on or in property in which the
tenant resides unless failing to do so would cause the landlord to violate a federal law or
regulation;

- 201 (2) prevent the commonwealth, a subdivision thereof or local government agency from 201 prohibiting or otherwise regulating the possession or consumption of marijuana or marijuana 202 accessories within a building owned, leased or occupied by the commonwealth, a political 203 subdivision of the commonwealth or an agency of the commonwealth or a political subdivision 204 of the commonwealth; or
- 205 (3) authorize the possession or consumption of marijuana or marijuana accessories on the 206 grounds of or within a public or private school where children attend classes in preschool 207 programs, kindergarten programs or grades 1 to 12, inclusive, or on the grounds of or within any 208 correctional facility.
- (e) Employment. This chapter shall not require an employer to permit or accommodate conduct otherwise allowed by this chapter in the workplace and shall not affect the authority of employers to enact and enforce workplace policies restricting the consumption of marijuana by employees.
- 213 (f) Negligent conduct. This chapter shall not amend existing penalties for conduct
 214 involving the performance of any task while impaired by marijuana that would constitute
 215 negligence or professional malpractice and shall not prevent the imposition of any civil, criminal
 216 or other penalty for such conduct.
- 217 (g) Relation to medical use of marijuana. This chapter shall not be construed to affect the 218 provisions of chapter 369 of the acts of 2012, relating to the medical use of marijuana as enacted 219 by the people in the state election in 2012.
- (h) Adulteration and misbranding. This chapter shall not exempt marijuana or marijuana products from sections 186 to 195, inclusive, of chapter 94 of the General Laws, relating to the

adulteration and misbranding of food, drugs and various articles. Marijuana included in a
marijuana product manufactured in compliance with the regulations under this chapter shall not
be considered an adulterant.

225 Section 3. Local control

- 226 (a) A city or town may adopt ordinances and by-laws that impose reasonable safeguards 227 on the operation of marijuana establishments, provided they are not unreasonably impracticable 228 and are not in conflict with this chapter or with regulations made pursuant to this chapter and 229 that:
- 230 (1) govern the time, place and manner of marijuana establishment operations and of any
 231 business dealing in marijuana accessories, except that zoning ordinances or by-laws shall not
 232 prohibit placing a marijuana establishment which cultivates, manufactures or sells marijuana or
 233 marijuana products in any area in which a medical marijuana treatment center is registered to
 234 engage in the same type of activity;
- 235 (2) limit the number of marijuana establishments in the city or town, except that a city or 236 town may only adopt an ordinance or by-law by a vote of the voters of that city or town if the 237 ordinance or by-law:
- 238 (i) prohibits the operation of 1 or more types of marijuana establishments within the city 239 or town;
- (ii) limits the number of marijuana retailers to fewer than 20 per cent of the number of licenses issued within the city or town for the retail sale of alcoholic beverages not to be drunk on the premises where sold under chapter 138 of the General Laws; or

- 243 (iii) limits the number of any type of marijuana establishment to fewer than the number 244 of medical marijuana treatment centers registered to engage in the same type of activity in the 245 city or town.
- 246 (3) restrict the licensed cultivation, processing and manufacturing of marijuana that is a 247 public nuisance;
- (4) establish reasonable restrictions on public signs related to marijuana establishments;and
- 250 (5) establish a civil penalty for violation of an ordinance or by-law enacted pursuant to 251 this subsection, similar to a penalty imposed for violation of an ordinance or by-law relating to 252 alcoholic beverages.
- 253 (b) The city council of a city and the board of selectmen of a town shall, upon the filing 254 with the city or town clerk of a petition (i) signed by not fewer than 10 per cent of the number of 255 voters of such city or town voting at the state election preceding the filing of the petition and (ii) conforming to the provisions of the General Laws relating to initiative petitions at the municipal level, request that the question of whether to allow, in such city or town, the sale of marijuana 257 258 and marijuana products for consumption on the premises where sold be submitted to the voters 259 of such city or town at the next biennial state election. If a majority of the votes cast in the city or town are not in favor of allowing the consumption of marijuana or marijuana products on the 260 premises where sold, such city or town shall be taken to have not authorized the consumption of 261 marijuana and marijuana products on the premises where sold. 262

- 263 (c) No city or town shall prohibit the transportation of marijuana or marijuana products or 264 adopt an ordinance or by-law that makes the transportation of marijuana or marijuana products 265 unreasonably impracticable.
- 266 (d) No agreement between a city or town and a marijuana establishment shall require
 267 payment of a fee to that city or town that is not directly proportional and reasonably related to the
 268 costs imposed upon the city or town by the operation of a marijuana establishment. Any cost to a
 269 city or town by the operation of a marijuana establishment shall be documented and considered a
 270 public record as defined by clause Twenty-Sixth of section 7 of chapter 4 of the General Laws.
- 271 Section 4. The Cannabis Control Commission
- 272 (a) The commission shall, in consultation with the cannabis advisory board and in 273 accordance with chapter 30A of the General Laws, adopt regulations consistent with this chapter 274 for the administration, clarification and enforcement of laws regulating and licensing marijuana 275 establishments. The regulations shall include:
- 276 (1) procedures for the issuance and renewal of licenses to operate marijuana 277 establishments;
- 278 (2) a schedule of application, license and renewal fees in an amount necessary to pay for 279 all regulation and enforcement costs of the commission; provided however that fees may be 280 relative to the volume of business conducted or to be conducted by the marijuana establishment 281 and shall not exceed:
- 282 (i) For an initial application, \$3,000;
- 283 (ii) For a license for a retail marijuana store, \$15,000;

- 284 (iii) For a license for a marijuana product manufacturer, \$15,000;
- 285 (iv) For a license for a marijuana cultivator, \$15,000; and
- 286 (v) For a license for a marijuana testing facility, \$10,000.

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- 287 (3) qualifications for licensure and minimum standards for employment that are directly 288 and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment and similar to 289 qualifications for licensure and employment standards in connection with alcoholic beverages as 290 regulated under chapter 138 of the General Laws; provided that a prior conviction solely for a marijuana-related offense or for a violation of section 34 of chapter 94C of the General Laws 292 shall not disqualify an individual or otherwise affect eligibility for employment or licensure in connection with a marijuana establishment, unless the offense involved the distribution of a 293 controlled substance, including marijuana, to a minor; 294
 - (4) procedures and policies to promote and encourage full participation in the regulated marijuana industry by people from communities that have previously been disproportionately harmed by marijuana prohibition and enforcement and to positively impact those communities;
- 298 (5) requirements for the security of marijuana establishments, including security, lighting, 299 video and alarm requirements and requirements for the secure transportation and storage of 300 marijuana, marijuana plants and marijuana products, provided that the requirements shall not 301 prohibit the cultivation of marijuana outdoors or in greenhouses;
- 302 (6) requirements to prevent the sale of marijuana and marijuana products to persons 303 under 21 years of age;

- 304 (7) requirements for record keeping by marijuana establishments and procedures to track 305 marijuana and marijuana products cultivated, processed, manufactured, delivered or sold by marijuana establishments; 306
- 307 (8) health and safety standards for the cultivation, processing, manufacture and distribution of marijuana and marijuana products, including standards regarding sanitation for the 308 preparation, storage, handling and sale of food products and reasonable limitations on the use of 309 310 organic and non-organic pesticides;
- 311 (9) requirements for the packaging of marijuana and marijuana products, which shall include special packaging requirements to protect children from ingesting marijuana or marijuana products and requirements for dividing each serving within a package containing 313 314 multiple servings in a manner that allows consumers to easily identify a single serving;
- 315 (10) requirements for the labeling of a package containing marijuana or marijuana 316 products that shall include a symbol or other easily recognizable mark indicating that the package contains marijuana and an identification of the marijuana cultivator or the marijuana 317 318 product manufacturer who produced the marijuana or marijuana product, and for the labeling of 319 a package containing marijuana products, the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol in a package and 320 in each serving of a marijuana product, the number of servings in a package and a list of ingredients and possible allergens:

322 (11) requirements for the testing of random samples of marijuana and marijuana products to verify that marijuana and marijuana products are accurately labeled and to verify that products 323 324 intended for human consumption do not contain contaminants that are in excess of typical standards applied to other commercially available products intended for human consumption; 325

- 326 (12) requirements for safe disposal of excess, contaminated, adulterated or deteriorated marijuana or marijuana products;
- 328 (13) reasonable restrictions on signs, marketing, displays and advertising with respect to 329 marijuana, marijuana products and marijuana accessories, including prohibiting marketing or 330 advertising designed to appeal to children;
- 331 (14) procedures and requirements to enable the transfer of a license for a marijuana 332 establishment to another qualified person or to another suitable location, which shall not be more 333 restrictive than laws governing the transfer of a license for the sale of alcoholic beverages under 334 chapter 138 of the General Laws; and
- (15) provisions for: enforcing this chapter, including penalties for civil violations for the failure to comply with any regulation made pursuant to this section or for any violation of section 13 of this chapter; collecting fees and penalties imposed; suspending the license of a marijuana establishment that include provisions to allow for the continued maintenance and security of any marijuana and marijuana products; terminating the license of a licensee; and appealing civil penalties or licensing actions.
 - (b) In furtherance of the intent of this act, the commission may also adopt regulations in accordance with chapter 30A of the General Laws which:

(1) establish and provide for issuance of additional types or classes of licenses to operate marijuana-related businesses, including licenses that authorize only limited cultivation, processing, manufacture, possession or storage of marijuana or marijuana products, limited delivery of marijuana or marijuana products to consumers, licenses that authorize the consumption of marijuana or marijuana products on the premises where sold, licenses that

authorize the consumption of marijuana at special events in limited areas and for a limited time and licenses intended to facilitate scientific research or education;

- 350 (2) regulate the cultivation, processing, distribution and sale of hemp by marijuana 351 establishments; and
- 352 (3) limit the total amount of marijuana cultivated within the commonwealth, if the 353 commission determines after an analysis of the current and anticipated supply of and demand for 354 marijuana and marijuana products, that a limit on the amount of marijuana cultivated within the 355 commonwealth is necessary to minimize illicit markets for marijuana. If the commission limits the total amount of marijuana that may be cultivated within the commonwealth, the commission shall reconsider that determination biannually and shall not set the limit at a level below that 357 358 which is necessary to provide an adequate supply of marijuana and marijuana products in the 359 commonwealth. No such limit shall be imposed if the import or export of marijuana to or from the commonwealth is not prohibited by federal law.
- 361 (c) Regulations made pursuant to this section shall not:
- 362 (1) prohibit the operation of a marijuana establishment either expressly or through 363 regulations that make operation of a marijuana establishment unreasonably impracticable;
- 364 (2) require testing of marijuana or marijuana products before the commission has licensed 365 any marijuana testing facilities or, if such facilities have been licensed, before such facilities are 366 capable of performing any required tests in a timely manner;
- 367 (3) require a customer to provide a marijuana retailer with identifying information other 368 than identification to determine the customer's age and shall not require the marijuana retailer to

acquire or record personal information about customers other than information typically requiredin a retail transaction;

- (4) prohibit a medical marijuana treatment center and an experienced marijuana
 establishment operator from operating a medical marijuana treatment center and a marijuana
 establishment at a shared location;
- (5) prohibit marijuana establishments from transferring or acquiring marijuana seeds,
 clones, cuttings, plants or plant tissue from other marijuana establishments or from medical
 marijuana treatment centers or prohibit a marijuana establishment from transferring or otherwise
 selling marijuana to a marijuana retailer, a marijuana product manufacturer or a marijuana
 cultivator; or
- (6) prohibit marijuana establishments from using inorganic cultivation methods.
- (d) The commission shall administer the laws and regulations relating to licensing in thischapter.
- (e) The commission may suspend or revoke the license of a licensee under regulations made pursuant to this chapter upon written notice of a violation and, if applicable, an opportunity to cure any violation within 30 days of such notice. All licensees shall be entitled to an adjudicatory hearing pursuant to chapter 30A of the General Laws prior to suspension of a license for longer than 5 days or the revocation of a license.
- (f) The commission shall enforce the laws and regulations relating to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, delivery, storage, sale and testing of marijuana and marijuana products by marijuana establishments. The commission shall conduct investigations of compliance with

this chapter and shall perform regular inspections of marijuana establishments and the books and records of marijuana establishments as necessary to enforce this chapter. The commission shall cooperate with appropriate state and local organizations to provide training to law enforcement officers of the commonwealth and its political subdivisions.

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- 394 (g) The commission shall hold a public hearing before the adoption, amendment or repeal 395 of any regulation. Adjudicatory proceedings shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 30A of the 396 General Laws and to standard rules of adjudicatory procedure established pursuant to section 9 397 of chapter 30A of the General Laws.
 - (h) The commission shall annually publish a full report of its action during each year containing a comprehensive description of its activities and including the number of licenses of each class issued, actions taken pursuant to clause (4) of subsection (a) of this section and a statement of revenue and expenses of the commission.
- (i) The commission shall annually review the tax rate established by chapter 64N of the
 General Laws and may make recommendations to the General Court as appropriate regarding
 changes to the tax rate that further the intent of this act. The commission may study marijuana
 commerce and make recommendations to the General Court regarding changes in the laws of the
 commonwealth that further the intent of this act by filing those recommendations with the clerk
 of the house and senate who shall forward the recommendations to the joint committee on
 consumer protection and professional licensure, the joint committee on revenue and any other
 committee deemed appropriate by the commission.

- (j) The commission shall deposit all license, registration and monetary penalties collected
 pursuant to this chapter in the Marijuana Regulation Fund established by section 15 of this
 chapter.
- 413 (k) The commission and the department of public health shall work collaboratively to 414 ensure that the production and distribution of marijuana is effectively regulated in the 415 commonwealth in furtherance of the intent of this act.
- Section 5. Licensing of marijuana establishments
 - (a) Upon receipt of a complete marijuana establishment license application and the application fee, the commission shall forward a copy of the application to the city or town in which the marijuana establishment is to be located, determine whether the applicant and the premises qualify for the license and has complied with this chapter and shall, within 90 days:
- 421 (1) issue the appropriate license; or

- 422 (2) send to the applicant a notice of rejection setting forth specific reasons why the 423 commission did not approve the license application.
- 424 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the commission shall approve a 425 marijuana establishment license application and issue a license if:
- 426 (1) the prospective marijuana establishment has submitted an application in compliance 427 with regulations made by the commission, the applicant satisfies the requirements established by 428 the commission, the applicant is in compliance with this chapter and the regulations made by the 429 commission and the applicant has paid the required fee;

- 430 (2) the commission is not notified by the city or town in which the proposed marijuana 431 establishment will be located that the proposed marijuana establishment is not in compliance 432 with an ordinance or by-law consistent with section 3 of this chapter and in effect at the time of 433 application;
- 434 (3) the property where the proposed marijuana establishment is to be located, at the time 435 the license application is received by the commission, is not located within 500 feet of a pre-436 existing public or private school providing education in kindergarten or any of grades 1 through 437 12, unless a city or town adopts an ordinance or by-law that reduces the distance requirement; 438 and
- (4) an individual who will be a controlling person of the proposed marijuana establishment has not been convicted of a felony or convicted of an offense in another state that would be a felony in the commonwealth, except a prior conviction solely for a marijuana offense or solely for a violation of section 34 of chapter 94C of the General Laws, unless the offense involved distribution of a controlled substance, including marijuana, to a minor.
 - (c) If a city or town limits the number of marijuana establishments that may be licensed in the city or town pursuant to clause (2) of subsection (a) of section 3 of this chapter and that limit prevents the commission from issuing a license to all applicants who meet the requirements of subsection (b) of this section:

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448 (1) until January 1, 2018, the commission shall issue licenses first to applicants with the 449 most experience operating medical marijuana treatment centers and then by lottery among 450 qualified applicants; or

- 451 (2) on and after January 1, 2018, the commission shall issues licenses by lottery among 452 qualified applicants.
- The lottery shall also designate the priority order of unselected applicants in the event that a license becomes available within a year.
- Section 6. Expiration and renewal
- 456 (a) License term. Unless the commission authorizes the renewal of a license for a longer 457 period, all licenses under this chapter shall be effective for 1 year from the date of issuance.
- 458 (b) Renewal. The commission shall issue a renewal license within 30 days of receipt of a
 459 renewal application and renewal license fee from a marijuana establishment to licensees in good
 460 standing and who have filed any tax returns required pursuant to chapter 64N of the General
 461 Laws.
- Section 7. Personal use of marijuana
- 463 (a) Notwithstanding any other general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise 464 provided in this chapter, a person 21 years of age or older shall not be arrested, prosecuted, 465 penalized, sanctioned or disqualified under the laws of the commonwealth in any manner, or 466 denied any right or privilege and shall not be subject to seizure or forfeiture of assets for:
- (1) possessing, using, purchasing, processing or manufacturing 1 ounce or less of marijuana, except that not more than 5 grams of marijuana may be in the form of marijuana concentrate;
- 470 (2) within the person's primary residence, possessing up to 10 ounces of marijuana and any marijuana produced by marijuana plants cultivated on the premises and possessing,

- 472 cultivating or processing not more than 6 marijuana plants for personal use so long as not more than 12 plants are cultivated on the premises at once; 473
- 474 (3) assisting another person who is 21 years of age or older in any of the acts described in this section; or 475
- 476 (4) giving away or otherwise transferring without remuneration up to 1 ounce of marijuana, except that not more than 5 grams of marijuana may be in the form of marijuana 477 concentrate, to a person 21 years of age or older, as long as the transfer is not advertised or 478 479 promoted to the public.

- 480 (b) Notwithstanding any other general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, if the import or export of marijuana to or from the commonwealth is not prohibited by federal law, a person 21 years of age or older shall not be arrested, prosecuted, 482 483 penalized, sanctioned or disqualified under the laws of the commonwealth in any manner, or denied any right or privilege and shall not be subject to seizure or forfeiture of assets for 484 possessing, using, purchasing, cultivating, processing or manufacturing any amount of marijuana 485 486 or marijuana products for personal use.
- 487 (c) Notwithstanding any other general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a person shall not be arrested, prosecuted, penalized, sanctioned or 488 otherwise denied any benefit and shall not be subject to seizure or forfeiture of assets for 489 490 allowing property the person owns, occupies or manages to be used for any of the activities conducted lawfully under this chapter or for enrolling or employing a person who engages in 491 492 marijuana-related activities lawfully under this chapter.

- 493 (d) Absent clear, convincing and articulable evidence that the person's actions related to 494 marijuana have created an unreasonable danger to the safety of a minor child, neither the 495 presence of cannabinoid components or metabolites in a person's bodily fluids nor conduct 496 permitted under this chapter related to the possession, consumption, transfer, cultivation, 497 manufacture or sale of marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana accessories by a person 498 charged with the well-being of a child shall form the sole or primary basis for substantiation, 499 service plans, removal or termination or for denial of custody, visitation or any other parental right or responsibility. 500
- 501 (e) The use of marijuana shall not disqualify a person from any needed medical procedure 502 or treatment, including organ and tissue transplants.
- (f) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a person 21 years of age or older shall not be arrested, prosecuted, penalized, sanctioned or disqualified and is not subject to seizure or forfeiture of assets for possessing, producing, processing, manufacturing, purchasing, obtaining, selling or otherwise transferring or delivering hemp.
- (g) For the purposes of this section, "marijuana concentrate" shall mean the resin extracted from any part of the plant of the genus Cannabis and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of that resin but shall not include the weight of any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare marijuana products.

Section 8. Marijuana accessories authorized

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Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a person 21 years of age or older shall not be arrested, prosecuted, penalized, sanctioned or disqualified and shall not be subject to seizure or forfeiture of assets for possessing, purchasing or otherwise obtaining or manufacturing marijuana accessories or for selling or otherwise transferring marijuana accessories to a person who is 21 years of age or older.

Section 9. Lawful operation of marijuana establishments

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- (a) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the following people involved in the distribution of marijuana as authorized by this chapter shall not be arrested, prosecuted, penalized, sanctioned or disqualified and shall not be subject to seizure or forfeiture of assets for activities specified for:
- (1) a marijuana retailer or an owner, operator, employee or other agent acting on behalf of a marijuana retailer possessing or testing marijuana or marijuana products; purchasing, selling or otherwise transferring or delivering marijuana or marijuana products to or from a marijuana establishment; or selling or otherwise transferring or delivering marijuana or marijuana products to a consumer;
- (2) a marijuana cultivator or an owner, operator, employee or other agent acting on behalf
 of a marijuana cultivator cultivating, propagating, breeding, harvesting, processing, packaging,
 testing, storing or possessing marijuana or marijuana products, or selling or otherwise
 transferring, purchasing or delivering marijuana and marijuana products to or from a marijuana
 establishment;
- (3) a marijuana product manufacturer or an owner, operator, employee or other agent
 acting on behalf of a marijuana product manufacturer packaging, processing, manufacturing,
 storing, testing or possessing marijuana or marijuana products, or delivering, selling or otherwise

transferring and purchasing marijuana or marijuana products to or from a marijuanaestablishment; or

- 539 (4) a marijuana testing facility or an owner, operator, employee or other agent acting on 540 behalf of a marijuana testing facility possessing, processing, storing, transferring or testing 541 marijuana or marijuana products.
- 542 (b) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, except as otherwise 543 provided in this chapter, a person acting in the person's capacity as an owner, employee or other 544 agent of a marijuana retailer who transfers marijuana or marijuana accessories to a person under 545 21 years of age shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalty, sanction or disqualification, 546 or seizure or forfeiture of assets, if the person reasonably verified that the recipient appeared to 547 be 21 years of age or older by means of government-issued photographic identification 548 containing a date of birth.

Section 10. Contracts pertaining to marijuana enforceable

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It is the public policy of the commonwealth that contracts related to the operation of marijuana establishments under this chapter shall be enforceable. A contract entered into by a licensee or its agents as permitted pursuant to a valid license issued by the commission, or by those who allow property to be used by a licensee or its agents as permitted pursuant to a valid license issued by the commission, shall not be unenforceable or void exclusively because the actions or conduct permitted pursuant to the license is prohibited by federal law.

Section 11. Provision of professional services

A person engaged in a profession or occupation subject to licensure shall not be subject to disciplinary action by a professional licensing board solely for providing professional services to prospective or licensed marijuana establishments related to activity under this chapter that is not subject to criminal penalty under the laws of the commonwealth.

Section 12. General marijuana establishment operation

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- (a) In addition to requirements established by regulation pursuant to section 4 of this chapter or by a city or town pursuant to section 3 of this chapter, a marijuana establishment shall:
- (1) secure every entrance to the establishment so that access to areas containing marijuana is restricted to employees and others permitted by the marijuana establishment to access the area and to agents of the commission or state and local law enforcement officers and emergency personnel; and
 - (2) secure its inventory and equipment during and after operating hours to deter and prevent theft of marijuana, marijuana products and marijuana accessories.
- 570 (b) No marijuana establishment may cultivate, process, test, store or manufacture
 571 marijuana or marijuana products at any location other than at a physical address approved by the
 572 commission and within an area that is enclosed and secured in a manner that prevents access by
 573 persons not permitted by the marijuana establishment to access the area. A greenhouse or
 574 outdoor marijuana cultivation area shall have sufficient security measures to demonstrate that
 575 outdoor areas are not readily accessible by unauthorized individuals, including perimeter security
 576 fencing designed to prevent unauthorized entry.

- (c) No marijuana establishment shall allow cultivation, processing, manufacture, sale or display of marijuana or marijuana products to be visible from a public place without the use of binoculars, aircraft or other optical aids.
- (d) No marijuana establishment shall refuse representatives of the commission the right at any time of operation to inspect the entire licensed premises or to audit the books and records of the marijuana establishment.
- 583 (e) No marijuana establishment shall allow any person under 21 years of age to volunteer 584 or work for the marijuana establishment.
- (f) No marijuana establishment shall cultivate, manufacture, sell or otherwise transact business with any products containing cannabinoids other than those that were produced, distributed and taxed in compliance with this chapter.

Section 13. Penalties

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- (a) Restrictions on personal cultivation. No person shall cultivate or process marijuana plants pursuant to section 8 of this chapter if the plants are visible from a public place without the use of binoculars, aircraft or other optical aids or cultivate or process marijuana plants outside of an area that is equipped with a lock or other security device. A person who violates this subsection shall be punished by a civil penalty of not more than \$300 and forfeiture of the marijuana, but shall not be subject to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or disqualification solely for this conduct.
- 596 (b) Restrictions on personal possession. No person shall possess more than 1 ounce of marijuana or marijuana products within the person's place of residence pursuant to section 8 of

this chapter unless the marijuana and marijuana products are secured by a lock. A person who violates this subsection shall be punished by a civil penalty of not more than \$100 and forfeiture of the marijuana.

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- (c) Restrictions on public consumption of marijuana. No person shall consume marijuana in a public place or smoke marijuana where smoking tobacco is prohibited. A person who violates this subsection shall be punished by a civil penalty of not more than \$100. This subsection shall not apply to a person who consumes marijuana or marijuana products in a designated area of a marijuana establishment located in a city or town that has voted to allow consumption on the premises where sold and shall not be construed to limit the medical use of marijuana.
- 608 (d) Possession of marijuana in motor vehicles. No person shall, upon any way or in any place to which the public has a right of access, or upon any way or in any place to which 609 610 members of the public have access as invitees or licensees, possess an open container of marijuana or marijuana products in the passenger area of any motor vehicle. A person who 612 violates this subjection shall be punished by a civil penalty of not more than \$500. For purposes 613 of this section, "open container" shall mean that the package containing marijuana or marijuana 614 products has its seal broken or from which the contents have been partially removed or 615 consumed and "passenger area" shall mean the area designed to seat the driver and passengers 616 while the motor vehicle is in operation and any area that is readily accessible to the driver or 617 passenger while in a seated position; provided however that the passenger area shall not include a motor vehicle's trunk, locked glove compartment or the living quarters of a house coach or 618 house trailer, or if a motor vehicle is not equipped with a trunk, the area behind the last upright seat or an area not normally occupied by the driver or passenger. 620

(e) Possession or cultivation of excess marijuana. Notwithstanding chapter 94C of the General Laws and until the import or export of marijuana to or from the commonwealth is not prohibited by federal law, a person who is at least 21 years of age and who cultivates more than 6 but not more than 12 marijuana plants or who possesses an amount of marijuana outside of his or her place of residence having a weight of more than 1 ounce but not more than 2 ounces shall be subject only to a civil penalty of not more than \$100 and forfeiture of the marijuana not allowed by section 8 of this chapter, but shall not be subject to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or disqualification solely for this conduct.

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629 (f) Procurement of marijuana by a person under 21 years of age. A person under 21 years 630 of age, except a qualifying patient holding a valid registration card for the medical use of 631 marijuana, who purchases or attempts to purchase marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana 632 accessories, or makes arrangements with any person to purchase or in any way procure 633 marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana accessories, or who willfully misrepresents such 634 person's age, or in any way alters, defaces or otherwise falsifies identification offered as proof of age, with the intent of purchasing marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana accessories, shall 635 636 be punished by a civil penalty of not more than \$100 and shall complete a drug awareness program established pursuant to section 32M of chapter 94C of the General Laws. The parents or 637 legal guardian of any offender under the age of 18 shall be notified in accordance with section 638 32N of chapter 94C of the General Laws and the failure within 1 year of the offense of such an 639 offender to complete a drug awareness program may be a basis for delinquency proceedings for 640 641 persons under the age of 17 at the time of the person's offense.

(g) Enforcement. Civil penalties imposed pursuant to this section shall be enforced by utilizing the non-criminal disposition procedures provided in section 32N of chapter 94C of the General Laws.

Section 14. Marijuana Regulation Fund

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- 646 (a) There shall be established and set up on the books of the commonwealth a separate
 647 fund, to be known as the Marijuana Regulation Fund. It shall, subject to appropriation, consist of
 648 all monies received on account of the commonwealth as a result of applications for and licensing
 649 of marijuana establishments, all civil penalties received for violations of this chapter, revenue
 650 generated by the state tax imposed by section 2 of chapter 64N of the General Laws and interest
 651 earned or other income on balances in the fund.
 - (b) Subject to appropriation, the fund shall be expended first for the implementation, administration and enforcement of this chapter by the commission and by the cities and towns that authorize the operation of marijuana establishments within their jurisdictions. Subject to appropriation, at the end of a fiscal year, unexpended balances may be redeposited in the General Fund after all necessary funds are expended for the implementation, administration and enforcement of this chapter.
- SECTION 6. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, if the cannabis control commission fails to adopt regulations necessary for the implementation of this chapter on or before January 1, 2018, each medical marijuana treatment center may begin to possess, cultivate, process, manufacture, package, purchase or otherwise obtain and test marijuana and marijuana products and may deliver, sell or otherwise transfer marijuana to any person who is at least 21 years of age until the commission adopts the regulations necessary for implementation of

- this chapter and begins to issue licenses to operate marijuana establishments pursuant to section 5 of this chapter.
- SECTION 7. The state treasurer shall make the initial appointments to the cannabis control commission under section 76 of chapter 10 of the General Laws by March 1, 2017. The initial appointments shall include 1 member who shall serve an initial term of 2 years.
- SECTION 8. The governor shall make the initial appointments to the cannabis advisory board under section 77 of chapter 10 of the General Laws by February 1, 2017. Seven of the initial appointees, as determined by the governor, shall serve for a term of 1 year.
- The cannabis advisory board shall meet not less frequently than quarterly until January 1, 2020.
- SECTION 9. The cannabis control commission shall promulgate the initial regulations under section 4 of chapter 94G of the General Laws not later than September 15, 2017.
- SECTION 10. The commission shall begin accepting applications:
- (a) for marijuana testing facility licenses, by October 1, 2017;
- (b) from each experienced marijuana establishment operator for 1 marijuana cultivator license, 1 marijuana product manufacturer license and 1 marijuana retailer license, by October 1, 2017;
- (c) if fewer than 75 provisional registrations to operate medical marijuana treatment centers have been issued on October 1, 2017, from all applicants for marijuana retailer, marijuana product manufacturer and marijuana cultivator licenses, on and after January 1, 2018;

(d) from all applicants for marijuana retailer licenses or for marijuana product manufacturer licenses, on and after October 1, 2018; and

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(e) from all applicants for marijuana cultivator licenses, on and after October 1, 2019.

SECTION 11. If the commission accepts applications pursuant to subsection (c) of
section 10 of this act, it shall license no more than 75 marijuana retailers, 75 marijuana product
manufacturers and 75 marijuana cultivators until additional applications are accepted pursuant to
subsection (d) or subsection (e) of section 10 of this act. If this section prevents the commission
from issuing licenses to all applicants who meet the requirements of this act, the commission
shall issue licenses first to qualified applicants who submitted applications for registrations to
operate medical marijuana treatment centers to the department of public health by October 1,
2015 and then by lottery among qualified applicants.

SECTION 12. This act shall take effect on December 15, 2016.

FIRST TEN SIGNERS

RESIDENCE	<u>City or Town</u>
299 Burts Pit Road	Northampton
189 Windsor Street	Cambridge
26 Riverdale Street	Boston
11 Madison Avenue	Sharon
10 Thacher Street, Unit # 516	Boston
219 Kittredge Street	Boston
21 Father Francis Gilday	Boston
Street, # 302	
340 St. George Street	Duxbury
33 Bowers Avenue	Malden
159 Monroe Road	Quincy
	299 Burts Pit Road 189 Windsor Street 26 Riverdale Street 11 Madison Avenue 10 Thacher Street, Unit # 516 219 Kittredge Street 21 Father Francis Gilday Street, # 302 340 St. George Street 33 Bowers Avenue

CERTIFICATE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

September 2, 2015.

Honorable William Francis Galvin Secretary of the Commonwealth One Ashburton Place, Room 1705 Boston, Massachusetts 02108

RE: Initiative Petition No. 15-27: The Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act.

Dear Secretary Galvin:

I accordance with the provisions of Article 48 of the Amendments to the Massachusetts Constitution, I have reviewed the above-referenced initiative petition, which was submitted to me on or before the first Wednesday of August of this year.

I hereby certify that this measure is in proper form for submission to the people; that the measure is not, either affirmatively or negatively, substantially the same as any measure which has been qualified for submission or submitted to the people at either of the two preceding biennial state elections; and that it contains only subjects that are related or are mutually dependent and which are not excluded from the initiative process pursuant to Article 48, the Initiative, Part 2, Section 2.

In accordance with Article 48, I enclose a fair, concise summary of the measure.

Sincerely,

MAURA HEALEY, Attorney General.

Summary of 15-27.

The proposed law would permit the possession, use, distribution, and cultivation of marijuana in limited amounts by persons age 21 and older and would remove criminal penalties for such activities. It would provide for the regulation of commerce in marijuana, marijuana accessories, and marijuana products and for the taxation of proceeds from sales of these items.

The proposed law would authorize persons at least 21 years old to possess up to one ounce of marijuana outside of their residences; possess up to ten ounces of marijuana inside their residences; grow up to six marijuana plants in their residences; give one ounce or less of marijuana to a person at least 21 years old without payment; possess, produce or transfer hemp; or make or transfer items related to marijuana use, storage, cultivation, or processing.

The measure would create a Cannabis Control Commission of three members appointed by the state Treasurer which would generally administer the law governing marijuana use and distribution, promulgate regulations, and be responsible for the licensing of marijuana commercial establishments. The proposed law would also create a Cannabis Advisory Board of fifteen members appointed by the Governor. The Cannabis Control Commission would adopt regulations governing licensing qualifications; security; record keeping; health and safety standards; packaging and labeling; testing; advertising and displays; required inspections; and such other matters as the Commission considers appropriate. The records of the Commission would be public records.

The proposed law would authorize cities and towns to adopt reasonable restrictions on the time, place, and manner of operating marijuana businesses and to limit the number of marijuana establishments in their communities. A city or town could hold a local vote to determine whether to permit the selling of marijuana and marijuana products for consumption on the premises at commercial establishments.

The proceeds of retail sales of marijuana and marijuana products would be subject to the state sales tax and an additional excise tax of 3.75%. A city or town could impose a separate tax of up to 2%. Revenue received from the additional state excise tax or from license application fees and civil penalties for violations of this law would be deposited in a Marijuana Regulation Fund and would be used subject to appropriation for administration of the proposed law.

Marijuana-related activities authorized under this proposed law could not be a basis for adverse orders in child welfare cases absent clear and convincing evidence that such activities had created an unreasonable danger to the safety of a minor child. The proposed law would not affect existing law regarding medical marijuana treatment centers or the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence. It would permit property owners to prohibit the use, sale, or production of marijuana on their premises (with an exception that landlords cannot prohibit consumption by tenants of marijuana by means other than by smoking); and would permit employers to prohibit the consumption of marijuana by employees in the workplace. State and local governments could continue to restrict uses in public buildings or at or near schools. Supplying marijuana to persons under age 21 would be unlawful.

The proposed law would take effect on December 15, 2016.