

HOUSE No. 389

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Gloria L. Fox

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act for mandatory physical education for all students grades K-12 .

PETITION OF:

| NAME: | DISTRICT/ADDRESS: |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>Gloria L. Fox</i> | <i>7th Suffolk</i> |
| <i>Denise Andrews</i> | <i>2nd Franklin</i> |
| <i>Cory Atkins</i> | <i>14th Middlesex</i> |
| <i>Ruth B. Balser</i> | <i>12th Middlesex</i> |
| <i>Marjorie C. Decker</i> | <i>25th Middlesex</i> |
| <i>Marcos A. Devers</i> | <i>16th Essex</i> |
| <i>Tricia Farley-Bouvier</i> | <i>3rd Berkshire</i> |
| <i>Cheryl A. Coakley-Rivera</i> | <i>10th Hampden</i> |
| <i>Peter V. Kocot</i> | <i>1st Hampshire</i> |
| <i>Carlos Henriquez</i> | <i>5th Suffolk</i> |
| <i>Kay Khan</i> | <i>11th Middlesex</i> |
| <i>Linda Dorcena Forry</i> | <i>12th Suffolk</i> |
| <i>Stephen L. DiNatale</i> | <i>3rd Worcester</i> |
| <i>Martin J. Walsh</i> | <i>13th Suffolk</i> |
| <i>Michael F. Rush</i> | <i>Norfolk and Suffolk</i> |
| <i>Kate Hogan</i> | <i>3rd Middlesex</i> |
| <i>Aaron Vega</i> | <i>5th Hampden</i> |
| <i>David M. Rogers</i> | <i>24th Middlesex</i> |

HOUSE No. 389

By Ms. Fox of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 389) of Gloria L. Fox and others relative to requiring mandatory physical education for all students in grades K-12. Education.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION

SEE

□ □ HOUSE
□ , NO. 1053 OF 2011-2012.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act for mandatory physical education for all students grades K-12 .

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Mandatory Physical Education for All Students grades K-12
- 2 Urging schools to provide mandatory instruction on healthy lifestyle choices including
- 3 physical Education Programs during the regular school hours. In December of 2001 the US
- 4 Surgeon General called for every child in grades K-12 to receive a minimum of 30 minutes
- 5 physical activity daily. The American Heart Association recommend that all children ages 5 and
- 6 older should participate in 30 minutes of enjoyable, moderate intensive activities every day and
- 7 should perform 30 minutes of vigorous physical activities at least three to four days a week to
- 8 achieve and maintain a good level of cardio- respiratory (heart and lung) fitness. In February
- 9 2010; the First Lady initiated the “Let’s Move” campaign to combat the epidemic of childhood
- 10 obesity through a comprehensive approach that builds on effective strategies, and mobilizes
- 11 public and private sector resources. Let’s Move will engage every sector impacting the health of
- 12 children to achieve the national goal, and will provide schools, families and communities simple
- 13 tools to help kids be more active, eat better, and get healthy.
- 14 Increasing Physical Activity; Children need 60 minutes of active play each day. Yet, the
- 15 average American child spends more than 7.5 hours a day watching TV and movies, using cell

16 phones and computers, and playing video games, and only a third of high school students get the
17 recommended levels of physical activity. Many children consume as many as half of their daily
18 calories at school. As families work to ensure that kids eat right and have active play at home,
19 we also need to ensure our kids have access to healthy meals in their schools. With more than 31
20 million children participating in the National School Lunch Program and more than 11 million
21 participating in the National School Breakfast Program, good nutrition at school is more
22 important than ever. Together with the private sector and the non-profit community, we will
23 take the following steps to get healthier food in our nation's schools:

24 Physical activity/ healthy lifestyle should be mandatory within all schools (public,
25 private, parochial, charter and alternative) within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
26 Incorporated in age appropriate and culturally sensitive instruction that helps students develop
27 the knowledge, attitudes, skill and behaviors to adapt, maintain and enjoy lifestyle habits relating
28 to eating habits and a physically active lifestyle. This healthy lifestyle curriculum should be
29 available to all children K-12 with no cost to the parents.

30 Elementary School

31 Physical Education, Kindergarten.

32 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
33 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
34 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibit a physically-active lifestyle and

35 understand the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

36 (2) In Grades K-2, children learn fundamental movement skills and begin to understand
37 how the muscles, bones, heart, and lungs function in relation to physical activity. Students begin
38 to

39 develop a vocabulary for movement and apply concepts dealing with space and body

40 awareness. Students are engaged in activities that develop basic levels of strength,

41 endurance, and flexibility. In addition, students learn to work safely in group and
42 individual

43 movement settings. A major objective is to present activities that complement their
44 natural

45 inclination to view physical activity as challenging and enjoyable.

46 (3) The focus for kindergarten students is on learning basic body control while moving in
47 a

48 variety of settings. Students become aware of strength, endurance and flexibility in
49 different

50 parts of their bodies and begin to learn ways to increase health-related fitness.

51 Physical Education, Grade 1.

52 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
53 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
54 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and

55 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

56 (2) First grade students continue to develop basic body control, fundamental movement
57 skills,

58 and health-related fitness components such as strength, endurance, and flexibility.

59 Students

60 can state key performance cues for basic movement patterns such as throwing and
61 catching.

62 Students continue to learn rules and procedures for simple games and apply safety
63 practices

64 associated with physical activities.

65 Physical Education, Grade 2.

66 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
67 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
68 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and

69 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

70 (2) Second grade students learn to demonstrate key elements of fundamental movement
71 skills

72 and mature form in locomotive skills. Students learn to describe the function of the heart,

73 lungs, and bones as they relate to movement. Students are introduced to basic concepts of

74 health promotion such as the relationship between a physically-active lifestyle and the

75 health of the heart. Students learn to work in a group and demonstrate the basic elements

76 of

77 socially responsible conflict resolution.

78 Physical Education, Grade 3.

79 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
80 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
81 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
82 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

83 (2) In Grades 3-5, students continue to develop strength, endurance, and flexibility.
84 Students

85 can demonstrate mature form in fundamental locomotor and manipulative skills and can
86 often maintain that form while participating in dynamic game situations. Identifying
87 personal fitness goals for themselves and beginning to understand how exercise affects
88 different parts of the body is an important part of the instructional process.

89 (3) In Grade 3, students begin to learn and demonstrate more mature movement forms.
90 Students also learn age-specific skills and the health benefits of physical activity. Students begin
91 to learn game strategies, rules, and etiquette.

92 Physical Education, Grade 4.

93 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
94 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
95 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
96 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

97 (2) Fourth grade students learn to identify the components of health-related fitness.
98 Students

99 combine locomotor and manipulative skills in dynamic situations with body control.

100 Students begin to identify sources of health fitness information and continue to learn
101 about

102 appropriate clothing and safety precautions in exercise settings.

103

104 Physical Education, Grade 5.

105 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
106 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
107 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and

108 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

109 (2) Fifth grade students demonstrate competence such as improved accuracy in
110 manipulative

111 skills in dynamic situations. Basic skills such as jumping rope, moving to a beat, and

112 catching and throwing should have been mastered in previous years and can now be used
113 in

114 game-like situations. Students continue to assume responsibility for their own safety and
115 the

116 safety of others. Students can match different types of physical activities to health-related

117 fitness components and explain ways to improve fitness based on the principle of
118 frequency,

119 intensity, and time. Students continue to learn the etiquette of participation and can
120 resolve

121 conflicts during games and sports in acceptable ways.

122 Middle School

123 Physical Education, Grade 6.

124 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
125 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
126 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and

127 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the life
128 span.

129 (2) In Grades 6-8, students understand in greater detail the function of the body, learn to

130 measure their own performance more accurately, and develop plans for improvement.

131 They

132 learn to use technology such as heart rate monitors to assist in measuring and monitoring

133 their own performance. Identifying the types of activities that provide them with

134 enjoyment

135 and challenge and that will encourage them to be physically active throughout life is
136 reinforced during instruction in these grades
137 Physical Education, Grade 7.

138 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
139 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
140 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
141 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

142 (2) Seventh grade students apply similar concepts from one sport or movement setting to
143 another. Students can observe another individual's performance and notice key elements
144 for
145 success. At this grade level, students participate in physical activity both in and out of
146 school while maintaining a healthy level of fitness as their bodies grow and change. Their
147 knowledge of safety and the ability to manage their own behavior is reinforced.

148 Instruction

149 is directed more toward encouraging the incorporation of physical activity into a daily
150 routine and less toward fundamental skill development.

151 Physical Education, Grade 8.

152 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
153 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
154 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
155 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

156 (2) In Grade 8, although the acquisition of physical fitness and skill development is
157 important,
158 emphasis is placed more on participation for enjoyment and challenge, both in and out of
159 school. Understanding the need to remain physically active throughout life by
160 participating

161 in enjoyable lifetime activities is the basis for eighth grade instruction.

162 High School

163 Foundations of Personal Fitness (One-Half Credit).

164 (a) General requirements. This course is the recommended prerequisite for all other
165 physical education courses.

166 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
167 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
168 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
169 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

170 (2) Foundations of Personal Fitness represents a new approach in physical education and
171 the

172 concept of personal fitness. The basic purpose of this course is to motivate students to
173 strive

174 for lifetime personal fitness with an emphasis on the health-related components of
175 physical

176 fitness. The knowledge and skills taught in this course include teaching students about the

177 process of becoming fit as well as achieving some degree of fitness within the class. The

178 concept of wellness, or striving to reach optimal levels of health, is the corner stone of
179 this

180 course and is exemplified by one of the course objectives-students designing their own

181 personal fitness program.

182 Adventure/Outdoor Education (One-Half Credit).

183 (a) General requirements. The recommended prerequisite for this course is Foundations
184 of Personal Fitness.

185 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
186 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
187 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
188 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

189 (2) Students enrolled in adventure outdoor education are expected to develop competency
190 in

191 outdoor education activities that provide opportunities for enjoyment and challenge.

192 Emphasis is placed upon student selection of activities that also promote a respect for the
193 environment and that can be enjoyed for a lifetime.

194 Team Sports (One-Half Credit).

195 (a) General requirements. The recommended prerequisite for this course is Foundations
196 of Personal Fitness.

197 (1) In Physical Education, students acquire the knowledge and skills for movement that
198 provide the foundation for enjoyment, continued social development through physical activity,
199 and access to a physically-active lifestyle. The student exhibits a physically-active lifestyle and
200 understands the relationship between physical activity and health throughout the lifespan.

201 (2) Students enrolled in Team Sports are expected to develop health-related fitness and an
202 appreciation for team work and fair play. Like the other high school physical education
203 courses, Team Sports is less concerned with the acquisition of physical fitness during the
204 course than reinforcing the concept of incorporating physical activity into a lifestyle
205 beyond
206 high school.

207