HOUSE No. 2524

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Todd M. Smola

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to missing persons.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Todd M. Smola	1st Hampden	2/1/2021
Susannah M. Whipps	2nd Franklin	2/22/2021
Timothy R. Whelan	1st Barnstable	3/1/2021
Anne M. Gobi	Worcester, Hampden, Hampshire and	3/1/2021
	Middlesex	
Paul F. Tucker	7th Essex	3/5/2021

HOUSE No. 2524

By Mr. Smola of Warren, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2524) of Todd M. Smola and others relative to reports and investigations concerning missing persons. Public Safety and Homeland Security.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 2132 OF 2019-2020.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act relative to missing persons.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 38A of the General Laws is hereby added, by inserting the
- 2 following:-
- 3 MISSING PERSON(S) REPORT
- 4 (1) REPORT ACCEPTANCE. All law enforcement agencies within the state shall
- 5 accept without delay any report of a missing person(s). Acceptance of a missing person(s) report
- 6 may not be refused on any ground. No law enforcement agency may refuse to accept a missing
- 7 person report on that basis that:
- 8 (A) The missing person(s) is an adult;
- 9 (B) The circumstances do not indicate foul play;

10 (C) The person(s) has been missing for a short period of time; 11 (D) The person(s) has been missing a long period of time; 12 (E) There is no indication that the missing person(s) was in the jurisdiction served by the 13 law enforcement agency at the time of the disappearance; 14 (F) The circumstances suggest that the disappearance may be voluntary; 15 (G) The person(s) reporting does not have personal knowledge of the facts; 16 (H) The reporting individual cannot provide all of the information requested by the law 17 enforcement agency; 18 (I) The reporting person lacks a familial or other relationship with the missing person; 19 (J) Or for any other reason. 20 (2) MANNER OF REPORTING. All law enforcement agencies shall accept missing 21 person(s) reports by phone or in person. Law enforcement agencies are encouraged to accept 22 reports by electronic or other media to the extent that such reporting is consistent with law 23 enforcement policies or practices. 24 (3) CONTENTS OF REPORT. In accepting a report of a missing person(s), the law 25 enforcement agency shall attempt to gather relevant information relating to the disappearance. 26 The law enforcement agency shall attempt to gather at the time of the report information that 27 shall include, but not be limited to, the following: 28 (A) The name of the missing person(s) (including alternative names used);

29	(B) The date of birth;
30	(C) Identifying marks (such as birthmarks, moles, tattoos, scars, etc.);
31	(D) Height and weight;
32	(E) Hair color;
33	(F) Eye color;
34	(G) Prosthetics or surgical implants;
35	(H) A photograph of the missing person(s) (recent photographs are preferable; the agency
36	is encouraged to attempt to ascertain the approximate date the photograph was taken);
37	(I) A description of the clothing the missing person(s) was believed to be wearing;
38	(J) A description of items that might be with the missing person(s) (jewelry, accessories,
39	shoes or boots etc.);
40	(K) The reasons why the reporting person(s) believes that the person(s) is missing;
41	(L) Any circumstances that may indicate that the disappearance was not voluntary;
42	(M) Any circumstances that indicate that the missing person(s) may be at risk of injury or
43	death;
44	(N) A description of the possible means of transportation of the missing person(s)
45	(including make, model, color, license, and VIN of a vehicle);
46	(O) Any identifying information about a known or possible abductor including;

47	(1) Name;
48	(2) A physical description;
49	(3) Date of birth;
50	(4) Identifying marks;
51	(5) The description of possible means of transportation (including make, model,
52	color, license, and VIN of a vehicle);
53	(6) Known associates.
54	(P) Any other information that can aid in locating the missing person(s); and
55	(Q) Date of last contact.
56	(4) NOTIFICATION AND FOLLOW UP ACTION.
57	(A) NOTIFICATION. The law enforcement agency shall notify the person(s) making the
58	report, a family member, or other person(s) in a position to assist the law enforcement agency
59	in its efforts to locate the missing person(s):
60	(1)General information about the handling of the missing person(s) case or about
61	intended efforts in the case to the extent that the law enforcement agency
62	determines that disclosure would not adversely affect its ability to locate the
63	missing person(s) or apprehended or prosecute any person(s) criminally involved in the
64	disappearance;

65	(2) That the person(s) making the report or other necessary person(s) should	
66	return promptly to the law enforcement agency if the missing person(s)	
67	remains missing to provide additional information and materials, that will aid	ir
68	locating the missing person(s). The law enforcement agency should also notify the person(s) of	of
69	the specific information or materials needed;	
70	(3) The law enforcement agency shall notify the person(s) making the report that	at
71	any DNA samples provided for the missing person(s) case will be used solely	to
72	help locate or identify the missing person and will not be used for other	
73	purpose;	
74	(4) The law enforcement agency is encouraged to make available informational	
75	materials (through publications or electronic or other media) that advise the	1e
76	public about how the information or materials identified in this subsection a	ıre
77	used to help locate or identify missing persons.	
78	(B)FOLLOW UP ACTIONS. If the person(s) identified in the missing person report	
79	remain missing after thirty days, and the additional information and materials specified below	
80	have not been received, the law enforcement agency shall attempt to obtain:	
81	(1) DNA samples from family members and/or from the missing person(s) alon	g
82	with any needed documentation required for the use of state or	
83	Federal DNA databases;	
84	(2) An authorization to release dental or skeletal x-rays of the missing person(s));

85	(3) Any additional photographs of the missing person(s) that may aid the
86	investigation or identification. The law enforcement agency shall not be
87	required to obtain written authorization before it releases publicly any
88	photograph that would aid in the investigation or identification of the missing person(s);
89	(4) Dental information and x-rays; and
90	(5) Fingerprints.
91	(C) All DNA samples obtained in missing person(s) cases shall be immediately
92	forwarded to the Department of State Police's Crime Lab for analysis. The laboratory
93	should establish procedures for determining how to prioritize analysis of the samples relating
94	to missing persons cases;
95	(D) This subsection should not be interpreted to preclude a law enforcement agency from
96	attempting to obtain the materials identified in this subsection before the expiration of the
97	thirty day period.
98	SECTION 2. LAW ENFORCEMENT ANALYSIS AND REPORTING OF MISSING
99	PERSON(S) INFORMATION.
100	(1) PROMPT DETERMINATION OF HIGH-RISK MISSING PERSON(S)
101	(A) DEFINITION. A high risk missing person(s) is an individual whose whereabouts are
102	not currently known and the circumstances indicate that the individual may be at risk of
103	injury or death. The circumstances that indicate that an individual is a "high risk missing
104	person(s)" include, but are not limited to:
105	(1) The person(s) is missing as a result of a stranger abduction;

106	(2) The person(s) is missing under suspicious circumstances;
107	(3) The person(s) is missing under unknown circumstances;
108	(4) The person(s) is missing under known dangerous circumstances;
109	(5) The person(s) is missing more than thirty (30) days;
110	(6) The person(s) has already been designated as a "high risk missing person(s)"
111	by another law enforcement agency;
112	(7) There is evidence that the person(s) is at risk because:
113	(A) The person(s) missing is in need of medical attention;
114	(B) The person(s) missing does not have a pattern of running away or
115	disappearing;
116	(C) The person(s) missing may have been abducted by non-custodial
117	parent;
118	(D) The person(s) missing is mentally impaired;
119	(E) The person(s) missing is a person under the age of twenty-one;
120	(F) The person(s) missing has been the subject of past threats or acts of
121	violence.
122	(B) LAW ENFORCEMENT RISK ASSESSMENT.

123	(1) Upon initial receipt of a missing person(s) report, the law enforcement agency
124	shall immediately determine whether there is a basis to determine that the
125	person(s) missing is a high risk missing person(s);
126	(2) If a law enforcement agency has previously determined that a missing
127	person(s) is not a high risk missing person(s), but obtains new information, it
128	shall immediately determine whether the information provided to the law
129	enforcement agency indicates that the person(s) missing is a high risk missing person(s);
130	(3) Risk assessments identified in this subsection shall be performed not later than
131	twenty four hours after the initial missing person(s) report or the new
132	information was provided to the law enforcement agency.
133	(C) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY REPORTS.
134	(1) When the law enforcement agency determines that the missing person(s) is a
135	high risk missing person(s) it shall notify the Criminal History Systems Board. It
136	shall immediately provide to the Department of State Police the
137	information most likely to aid in the location and safe return of the high risk missing person(s).
138	It shall provide as soon as practicable all other information obtained relating to
139	the missing person(s) case;
140	(2) The Department of State Police shall promptly notify all law enforcement
141	agencies within the state of the information that will aid in the prompt
142	location and safe return of the high risk missing person(s);

143	(3) The local law	enforcement agencies who receive the notification from the star
144	agency specified in	subsection (2) shall notify officers to ?be on the look out?
145	for the missing person(s) or a su	spected abductor;
146	(4) The Departme	ent of State Police shall promptly enter all collected information
147	relating to the missing person	(s) case in available state and Federal databanks.
148	The information shall be provide	ed to in accordance with applicable guidelines
149	relating to the databases. The in	nformation shall be entered as follows:
150	(A) A mis	ssing person(s) report in high risk missing person(s) cases (and
151	relevant information	provided in the report shall be entered in the
152	National Crime Information Cer	nter database within four hours of the
153	determination that the missing p	person is a high risk missing person; All other
154	missing person(s) reports	s (and relevant information provided in the report) shall be
155	entered within	one day after the missing person(s) report is received.
156	Supplemental information is hig	gh-risk missing person(s) cases should be
157	entered as soon as practicable;	
158	(B) All D	NA profiles shall be uploaded into the state missing person(s)
159	database and the FBI Missing	Person DNA Database within five
160	business days after completion of	of the DNA analysis and other
161	procedures required for o	database entry;
162	(C) Inform	mation relevant to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Violent
163	Criminal Apprehension	Program shall be entered as soon as
164	possible.	

165	(5) The Department of State Police shall ensure that person(s) entering data relating to
166	medical or dental records in state or Federal databases are specifically trained to understand and
167	correctly enter the information sought by these databases. The Department of State Police is
168	strongly encouraged to either use person(s) with specific expertise in medical or dental records
169	for this purpose or consult with the Office Of The Chief Medical Examiner to ensure the
170	accuracy and completeness of information entered into the state and Federal databanks;
171	(6) Pursuant to any applicable state criteria, local law enforcement agencies should also
172	provide for the prompt use of an Amber Alert or public dissemination of photographs in
173	appropriate high risk cases;
174	SECTION 3. REPORTING OF DEATH UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS/HUMAN
175	REMAINS
176	(1) HANDLING OF DEATH SCENE INVESTIGATIONS.
177	(A) The Department of State Police shall provide information to local law enforcement
178	agencies about best practices for handling death scene investigations;
179	(B) The Department of State Police shall identify any publications or training
180	opportunities that may be available to local law enforcement agencies or law enforcement
181	officers concerning the handling of death scene investigations.
182	(2) LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTS.
183	(A) After performing any death scene investigation deemed appropriate under the
184	circumstances, the law enforcement agency shall ensure that the human
185	remains are delivered to Office of The Chief Medical Examiner;

186	(B) A law enforcement agency that locates human remains that are not identified within
187	24 hours shall promptly notify the Department of State Police of the location of
188	those remains;
189	(C) If the law enforcement agency cannot determine whether or not the remains found are
190	human, it shall notify the Department of State Police of the existence of possible human
191	remains.
192	SECTION 4. UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS/HUMAN REMAINS IDENTIFICATION
193	RESPONSIBILITIES.
194	(1) If the official with custody of the human remains is not a medical examiner, the
195	official shall promptly transfer the unidentified remains to the Office of The Chief Medical
196	Examiner with responsibility for seeking to determine the identity of the human remains;
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197	(2)Notwithstanding any other action deemed appropriate for the handling of the human
198	remains, the medical examiner shall make reasonable attempts to promptly identify human
199	remains. These actions may include but are not limited to obtaining:
200	(A) Photographs of the human remains (prior to an autopsy);
201	(B) Dental or skeletal X-rays;
202	(C) Photographs of items found with the human remains;
203	(D) Fingerprints from the remains (if possible);
204	(E) Sample[s] of tissue suitable for DNA typing (if possible);
205	(F) Sample[s] of whole bone or hair suitable for DNA typing;

206 (G)Any other information that may support identification efforts. 207 (3) No medical examiner or any other person shall cremate, dispose of, or engage in 208 actions that will materially affect the unidentified human remains before the medical examiner 209 obtains: 210 (A) Samples suitable for DNA identification, archiving; 211 (B) Photographs of the unidentified person/human remains; and 212 (C) All other appropriate steps for identification have been exhausted. 213 (4) The medical examiner or the Department of State Police?s Crime Lab shall make 214 reasonable efforts to obtain prompt DNA analysis of biological samples, if the human remains 215 have not been identified by other means. The medical examiner or the Department of State 216 Police's Crime Lab shall seek support from appropriate state and Federal agencies for human 217 remains identification efforts. Such support may include, but is not limited to, available 218 mitochondrial or nuclear DNA testing, Federal grants for DNA testing, or Federal grants for 219 crime laboratory or medical examiner office improvement; 220 (5) The medical examiner Department of State Police shall promptly enter information in 221 Federal and state databases that can aid in the identification of missing person(s). Information 222 shall be entered in Federal databases as follows: 223 (A) Information for the National Crime Information Center within twenty four hours; 224 (B) DNA profiles and information into the Federal Bureau of Investigation?s Missing 225 persons DNA Database within five business days after the completion of the DNA analysis and

procedures necessary for the entry of the DNA profile; and

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(C) Information sought by the Violent Criminal Apprehension Program database as soon as practicable.

- (6) If medical examiner office personnel do not input the data directly into the Federal databanks, the Department of State Police shall consult with the medical examiner?s office to ensure appropriate training of the data entry personnel and the establishment of a quality assurance protocol for ensuring the ongoing quality of data entered in the Federal and state databases;
- (7) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to preclude any medical examiner office, the Department of State Police, or a local law enforcement agency from pursuing other efforts to identify unidentified human remains including efforts to publicize information, descriptions or photographs that may aid in the identification of the unidentified remains, allow family members to identify missing person(s), and seek to protect the dignity of the missing person(s).