

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Ruth B. Balser and Liz Miranda

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to protect the civil rights and safety of all Massachusetts residents.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Ruth B. Balser	12th Middlesex	2/1/2021
Liz Miranda	5th Suffolk	2/2/2021
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	2/2/2021
Christina A. Minicucci	14th Essex	2/2/2021
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex	2/2/2021
Tram T. Nguyen	18th Essex	2/2/2021
Steven C. Owens	29th Middlesex	2/2/2021
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex	2/2/2021
Lindsay N. Sabadosa	1st Hampshire	2/2/2021
Danillo A. Sena	37th Middlesex	2/2/2021
Patricia A. Duffy	5th Hampden	2/2/2021
Peter Capano	11th Essex	2/2/2021
Frank A. Moran	17th Essex	2/2/2021
Natalie M. Blais	1st Franklin	2/3/2021
Steven Ultrino	33rd Middlesex	2/3/2021
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex	2/3/2021
Mindy Domb	3rd Hampshire	2/3/2021
Tommy Vitolo	15th Norfolk	2/3/2021

David Paul Linsky	5th Middlesex	2/3/2021
Carolyn C. Dykema	8th Middlesex	2/3/2021
Thomas M. Stanley	9th Middlesex	2/3/2021
Tami L. Gouveia	14th Middlesex	2/3/2021
Adrian C. Madaro	1st Suffolk	2/3/2021
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	2/5/2021
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex	2/5/2021
Jay D. Livingstone	8th Suffolk	2/5/2021
Michelle L. Ciccolo	15th Middlesex	2/5/2021
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol	2/5/2021
Joseph A. Boncore	First Suffolk and Middlesex	2/5/2021
Dylan A. Fernandes	Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket	2/5/2021
John J. Lawn, Jr.	10th Middlesex	2/8/2021
Jon Santiago	9th Suffolk	2/8/2021
Vanna Howard	17th Middlesex	2/8/2021
Sean Garballey	23rd Middlesex	2/9/2021
Daniel R. Carey	2nd Hampshire	2/9/2021
Maria Duaime Robinson	6th Middlesex	2/9/2021
Brendan P. Crighton	Third Essex	2/11/2021
Erika Uyterhoeven	27th Middlesex	2/11/2021
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex	2/11/2021
Brandy Fluker Oakley	12th Suffolk	2/16/2021
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex	2/16/2021
Paul F. Tucker	7th Essex	2/16/2021
Kevin G. Honan	17th Suffolk	2/17/2021
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex	2/22/2021
Edward R. Philips	8th Norfolk	2/22/2021
Kip A. Diggs	2nd Barnstable	2/22/2021
Sally P. Kerans	13th Essex	2/22/2021
Michael J. Moran	18th Suffolk	2/22/2021
Sarah K. Peake	4th Barnstable	2/23/2021
Michael J. Barrett	Third Middlesex	2/23/2021
James J. O'Day	14th Worcester	2/23/2021
John J. Mahoney	13th Worcester	2/23/2021
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex	2/24/2021
Harriette L. Chandler	First Worcester	2/24/2021
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk	2/24/2021
Michael P. Kushmerek	3rd Worcester	2/25/2021
Natalie M. Higgins	4th Worcester	2/25/2021

Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex	2/25/2021
Kenneth I. Gordon	21st Middlesex	2/25/2021
William C. Galvin	6th Norfolk	2/25/2021
Carlos González	10th Hampden	2/26/2021
David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf	17th Worcester	2/26/2021
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	3rd Berkshire	2/26/2021
Lori A. Ehrlich	8th Essex	2/26/2021
Rady Mom	18th Middlesex	2/26/2021
James Arciero	2nd Middlesex	2/26/2021
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth	2/26/2021
Orlando Ramos	9th Hampden	2/26/2021
Andres X. Vargas	3rd Essex	2/26/2021
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester	2/26/2021
Kate Lipper-Garabedian	32nd Middlesex	2/26/2021
Paul W. Mark	2nd Berkshire	2/26/2021
Daniel J. Hunt	13th Suffolk	2/26/2021
Daniel Cahill	10th Essex	2/26/2021
Joan Meschino	3rd Plymouth	2/27/2021
Nika C. Elugardo	15th Suffolk	2/27/2021
Alice Hanlon Peisch	14th Norfolk	3/1/2021
Marcos A. Devers	16th Essex	3/2/2021
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex	3/2/2021
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester	3/3/2021
Daniel J. Ryan	2nd Suffolk	3/5/2021
Julian Cyr	Cape and Islands	3/16/2021
John H. Rogers	12th Norfolk	3/26/2021

By Representatives Balser of Newton and Miranda of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2418) of Ruth B. Balser, Liz Miranda and others relative to local and state law enforcement involvement in federal immigration enforcement. Public Safety and Homeland Security.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act to protect the civil rights and safety of all Massachusetts residents.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Safe Communities Act"
- 2 SECTION 2. Chapter 147 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
- 3 section 62 the following section:-
- 4 Section 63. Updates to Law Enforcement Procedures
- 5 (a) Definitions
- 6 As used in this section, the following words shall have the following meanings, unless the
- 7 context clearly requires otherwise:
- 8 "Law enforcement agency", any state, municipal, college or university police department,
- 9 sheriff's department, correctional facility, prosecutorial office, court, probation office, or

10	program of one or more of the foregoing entities, or any other non-federal entity in the
11	commonwealth charged with the enforcement of laws or the custody of detained persons.
12	"Immigration enforcement", any and all efforts to investigate, enforce, or assist in
13	investigating or enforcing any federal immigration law. Such purposes do not include
14	verification of an applicant's eligibility for state or federal programs or services.
15	"United States Department of Homeland Security" or "DHS", the United States
16	Department of Homeland Security and its component agencies, including Immigration and
17	Customs Enforcement, the former Immigration and Naturalization Service, Customs and Border
18	Protection, and any other federal agency charged with enforcing immigration laws.
19	(b) Community relations with law enforcement agencies
20	Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, no officer or employee of a
21	law enforcement agency, while acting under color of law, shall question persons, including
22	victims and witnesses of crimes, about their immigration status unless state or federal law
23	requires the inquiry, provided that judges and magistrates may make such inquiries as are
24	necessary to adjudicate matters within their jurisdictions.
25	(c) Due process protections
26	Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, an interview, including any
27	informal questioning, between an agent of the United States Department of Homeland Security
28	or state or local law enforcement agent and a person in the custody of a law enforcement agency
29	conducted for immigration enforcement purposes shall take place only if the person in custody
30	gives informed consent by signing a written consent form provided by the law enforcement

31 agency. The consent form shall explain that: (i) the interview is for immigration enforcement or 32 deportation purposes; (ii) any information provided at the interview can be used against the 33 person; (iii) the person may decline to sign any documents that are presented during the 34 interview; and (iv) the person may choose to decline the interview or to be interviewed only with 35 an attorney present, at the person's own expense. The consent form shall provide a checkbox or 36 other means to indicate if an interview has taken place, and if so, if an attorney was present. The 37 consent form shall be available in English and other languages commonly spoken in 38 Massachusetts. The law enforcement agency shall make best efforts to provide a consent form 39 that is in a language that the person understands, and to provide oral interpretation if needed, in 40 order to obtain the person's informed consent for the interview. The office of the attorney 41 general shall prepare the consent form and make it available to law enforcement agencies, and 42 may work with interested not-for-profit organizations to prepare translations of the form.

Any and all records relating to the granting of these interviews or questioning shall be public records as defined in paragraph 26 of section 7 of chapter 4, provided that names, addresses, phone numbers and other personal identifying information shall not be a public record. These records include the signed consent forms obtained before the interviews, and information about whether the interview or questioning was conducted in the presence of an attorney.

(d) The preceding subsections (b) and (c) shall not apply to interviews or questioning of
persons who are held in Massachusetts correctional facilities under an Inter-Governmental
Service Agreement with the United States Department of Homeland Security, provided,
however, that persons who are booked into a correctional facility under such an agreement shall
be advised at the booking that the person (i) has the right to seek legal counsel from an

54 immigration attorney at their own expense; (ii) may choose to decline to speak with a DHS agent 55 or to speak with the DHS agent only with an attorney present; and (iii) may decline to sign any 56 documents presented by a DHS agent.

57 (e) Guidelines for reporting release information

Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, no officer or employee of a law enforcement agency shall initiate communication with the United States Department of Homeland Security about the pending or imminent release, from state or local custody, of a person who is being released for any reason other than the end of a sentence of incarceration for a criminal conviction; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall prohibit or restrain any state or local agency from sending to, or receiving from, any local, state, or federal agency, information regarding citizenship or immigration status.

If a law enforcement agency receives a request for notification from the United States Department of Homeland Security regarding a person in its custody, including a request for notification under to federal form I-247A or I-247N, the law enforcement agency shall inform the person of the request and shall provide the person with a copy of the request and copies of any other documentation pertaining to the person's case that is presented to the law enforcement agency by the United States Department of Homeland Security.

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(f) Implementation and training

Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, all law enforcement agencies in the commonwealth shall, within 12 months of passage of this act, incorporate information and guidance regarding this section into their regular introductory and in-service training programs. An individual may file a complaint for a violation of this section with the corresponding

department or agency, which shall investigate the complaint. At the conclusion of the
investigation, the agency head shall provide the executive office of public safety and security
with a written summary of the investigation's findings. If the agency head substantiates the
allegations, the written summary shall provide details of the specific actions taken to correct the
violation as well as details of the sanctions imposed on the subjects of the investigation, if any.
Findings made under this subsection shall be public records as defined in paragraph 26 of section
7 of chapter 4, provided that personal identifying information shall not be a public record.

83 SECTION 3. Chapter 126 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
84 section 39 the following section:-

85 Section 40. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, no officer or 86 employee of the department of corrections, the state police, any sheriff's department, or any city 87 or town police department shall perform the functions of an immigration officer, whether 88 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. section 1357(g) or any other law, regulation, or policy, whether formal or 89 informal. Any agreements in existence at the time of the passage of the law that are inconsistent 90 with this section are null and void. Any entity of the commonwealth or any political subdivision 91 thereof that is a party to such an agreement on the date of the passage of this act shall, within 90 92 days, inform the other party or parties that the contract is null and void under Massachusetts law. 93 Nothing in this section shall prohibit the department of correction or a house of correction from 94 entering into an Inter-Governmental Service Agreement with the United States Department of 95 Homeland Security in which persons in Immigration and Customs Enforcement custody are 96 housed at the house of correction and the United States Department of Homeland Security pays a 97 daily fee for each person detained there.