

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Bradley H. Jones, Jr.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to federal and local law enforcement cooperation.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Bradley H. Jones, Jr.	20th Middlesex	2/9/2021
Susan Williams Gifford	2nd Plymouth	2/25/2021
Angelo L. D'Emilia	8th Plymouth	2/26/2021
Paul K. Frost	7th Worcester	3/11/2021
Hannah Kane	11th Worcester	3/17/2021
Mathew J. Muratore	1st Plymouth	3/24/2021
Steven S. Howitt	4th Bristol	3/31/2021

By Mr. Jones of North Reading, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1682) of Bradley H. Jones, Jr. and others relative to empowering law enforcement to cooperate with the United States to transfer custody of certain convicted criminals. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act relative to federal and local law enforcement cooperation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 276 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition,
2	is hereby amended by inserting after section 20R the following section:-

3 "Section 20S. (a) Any employee of the Commonwealth, or a public instrumentality or

4 political subdivision thereof, who holds police powers or the powers of a sheriff or deputy

5 sheriff, including but not limited to municipal police officers, court officers, and state troopers,

6 and who has lawful custody of a person may, upon receipt of (1) a written request from United

7 States Immigration and Customs Enforcement requesting detention of such person on the

8 grounds that there is probable cause that such person is a removable alien and (2) an

9 administrative warrant for arrest or warrant of removal/deportation, detain such person for a

10 reasonable period of time after such person would otherwise be released from custody in order to

11 transfer custody of such person to United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement,

12 provided that a supervisory officer of such employee's agency has, in accordance with a policy

13 promulgated in accordance with subsection (c), first determined that there are specific facts 14 indicating that the person to be detained poses a threat to public safety; and further provided that 15 such person be provided with a copy of such written request; and further provided that in no 16 circumstances shall such detention exceed 12 hours unless an appropriate judicial officer shall 17 have made a probable cause determination under the procedure set forth in subsection (d). 18 (b) As used in subsection (a), "specific facts indicating that the person to be detained 19 poses a threat to public safety" shall mean that, at a minimum, any of the following facts are true 20 with respect to such person: 21 (1) the person has engaged in or is suspected of terrorism or espionage, or otherwise 22 poses a danger to national security; 23 (2) the person has been convicted of an offense of which an element was active 24 participation in a criminal street gang, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 521(a); 25 (3) the person has been convicted of an offense classified as a felony, other than a state or 26 local offense for which an essential element was the person's immigration status; 27 (4) the person has been convicted of an aggravated felony, as defined under 8 U.S.C. § 28 1101(a)(43); or 29 (5) the person has been convicted of a crime of (i) domestic violence; (ii) sexual abuse or 30 exploitation; (iii) trafficking in persons in violation of sections 50 or 51 of chapter 265 or like 31 violations of the law of another state, the United States or a military, territorial or Indian tribal 32 authority; (iv) burglary; (v) unlawful possession or use of a firearm; (vi) drug distribution or

2 of 4

trafficking; (vii) second or subsequent operating or driving under the influence; or (viii) any
other offense for which the person has been sentenced to time in custody of 180 days or more.

(c) Each agency of the Commonwealth or any public instrumentality or political
subdivision of the Commonwealth that chooses to allow its employees to exercise the authority
granted by subsection (a) shall promulgate a written policy designating which supervisory
officers may make the determination required by subsection (a) before a person is detained and
the criteria such supervisory officer shall use in making such determination.

40 (d) A determination of probable cause for detention shall be made by an appropriate 41 judicial officer and promptly reduced to writing. The appropriate judicial officer shall consider 42 any information presented by the detaining agency, whether or not known at the time of initial 43 detention. The detaining agency shall present the information under oath or affirmation or under 44 the pains and penalties of perjury, and may present the information orally, in person or by any 45 other means, or in writing. If presented in writing, the information may be transmitted to the 46 appropriate judicial officer by facsimile transmission or by electronic mail or by such other 47 electronic means as may be found acceptable by the court. The determination of probable cause 48 for detention shall be an ex parte proceeding. The person detained shall have no right to appear, 49 either in person or by counsel. If the judicial officer determines that there is not probable cause to 50 believe the person detained is a removable alien, then the judicial officer shall order that the 51 person be released forthwith. Such a determination and order shall be filed in the District Court 52 having jurisdiction over the location of the detention, together with all written information 53 submitted by the detaining agency. Such documents shall be filed separately from the records of 54 criminal cases, and shall be open for inspection by the public. If a determination under this 55 subsection is necessary, the detaining agency shall present the information necessary to obtain

3 of 4

such determination to the appropriate judicial officer as soon as reasonably possible after the
detention begins, but no later than 12 hours after the detention begins.

(e) This section shall not be construed to give rise to a private right of action and shall not
be construed so as to make unlawful any arrest in this commonwealth which would otherwise be
lawful.