

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 1544**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

PRESENTED BY:

***John H. Rogers***

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*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to police use of epinephrine autoinjectors.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
<i>John H. Rogers</i>	<i>12th Norfolk</i>
<i>Louis L. Kafka</i>	<i>8th Norfolk</i>
<i>Edward F. Coppinger</i>	<i>10th Suffolk</i>
<i>Shawn Dooley</i>	<i>9th Norfolk</i>
<i>Paul R. Feeney</i>	<i>Bristol and Norfolk</i>
<i>Paul K. Frost</i>	<i>7th Worcester</i>
<i>Tami L. Gouveia</i>	<i>14th Middlesex</i>
<i>Patricia A. Haddad</i>	<i>5th Bristol</i>
<i>Jonathan Hecht</i>	<i>29th Middlesex</i>
<i>Patrick Joseph Kearney</i>	<i>4th Plymouth</i>
<i>David Paul Linsky</i>	<i>5th Middlesex</i>
<i>Michael F. Rush</i>	<i>Norfolk and Suffolk</i>
<i>William M. Straus</i>	<i>10th Bristol</i>

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 1544**

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By Mr. Rogers of Norwood, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1544) of John H. Rogers and others relative to police use of epinephrine autoinjectors. The Judiciary.

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[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION  
SEE HOUSE, NO. 3591 OF 2017-2018.]

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

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**In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court  
(2019-2020)**  
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An Act relative to police use of epinephrine autoinjectors.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 Chapter 94C of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting, after section 34A, the  
2 following section:-

3 Section 34B. (a) A police officer who, in good faith, seeks medical assistance for  
4 someone experiencing an anaphylactic reaction shall not be charged or prosecuted for possession  
5 of a controlled substance under sections 34 or 35 if the evidence for the charge of possession of a  
6 controlled substance was gained as a result of the seeking of medical assistance.

7 (b) A person who experiences an anaphylactic reaction and is in need of medical  
8 assistance and, in good faith, seeks such medical assistance, or is the subject of such a good faith  
9 request for medical assistance, shall not be charged or prosecuted for possession of a controlled

10 substance under said sections 34 or 35 if the evidence for the charge of possession of a controlled  
11 substance was gained as a result of the anaphylactic reaction and the need for medical assistance.

12 (c) The act of seeking medical assistance for someone who is experiencing an  
13 anaphylactic reaction may be used as a mitigating factor in a criminal prosecution under the  
14 Controlled Substance Act, 1970 P.L. 91-513, 21 U.S.C. section 801, et seq.

15 (d) Nothing contained in this section shall prevent anyone from being charged with  
16 trafficking, distribution or possession of a controlled substance with intent to distribute.

17 (e) A police officer acting in good faith may receive an epinephrine autoinjector, possess  
18 an epinephrine autoinjector and administer an epinephrine autoinjector to an individual  
19 appearing to experience an anaphylactic reaction, and provided further that no police officer shall  
20 be liable in a civil suit for damages as a result of any acts or omissions in providing or obtaining,  
21 or attempting to provide or obtain, such assistance unless such acts or omissions constitute  
22 willful, wanton or reckless conduct.