SLS 14RS-600 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2014

SENATE BILL NO. 400

BY SENATOR MILLS

MEDICAID. Provides relative to Medicaid recovery audit contractors. (8/1/14)

1	AN ACT
2	To enact Subpart E of Part VI-A of Chapter 3 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes
3	of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 46:440.11 through 440.15, relative to recovery audit
4	contractors; to provide legislative findings; to provide definitions; to provide
5	requirements for contractors involved in the recovery of funds; to provide for
6	payment structure; to provide for appeals by contractors; to provide oversight and
7	penalties; to provide for rules and regulations; and to provide for related matters.
8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
9	Section 1. Subpart E of Part VI-A of Chapter 3 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised
10	Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 46:440.11 through 440.15 is hereby enacted to read as
11	follows:
12	SUBPART E. RECOVERY AUDIT CONTRACTORS
13	§440.11. Legislative findings
14	A. Recovery audit contractors, as required by the federal Patient
15	Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended, can be a useful tool in
16	improving the Medical Assistance Program, particularly by ensuring that
17	Louisiana's healthcare dollars are used for appropriate and necessary

1	healthcare services.
2	B. Currently, healthcare providers are subject to numerous audits on
3	both the state and federal level producing additional administrative costs to be
4	paid for by healthcare consumers.
5	C. By implementing a single audit program as provided for in this
6	Subpart, rules and regulations of the Department of Health and Hospitals can
7	simplify and standardize audits to the benefit of both providers and healthcare
8	consumers.
9	<u>§440.12. Definitions</u>
10	As used in this Subpart, the following terms shall have the following
11	meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
12	(1) "Medical Assistance Program" means the Medicaid program.
13	(2) "Contractor" means the Medicaid recovery audit contractor chosen
14	by Louisiana to perform audits to ensure the integrity of Medicaid payments
15	made in accordance with the provisions of the Patient Protection and
16	Affordable Care Act.
17	(3) "Provider" means any healthcare entity who provides services to
18	those eligible for Medicaid and who submits a claim for payment pursuant to
19	the Medicaid program.
20	§440.13. Requirements for recovery audit contractor
21	A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any
22	Medicaid state plan amendment shall require the contractor to complete all of
23	the following:
24	(1) Review for audit purposes only claims with an initial claim paid date
25	of three years or less prior to the audit.
26	(2) In consultation with the program, develop and implement a
27	reimbursement reconciliation process for certain claims.
28	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any state
29	plan amendment shall exclude the following from the scope of review of the

1	CONTRACTOR:
2	(1) Claims processed or paid through Medicaid managed care programs,
3	including claims paid through the Bayou Health program.
4	(2) Medical necessity reviews.
5	C. Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, the
6	contractor shall:
7	(1) Furnish the provider with a determination letter.
8	(a) Such letter shall be sent within sixty days of receiving all requested
9	materials from a provider.
10	(b) Such letter shall set forth all the findings of the audit.
11	(c) Such letter shall provide a written detailed explanation to the
12	provider of any review, denial or determination of overpayment.
13	(d) At a minimum, the letter shall include all of the following:
14	(i) Specific medical criteria on which the denial is based.
15	(ii) The qualifications of the individual who has recommended the
16	denial.
17	(iii) The provider's appeal rights.
18	(2) Utilize provider self-audit only if mutually agreed upon by the
19	provider and the contractor.
20	(3) Publish on the Internet the process utilized for the approval of new
21	issues for review, as those areas are determined by the Medicaid program.
22	(4) Allow providers to submit records associated with an audit
23	electronically. Electronic submission shall not be required.
24	(5) Perform, at least on a semi-annual basis, educational and training
25	programs targeted to healthcare providers who are or may be subject to audit
26	<u>review.</u>
27	(6) Develop, implement, and publish on its website performance metrics,
28	on a semi-annual basis, related to its performance. By rule or regulation, the
29	program shall promulgate the minimum criteria to be used by the contractor.

1	D. Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, the
2	contractor shall not:
3	(1) Recoup overpayments by the contractor until the appeals process,
4	both formal and informal, have been completed.
5	(2) Use extrapolation in the audit review process.
6	(3) Schedule any on-site audits of a provider without advanced written
7	notice of not fewer than ten working days and shall make a good faith effort to
8	mutually agree to a time and place.
9	(4) Request in any ninety day period more than one percent of the
10	number of claims filed by a provider in the previous state fiscal year, not to
11	exceed two hundred claims. Providers shall be given a minimum of forty-five
12	days to comply with and respond to a records request.
13	E. Contracts with recovery audit contractors entered into after January
14	1, 2015, shall not include a contingent fee structure based upon or related to
15	audited claims recoveries or improper payments.
16	§440.14. Healthcare provider appeals process
17	A. In the event of a denial of payment or determination of an
18	overpayment by the contractor, a provider shall have the right to an informal
19	and a formal appeals process.
20	B. Informal appeals process:
21	(1) From the date of receipt of the initial findings letter by the
22	contractor, an informal discussion and consultation period between the
23	provider and the contractor shall be in effect.
24	(2) Within forty-five days of receipt of the initial findings letter, a
25	provider shall have the right to request an informal hearing of said findings.
26	Such request shall be in writing to the contractor and the informal hearing shall
27	be held within thirty days of the request.
28	(3) At the informal hearing the provider shall have the right to present
29	information in writing or orally, to present documents, and to inquire as to the

1	reasons for the demai or determination of overpayment.
2	(4) At such informal hearing, the provider shall have a right to be
3	represented by an attorney or an authorized representative. Notice of such
4	representation by an attorney or authorized representative shall be made to the
5	contractor in writing at the time of the request for the hearing.
6	(5) The contractor and the program integrity representative shall issue
7	a final decision to the informal appeal to the provider within fifteen days of the
8	informal hearing.
9	C. Formal appeals process:
10	(1) Within thirty days of the issuance of the final decision, a provider
11	may request an administrative appeal of the final decision.
12	(2) The request shall be in writing, requesting a hearing before the
13	Division of Administrative Law-Health and Hospitals Section.
14	(3) A copy of the appeal request shall be provided to the program.
15	§440.15. Contractor performance oversight; penalties; protections
16	A. If, in any six-month period, more than twenty-five percent of the
17	contractor's decisions are overturned on appeal, the House Committee on
18	Health and Welfare and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare shall
19	meet jointly and conduct an oversight hearing to evaluate the contractor's
20	performance. The committees meeting jointly shall provide the program with
21	direction regarding corrective action to be taken and future reevaluations of
22	performance of the contractor.
23	B. The Department of Health and Hospitals shall, with appropriate
24	input from providers and the public as a whole, promulgate any necessary rules
25	or regulations to improve any issues regarding inappropriate denials and
26	associated penalties.
27	C. If the formal appeal hearing officer finds that the contractor's denial
28	of a claim was unreasonable, frivolous, or without merit, the contractor shall be
29	called to reimburse the provider the cost associated with the appeal process

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incurred by the provider.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Mary Dozier O'Brien.

DIGEST

Mills (SB 400)

<u>Proposed law</u> provides relative to recovery audit contractors, mandated by provisions of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for findings by the legislature dealing with the appropriate expenditure of healthcare dollars, particularly through the Medicaid program.

Proposed law provides for definitions.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for specific requirements for recovery audit contractors, the private entities with whom the state will contract to conduct the audits of the claims of Medicaid providers.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a framework for a reimbursement reconciliation process, the scope of review for audit purposes, a time frame within which audits may be conducted, and a determination letter to be furnished to the provider.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for both informal and formal appeal procedures available to providers whose claims have been denied or from whom overpayments are to be repaid.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for minimum criteria to be utilized by the contractor to be promulgated by the Medicaid program.

Effective August 1, 2014.

(Adds R.S. 46:440.11-440.15)