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AN ACT

SENATE BILL NO. 261

## BY SENATOR NEVERS AND REPRESENTATIVE HUNTER

2	To amend and reenact Civil Code Articles 136 and 137 and R.S. 9:344(D), relative to
3	children; to provide relative to the duties of care, custody, and control of children
4	under certain circumstances; to provide relative to rights and responsibilities; to
5	provide relative to custody and visitation; to provide relative to awards of visitation
6	rights; to provide relative to visitation by grandparents and other non-parents; to
7	provide certain terms, conditions, procedures, and requirements; and to provide for
8	related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. Civil Code Articles 136 and 137 are hereby amended and reenacted to
11	read as follows:
12	Art. 136. Award of visitation rights
13	A. A parent not granted custody or joint custody of a child is entitled to
14	reasonable visitation rights unless the court finds, after a hearing, that visitation
15	would not be in the best interest of the child.
16	B. A grandparent not granted custody of a child may be granted
17	reasonable visitation rights if the court finds that it is in the best interest of the
18	child. Before making this determination, the court shall hold a contradictory
19	hearing as provided for in R.S. 9:345 in order to determine whether the court
20	should appoint an attorney to represent the child.
21	C. Under extraordinary circumstances, any other a relative, by blood or
22	affinity, or a former stepparent or stepgrandparent, not granted custody of the child
23	may be granted reasonable visitation rights if the court finds that it is in the best
24	interest of the child. Extraordinary circumstances shall include a determination
25	by a court that a parent is abusing a controlled dangerous substance.

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1	<u>D.</u> In determining the best interest of the child <u>under Paragraphs B and C</u>
2	of this Article, the court shall consider:
3	(1) The length and quality of the prior relationship between the child and the
4	relative.
5	(2) Whether the child is in need of guidance, enlightenment, or tutelage
6	which can best be provided by the relative.
7	(3) The preference of the child if he is determined to be of sufficient maturity
8	to express a preference.
9	(4) The willingness of the relative to encourage a close relationship between
10	the child and his parent or parents.
11	(5) The mental and physical health of the child and the relative.
12	C. In accordance with Paragraph B of this Article, extraordinary
13	circumstances may include when a parent is addicted to a controlled dangerous
14	substance.
15	E. D. In the event of a conflict between this Article and R.S. 9:344 or 345,
16	the provisions of the statute shall supersede those of this Article.
17	* * *
18	Art. 137. Denial of visitation; felony rape; death of a parent
19	A. In a proceeding in which visitation of a child is being sought by a natural
20	parent, if the child was conceived through the commission of a felony rape, the
21	natural parent who committed the felony rape shall be denied visitation rights and
22	contact with the child.
23	B. In a proceeding in which visitation of a child is being sought by a <b>relative</b>
24	by blood or affinity family member, if the court determines, by a preponderance of
25	the evidence, that the intentional criminal conduct of the relative family member
26	resulted in the death of the parent of the child, the <u>relative</u> family member shall be
27	denied visitation rights and contact with the child.
28	Section 2. R.S. 9:344(D) is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
29	§344. Visitation rights of grandparents and siblings
30	* * *

SB NO. 261 **ENROLLED** D. If the parents of a minor child or children of the marriage have lived apart are legally separated or living apart for a period of six months, in extraordinary circumstances, the grandparents or siblings of the child or children may have reasonable visitation rights to the child or children during his their minority, if the court in its discretion **finds** find that such visitation rights would be in the best interest of the child or children. In determining the best interest of the child the court shall consider the same factors contained in Civil Code Article 136(D). Extraordinary circumstances shall include a determination by a court that a parent is abusing a controlled dangerous substance. Section 3. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval. PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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APPROVED: \_\_\_\_

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA