2016 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 251

BY SENATORS LAFLEUR, MARTINY, MIZELL, PEACOCK, THOMPSON, WALSWORTH AND WHITE

1	AN ACT
2	To enact Chapter 8-L of Title 45 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised
3	of R.S. 45:844.74 and 844.75, relative to communications; to prohibit the
4	interference or blocking of certain communications and wireless connections; to
5	provide certain terms, conditions, requirements, procedures, penalties and effects;
6	and to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. Chapter 8-L of Title 45 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be
9	comprised of R.S. 45:844.74 and 844.75, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
10	CHAPTER 8-L. PROHIBITED "WI-FI HOTSPOT" BLOCKING
11	§844.74. Legislative findings
12	A. The legislature finds that Wi-Fi is a technology that enables low-
13	power electronic devices, such as laptop computers, tablets, video game
14	consoles, and smartphones, to connect to the Internet and to each other through
14 15	consoles, and smartphones, to connect to the Internet and to each other through wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and
15	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and
15 16	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and also mobile devices that can serve as a wireless access point, known as a
15 16 17	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and also mobile devices that can serve as a wireless access point, known as a "hotspot".
15 16 17 18	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and also mobile devices that can serve as a wireless access point, known as a "hotspot". <u>B. The legislature concurs with statements from the Federal</u>
15 16 17 18 19	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and also mobile devices that can serve as a wireless access point, known as a <u>"hotspot".</u> <u>B. The legislature concurs with statements from the Federal</u> <u>Communications Commission (FCC) that the "Internet is a vital platform for</u>
 15 16 17 18 19 20 	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and also mobile devices that can serve as a wireless access point, known as a <u>"hotspot".</u> <u>B. The legislature concurs with statements from the Federal</u> <u>Communications Commission (FCC) that the "Internet is a vital platform for</u> <u>economic growth, innovation, competition, and free expression. Wi-Fi is an</u>
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	wireless network access points. Such "access points" include a Wi-Fi router and also mobile devices that can serve as a wireless access point, known as a <u>"hotspot".</u> <u>B. The legislature concurs with statements from the Federal</u> <u>Communications Commission (FCC) that the "Internet is a vital platform for</u> <u>economic growth, innovation, competition, and free expression. Wi-Fi is an</u> <u>essential access ramp to that platform. Wi-Fi networks have proliferated in</u>

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1	and their wireless data plans to connect Wi-Fi enabled devices to the Internet.
2	The growing use of technologies that unlawfully block consumers from creating
3	their own Wi-Fi networks via their personal hotspots unjustifiably prevents
4	consumers from enjoying services they have paid for and stymies the
5	convenience and innovation associated with Wi-Fi Internet access."
6	C. The legislature finds that consumers who purchase cellular data plans
7	should be able to use them without fear that their personal Internet connection
8	will be unlawfully blocked by others, including blocking at locations such as
9	conference centers, hotels, and trade shows.
10	D. The legislature further finds that for these reasons it is an appropriate
11	<u>exercise of the police power of the state to take action to prevent such unlawful</u>
12	<u>activity.</u>
13	§844.75. Prohibited "Hotspot" blocking
14	A. No person shall without legal authority knowingly interfere with,
15	prevent, disable, or block the lawful creation of a Wi-Fi network via a personal
16	hotspot.
17	B. Whoever violates the provisions of this Section shall be fined a civil
18	penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars. Each day on which a violation
19	occurs shall be considered a separate offense.
20	C. The penalties provided by this Section shall be in addition to any
21	other civil or criminal penalty, action, or proceeding otherwise authorized by
22	law.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____

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