2024 Regular Session

ENROLLED

SENATE BILL NO. 23

BY SENATOR MILLER (On Recommendation of the Louisiana State Law Institute)

3Code Book II of Title 9 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised4of R.S. 9:1141.1 through 1141.50, Part III of Chapter 1 of Code Title I of Code Book5II of Title 9 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S.69:1145 through 1148, and R.S. 9:2792.7(B)(3) and 3132(1)(g), relative to common7interest ownership property; to provide for the Planned Community Act; to provide8for definitions; to provide for the creation, alteration, and termination of a planned9community; to provide for the contents of a declaration; to provide for the allocation10of expenses; to provide for voting interests; to provide development rights; to11provide for lot boundaries; to provide for association powers and duties; to provide for a13board of directors and officers; to provide for association; to provide for the14transfer of rights; to provide for bylaws; to provide for meetings of the association;15to provide for notice to lot owners; to provide for an effective date; and to provide18to cancel; to provide for attorney fees; to provide for a enclaser's right18to cancel; to provide for attorney fees; to provide for a enclaser's right19for related matters.20Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:21Section 1. Civil Code Art. 783 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:22Art. 783. Matters of interpretation and application23Doubt as to the existence, validity, or extent of building restrictions is24resolved in favor of the unrestricted use of the immovabl	1	AN ACT
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26 Homeowners Association Planned Community Act shall supersede any and all	26	Homeowners Association Planned Community Act shall supersede any and all
27 provisions of this Title in the event of a conflict.	27	provisions of this Title in the event of a conflict.

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1	Section 2. Part II-B of Chapter 1 of Code Title I of Code Book II of Title 9 of the
2	Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 9:1141.1 through 1141.50, Part III
3	of Chapter 1 of Code Title I of Code Book II of Title 9 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
4	1950, comprised of R.S. 9:1145 through 1148, and R.S. 9:2792.7(B)(3) and 3132(1)(g) are
5	hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
6	PART II-B. LOUISIANA HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION
7	PLANNED COMMUNITY ACT
8	SUBPART A. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS
9	§1141.1. Short title
10	This Part shall be known and may be cited as the "Louisiana Homeowners
11	Association Planned Community Act".
12	§1141.2. Definitions
13	As used in this Part, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise the
14	following terms have the meanings indicated below:
15	(1) "Association property" means all the property either held by the
16	association or commonly held by the members of the association, or both, and lots
17	privately held by members of the association. "Affiliate of the declarant" means
18	any person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with a
19	declarant. For purposes of this Paragraph:
20	(a) A person controls a declarant if the person satisfies any of the
21	<u>following:</u>
22	(i) The person is a general partner, officer, director, employer, or
23	manager of the declarant.
24	(ii) The person directly or indirectly or acting in concert with one or
25	more other persons, or through one or more subsidiaries, owns, controls, holds
26	the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, more than twenty percent of
27	the voting interest in the declarant.
28	(iii) The person controls in any manner the election of a majority of the
29	directors of the declarant.
30	(iv) The person has contributed more than twenty percent of the capital

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1	of the declarant.
2	(b) A person is controlled by a declarant if the declarant satisfies any of
3	the following:
4	(i) The declarant is a general partner, officer, director, employer, or
5	manager of the person.
6	(ii) The declarant directly or indirectly or acting in concert with one or
7	more other persons, or through one or more subsidiaries, owns, controls, holds
8	the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, more than twenty percent of
9	the voting interest in the person.
10	(iii) The declarant controls in any manner the election of a majority of
11	the directors of the person.
12	(iv) The declarant has contributed more than twenty percent of the
13	capital of the person.
14	(c) Control does not exist if the powers described in this Paragraph are
15	held solely as security for an obligation and are not exercised.
16	(2) "Assessment" means the sum allocable to each lot and due to the
17	association pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.32.
18	(3) "Association" or "lot owners association" means the lot owners
19	association organized pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.19.
20	(4) "Board of directors" means the body, regardless of name, designated
21	in the declaration or bylaws to conduct and supervise the affairs of the
22	association.
23	(5) "Bylaws" means a written instrument that meets the requirements
24	of R.S. 9:1141.25 and contains the procedures for the conduct of the affairs of
25	the association, including any amendments to the instrument.
26	(2)(6) "Common area" means <u>any immovable</u> property owned or otherwise
27	maintained, repaired, or administered by the association located within a planned
28	community and designated as such on a recorded plat for the benefit, use, and
29	enjoyment of its members of or use by lot owners and their invitees.
30	(7) "Common expense liability" means the liability for common expenses

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1	allocated to each lot pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.6.
2	(8) "Common expenses" means expenditures made by, or financial
3	liabilities of, the association, together with any allocations to reserves for the
4	benefit and use of the planned community.
5	(3)(9) "Community document or documents" means the articles of
6	incorporation, bylaws, plat, declarations, covenants, conditions, building restrictions,
7	rules and regulations, or other written instruments, including any amendment thereto,
8	by which the association has the authority to exercise any of its powers to manage,
9	maintain, or otherwise affect the association planned community or any
10	immovable property or which otherwise govern the use of association property
11	located therein.
12	(10) "Complete property description" means any description of
13	immovable property that, if contained in a mortgage of the immovable property
14	filed for registry, would be sufficient for the mortgage to be effective against
15	third persons.
16	(11) "Declarant" means the person designated as such in the declaration
17	or, in the absence of a designation, the owner of the immovable property or the
18	ground lessee who executes the declaration to establish the planned community.
19	(4)(12) "Declaration" means any instrument, however denominated, that
20	establishes or regulates, or both, a residential creates a planned community, and
21	including any amendment thereto amendments to the instrument.
22	(5) "Homeowners association" or "association" means a nonprofit
23	corporation, unincorporated association, or other legal entity, which is created
24	pursuant to a declaration, whose members consist primarily of lot owners, and which
25	is created to manage or regulate, or both, the residential planned community.
26	(13) "Development right" means any right or combination of rights
27	reserved by a declarant in the declaration to do any of the following:
28	(a) Add immovable property to a planned community.
29	(b) Create lots, common areas, or limited common areas within a
30	planned community.

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1	(c) Subdivide lots or convert lots into common areas.
2	(d) Withdraw immovable property from a planned community.
3	(14) "Director" means a person who serves on the board of directors
4	elected or appointed to conduct and supervise the affairs of the association.
5	(15) "Electronic means" includes any form of communication that does
6	not directly involve the physical transmission of paper and that creates a record
7	capable of being retrieved, reviewed, and retained by a recipient of the
8	communication. A meeting conducted by electronic means includes a meeting
9	conducted by teleconference, videoconference, internet exchange, or other
10	electronic methods. Any term used in this Paragraph that is defined in R.S.
11	9:2601 et seq., the Louisiana Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, shall have
12	the meaning set forth in that Act.
13	(16) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means
14	any form or process of communication, not directly involving the physical
15	transfer of paper or another tangible medium, that is both of the following:
16	(a) Suitable for the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information
17	by the recipient.
18	(b) Retrievable in paper form by the recipient through an automated
19	process used in conventional commercial practice, provided that this
20	requirement shall not apply if both of the following conditions are met:
21	(i) The electronic transmission is otherwise retrievable in perceivable
22	<u>form.</u>
23	(ii) The sender and the recipient have consented in writing to the use of
24	the form of electronic transmission.
25	(17) "Leasehold planned community" means a planned community in
26	which all or a portion of the immovable property is subject to a lease the
27	expiration or termination of which will terminate the planned community or
28	reduce its size.
29	(18) "Limited common areas" means a portion of the common areas
30	allocated by the declaration or by operation of R.S. 9:1141.8 for the exclusive

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1	use of one or more but fewer than all of the lot owners and their invitees.
2	(6)(19) "Lot" means any plot or parcel of land designated for separate
3	ownership shown on a recorded subdivision plat for a residential development or the
4	boundaries of which are otherwise described in a recorded instrument immovable
5	property within a planned community designated for separate ownership on a
6	recorded plat, other than common area, within the jurisdiction of the residential
7	community as such area is described in the community documents areas.
8	(20) "Lot owner" means a person appearing as an owner of a lot in the
9	conveyance records of the parish where the lot is located.
10	(21) "Majority vote" means the vote cast through a method permitted
11	by R.S. 9:1141.28 by more than fifty percent of the voting interest present at a
12	duly called meeting of the association.
13	(22) "Member" or "membership" means all lot owners, as well as
14	former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds pursuant to R.S.
15	9:1141.15, or their heirs, successors, or assigns.
16	(23) "Nonresidential use" means any commercial, office, retail, or
17	similar type of use, or any other use that is not a residential use.
18	(24) "Occupant" means any person occupying a lot, including persons
19	occupying by permission or accommodation of the owner, former owner, or
20	another occupant, whether express or implied.
21	(25) "Person" means both natural persons and juridical persons as
22	defined in Civil Code Article 24, unless otherwise indicated.
23	(7)(26) "Residential planned community" or "planned Planned community"
24	means a real estate development, used primarily for residential purposes, in which
25	the owners of separately owned lots are mandatory members of an association by
26	virtue of such ownership immovable property described in a declaration that
27	obligates lot owners to pay assessments related to common areas, to other lots,
28	or to other property described in the declaration. A planned community shall
29	not include condominium property subject to the Louisiana Condominium Act.
30	(27) "Record", used as a noun, means information that is inscribed on

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1	a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is
2	retrievable in perceivable form.
3	(28) "Residential use" means the use of a lot as a residence, including the
4	use of a multi-unit building as a residence, provided that the building contains
5	four or fewer separate housing units, the building is located on a single lot, and
6	the entirety of the building is owned by the same person or persons.
7	(29) "Restriction" means an obligation imposed on a lot, whether
8	affirmative or negative, by the declaration.
9	(30) "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, procedure, or
10	regulation of an association, however denominated, that is not set forth in the
11	declaration or bylaws and that governs the conduct of persons or the use or
12	appearance of property.
13	(31) "Security right" means any form of security as defined in Civil Code
14	<u>Article 3136.</u>
15	(32) "Special declarant rights" means rights reserved for the benefit of
16	a declarant to do any of the following:
17	(a) Complete improvements indicated on plats filed with the declaration.
18	(b) Exercise any development right.
19	(c) Exercise sales and marketing rights in accordance with R.S.
20	<u>9:1141.12.</u>
21	(d) Establish any servitudes through the common areas for making
22	improvements within the planned community or within immovable property
23	that may be added to the planned community.
24	(e) Make the planned community subject to a master association.
25	(f) Combine a planned community with another planned community.
26	(g) Appoint or remove any officer of the association or any master
27	association or any director during any period of declarant control.
28	(h) Control any construction, design review, or aesthetic standards
29	<u>committee or process.</u>
30	(i) Attend meetings of the lot owners and, except during an executive

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1	session, the board of directors.
2	(j) Have access to the records of the association to the same extent as a
3	<u>lot owner.</u>
4	(k) Set the number of directors and officers of the association.
5	(33) "Supermajority vote" means the vote cast through a method
6	permitted by R.S. 9:1141.28 by more than eighty percent of the voting interest
7	in the association.
8	(34) "Two-thirds vote" means the vote cast through a method permitted
9	by R.S. 9:1141.28 by at least two-thirds of the voting interest present at a duly
10	called meeting of the association.
11	(35) "Unrelated purchaser" means a person who purchases a lot and
12	who is not any of the following:
13	(a) The declarant or an affiliate of the declarant.
14	(b) An individual, trust, or other person that directly or indirectly owns
15	twenty percent or more of the declarant.
16	(c) An immediate family member of a person described in Subparagraph
17	(a) or (b) of this Paragraph.
18	(36) "Vote" means consent, waiver, ballot, or proxy by a method
19	permitted by R.S. 9:1141.28.
20	(37) "Voting interest" or "voting power" means the votes allocated to a
21	lot in the declaration.
22	Revision Comments – 2024
23	(a) The actions of the association are intended to follow corporate governance
24 25	rules, rather than compliance with rules for the imposition of building restrictions in
25 26	accordance with property law. Matters of routine administration and governance are undertaken by the required vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Matters
20 27	requiring a supermajority vote, such as adding or removing property from the
28	planned community or imposing more burdensome restrictions, are undertaken by
29	a supermajority vote of the total membership of the planned community. The
30	distinction is intentional.
31	
32	(b) See R.S. 1:7, which provides that words used in the singular number
33 34	include the plural.
34 35	(c) In Paragraph (28), housing units owned by spouses, whether pursuant to
36	a community or separate property regime, are considered owned by the same person.

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1	§1141.3. Applicability
2	A. The provisions of this Part shall be applicable to existing and future
3	residential planned communities whose declarations have been duly executed and
4	filed for registry. However, this Part shall not be construed to affect the validity or
5	superiority of any provision of a community document filed for registry prior to
6	the effective date of this Act. Only to the extent the community documents are
7	silent shall the provisions of this Part apply.
8	B.(1) This Part shall not apply to condominium property governed by the
9	provisions of Part II of this Chapter.
10	(2) The provisions of Part II-A of this Chapter shall be applicable to an
11	ownership timeshare interest created in a lot within a planned community to the
12	extent that those provisions do not conflict with the provisions of this Part.
13	(3) This Part shall apply to only those associations that are organized for
14	planned communities.
15	C. This Part shall not impair any right that is guaranteed or protected by the
16	constitution of this state or the United States, nor shall this Part be construed to affect
17	any act done, offense or violation committed, or right accrued.
18	D. This Part shall not be construed to impair or cast a cloud upon the titles
19	of common areas or lots within a residential planned community.
20	E. The existence, validity, or extent of a building restriction affecting any
21	association property shall be liberally construed to give effect to its purpose and
22	intent.
23	F. This Part shall not affect the ownership of common areas or limited
24	common areas in a planned community in existence prior to the effective date
25	of this Act.
26	G. This Part shall not require an association existing prior to the
27	effective date of this Act to amend or change its organizational structure or its
28	<u>community documents.</u>
29	H. Nothing in this Part shall require a planned community in existence
30	prior to the effective date of this Act to alter its previously established method

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1	of amending community documents or calculating and voting on assessments.
2	Revision Comments – 2024
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	This Act applies to newly formed planned communities. This Act is not intended to require existing planned communities to alter their community documents, their method of preparing budgets, or their method of allocating assessments. This Act applies to existing planned communities only if, and to the extent that, their community documents fail to address matters covered by this Act. Existing planned communities may nevertheless amend their community documents to conform with the provisions of this Act.
10	SUBPART B. BUILDING RESTRICTIONS CREATION,
11	AMENDMENT, AND TERMINATION
12	§1141.4. Building restrictions; matters of interpretation
13	The existence, validity, or extent of a building restriction affecting any
14	association property shall be liberally construed to give effect to its purpose and
15	intent.
16	§1141.5. Building restrictions; generally, affirmative duty, and common areas
17	A. Building restrictions affecting the building standards, specified uses, or
18	improvements of association property may be established, amended, or terminated
19	in accordance with the provisions of this Part.
19 20	in accordance with the provisions of this Part. B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative
20	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative
20 21	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or
20 21 22	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for
20 21 22 23	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned
 20 21 22 23 24 	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community.
 20 21 22 23 24 25 	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community. C. Such building restrictions may also regulate the building standards,
 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community: C. Such building restrictions may also regulate the building standards, specified uses, and improvements of common areas of a homeowners association,
 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community: C. Such building restrictions may also regulate the building standards, specified uses, and improvements of common areas of a homeowners association, including but not limited to the regulation of passage, ingress, and egress upon
 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community. C. Such building restrictions may also regulate the building standards, specified uses, and improvements of common areas of a homeowners association, including but not limited to the regulation of passage, ingress, and egress upon common areas, streets, and street rights-of-way.
 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community: C. Such building restrictions may also regulate the building standards; specified uses, and improvements of common areas of a homeowners association, including but not limited to the regulation of passage, ingress, and egress upon common areas, streets, and street rights-of-way. §1141.6. Establishment, amendment, or termination of building restrictions
 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 	 B. Such building restrictions may include the imposition of an affirmative duty, including the affirmative duty to pay monthly or periodic dues or fees, or assessments for a particular expense or capital improvement, that are reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof, of the planned community. C. Such building restrictions may also regulate the building standards; specified uses, and improvements of common areas of a homeowners association, including but not limited to the regulation of passage, ingress, and egress upon common areas, streets, and street rights-of-way. §1141.6. Establishment, amendment, or termination of building restrictions A. Building restrictions affecting association property, including lots or

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1	termination of such building restrictions in the community documents:
2	(1) Building restrictions may be established by agreement of three-fourths of
3	the lot owners.
4	(2) Existing building restrictions may be made more onerous or increased by
5	agreement of two-thirds of the lot owners.
6	(3) Existing building restrictions may be made less onerous, reduced, or
7	terminated by agreement of more than one-half of the lot owners.
8	C.(1) Once established, or amended to be more onerous, building restrictions
9	become a charge on the property and affect all current owners and, once recorded in
10	the public records, affect all subsequent owners. Except for building restrictions
11	relating to assessments or common areas, no new or more onerous building
12	restriction shall impose a duty on the current owner to act affirmatively or remove
13	or renovate any existing structure. All new or replacement structures, however, shall
14	be subject to the new or more onerous building restriction.
15	(2) Once amended to be less onerous, the building restriction constitutes a
16	reduction of the charge on the property, and once terminated, the property is released
17	of its former charge, affecting all current and subsequent owners.
18	D.(1) When building restrictions are established under the provisions of
19	Subsection B of this Section, rather than by the community documents, an owner
20	may file with the association and the clerk of court a statement declining to be
21	covered by the building restrictions. Such document must be filed within thirty days
22	of the establishment of such building restrictions.
23	(2) When building restrictions relative to set-backs or minimum square
24	footage requirements are established or made more onerous under the provisions of
25	Subsection B of this Section, rather than the community documents, the owner of an
26	unimproved lot is exempt from complying with such new or more onerous
27	restrictions.
28	(3) An "owner" under the provisions of this Subsection means the owner or
29	owners at the time the restriction was established or made more onerous and the
30	waivers of compliance provided in this Subsection are personal to that owner.

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1	<u>§1141.7. Agreement of owners; voting</u>
2	A. Each lot represents a single vote which can be exercised by the signature
3	or other indication of the registered lot owner or of a single co-owner, the latter of
4	which is presumed to be acting on behalf of the other co-owners. A plot or parcel of
5	unimproved land which is substantially larger than a majority of other lots in the
6	association, however, shall be treated as separate lots, the number of which to be
7	roughly determined by the size of the land in relation to other lots. The ownership
8	interest in common areas, streets, or street rights-of-way does not constitute a voting
9	interest.
10	B. For purposes of this Subpart, an agreement of lot owners may be obtained
11	by any of the following methods, or a combination thereof:
12	(1) By a written ballot that states the substance of the issue before the owners
13	and specifies the date by which the return ballot must be received to be counted. The
14	ballot shall be accompanied by the full text of the building restriction being
15	established, amended, or terminated and shall be mailed to the owner by certified
16	mail not less than thirty days prior to the date by which the return ballot must be
17	received.
18	(2) At a meeting of the owners if written notice of the meeting stating the
19	purpose of the meeting is delivered to each lot owner. The notice shall be
20	accompanied by an agenda of the meeting and the full text of the building restriction
21	being established, amended, or terminated. Such notice shall be mailed to the owner,
22	by certified mail, not less than thirty days prior to the date of the meeting.
23	§1141.4. Creation, alteration, and termination of a planned community
24	A. A planned community is established by the execution of a declaration
25	by all owners of the immovable property to be affected or by the lessee in the
26	case of a leasehold planned community. The declaration shall be effective when
27	filed for registry in the conveyance records of each parish in which any portion
28	of the immovable property is situated.
29	B. All provisions of the declaration are severable. The effectiveness of the
30	declaration is not affected by an insubstantial failure of the declaration to

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1	comply with this Part.
2	C. If a conflict exists between the declaration and any other community
3	document, the declaration shall prevail.
4	D.(1)(a) The recorder shall index the initial declaration and plat in the
5	conveyance records in the names of the declarant, the planned community, each
6	owner of the immovable property subject to the declaration, and the association.
7	(b) The recorder shall index an amendment to the declaration or the plat
8	or a termination of the declaration in the index of the conveyance records in the
9	names of the declarant, the planned community, and the association. If an
10	amendment relocates the boundary of a lot, incorporates common areas into a
11	lot, adds additional property, or withdraws a lot from the community, the
12	recorder shall also index the amendment in the name of each owner of each lot
13	affected by the amendment.
14	(c) An indexing error shall not impair the effect of recordation of the
15	document.
16	(2) The grant of a security right by the association shall comply with
16 17	(2) The grant of a security right by the association shall comply with registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform
17	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform
17 18	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions.
17 18 19	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. §1141.5. Contents of the declaration
17 18 19 20	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. §1141.5. Contents of the declaration <u>A. The declaration shall contain all of the following:</u>
17 18 19 20 21	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. §1141.5. Contents of the declaration <u>A. The declaration shall contain all of the following:</u> (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform <u>Commercial Code - Secured Transactions.</u> §1141.5. Contents of the declaration <u>A. The declaration shall contain all of the following:</u> (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned <u>community.</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform <u>Commercial Code - Secured Transactions.</u> §1141.5. Contents of the declaration <u>A. The declaration shall contain all of the following:</u> (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned <u>community.</u> (2) The name by which the planned community is to be identified, which
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform <u>Commercial Code - Secured Transactions.</u> §1141.5. Contents of the declaration <u>A. The declaration shall contain all of the following:</u> (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned <u>community.</u> (2) The name by which the planned community is to be identified, which shall include the phrase "planned community" or be followed by the words "a
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. §1141.5. Contents of the declaration A. The declaration shall contain all of the following: (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned community. (2) The name by which the planned community is to be identified, which shall include the phrase "planned community" or be followed by the words "a planned community".
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. §1141.5. Contents of the declaration A. The declaration shall contain all of the following: (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned community. (2) The name by which the planned community is to be identified, which shall include the phrase "planned community" or be followed by the words "a planned community". (3) A complete property description of all of the immovable property
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	registry requirements of law, including filings in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. §1141.5. Contents of the declaration <u>A. The declaration shall contain all of the following:</u> (1) A statement submitting the immovable property to a planned community. (2) The name by which the planned community is to be identified, which shall include the phrase "planned community" or be followed by the words "a planned community". (3) A complete property description of all of the immovable property within the planned community.

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1	(5) A written description and plat, meeting the requirements of R.S.
2	9:1141.9, delineating the precise boundaries of each lot and designating any
3	common areas and limited common areas appurtenant thereto.
4	(6) The manner of allocating common expense liabilities, common
5	surpluses, and voting interest in the association, in accordance with R.S.
6	<u>9:1141.6.</u>
7	(7) A description of any development right or other special declarant
8	right reserved by the declarant, a complete property description of any
9	immovable property within the planned community to which each right applies,
10	a general schematic map of any immovable property that may be added to the
11	planned community pursuant to a development right, and the term within
12	which the rights may be exercised.
13	(8) All matters required by R.S. 9:1141.6 in the event the declarant
14	reserves the right to change the allocations to lots of common expense liabilities,
15	common surpluses, and voting interest in the association.
16	(9) The name of the association formed in accordance with R.S.
17	<u>9:1141.19.</u>
18	(10) The rights and responsibilities for the maintenance and repair of
19	association property and for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of any
20	improvements thereon.
21	(11) Any building restrictions and servitudes affecting the association
22	property.
23	(12) Identification of lots as intended for residential or nonresidential
24	use.
25	(13) The name of all natural persons who control the declarant, if the
26	declarant is not a natural person.
27	B. The declaration may contain any of the following:
28	(1) The purpose for which the association property is intended.
29	(2) Procedures whereby a lot owner may transfer his lot to the
30	association and thereby release himself from any further obligation for common

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1	<u>expense liabilities.</u>
2	(3) The method of amendment of the declaration, subject to the
3	limitations provided in R.S. 9:1141.14.
4	(4) The method for making assessments and the procedure for collecting
5	from the lot owners their respective assessments.
6	C. When additional immovable property is added to the planned
7	community, an amendment to the declaration shall be executed and filed for
8	registry and indexed in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). The amendment shall
9	be effective when filed for registry in the conveyance records of the parish in
10	which the additional immovable property is situated.
11	D. The community documents of a planned community restricted to a
12	residential use shall not:
13	(1) Reduce the voting interest required in R.S. 9:1141.14.
14	(2) Vary any requirement, procedure, or other provision of this Part
15	pertaining to the mandatory requirements of the declaration in accordance with
16	this Section or the provisions of Subpart D of this Part.
17	§1141.6. Allocation of common expense liabilities, common surpluses, and
18	voting interest in the association
19	A. The declaration shall allocate to each lot a fraction or percentage of
20	the common expense liabilities, common surpluses, and voting interest in the
21	association and shall state the formulas or methods used to establish the
22	allocations.
23	B. If lots may be added to or withdrawn from the planned community,
24	or if boundaries between adjoining lots may be relocated, the declaration shall
25	state the formulas or methods to be used to reallocate the common expense
26	liabilities, common surpluses, and voting interest in the association among all
27	lots included in the planned community after the addition, withdrawal, or
28	relocation.
29	C.(1) The declaration may provide for the following:
30	(a) Different allocations to lots of voting interest on particular matters

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1	specified in the declaration.
2	(b) Cumulative voting only for electing directors.
3	(c) Class voting on specified issues affecting the class if necessary to
4	protect valid interests of the class.
5	(2) A declarant may not utilize cumulative or class voting to avoid any
6	limitation imposed on declarants by this Part, nor may lots constitute a class
7	because they are owned by a declarant.
8	D. Except for minor variations due to rounding, the sum of the common
9	expense liabilities, common surpluses, or voting interest in the association
10	allocated at any time to all of the lots shall equal one if stated as a fraction or
11	one hundred percent if stated as a percentage.
12	E. The transfer, encumbrance, judicial sale, or other voluntary or
13	involuntary transfer of an ownership interest in a lot includes membership in
14	the association and any other rights in the association appurtenant to that lot.
15	F. Nothing in this Section shall require a planned community in existence
16	prior to the effective date of this Act to amend its method of calculating or
17	allocating assessments.
18	<u>§1141.7. Exercise of development rights</u>
19	A. To exercise any development right reserved in R.S. 9:1141.5(A)(7), the
20	declarant shall prepare, execute, and file for registry an amendment to the
21	declaration in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). The amendment to the
22	declaration shall assign an identifying number to each new lot created, and,
23	except in the case of subdivision or conversion of lots described in Subsection
24	D of this Section, reallocate the common expense liabilities, common surpluses,
25	and voting interest in the association among all lots. The amendment shall
26	describe any common areas and any limited common areas created and, in the
27	case of limited common areas, designate the lots by letter, name, or number, or
28	a combination thereof to which each is appurtenant.
29	B. Development rights may be reserved within any immovable property
30	added to the planned community if the amendment adding that immovable

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1	property includes or incorporates by reference all matters required by R.S.
2	<u>9:1141.5.</u>
3	C. Development rights to add additional immovable property may be
4	exercised only within seven years after the date of the filing of the initial
5	declaration. The submission of an application for approval of a plat of
6	subdivision pursuant to R.S. 33:113 shall suspend the running of the seven-year
7	period, except that the suspension is considered never to have occurred if the
8	application is denied and any appeal period has expired, or if the declarant
9	voluntarily withdraws or abandons the application or a plat of subdivision that
10	is the subject of the application prior to filing the plat for registry. If a plat is
11	approved, the seven-year period shall be interrupted and shall commence to run
12	anew on the date on which the plat of subdivision is filed for registry. This
13	Section does not extend the term for the exercise of development rights imposed
14	by the declaration pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.5(A)(7).
15	D. When a declarant exercises a development right to subdivide or
16	convert a lot previously created into additional lots, common areas, limited
17	common areas, or any combination thereof, the following apply:
18	(1) If the declarant converts the lot entirely to a common area or limited
19	common area, the amendment to the declaration shall reallocate all of the
20	common expense liabilities, common surpluses, and voting interest in the
21	association of that lot among the other lots by the same method provided in R.S.
22	9:1141.6, or as otherwise provided in the community documents.
23	(2) If the declarant subdivides the lot into two or more lots or if the
24	declarant combines two or more lots into a single lot, regardless of whether any
25	part of the lot is converted into a common area or a limited common area, the
26	amendment to the declaration shall reallocate all of the common expense
27	liabilities, common surpluses, and voting interest in the association of the lot
	among the lots created by the subdivision in the manner prescribed in the
28	among the lots created by the subdivision in the manner prescribed in the
28 29	declaration.

E. If, pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.5(A)(7), the declaration provides that all

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1	or any portion of the immovable property within the planned community is
2	subject to a right of withdrawal by the declarant, none of the immovable
3	property may be withdrawn after a lot has been transferred to an unrelated
4	purchaser except upon a supermajority vote of the association. A declarant may
5	not withdraw all or any portion of immovable property that has been
6	transferred to the association.
7	Revision Comments – 2024
8 9	If the association owns the immovable property sought to be withdrawn, R.S. 9:1141.15 applies.
10	<u>§1141.8. Limited common areas</u>
11	A. The declaration shall specify to which lot each limited common area
12	is allocated. An allocation may not be altered without the consent of all of the
13	lot owners whose lots are directly affected.
14	B. A limited common area may be reallocated upon request to the board
15	of directors by all of the lot owners between or among whose lots the
16	reallocation is to be made. When a request is made, an amendment to the
17	declaration containing the name of the requesting lot owners shall be executed
18	by an authorized officer or agent of the association and shall be filed for registry
19	in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). Any expenses incurred by the association
20	in accordance with this Section shall be borne by the requesting lot owners.
21	<u>§1141.9. Plats</u>
22	A. Each plat shall be clear and legible and shall show all of the following:
23	(1) The name and a survey of the entire planned community, including
24	the designation of all lots, commons areas, and limited common areas.
25	(2) The extent of any encroachments by or upon any portion of the
26	planned community.
27	(3) A depiction of all servitudes benefiting or burdening any portion of
28	the planned community, to the extent plottable.
29	(4) In the case of a leasehold planned community, a complete property
30	description of all immovable property subject to a lease.

1	(5) The distance between noncontiguous parcels of immovable property
2	comprising the planned community.
3	(6) All other matters required by R.S. 33:5051.
4	B. Upon exercising any development right to add immovable property
5	to the planned community, the declarant shall file for registry, in accordance
6	with R.S. 9:1141.4(D), a new plat of the additional immovable property
7	conforming to the requirements of Subsection A of this Section.
8	C. The ownership interest of the declarant in the common areas and
9	limited common areas is transferred to the association when the declaration and
10	plat have been filed for registry and the incorporation of the association has
11	occurred.
12	D. Each plat shall be made by a professional land surveyor.
13	Revision Comments – 2024
14 15 16 17 18	Upon the filing of the declaration and plat and the incorporation of the association, the transfer of ownership of the common areas occurs by operation of law without the necessity of filing a separate act translative of ownership in the public records. The rules set forth in Subpart D of this Part determine the transferor's warranties of ownership and condition of the common areas.
19	<u>§1141.10. Relocation of lot boundaries</u>
20	A. The boundaries between adjoining lots may be relocated upon the
21	request of the lot owners of the affected lots if the relocation does not alter the
22	size of a lot by more than ten percent.
23	B. Boundaries between lots and common areas may be relocated to
24	incorporate common areas into a lot upon the request of the affected lot owner
25	and with the approval of a supermajority vote.
26	C. Upon the request and approval as provided in Subsections A and B
27	of this Section, an amendment to the declaration shall be executed by an
28	authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in
29	accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). In addition, the requesting lot owners and
30	officer or agent of the association shall execute an act translative of ownership,
31	and if applicable, an amended plat. Any expenses incurred by the association
32	in accordance with this Section shall be borne by the requesting lot owners.

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	SD NO. 25
1	<u>§1141.11. Subdivision of lots</u>
2	A. A lot may be subdivided into two or more lots upon the request of the
3	lot owner and with the approval of a supermajority vote.
4	B. Upon approval of the subdivision, an amendment to the declaration
5	shall include the plat subdividing that lot; assign an identifying letter, name, or
6	number to each lot created; and reallocate to each lot created, in any reasonable
7	manner prescribed by the association or on any other basis the declaration
8	requires, the common expense liabilities, common surpluses, and voting interest
9	in the association formerly allocated to the subdivided lot.
10	C. The amendment to the declaration shall be executed by an authorized
11	officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S.
12	9:1141.4(D). Any expenses incurred by the association in accordance with this
13	Section shall be borne by the requesting lot owner.
14	§1141.12. Use for sales purposes
15	Subject to other provisions of law and local ordinances, a declarant may
16	maintain sales offices, management offices, and models on lots that the
17	declarant owns and may erect signs advertising the planned community on the
18	<u>common areas.</u>
19	§1141.13. Servitude and use rights
20	A. A declarant has a personal servitude of right of use on and through
21	the common areas as may be reasonably necessary for the purpose of
22	discharging obligations or exercising special declarant rights, whether in
23	accordance with this Part or reserved in the declaration.
24	B. Lot owners have a right to use, for the purposes for which they were
25	intended, all common areas and all immovable property that shall become
26	common areas, other than limited common areas.
27	§1141.14. Amendment to declaration; community documents; use restrictions
28	A. Except as otherwise provided in this Section or R.S. 9:1141.7, the
29	declaration may be amended only by the vote requirement provided in the
30	declaration. If a voting requirement is not provided in the declaration, the

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1	declaration may be amended by a majority vote, except as required in
2	Subsection B or C of this Section.
3	B. Approval by a supermajority vote is required to amend the
4	declaration to create or increase special declarant rights; increase the number
5	of lots not otherwise reserved or permitted by the community documents;
6	change the allocation of common expense liabilities, common surpluses, or
7	voting interest in the association for a lot; extend the time limitations specified
8	in R.S. 9:1141.7(C); or create additional development rights.
9	C.(1) The declaration may be amended only by a supermajority vote, or
10	any greater vote required by the community documents, to do any of the
11	following:
12	(a) Prohibit or materially restrict the uses of a lot or the number or other
13	qualifications of persons who may occupy a lot.
14	(b) Impose more burdensome restrictions, except as provided in
15	Paragraph (6) of this Subsection.
16	(2) An existing occupancy or use of a lot shall not be prohibited by an
16 17	(2) An existing occupancy or use of a lot shall not be prohibited by an amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has
17	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has
17 18	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided
17 18 19	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection.
17 18 19 20	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive
17 18 19 20 21	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become subject to the prohibition on the existing occupancy or use contained in the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become subject to the prohibition on the existing occupancy or use contained in the amended declaration.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become subject to the prohibition on the existing occupancy or use contained in the amended declaration. (4) A lot owner may submit a request to the board of directors to extend
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become subject to the prohibition on the existing occupancy or use contained in the amended declaration. (4) A lot owner may submit a request to the board of directors to extend the time period in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection when an existing occupancy
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become subject to the prohibition on the existing occupancy or use contained in the amended declaration. (4) A lot owner may submit a request to the board of directors to extend the time period in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection when an existing occupancy or use is discontinued due to a fortuitous event. The board of directors shall
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	amendment to the community documents if that occupancy or use has commenced prior to the filing of the amendment for registry, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection. (3) If an existing occupancy or use has ceased for twelve consecutive months after the date the amendment is filed for registry, and the period is not extended as provided in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection, the lot shall become subject to the prohibition on the existing occupancy or use contained in the amended declaration. (4) A lot owner may submit a request to the board of directors to extend the time period in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection when an existing occupancy or use is discontinued due to a fortuitous event. The board of directors shall grant or deny the request using reasonable discretion.

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1	considered a more burdensome restriction.
2	(6) Unless a greater percentage is required in the community documents,
3	an association may adopt by two-thirds vote more burdensome restrictions
4	governing construction, design criteria, and aesthetic standards, subject to the
5	following limitations:
6	(a) No more burdensome restriction governing construction, design
7	criteria, aesthetic standards, set backs, or square footage requirements shall
8	impose a duty on a lot owner to act affirmatively or remove or renovate any
9	existing improvements, but more burdensome standards shall apply to new
10	exterior renovations, repairs, or reconstructions as provided in Subparagraph
11	(b) of this Paragraph.
12	(b) Only those new exterior renovations, repairs, or reconstructions that
13	increase the value of the improvements on the lot by more than forty percent
14	are required to comply with the more burdensome construction, design criteria,
15	and aesthetic standards. Unless the lot owner agrees in writing to comply with
16	the more burdensome standards, the lot owner shall submit to the association,
17	prior to the start of renovation, repair, or reconstruction, an estimate of the
18	increase in value of the improvements as determined by a qualified appraiser.
19	D. A provision in the declaration modifying special declarant rights that
20	have not expired may not be amended without the consent of the declarant.
21	E. If any provision of the declaration requires the consent of a holder of
22	a security right in a lot as a condition to the effectiveness of an amendment to
23	the declaration, and the declaration does not otherwise provide the method for
24	obtaining consent, consent is deemed granted if a record refusing consent is not
25	received by the association within sixty days after the association delivers notice
26	of the proposed amendment to the holder of the security right at an address for
27	notice provided by the holder. If the holder of the security right has not
28	provided to the association an address for notice, the association shall provide
29	notice to the address of the holder stated in the recorded security right.
30	F. Amendments to the declaration adopted pursuant to this Section shall

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1	be prepared, executed, and filed for registry on behalf of the association by an
2	authorized officer or agent of the association in accordance with R.S.
3	9:1141.4(D). Any amendment shall contain a certification that the minimum
4	voting requirements have been met.
5	G. An action to challenge the validity of an amendment adopted in
6	accordance with this Section shall be brought within a peremptive period of one
7	year from the date the amendment is filed for registry.
8	Revision Comments – 2024
9 10 11 12 13 14	This Act seeks to protect purchasers who acquired a lot in reliance on the community documents in effect at the time of acquisition of the lot, provided an active use has been made of the lot. A lot purchaser is required to comply with amendments to the community documents if an active use has not commenced, or if a previously active use has ceased for twelve months, subject to the rules of fortuitous events.
15	§1141.15. Termination of the planned community
16	A. A planned community may be terminated only by a two-thirds vote,
17	or any greater percentage that the declaration specifies, and with any other
18	approvals required by the declaration.
18 19	approvals required by the declaration. B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of
19	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of
19 20	<u>B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of</u> <u>the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for</u>
19 20 21	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of <u>the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for</u> <u>registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall</u>
19 20 21 22	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met.
 19 20 21 22 23 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of
 19 20 21 22 23 24 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of all or a portion of the common areas and limited common areas, the association,
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of all or a portion of the common areas and limited common areas, the association, on behalf of the lot owners, may contract for the transfer of ownership of
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of all or a portion of the common areas and limited common areas, the association, on behalf of the lot owners, may contract for the transfer of ownership of common areas and limited common areas, but the contract is not binding on the
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of all or a portion of the common areas and limited common areas, the association, on behalf of the lot owners, may contract for the transfer of ownership of common areas and limited common areas, but the contract is not binding on the lot owners until the termination agreement is approved and filed for registry
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of all or a portion of the common areas and limited common areas, the association, on behalf of the lot owners, may contract for the transfer of ownership of common areas and limited common areas, but the contract is not binding on the lot owners until the termination agreement is approved and filed for registry pursuant to this Section. As long as the association owns the common areas and
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	B. A termination agreement shall be prepared and executed on behalf of the association by an authorized officer or agent of the association and filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D). A termination agreement shall contain a certification that the minimum voting requirements have been met. C. If a termination agreement provides for the transfer of ownership of all or a portion of the common areas and limited common areas, the association, on behalf of the lot owners, may contract for the transfer of ownership of common areas and limited common areas, but the contract is not binding on the lot owners until the termination agreement is approved and filed for registry pursuant to this Section. As long as the association owns the common areas and limited common areas, the lot owners and their successors continue to have the

1	D. The existence of the association is not affected by the termination
2	agreement. Until the common areas and limited common areas within the
3	planned community are transferred following termination, ownership of the
4	common areas and limited common areas remains with the association.
5	E. Following termination of the planned community, the proceeds from
6	any transfers of ownership of common areas, limited common areas, and other
7	property of the association shall be paid to the association for the benefit of the
8	lot owners and holders of security rights in the property, as their interests may
9	appear. Proceeds available to lot owners and holders of security rights in lots
10	shall be distributed in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.6.
11	Revision Comments – 2024
12 13 14 15	(a) Termination of a planned community requires the support of two-thirds of the votes in the association, or such greater percentage as the community documents may require.
16 17 18 19 20	(b) Title to common areas is vested in the association. The association is a separate legal entity. The termination of the planned community does not serve to terminate the association. Rather, the association is terminated and liquidated in accordance with the Nonprofit Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq.
21 22 23 24	(c) This Section is intended to apply to a complete termination of a planned community. A termination affecting only a portion of the community is governed by the rules applicable to the withdrawal of a lot or common area. See R.S. 9:1141.6, 1141.7, and 1141.29.
25	§1141.16. Rights of secured parties
26	A. The declaration may require that specified actions of the lot owners
27	or the association shall be approved by creditors who hold security rights in the
28	lots or who have extended credit to the association, but no requirement for
29	approval may operate to do any of the following:
30	(1) Deny or delegate control over the general administrative affairs of the
31	association by the lot owners or the board of directors.
32	(2) Control the establishment or imposition of assessments except as
33	provided in Subsection C of this Section.
34	(3) Prevent the association or the board of directors from commencing,
35	intervening in, or settling any litigation or proceeding.
36	(4) Prevent the association from receiving and distributing any insurance

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1	proceeds to make necessary repairs as a result of a casualty.
2	B. A lender who has extended credit to an association secured by a
3	security right to the income of the association or a security right in the common
4	areas or limited common areas may enforce the security right in accordance
5	with its terms, subject to the requirements of this Part or other provisions of
6	law. Requirements that the association deposit with the lender the association's
7	periodic income in which the lender holds a security right do not violate
8	Subsection A of this Section.
9	C. If approved by an association in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.28, the
10	holder of a security right may require that assessments shall not be decreased
11	without its approval.
12	<u>§1141.17. Master associations</u>
13	A. If any of the powers in R.S. 9:1141.20 are to be exercised by or
14	delegated to a corporation that exercises powers on behalf of planned
15	communities or for the benefit of the lot owners, all provisions of this Part
16	applicable to lot owners' associations shall apply to the corporation, except as
17	provided by this Section.
18	B. Unless it is acting in the capacity of an association as provided in R.S.
19	9:1141.19, a master association may exercise the powers provided in R.S.
20	9:1141.20(A)(2) only to the extent expressly permitted in the declaration of the
21	planned community that is part of the master association or expressly described
22	in the delegation of power to the master association.
23	C. If the declaration of any planned community provides that the board
24	of directors may delegate powers to a master association, the directors have no
25	liability for the acts or omissions of the master association following delegation.
26	D. The rights and responsibilities of lot owners with respect to the
27	association as provided in R.S. 9:1141.21, 1141.26, 1141.27, 1141.28, and 1141.29
28	apply in the conduct of the affairs of a master association only to those persons
29	who elect the board of directors of a master association, regardless of whether
30	those persons are otherwise lot owners.

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1	E. Even if a master association is also an association as provided in R.S.
2	9:1141.19, the articles of incorporation or other instrument creating the master
3	association and the declaration of each planned community, the powers of
4	which are assigned by the declaration or delegated to the master association,
5	shall provide that the board of directors of the master association shall be
6	elected after the period of declarant control in any of the following ways:
7	(1) All lot owners of each planned community subject to the master
8	association may elect all directors of the master association.
9	(2) All directors of each planned community subject to the master
10	association may elect all directors of the master association.
11	(3) All lot owners of each planned community subject to the master
12	association may elect specified directors of the master association.
13	(4) All directors of each planned community subject to the master
14	association may elect specified directors of the master association.
15	§1141.18. Combining planned communities
16	A. Any two or more planned communities may be combined into a single
16 17	<u>A. Any two or more planned communities may be combined into a single planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned</u>
17	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned
17 18	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If
17 18 19	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one
17 18 19 20	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in
17 18 19 20 21	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. B. The agreement to combine shall not be effective until it is filed for
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. B. The agreement to combine shall not be effective until it is filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D) in every parish in which a portion
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. B. The agreement to combine shall not be effective until it is filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D) in every parish in which a portion of the combined planned community is situated and, if associations are
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. B. The agreement to combine shall not be effective until it is filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D) in every parish in which a portion of the combined planned community is situated and, if associations are combining, until the articles of merger or consolidation of the associations are
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. B. The agreement to combine shall not be effective until it is filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D) in every parish in which a portion of the combined planned community is situated and, if associations are combining, until the articles of merger or consolidation of the associations are filed with the secretary of state.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	planned community upon approval by the lot owners in each planned community by the same vote required to terminate that planned community. If the planned communities to be combined are managed by more than one association, the associations shall be combined into one association in accordance with the applicable provisions of law. B. The agreement to combine shall not be effective until it is filed for registry in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.4(D) in every parish in which a portion of the combined planned community is situated and, if associations are combining, until the articles of merger or consolidation of the associations are filed with the secretary of state. C. Every agreement to combine shall provide for the reallocation of

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1	preexisting planned communities.
2	SUBPART C. ENFORCEMENT MANAGEMENT OF THE PLANNED
3	<u>COMMUNITY</u>
4	\$1141.8. Community documents; force of law
5	The community documents of residential planned communities shall have the
6	force of law between the homeowners association and the individual lot owners and
7	as between individual lot owners. The remedies for breach of any obligation imposed
8	on lot owners or the association shall include damages, injunctions, or such other
9	remedies as are provided by law.
10	<u>§1141.9. Homeowners association privilege</u>
11	In addition to any other remedies provided by law or by the community
12	documents for nonpayment of assessments, a homeowners association as defined in
13	this Part may utilize the provisions of Part III of this Chapter establishing a privilege
14	on lots of delinquent owners for nonpayment of assessments.
15	§1141.19. Organization of lot owners association
16	A lot owners association shall be organized as a nonprofit corporation
17	authorized to do business in Louisiana and shall have the authority to impose
18	
10	assessments on its members. The membership of the association at all times
19	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned
19	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned
19 20	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in
19 20 21	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The
19 20 21 22	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have a board of directors. The association shall be formed
 19 20 21 22 23 	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have a board of directors. The association shall be formed prior to filing the declaration for registry.
 19 20 21 22 23 24 	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have a board of directors. The association shall be formed prior to filing the declaration for registry. §1141.20. Powers and duties of the lot owners association
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have a board of directors. The association shall be formed prior to filing the declaration for registry. §1141.20. Powers and duties of the lot owners association A.(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the association shall do
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have a board of directors. The association shall be formed prior to filing the declaration for registry. §1141.20. Powers and duties of the lot owners association A.(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the association shall do the following:
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	consists exclusively of all lot owners or, following termination of the planned community, of all former lot owners entitled to distributions of proceeds in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.15 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall have a board of directors. The association shall be formed prior to filing the declaration for registry. §1141.20. Powers and duties of the lot owners association A.(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the association shall do the following: (a) Adopt bylaws.

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1	(i) A sample form for lodging the written complaint.
2	(ii) A description of the manner in which complaints are to be delivered
3	to the association.
4	(iii) Written acknowledgement of receipt of the complaint.
5	(iv) The inclusion of specific related documentation including the
6	applicable law or regulation.
7	(v) The requested action or resolution.
8	(vi) The manner in which additional information may be requested.
9	(vii) The time period for responding.
10	(viii) Disposition of the complaint for lack of information.
11	(ix) Notice of the date, time, and location the complaint will be
12	considered.
13	(x) Written notice of the final determination.
14	(xi) Contents of the final determination including the date of issuance
15	and any applicable citations, laws, or regulations.
16	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the association may do the
17	following:
18	(a) Amend bylaws and adopt and amend rules.
19	(b) Amend budgets, collect assessments for common expenses from lot
20	owners, and invest funds of the association.
21	(c) Hire and discharge managing agents and other employees, agents,
22	and independent contractors.
23	(d) Institute, defend, or intervene in litigation or in arbitration,
24	mediation, or administrative proceedings in its own name on behalf of itself or
25	any lot owner or occupant on matters affecting the common interest of the
26	planned community.
27	(e) Enter into contracts and incur liabilities.
28	(f) Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification
29	of common areas.
30	(g) Cause additional improvements to be made as a part of the common

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1	areas.
2	(h) Acquire, hold, encumber, and transfer in its own name any right,
3	title, or interest to immovable or movable property, whether corporeal or
4	incorporeal, but common areas may be transferred or subjected to a security
5	right only pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.29.
6	(i) Grant servitudes, leases, and licenses through or over the common
7	<u>areas.</u>
8	(j) Impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for the use, rental,
9	or operation of the common areas and for services provided to lot owners or
10	occupants.
11	(k) Impose charges, including interest and attorney fees, against lot
12	owners for late payment of assessments.
13	(1) Impose reasonable fines, including interest and attorney fees, against
14	lot owners and occupants for violations of the community documents in
15	accordance with Part III of this Chapter.
16	(m) Impose reasonable charges, including interest and attorney fees, for
16 17	(m) Impose reasonable charges, including interest and attorney fees, for the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or
17	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or
17 18	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege.
17 18 19	<u>the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or</u> <u>statements of privilege.</u> (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors
17 18 19 20	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance.
17 18 19 20 21	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents.
17 18 19 20 21 22	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents. (p) Exercise any other powers that may be exercised by organizations of
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents. (p) Exercise any other powers that may be exercised by organizations of the same type.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents. (p) Exercise any other powers that may be exercised by organizations of the same type. (q) In addition to the rights of the association provided in R.S. 9:1141.32,
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents. (p) Exercise any other powers that may be exercised by organizations of the same type. (q) In addition to the rights of the association provided in R.S. 9:1141.32, suspend any right or privilege of a lot owner or occupant who fails to pay an
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents. (p) Exercise any other powers that may be exercised by organizations of the same type. (q) In addition to the rights of the association provided in R.S. 9:1141.32, suspend any right or privilege of a lot owner or occupant who fails to pay an assessment or who violates any provision of the community documents,
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of privilege. (n) Provide for the indemnification of its officers and board of directors and maintain directors and officers liability insurance. (o) Exercise any other powers conferred by the community documents. (p) Exercise any other powers that may be exercised by organizations of the same type. (q) In addition to the rights of the association provided in R.S. 9:1141.32, suspend any right or privilege of a lot owner or occupant who fails to pay an assessment or who violates any provision of the community documents, provided that the association shall not do either of the following:

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1	health, safety, or property of any person.
2	B. An association may require that an occupant execute and file with the
3	association a lease or other occupancy agreement containing mandatory
4	language for the benefit of the association. Any occupant who fails to comply
5	with the provisions of this Subsection may be denied access to a lot.
6	C. If an occupant violates the provisions of the community documents,
7	the association may, in addition to exercising any of its powers against the lot
8	owner, enforce against the occupant mandatory provisions required to be
9	contained in the lease or other occupancy agreement.
10	D. The association may determine whether to take enforcement action
11	by imposing sanctions or commencing an action for a violation of the provisions
12	of the community documents, including whether to compromise any claim for
13	unpaid assessments or other claim made by or against the association or to seek
14	eviction consistent with Part III of this Chapter.
15	E. The association has discretion in pursuing or declining enforcement
16	depending on each set of circumstances.
16 17	<u>depending on each set of circumstances.</u> <u>F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to</u>
17	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to
17 18	<u>F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to</u> pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this
17 18 19	<u>F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to</u> <u>pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this</u> <u>Section.</u>
17 18 19 20	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this Section. G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lot
17 18 19 20 21	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this Section. G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lot owners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronic
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this Section. G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lot owners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronic transmission, with the board of directors on matters concerning the association.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this Section. G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lot owners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronic transmission, with the board of directors on matters concerning the association. H. In the event that the community documents fail to provide for a
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this Section. G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lot owners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronic transmission, with the board of directors on matters concerning the association. H. In the event that the community documents fail to provide for a certain action or procedure, the general provisions of this Part and of the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision topursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of thisSection.G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lotowners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronictransmission, with the board of directors on matters concerning the association.H. In the event that the community documents fail to provide for acertain action or procedure, the general provisions of this Part and of theNonprofit Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq., shall govern.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision topursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of thisSection.G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lotowners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronictransmission, with the board of directors on matters concerning the association.H. In the event that the community documents fail to provide for acertain action or procedure, the general provisions of this Part and of theNonprofit Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq., shall govern.§1141.21. Board of directors and officers of the association
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	F. The association shall not be arbitrary or capricious in its decision to pursue or decline enforcement in accordance with Subsections D and E of this Section.G. The board of directors shall establish a reasonable method for lot owners and occupants to communicate, which may include by electronic transmission, with the board of directors on matters concerning the association.H. In the event that the community documents fail to provide for a certain action or procedure, the general provisions of this Part and of the Nonprofit Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq., shall govern.§1141.21. Board of directors and officers of the association A. The board of directors shall consist of at least three natural persons,

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1	there are lots. Except as otherwise provided in R.S. 9:1141.17(E), a special
2	meeting of the association shall be held for the purpose of electing the board of
3	directors at least thirty days prior to the termination of the period of declarant
4	<u>control. The meeting notice shall be given, in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.38,</u>
5	no more than sixty days and no fewer than thirty days before the date of the
6	meeting. If a quorum is not present at the meeting, then it may be adjourned
7	and reconvened by the association at the place and time declared at the meeting,
8	at which time those lot owners who are present shall constitute a quorum for
9	purposes of electing the board of directors. Unless the community documents
10	provide for the election of officers by the lot owners, the board of directors shall
11	<u>be entitled to elect the officers. The directors and officers shall take office upon</u>
12	the termination of the period of declarant control.
13	B. Directors of the board of directors and officers of the association shall
14	exercise the degree of care and loyalty required of a director or officer and are
15	subject to the conflict of interest rules and limitations of liability governing
16	directors and officers in accordance with the Nonprofit Corporation Law, R.S.
17	12:201 et seq. Nevertheless, no director or officer shall be liable to the
18	association or its members for money damages for any action taken, or any
19	failure to act, as a director or officer, except as provided in R.S. 9:2792.7 or as
20	otherwise provided by law.
21	C. The protection against liability of a director or officer for conduct
22	described in Subsection B of this Section may be modified in the community
23	documents. The association may purchase insurance against liability as
24	provided in R.S. 12:1-857.
25	D. The board of directors shall not do any of the following:
26	(1) Amend the declaration.
27	(2) Amend the bylaws.
28	(3) Terminate the planned community.
29	(4) Elect directors, but the board of directors may fill vacancies in its
30	membership for the unexpired portion of any term or, if earlier, until the next

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1	regularly scheduled election of directors.
2	(5) Determine the qualifications, powers, duties, or terms of office of
3	directors.
4	(6) Impose any rules or regulations inconsistent with the declaration.
5	E. The board of directors shall propose a budget to be approved in
6	accordance with R.S. 9:1141.34.
7	§1141.22. Declarant control of the association
8	A. The declaration may provide for a period of declarant control of the
9	association, during which a declarant, or persons designated by the declarant,
10	may appoint and remove the officers and directors. A declarant may voluntarily
11	surrender the right to appoint and remove officers and directors before the
12	period ends. In that event, the declarant may require, during the remainder of
13	the period, that specified actions of the association or board of directors as
14	described in a recorded instrument executed by the declarant be approved by
15	the declarant before becoming effective.
16	B. Regardless of the period provided in the declaration, a period of
16 17	B. Regardless of the period provided in the declaration, a period of declarant control terminates as follows:
17	declarant control terminates as follows:
17 18	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned
17 18 19	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after
17 18 19 20	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned
17 18 19 20 21	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers.
17 18 19 20 21 22	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers. (2) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers. (2) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was reserved in the declaration, upon the expiration of the time
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers. (2) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was reserved in the declaration, upon the expiration of the time period provided in R.S. 9:1141.7(C), as that period may be extended by the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers. (2) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was reserved in the declaration, upon the expiration of the time period provided in R.S. 9:1141.7(C), as that period may be extended by the declarant's timely exercise of the right to add additional immovable property.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers. (2) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was reserved in the declaration, upon the expiration of the time period provided in R.S. 9:1141.7(C), as that period may be extended by the declarant's timely exercise of the right to add additional immovable property. C. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, in no event shall the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	declarant control terminates as follows: (1) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was not reserved in the declaration, one hundred twenty days after the date that seventy-five percent of the total number of lots in the planned community are transferred to unrelated purchasers. (2) If the right to add additional immovable property to the planned community was reserved in the declaration, upon the expiration of the time period provided in R.S. 9:1141.7(C), as that period may be extended by the declarant's timely exercise of the right to add additional immovable property. <u>C. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, in no event shall the</u> period of declarant control of a master association terminate until all periods

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1	A. Special declarant rights may be transferred only by an instrument
2	evidencing the transfer recorded in every parish in which any portion of the
3	planned community is situated. Upon transfer of special declarant rights, the
4	transferor is not relieved of any obligation or liability arising before the
5	transfer. A transferor has no liability for any act or omission of, or any breach
6	of a contractual obligation arising from the exercise of a special declarant right
7	by, a successor declarant.
8	B. In the event of partial transfer of special declarant rights, except in
9	the event of a collateral assignment pursuant to the granting of a security
10	interest, those special declarant rights not transferred terminate on the effective
11	date of the transfer. The transferee of partial rights is responsible for only those
12	obligations related to the special declarant rights that are transferred. A
13	collateral assignment pursuant to the granting of a security interest is not a
14	transfer until the secured party exercises its right to seize the rights in
15	accordance with law.
16	C. A person who succeeds to special declarant rights is subject to the
16 17	<u>C. A person who succeeds to special declarant rights is subject to the</u> obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents
17	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents
17 18	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the
17 18 19	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following:
17 18 19 20	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant.
17 18 19 20 21	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant. (2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors by
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant. (2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors by a previous declarant or his appointees.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant. (2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors by a previous declarant or his appointees. (3) Any liability or obligation imposed on the transferor as a result of his
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant. (2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors by a previous declarant or his appointees. (3) Any liability or obligation imposed on the transferor as a result of his acts or omissions after the transfer.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant. (2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors by a previous declarant or his appointees. (3) Any liability or obligation imposed on the transferor as a result of his acts or omissions after the transfer. D. Nothing in this Section subjects any successor to a special declarant
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documentswith respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of thefollowing:(1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant.(2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors bya previous declarant or his appointees.(3) Any liability or obligation imposed on the transferor as a result of hisacts or omissions after the transfer.D. Nothing in this Section subjects any successor to a special declarantright to any claims against or other obligations of a transferor declarant, other
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	obligations and liabilities imposed by this Part or the community documents with respect to those special declarant rights transferred, except for any of the following: (1) Misrepresentations by a previous declarant. (2) Breach of any fiduciary obligation owed to the board of directors by a previous declarant or his appointees. (3) Any liability or obligation imposed on the transferor as a result of his acts or omissions after the transfer. D. Nothing in this Section subjects any successor to a special declarant right to any claims against or other obligations of a transferor declarant, other than claims and obligations in accordance with this Part or the community

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1	lot owners pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.22(C) takes office, the following contracts
2	entered into by the association may be terminated without penalty, provided
3	that at least ninety days' notice is given to the other party and the contract was
4	entered into before the board of directors took office:
5	(1) Any management, maintenance, or employment contract.
6	(2) Any other contract with the declarant or an affiliate of the declarant
7	that is unconscionable to the lot owners at the time the contract was entered
8	into.
9	B. The provisions of this Section do not apply to a lease that, if
10	terminated, would terminate the planned community or reduce its size.
11	C. Nothing in this Section shall impair the ability of the association to
12	rescind or annul a contract in accordance with other provisions of law.
13	<u>§1141.25. Bylaws</u>
14	A. The bylaws of the association shall provide for all of the following:
15	(1) The number of members of the board of directors.
16	(2) The method of electing a president, treasurer, secretary, and any
17	other officers specified.
18	(3) The qualifications, powers and duties, terms of office, and manner of
19	electing and removing directors and officers and filling vacancies.
20	(4) The powers that the board of directors or officers may delegate to
21	other persons or to a managing agent.
22	(5) The officers who may prepare, execute, certify, and record
23	amendments to the community documents on behalf of the association.
24	(6) Any provision necessary to satisfy requirements in this Part or the
25	community documents concerning meetings, voting, quorums, and other
26	activities of the association.
27	B. The bylaws may provide for any other necessary or appropriate
28	matters, including matters that may be adopted as rules, relative to managing
29	the business and regulating the affairs of the association and the planned
30	<u>community.</u>

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1	<u>§1141.26. Meetings</u>
2	A. The following requirements apply to association meetings:
3	(1) The association shall hold an annual meeting in accordance with the
4	bylaws. In the absence of a provision in the bylaws, an annual meeting shall be
5	held upon the giving of not more than sixty days' nor less than thirty days'
6	notice in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.38.
7	(2) The association shall hold a special meeting to address any matter
8	affecting the planned community or the association if its president, a majority
9	of the board of directors, or lot owners having at least twenty percent, or any
10	lower percentage specified in the bylaws, of the voting interest in the association
11	demand that the secretary call a meeting. The secretary shall call the meeting
12	within thirty days after receiving notice of the lot owners' demand. Only
13	matters described in the meeting notice required by Paragraph (3) of this
14	Subsection shall be considered at a special meeting.
15	(3) The association shall notify lot owners of the time, date, and place of
16	<u>each annual and special meeting not more than sixty days nor fewer than thirty</u>
16 17	<u>each annual and special meeting not more than sixty days nor fewer than thirty</u> days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in
17	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in
17 18	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the
17 18 19	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following:
17 18 19 20	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the
17 18 19 20 21	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents. (b) Any budget changes.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents. (b) Any budget changes. (c) Any proposal to remove a director or an officer elected by the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents. (b) Any budget changes. (c) Any proposal to remove a director or an officer elected by the association.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents. (b) Any budget changes. (c) Any proposal to remove a director or an officer elected by the association. (4) The minimum amount of time in which notice shall be given in
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents. (b) Any budget changes. (c) Any proposal to remove a director or an officer elected by the association. (4) The minimum amount of time in which notice shall be given in accordance with Paragraph (3) of this Subsection may be reduced or waived by
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	days before the meeting date. Notice may be given by any means provided in R.S. 9:1141.38. The notice shall state the items on the agenda, including the following: (a) The general nature and text of any proposed amendment to the community documents. (b) Any budget changes. (c) Any proposal to remove a director or an officer elected by the association. (4) The minimum amount of time in which notice shall be given in accordance with Paragraph (3) of this Subsection may be reduced or waived by the board of directors for a meeting called to address an emergency.

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1	(6) The community documents may allow for meetings of the association
2	to be conducted by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic
3	means to be used.
4	(7) Meetings of the association shall take place at the planned community
5	or at a place convenient to it.
6	(8) Except as otherwise provided in the community documents, all
7	meetings of the association shall be conducted in accordance with the most
8	recent edition of Robert's Rules of Order.
9	B. The following requirements apply to meetings of the board of
10	directors and committees of the association authorized to act for the association:
11	(1) Meetings shall be open to the lot owners except during executive
12	sessions. The board of directors and committees may hold an executive session
13	only during a regular or special meeting of the board or committee. No final
14	vote or action shall be taken during an executive session. An executive session
15	shall be held only to do the following:
16	(a) Consult with an attorney concerning legal matters.
17	(b) Discuss existing or potential litigation, mediation, arbitration, or
18	administrative proceedings.
19	(c) Discuss labor or personnel matters.
20	(d) Discuss contracts, leases, and other commercial transactions to
21	purchase or provide goods or services currently being negotiated, including the
22	review of bids or proposals, if premature general knowledge of those matters
23	would place the association at a disadvantage.
24	(e) Prevent public knowledge of a matter if the board of directors or
25	committee determines that public knowledge would violate the privacy of any
26	person.
27	(2) For purposes of this Section, a gathering of the board of directors at
28	which the directors do not conduct association business is not a meeting of the
29	board. The board of directors shall not use incidental or social gatherings or
30	any other method to evade the open meeting requirements of this Section.

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1	(3) During the period of declarant control, the board of directors shall
2	meet at least two times per year. At least one of those meetings shall be held at
3	the planned community or at a place convenient to it.
4	(4) The board of directors shall establish procedural rules to permit
5	participation by a lot owner in the event that the lot owner is directly impacted
6	by an agenda item or is requested to attend by the board of directors.
7	(5) Unless the meeting is included in a schedule previously provided to
8	the lot owners or the meeting is called to address an emergency, the secretary
9	or other officer specified in the bylaws shall give notice of each board of
10	directors meeting to each director and to the lot owners. The notice shall be
11	given at least thirty days before the meeting and shall state the time, date, place,
12	and agenda of the meeting.
13	(6) If any materials are distributed to the board of directors before the
14	meeting, copies of those materials shall be reasonably available to lot owners,
15	including by posting on the association's website, except that the board need not
16	make available copies of unapproved minutes or materials that are to be
16 17	<u>make available copies of unapproved minutes or materials that are to be</u> <u>considered in executive session.</u>
17	considered in executive session.
17 18	<u>considered in executive session.</u> (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting
17 18 19	<u>considered in executive session.</u> (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used.
17 18 19 20	<u>considered in executive session.</u> (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used. (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of
17 18 19 20 21	<u>considered in executive session.</u> (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting <u>notice states the electronic means to be used.</u> (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	<u>considered in executive session.</u> <u>(7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting</u> <u>notice states the electronic means to be used.</u> <u>(8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of</u> <u>meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented</u> <u>in a record signed by all directors. The secretary shall promptly give notice to</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 <u>considered in executive session.</u> (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used. (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented in a record signed by all directors. The secretary shall promptly give notice to all lot owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	considered in executive session. (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used. (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented in a record signed by all directors. The secretary shall promptly give notice to all lot owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, the board of directors may act by unanimous
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 <u>considered in executive session.</u> (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used. (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented in a record signed by all directors. The secretary shall promptly give notice to all lot owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	considered in executive session. (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used. (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented in a record signed by all directors. The secretary shall promptly give notice to all lot owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent actions previously taken at a board meeting.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 considered in executive session. (7) The board of directors may meet by electronic means if the meeting notice states the electronic means to be used. (8) Except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, in lieu of meeting, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent as documented in a record signed by all directors. The secretary shall promptly give notice to all lot owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, the board of directors may act by unanimous consent actions previously taken at a board meeting. (9) All actions taken by the board of directors that do not comply with

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1	minutes of the meeting at which the action was taken are approved or notice of
2	that action is provided to lot owners, whichever is later.
3	(10) Except as otherwise provided in the community documents, all
4	meetings of the board of directors and the committees of the association shall
5	be conducted in accordance with the most recent edition of Robert's Rules of
6	<u>Order.</u>
7	<u>§1141.27. Quorum</u>
8	A. Unless the bylaws provide otherwise, a quorum is present throughout
9	any meeting of the association if lot owners holding twenty percent of the voting
10	interest in the association are present in person or by proxy at the beginning of
11	the meeting, have cast absentee ballots that were solicited in accordance with
12	R.S. 9:1141.28(D)(3) and delivered to the secretary in a timely manner, or are
13	present by any combination thereof.
14	B. Voting interest allocated to lots owned by the association shall be
15	counted toward a quorum.
16	C. Unless this Part or the community documents specify a greater
17	number, a quorum of the board of directors is present for purposes of
18	determining the validity of any action taken at a meeting if individuals entitled
19	to cast a majority of the votes on that board are present at the time a vote
20	regarding that action is taken. If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the
21	affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present is the act of the board of
22	directors unless a greater vote is required by this Part or the community
23	documents.
24	D. Notwithstanding any other Subsection of this Section and provided
25	that notice is given as required by R.S. 9:1141.38, in the event of an emergency,
26	a quorum is present if lot owners holding at least ten percent of the voting
27	interest are present in person, by proxy, or by electronic means.
28	§1141.28. Voting; proxies; ballots
29	A. Directors may not vote by proxy at any meeting of the board of
30	directors or at any committee thereof.

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1	B. Lot owners may vote at a meeting of the association in person, by
2	absentee ballot, by proxy or, when a vote is conducted without a meeting, by
3	electronic transmission or paper ballot.
4	C. The voting interest allocated to lots owned by the association shall be
5	cast in the same proportion as the votes cast on the matter by lot owners other
6	than the association.
7	D. At a meeting of the association at which a quorum is present, the
8	following requirements apply:
9	(1) Lot owners who are present may cast a vote in person by voice, show
10	of hands, standing, or any other method for determining votes, as designated by
11	the association.
12	(2) Unless a greater number of the votes in the association is required,
13	a majority of the voting interest cast is required for the approval of any action
14	of the association.
15	(3) A lot owner may vote by absentee ballot without being present at the
16	meeting. The association shall promptly deliver an absentee ballot to a lot owner
17	upon request made at least three days before the scheduled meeting.
18	(4) Except as provided in Subsection E of this Section, if the name signed
19	on a vote, consent, waiver, ballot, or proxy appointment corresponds to the
20	name of a lot owner as indicated in the records of the association, the
21	association, if acting in good faith, is entitled to accept the vote, consent, waiver,
22	ballot, or proxy appointment and give it full effect as the act of the lot owner.
23	E. If only one of several owners of a lot owned in indivision votes, that lot
24	owner has the right to cast the voting interest allocated to that lot. If more than
25	one of the lot owners vote, the voting interest allocated to that lot shall be cast
26	only in accordance with the agreement of a majority in interest of the lot
27	owners. There is agreement of a majority in interest if any one of the lot owners
28	casts the voting interest allocated to the lot without any of the other lot owners
29	promptly protesting to the association. In the event that there is disagreement
30	among the owners of a lot as to their interests, the association, acting in good

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1	faith, is entitled to rely upon what is evidenced in its records as to that lot. In the
2	event that the records do not indicate the allocation of interests in a lot, the
3	association is entitled to treat the multiple lot owners as having equal shares. If
4	a lot or an undivided interest in a lot is subject to a usufruct, the usufructuary
5	shall be deemed the owner of that lot or the undivided interest of the lot for
6	purposes of this Section.
7	F. The following requirements apply to proxy voting:
8	(1) A lot owner may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act by signing
9	a written appointment or by making an electronic transmission. An electronic
10	transmission shall contain or be accompanied by information from which it can
11	be determined that the lot owner authorized the transmission.
12	(2) The appointment of a proxy is effective when a signed written
13	appointment or an electronic transmission of the appointment is received by the
14	officer or agent of the association authorized to tabulate votes. A proxy is valid
15	only for the meeting for which it is cast and any recessed session of that meeting
16	and is subject to any limitation contained therein.
17	(3) The appointment of a proxy is revocable.
18	(4) The revocation of a proxy appointment, the death of the lot owner,
19	or the appointment of a curator for the lot owner appointing a proxy does not
20	affect the right of the association to accept the proxy's authority unless notice
21	of the revocation, death, or appointment of a curator is received by the officer
22	or agent authorized to tabulate votes before the proxy exercises authority
23	pursuant to the appointment.
24	G. Unless prohibited or limited by the community documents, when an
25	association conducts a vote without a meeting, the following requirements
26	apply:
27	(1) The association shall notify the lot owners that the vote will be taken
28	by ballot.
29	(2) The association shall deliver a paper or electronic ballot in
30	accordance with R.S. 9:1141.38.

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1	(3) The ballot shall set forth each proposed action and provide an
2	opportunity to vote for or against each action.
3	(4) The ballot shall also contain all of the following:
4	(a) The number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirements.
5	(b) The voting interest necessary to approve each matter other than the
6	election of directors.
7	(c) The time and date by which a ballot shall be delivered to the
8	association to be counted, which shall be no fewer than seven days after the date
9	the association delivers the ballot.
10	(5) After delivery to the association, a ballot is not invalidated by death,
11	disability, or attempted revocation by the person who cast the ballot.
12	(6) A vote conducted pursuant to this Subsection is valid only if the
13	number of votes cast on an item equals or exceeds the requirement to authorize
14	each proposed action.
15	H. If the declaration requires that votes on specified matters affecting the
16	planned community be cast by lessees of leased lots rather than by lot owners,
16 17	<u>planned community be cast by lessees of leased lots rather than by lot owners,</u> <u>this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease</u>
17	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease
17 18	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters.
17 18 19	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income
17 18 19 20	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income <u>A. All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected</u>
17 18 19 20 21	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income A. All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected to a security right by a two-thirds vote or such greater vote required by the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income <u>A. All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected</u> to a security right by a two-thirds vote or such greater vote required by the declaration. Any limited common area may be transferred or subjected to a
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 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income <u>A. All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected</u> to a security right by a two-thirds vote or such greater vote required by the declaration. Any limited common area may be transferred or subjected to a security right with the consent of all owners of lots to which any limited common area is allocated. Nevertheless, if all of the lots in a planned community
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income A. All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected to a security right by a two-thirds vote or such greater vote required by the declaration. Any limited common area may be transferred or subjected to a security right with the consent of all owners of lots to which any limited common area is allocated. Nevertheless, if all of the lots in a planned community are restricted exclusively to nonresidential uses, the declaration may provide
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income <u>A. All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected</u> to a security right by a two-thirds vote or such greater vote required by the declaration. Any limited common area may be transferred or subjected to a security right with the consent of all owners of lots to which any limited common area is allocated. Nevertheless, if all of the lots in a planned community are restricted exclusively to nonresidential uses, the declaration may provide that all or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected to a
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	this Section applies to lessees as if they were lot owners. Lot owners who lease their lots to other persons may not cast votes on those specified matters. §1141.29. Transfer or encumbrance of common areas or right to income <u>A</u> . All or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected to a security right by a two-thirds vote or such greater vote required by the declaration. Any limited common area may be transferred or subjected to a security right with the consent of all owners of lots to which any limited common area is allocated. Nevertheless, if all of the lots in a planned community are restricted exclusively to nonresidential uses, the declaration may provide that all or portions of the common areas may be transferred or subjected to a security right by a vote that is less than two-thirds or that limited common areas

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1	to subject them to a security right shall be prepared and executed by an
2	authorized officer or agent of the association and shall contain a certification
3	that the minimum voting requirements have been met. The agreement, and all
4	ratifications thereof, shall be filed for registry in accordance with R.S.
5	9:1141.4(D) and is effective only upon registry. An agreement subjecting
6	property of the association to a security right shall be created and made
7	effective against third persons as required by law.
8	<u>C. The association, on behalf of the lot owners, may contract to transfer</u>
9	or encumber a right in a planned community, or to grant a security right in the
10	association's right to receive assessments or other income, but the contract is
11	not enforceable against the association until approved pursuant to Subsections
12	A and B of this Section. Thereafter, the association has all powers necessary and
13	appropriate to effect the transfer or encumbrance.
14	D. Unless the security right is effective and filed for registry prior to the
15	filing of the declaration, neither the transfer or encumbrance of any portion of
16	a common area, nor the foreclosure upon such an encumbrance, shall release
17	that common area from the burdens and restrictions imposed by the
18	declaration. Subject to the rights of a holder of a security right in a common
19	area, proceeds from the sale of the common areas are an asset of the association,
20	but the proceeds from the sale of limited common areas shall be distributed
21	equitably among the owners of the lots to which the limited common areas were
22	allocated. If any common areas are transferred to a creditor pursuant to a
23	giving in payment in accordance with Civil Code Article 2655, the transferee
24	acquires the common areas subject to the burdens and restrictions imposed by
25	the declaration.
26	E. Proceeds of loans made to the association shall be used only for the
27	purposes approved by the association.
28	<u>§1141.30. Insurance</u>
29	A. Commencing not later than the time of the first transfer of a lot to an
30	unrelated purchaser, the association shall maintain, to the extent reasonably

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1	available and subject to reasonable deductibles, commercial general liability
2	insurance, in an amount determined by the board of directors, but not less than
3	any amount specified in the declaration, covering all occurrences commonly
4	insured against for bodily injury, death, and property damage arising out of or
5	in connection with the use, ownership, or maintenance of the common areas.
6	The declaration may require the association to carry any other insurance, and
7	the association may carry any other insurance it considers appropriate to
8	protect the association or the lot owners.
9	B. If the insurance required in Subsection A of this Section is not
10	reasonably available, the association shall promptly notify all lot owners.
11	<u>C. The issuance of an insurance policy to the association does not prevent</u>
12	a lot owner from obtaining insurance for the lot owner's own benefit.
13	<u>§1141.31. Surplus funds</u>
14	Any surplus funds of the association remaining after payment of or
15	provision for common expenses and any prepayment of reserves shall be paid
16	annually to the lot owners in proportion to their common expense liabilities or
17	credited to the lot owners to reduce their future common expense assessments.
18	<u>§1141.32. Assessments</u>
19	A. Until the association authorizes an assessment, the declarant shall pay
20	all common expenses. After the initial assessment has been made by the
21	association, assessments shall be made at least annually, based on a budget
22	adopted by the association. The association shall not incur expenses except for
23	the benefit of the planned community.
24	B. Except for assessments made in accordance with Subsection C, D, or
25	E of this Section or as otherwise provided in this Part, all common expenses
26	shall be assessed against all of the lots in accordance with the allocations set
27	forth in the declaration pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.6. The owner of a lot shall be
28	personally liable for the payment of all assessments levied against the lot during
29	the period of his ownership. The association may charge late fees and interest
30	on any past due assessment or portion thereof at the rate established by the

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1	association, which shall not exceed the rate established in Part III of this
2	Chapter.
3	C. If the lot owner fails to timely pay the assessments for common areas
4	for a period of three months or more during any eight-month period after the
5	association has provided notice of delinquency, the association may accelerate
6	the assessment on the common areas for a twelve-month period and file a
7	statement of privilege for the accelerated sums. The preservation and
8	enforcement of the privilege shall be governed by Part III of this Chapter.
9	D. To the extent required by the declaration:
10	(1) A common expense associated with the maintenance, repair, or
11	replacement of a limited common area shall be assessed against the lots to which
12	that limited common area is allocated equally or in any other proportion the
13	declaration provides.
14	(2) A common expense benefiting fewer than all of the lots or their
15	owners may be assessed exclusively against the lots or lot owners benefitted.
16	(3) The costs of insurance may be assessed in proportion to risk, and the
17	costs of utilities may be assessed in proportion to usage.
18	E. If damage to a lot or other part of the planned community or any
19	other common expense is caused by the willful misconduct of any lot owner or
20	occupant, or a guest or invitee of a lot owner, the association may assess that
21	damage or common expense exclusively against that owner's lot, even if the
22	association maintains insurance with respect to that damage or common
23	expense.
24	F. If common expense liabilities are reallocated, future assessments and
25	any installment thereof not yet due shall be recalculated in accordance with the
26	reallocated common expense liabilities.
27	§1141.33. Upkeep of the planned community
28	Except as otherwise provided by the community documents, the
29	association is responsible for maintenance, repair, and replacement of the
30	common areas and limited common areas, and each lot owner is responsible for

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1	the maintenance of his lot and the maintenance, repair, and replacement of any
2	improvements located thereon. Each lot owner shall afford to the association,
3	and to its agents or employees, access through his lot that is reasonably
4	necessary for those purposes.
5	§1141.34. Adoption of budgets; special assessments
6	A.(1) For planned communities consisting of more than twenty-five lots,
7	the association shall submit, at least annually, a proposed budget for the
8	planned community for consideration by the lot owners at a duly called meeting
9	of the association. Not later than thirty days after adoption of a proposed
10	budget, the board of directors shall provide to all lot owners a summary of the
11	budget, including any reserves, and a statement of the basis on which any
12	reserves are calculated and funded. Simultaneously, the board shall set a date,
13	which shall be no fewer than ten days nor more than sixty days after the
14	summary is provided, for a meeting of the association to consider ratification
15	of the budget. A majority vote, or any greater vote specified in the declaration,
16	<u>is required to ratify the budget. If a proposed budget is not ratified, the budget</u>
17	last ratified at a meeting of the association continues until a subsequent budget
18	is ratified.
19	(2) Nothing in this Subsection requires a certain format for the annual
20	submission of the proposed budget.
21	B. The board of directors may propose a special assessment at any time.
22	Except as otherwise provided in Subsection C of this Section, the assessment is
23	effective only if the board of directors follows the procedures for ratification of
24	a budget provided in Subsection A of this Section and the lot owners ratify the
25	proposed assessment at a meeting of the association as provided in Subsection
26	A of this Section.
27	C. If the board of directors, by a vote of two-thirds of directors present
28	and voting, determines that a special assessment is necessary to respond to an
29	emergency:
30	(1) The emergency special assessment becomes effective immediately in

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1	accordance with the terms of the vote.
2	(2) Notice of the emergency special assessment shall be provided
3	promptly to all lot owners.
4	(3) The board of directors shall spend the emergency special assessment
5	funds only for the purposes described in the vote.
6	D. If the association has accumulated a surplus from prior years, the
7	budget may propose any of the following:
8	(1) The refund to the lot owners contributing to the surplus if created by
9	a special assessment.
10	(2) A reduction of assessments prospectively in the amount of the
11	<u>surplus.</u>
12	(3) The establishment of a reserve for future repairs, replacements, or
13	operating expenses.
14	§1141.35. Privileges for sums due to the association; enforcement
15	A. A privilege in favor of the association shall arise on a lot for any
16	assessment attributable to that lot or any fines imposed against the lot owner.
17	B. The time period, rank, and method to enforce and preserve a privilege
18	in favor of the association shall be governed by Part III of this Chapter.
19	§1141.36. Association records
20	A. An association shall retain all of the following, which may be
21	maintained in an electronic format:
22	(1) Appropriate accounting records concerning the operation and
23	administration of the association.
24	(2) Minutes of all meetings of the lot owners and board of directors other
25	than executive sessions, a record of all actions taken by the lot owners or board
26	of directors without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by a committee
27	in place of the board of directors on behalf of the association.
28	(3) The names of lot owners in a form that permits preparation of a list
29	of the names of all lot owners and the addresses at which the association
30	<u>communicates with them, in alphabetical order showing the voting interest each</u>

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1	lot owner is entitled to cast.
2	(4) Its original or restated organizational documents and all amendments
3	to them, and all rules currently in effect.
4	(5) All financial statements and tax returns of the association for the past
5	three years.
6	(6) A list of the names and addresses of its current directors and officers.
7	(7) The most recent annual report delivered to the secretary of state.
8	(8) Financial and other records sufficiently detailed to enable the
9	association to comply with R.S. 9:1141.43(B).
10	(9) Copies of current contracts to which the association is a party.
11	(10) Records of board of directors or committee actions to approve or
12	deny any requests for design or architectural changes from lot owners.
13	(11) Ballots, proxies, and other records related to voting by lot owners
14	for one year after the election, action, or vote to which they relate.
15	B. Upon receipt of a request for specific records, the association shall
16	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot
16 17	
	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot
17	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur
17 18	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location.
17 18 19	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. <u>C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection</u>
17 18 19 20	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. <u>C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection</u> and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following:
17 18 19 20 21	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following: (1) Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following: (1) Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals. (2) Contracts and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following: (1) Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals. (2) Contracts and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or services that are currently being negotiated.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following: (1) Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals. (2) Contracts and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or services that are currently being negotiated. (3) Existing or potential litigation or mediation, arbitration, or
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following: Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals. Contracts and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or services that are currently being negotiated. Existing or potential litigation or mediation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. <u>C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following:</u> Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals. Contracts and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or services that are currently being negotiated. Existing or potential litigation or mediation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 make the records available for examination and copying by a lot owner, the lot owner's agent, or persons with a valid contract of sale. An inspection shall occur during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location. C. Records retained by an association may be withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they concern any of the following: (1) Personnel and medical records relating to specific individuals. (2) Contracts and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or services that are currently being negotiated. (3) Existing or potential litigation or mediation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings. (4) Communications with the association's attorney that are protected by the attorney-client privilege or the work-product rule.

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1	D. An association may charge a reasonable fee for providing copies of
2	any records in accordance with this Section and for supervising the lot owner's
3	inspection.
4	E. A right to copy records in accordance with this Section includes the
5	right to receive copies by photocopying or other means, including receipt of
6	copies through an electronic transmission, if available, upon request by the lot
7	owner.
8	F. An association is not obligated to compile or synthesize information.
9	G. Information provided pursuant to this Section shall not be used for
10	commercial or other improper purposes, and the association may deny access
11	to information if the association has a good faith belief that the information is
12	being requested for such purposes. If an action is filed regarding the production
13	of information, the court may order that the association's expenses be
14	reimbursed upon determining that the information was used for commercial or
15	other improper purposes.
16	<u>§1141.37. Rules</u>
17	A. Before adopting, amending, or repealing any rule, the board of
18	directors shall give all lot owners notice of the proposed action and provide the
19	text of the rule or the proposed change and the date on which the board of
20	directors will act after considering comments from lot owners.
21	B. Following the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, the board of
22	directors shall notify the lot owners of its action and provide a copy of the text
23	of the rule if it is different from that stated in the notice given in accordance
24	with Subsection A of this Section.
25	<u>C.</u> The board of directors shall establish procedures for the enforcement
26	of standards adopted in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.14(C) and for approval of
27	construction applications, including a reasonable time within which the board
28	of directors shall act after an application is submitted and the consequences of
29	its failure to act.
30	D. A rule regulating display of the flag of the United States shall be

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1	consistent with federal law.
2	E. The board of directors may adopt rules that affect the use of or
3	behavior on lots that may be used for residential purposes only to implement a
4	provision of the declaration or to regulate any behavior in or occupancy of a lot
5	that violates the declaration or adversely affects the use and enjoyment of other
6	lots or the common areas by other lot owners.
7	F. Every rule adopted pursuant to this Section is required to be
8	reasonable.
9	<u>§1141.38. Notice to lot owners</u>
10	A. An association shall deliver any notice required pursuant to this Part
11	by any of the following methods:
12	(1) United States mail postage paid, or commercial courier as defined in
13	Code of Civil Procedure Article 1313(D), to the mailing address designated by
14	the lot owner.
15	(2) Electronic mail to the address designated by the lot owner.
16	(3) Hand delivery to the physical location of each lot, if neither a mailing
17	address nor an electronic mail address has been designated by the lot owner.
18	(4) United States mail postage paid, or commercial courier as defined in
19	Code of Civil Procedure Article 1313(D), to the mailing address of each lot.
20	(5) Any other method reasonably calculated to provide notice to the lot
21	owner.
22	B. The ineffectiveness of a good faith effort to deliver notice by an
23	authorized means does not invalidate action taken at or without a meeting.
24	C. In the event of an emergency, notice may be given by any method that
25	the association deems appropriate to provide reasonable notice to the lot
26	owners, regardless of the provisions of Subsection A of this Section. The notice
27	shall state the nature of the emergency.
28	§1141.39. Removal of directors and officers
29	A. Notwithstanding any provision of the community documents to the
30	contrary, lot owners at any meeting of the association at which a quorum is

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1	present and for which notice of removal was given may by majority vote remove
2	any director of the board of directors and any officer of the association elected
3	by the lot owners, with or without cause. However, a director appointed by the
4	declarant may not be removed during the period of declarant control.
5	B. At any meeting at which a vote to remove a director or an officer is to
6	be taken, the director or officer being considered for removal shall have a
7	reasonable opportunity to speak before the vote.
8	<u>§1141.40. Incorporation</u>
9	A. When immovable property is acquired by one or more persons acting
10	in any capacity for and in the name of an association that is not duly
11	incorporated, and the association is subsequently duly incorporated, the
12	corporate existence of the association shall be retroactive to the date of
13	acquisition of an interest in the immovable property, but the retroactive
14	existence shall be without prejudice to rights validly acquired by third persons
15	in the interim between the date of acquisition and the date that the association
16	is duly incorporated.
17	B. The effect of the revocation and reinstatement of an association shall
18	be in accordance with law.
19	SUBPART D. CONSUMER PROTECTIONS
20	<u>§1141.41. Applicability; waiver</u>
21	This Subpart applies to all lots except as modified or waived by
22	agreement of purchasers of lots in a planned community in which all lots are
23	restricted to nonresidential use.
24	Revision Comments – 2024
25 26 27 28 29 30	Commercial and industrial purchasers are assumed to be more sophisticated and better able to bargain for necessary protections. At the same time, the cost of protection may be substantial. Accordingly, this Section permits waiver or modification of the protections in this Subpart only where all lots are restricted to nonresidential use. The rights provided by this Subpart may not be waived or modified in the case of residential purchasers or in mixed-use planned communities.
31	<u>§1141.42. Public offering statement</u>
32	A. A declarant, before offering any interest in a lot to the public, shall

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1	prepare a public offering statement in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.43.
2	B. A declarant who offers a lot to a purchaser shall deliver a public
3	offering statement in accordance with this Section and R.S. 9:1141.48. The
4	declarant is liable in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.44 and 1141.48 for any false
5	or misleading statement in the public offering statement and for any omission
6	of a material fact therefrom.
7	C. If a lot in a planned community is also part of any other regime in
8	which the delivery of a public offering statement is required by law, a single
9	public offering statement conforming to the requirements of R.S. 9:1141.43 as
10	related to each regime in which the lot is located may be prepared and delivered
11	in lieu of providing two or more public offering statements.
12	§1141.43. Public offering statement; requirements
13	A. A public offering statement shall contain and fully and accurately
14	disclose all of the following:
15	(1) The name and principal address of the declarant and of the planned
16	community, and a statement that the planned community is a planned
16 17	<u>community, and a statement that the planned community is a planned</u> <u>community.</u>
17	<u>community.</u>
17 18	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the
17 18 19	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of
17 18 19 20	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in
17 18 19 20 21	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the <u>extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of</u> <u>construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in</u> <u>promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the <u>extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of</u> <u>construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in</u> <u>promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional</u> <u>or marketing materials that show the intended location and dimensions of any</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	<u>(2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional or marketing materials that show the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated improvement to be constructed anywhere within the planned</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional or marketing materials that show the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated improvement to be constructed anywhere within the planned community or on any immovable property to be added to the planned
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	<u>community.</u> (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional or marketing materials that show the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated improvement to be constructed anywhere within the planned community or on any immovable property to be added to the planned community shall be labeled either "SHALL BE BUILT" or "NEED NOT BE
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	<u>(2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the</u> extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional or marketing materials that show the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated improvement to be constructed anywhere within the planned community or on any immovable property to be added to the planned community shall be labeled either "SHALL BE BUILT" or "NEED NOT BE BUILT".
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	community. (2) A general description of the planned community, including, to the extent possible, the declarant's schedule of commencement and completion of construction of common areas and limited common areas disclosed in promotional or marketing materials as "SHALL BE BUILT". Any promotional or marketing materials that show the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated improvement to be constructed anywhere within the planned community or on any immovable property to be added to the planned community shall be labeled either "SHALL BE BUILT" or "NEED NOT BE BUILT". (3) A copy of the declaration meeting the requirements of R.S. 9:1141.5.

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2	that may be subject to termination pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.24.
	(5) The financial information required by Subsection B of this Section.
3	(6) Any services not reflected in the budget that the declarant provides
4	or expenses that the declarant pays that may become a common expense
5	liability of the association, and the projected common expense assessment
6	attributable to each of those services or expenses for the association and for
7	each type of lot.
8	(7) Any initial or special fee due from the purchaser or seller at the time
9	of sale, together with a description of the purpose and method of calculating the
10	fee.
11	(8) A narrative description of any liens, defects, or encumbrances that
12	are revealed in a title policy or title opinion affecting the ownership of the
12	immovable and movable property forming the planned community as of the
13	date of the declaration or that are otherwise known by the declarant.
14	(9) The terms and significant limitations of any warranties provided by
15	the declarant, including statutory warranties and limitations on the
10	enforcement thereof or on damages.
18	
	(10) A statement that within fifteen days after receipt of a public offering
19	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell.
19 20	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against
19	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell.
19 20	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against
19 20 21	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned
19 20 21 22	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned community of which a declarant has actual knowledge.
 19 20 21 22 23 	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned community of which a declarant has actual knowledge. (12) Any restrictions on use, occupancy, and alienation of the lots and
 19 20 21 22 23 24 	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned community of which a declarant has actual knowledge. (12) Any restrictions on use, occupancy, and alienation of the lots and any restrictions on the amount for which a lot may be sold.
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned community of which a declarant has actual knowledge. (12) Any restrictions on use, occupancy, and alienation of the lots and any restrictions on the amount for which a lot may be sold. (13) A description of and the amount of the premiums for the insurance
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned community of which a declarant has actual knowledge. (12) Any restrictions on use, occupancy, and alienation of the lots and any restrictions on the amount for which a lot may be sold. (13) A description of and the amount of the premiums for the insurance coverage provided for the benefit of the association and lot owners.
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	statement, a purchaser, before transfer, may cancel any contract to sell. (11) A statement of any unsatisfied judgment or pending action against the association, and the status of any pending action material to the planned community of which a declarant has actual knowledge. (12) Any restrictions on use, occupancy, and alienation of the lots and any restrictions on the amount for which a lot may be sold. (13) A description of and the amount of the premiums for the insurance coverage provided for the benefit of the association and lot owners. (14) Any current or expected fees or charges to be paid by lot owners for

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	<u> </u>
1	completion of all common areas and limited common areas that the declarant
2	is obligated to build pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.46.
3	(16) The zoning classification and any other land use designation
4	affecting the planned community.
5	(17) Any other material circumstances, features, and characteristics of
6	the planned community and the lots.
7	(18) A description of any financial arrangement that is not otherwise
8	disclosed and contained in the budget and that is binding on the association.
9	(19) A narrative description of all special declarant rights retained by the
10	declarant.
11	B. The public offering statement shall contain a current balance sheet
12	and a projected budget for the association for one year after the date of the first
13	transfer of a lot to an unrelated purchaser, and thereafter the current budget
14	of the association, a statement of who prepared the budget, and a statement of
15	the assumptions concerning occupancy and inflation factors. The budget shall
16	include the following:
16 17	<u>include the following:</u> (1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and
17	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and
17 18	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements.
17 18 19	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves.
17 18 19 20	 (1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of
17 18 19 20 21	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 (1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot. C. The declarant shall be required to provide a supplement to the public
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 (1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot. C. The declarant shall be required to provide a supplement to the public offering statement containing the information required in Subsection B of this
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 (1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot. C. The declarant shall be required to provide a supplement to the public offering statement containing the information required in Subsection B of this Section on an annual basis until all of the lots are owned by unrelated
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot. C. The declarant shall be required to provide a supplement to the public offering statement containing the information required in Subsection B of this Section on an annual basis until all of the lots are owned by unrelated purchasers.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	(1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot. C. The declarant shall be required to provide a supplement to the public offering statement containing the information required in Subsection B of this Section on an annual basis until all of the lots are owned by unrelated purchasers. D. The declarant shall promptly amend the public offering statement to
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	 (1) A statement of the amount included as a reserve for repairs and replacements. (2) A statement of any other reserves. (3) The projected common expense assessment by category of expenditures. (4) The projected monthly common expense assessment for each lot. C. The declarant shall be required to provide a supplement to the public offering statement containing the information required in Subsection B of this Section on an annual basis until all of the lots are owned by unrelated purchasers. D. The declarant shall promptly amend the public offering statement to report any material change in the information required by this Section.

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1	(a) A gratuitous disposition of a lot.
2	(b) A disposition of a lot pursuant to court order.
3	(c) A disposition of a lot by a governmental agency.
4	(d) A disposition of a lot by foreclosure or giving in payment.
5	(e) A disposition of a lot restricted to nonresidential uses in a wholly
6	nonresidential community.
7	(2) A public offering statement is not required when a planned
8	<u>community contains fewer than seventy-five lots based on the total number of</u>
9	anticipated lots after all development rights to add additional immovable
10	property have been exercised in accordance with R.S. 9:1141.7.
11	(3) When a lot is subject to a contract to sell and is owned by a person
12	other than the declarant, the association shall be required to provide to the
13	purchaser all information required in this Section within ten days of a request
14	for the information.
15	§1141.44. Purchaser's right to cancel
16	A. The person required to deliver a public offering statement shall
16 17	A. The person required to deliver a public offering statement shall provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all
17	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all
17 18	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser
17 18 19	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the
17 18 19 20	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before
17 18 19 20 21	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement. <u>B. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement. B. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required by this Subpart, the purchaser may cancel any contract to sell any time prior
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement. B. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required by this Subpart, the purchaser may cancel any contract to sell any time prior to the transfer, and, upon doing so, shall be entitled to recover actual damages.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement. B. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required by this Subpart, the purchaser may cancel any contract to sell any time prior to the transfer, and, upon doing so, shall be entitled to recover actual damages. C. A purchaser may cancel a contract pursuant to Subsection A or B of
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement. B. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required by this Subpart, the purchaser may cancel any contract to sell any time prior to the transfer, and, upon doing so, shall be entitled to recover actual damages. C. A purchaser may cancel a contract pursuant to Subsection A or B of this Section by hand delivering or mailing notice thereof by prepaid United
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	provide a purchaser with a copy of the public offering statement and all amendments thereto at least fifteen days before transfer of the lot. A purchaser shall not be required to acquire a lot unless fifteen days have elapsed from the date of the delivery of the public offering statement. A purchaser, before transfer, may cancel the contract within fifteen days after first receiving the public offering statement. B. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required by this Subpart, the purchaser may cancel any contract to sell any time prior to the transfer, and, upon doing so, shall be entitled to recover actual damages. C. A purchaser may cancel a contract pursuant to Subsection A or B of this Section by hand delivering or mailing notice thereof by prepaid United States mail to the seller or his agent for service of process. Cancellation is

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1	D. If a purchaser does not receive a public offering statement as required
2	by this Subpart prior to or at the time of the execution of the contract to sell, the
3	purchaser may recover all costs and expenses incurred if the purchaser elects
4	to cancel the contract to sell prior to acquisition of the lot.
5	<u>§1141.45. Express warranties of declarant</u>
6	A. Express warranties made by a declarant to an unrelated purchaser,
7	if relied upon by the unrelated purchaser, regardless of the delivery or receipt
8	of a public offering statement, are created as follows:
9	(1) Any affirmation of fact or promise by the declarant that relates to the
10	lot, its use, or rights appurtenant thereto; area improvements to the planned
11	community that would directly benefit the lot; or the right to use or have the
12	benefit of facilities not located in the planned community creates an express
13	warranty that the lot and related rights and uses will conform to the affirmation
14	or promise.
15	(2) A provision that a purchaser may put a lot only to a specified use is
16	an express warranty that the specified use is lawful at the time that the
17	warranty was made.
18	B. Neither formal words, such as "warranty" or "guarantee", nor a
19	specific intention to make a warranty are necessary to create an express
20	warranty of quality, but a statement purporting to be merely an opinion or
21	commendation of the immovable property or its value does not create a
22	warranty.
23	<u>§1141.46. Implied warranties</u>
24	Any limitation, modification, or exclusion of implied warranties shall be
25	as provided by law.
26	<u>§1141.47. Warranties</u>
27	A. Except as provided in Subsection G of this Section, the warranty
28	period provided by law shall apply to this Part.
29	B. The association may assert a claim to enforce any express or implied
30	warranty involving the common areas and limited common areas that is either

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1	made by the declarant or could have been asserted by the declarant against a
2	third party in any manner provided by law.
3	C. If, during the period of declarant control, the association fails to
4	enforce a claim that it could have asserted in accordance with Subsection B of
5	this Section, a lot owner who wishes to assert the claim shall first provide notice
6	to the association by the methods provided in R.S. 9:1141.38 of the lot owner's
7	intention to do so. The association shall have thirty days from the date that
8	notice was sent to assert the claim.
9	D. If the association fails to assert the claim within the thirty-day period,
10	the lot owner who provided notice may assert the claim of the association to
11	enforce any express or implied warranty involving the common areas and
12	limited common areas, whether made by the declarant or a third party.
13	E. A lot owner's monetary recovery related to a claim asserted in
14	accordance with this Section shall be limited to the lot owner's damage caused
15	by the breach of warranty involving the common areas and limited common
16	areas. A lot owner may also seek any other relief as provided by law.
17	F. A compromise made by the lot owner asserting a claim in accordance
18	with this Section or any judgment resulting from the enforcement thereof does
19	not preclude the assertion of a claim by the association or another lot owner.
20	G. A claim to enforce an express or implied warranty made by the
21	declarant involving the common areas and limited common areas in accordance
22	with this Section shall be asserted within forty days following the expiration of
23	the time period of declarant control or within the time period otherwise
24	provided by law to assert the claim, whichever period expires later.
25	Revision Comments – 2024
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(a) The right of the association to assert a claim in accordance with this Section is not barred by the lack of privity between the association and a third party. This Act grants the association standing to maintain an action to enforce an obligation owed to the declarant. See R.S. 9:1141.48. For example, in the event that the declarant entered into a contract with another person who agreed to construct improvements on common areas, the association would be subrogated to the rights of the declarant to enforce a claim for failure to construct the improvement or for damages caused by defective construction. This Section grants the association the
34	right to assert a claim. These examples are illustrative and do not limit the rights

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1 2	created by this Section.
2 3	(b) This Section further provides that, during the period of declarant control,
4	the lot owner may assert a claim of the association in the event that the association
5	fails to assert its claim within thirty days after the lot owner gives notice of his
6	intention to do so. The assertion of the claim by the association may represent a
0 7	conflict of interest for the declarant during the period of declarant control of the
8	association. The rights granted to a lot owner to assert a claim of the association are
9	intended to address this conflict.
10	intended to address this connet.
10	(c) In the event that a lot owner asserts a claim of the association, the lot
12	owner's recovery is limited to loss, injury, or damage suffered by the lot owner from
13	the damage to the common areas and limited common areas. Nothing in this Section
14	impacts the rights of other individual lot owners. This Section does not preclude the
15	ability of a lot owner asserting a claim under this Section to also assert claims under
16	other provisions of law, including claims in redhibition.
17	§1141.48. Effect of violations on rights of action; attorney fees
18	A declarant, association, lot owner, or any other person who has suffered
19	actual damages may bring an action to enforce a right granted or obligation
20	imposed by this Subpart. The court may award reasonable costs and attorney
21	fees to the prevailing party.
22	§1141.49. Declarant's obligation to complete and restore
23	A. Except for improvements labeled "NEED NOT BE BUILT" in any
24	promotional materials or on a plat, the declarant shall complete all
25	improvements depicted on any site plan or other graphic representation
26	prepared by or at the direction of the declarant or the party responsible for the
27	preparation of a public offering statement, including any plats or plans
28	prepared pursuant to R.S. 9:1141.9.
29	B. The declarant is subject to liability for the prompt repair and
30	restoration, to a condition compatible with the remainder of the planned
31	community, of any portion of the planned community affected by the exercise
32	of rights reserved pursuant to or created by R.S. 9:1141.7 or 1141.12.
33	C. Any description of the quantity or extent of the immovable property
34	comprising the planned community, including plats or surveys or improvements
35	indicated as "SHALL BE BUILT", creates an express warranty that the
36	planned community will conform to the description, with the amenities
37	provided by the declarant subject to customary tolerances.

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Revision Comments – 2024

(a) The duty imposed by Subsection A of this Section is a fundamental obligation of the declarant and is one that a successor declarant is obligated to perform under R.S. 9:1141.23.

(b) This Section requires the declarant to repair and restore the planned community following the exercise of any rights reserved or created to exercise a development right, alter lots, relocate the boundaries between adjoining lots, subdivide lots, use lots or common areas for sales purposes, or exercise servitude and use rights. Plainly, this obligation of the declarant exists only if the declarant exercises these rights. If any right to, for example, alter lots is exercised by another lot owner, that lot owner, and not the declarant, would be responsible for the consequences of those acts.

14 §1141.50. Substantial completion of lots

15 A. In the case of a sale of a lot for which delivery of a public offering 16 statement is required, a contract to sell may be executed, but the declarant shall 17 transfer no interest in the lot until the declaration is filed for registry, the 18 requirements of R.S. 33:114 et seq. have been met, and all other required governmental approvals have been obtained. 19 20 B. When a declarant has transferred an interest in a lot in a planned 21 community in violation of Subsection A of this Section, the purchaser shall have 22 the right to rescind the transfer or demand specific performance that the declarant take the actions described in Subsection A of this Section and to 23 pursue any other remedy provided by law for the declarant's failure to comply 24

- 25 with the provisions of Subsection A of this Section.
 - Revision Comments 2024

The purpose of this Section is to allow a declarant to "pre-sell" a development. This frequently is required to obtain financing. The declarant is prohibited, however, from the actual sale of lots until all governmental requirements have been satisfied.

- * *
- 32 PART III. PRIVILEGES ON IMMOVABLES FOR CHARGES OR DUES OF
 - ASSOCIATION OF OWNERS ASSOCIATIONS
- 34 §1145. Privileges; enforcement
- 35A. This Part authorizes associations, including associations organized in36accordance with R.S. 9:1123.101 or 1141.19, to enforce the payment of
- 37 assessments authorized in the community documents. A privilege in favor of the

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1	association shall arise on a lot or unit for any assessment attributable to that lot
2	or unit or any fines imposed against the owner.
3	B. For the purposes of this Part, an association refers to a nonprofit
4	corporation, partnership, association, or other legal entity whose members are
5	owners of lots subject to community documents or units in a condominium
6	regime that maintains certain portions of the land or improvements for the use
7	and benefit of the owners and that has the right to impose assessments.
8	C. This Part does not affect the personal liability of an owner for the
9	payment of past due sums for which R.S. 9:1146 grants a privilege or prevent
10	an association from acquiring a lot or unit through a giving in payment.
11	D. Within ten business days after receipt of a request made in a record,
12	the association shall furnish to the owner a statement of the amount of any
13	unpaid assessments against the owner's lot or unit. The statement shall be
14	binding on the association.
15	E. With approval from the board of directors, an association may
16	commence an action to enforce a privilege in accordance with this Part.
17	§1146. Association of owners Demand; privilege; notice to owner; definition
18	A. (1) If an individual lot When an owner has failed to pay the charges,
19	expenses, or dues imposed upon his lot or unit by the association of owners of lots
20	in a residential or commercial subdivision, the association shall deliver a make
21	written demand for past due charges, expenses, or dues owed to the association to the
22	owner by certified or registered mail, by any of the following methods:
23	(1) United States mail postage paid, or commercial courier as defined in
24	Code of Civil Procedure Article 1313(D), or at the address and method on file with
25	the association to the mailing address designated by the owner.
26	(2) Electronic mail to the address designated by the owner.
27	(3) Hand delivery to the physical location of the lot or unit, if neither a
28	mailing address nor an electronic mail address has been designated by the
29	owner.
30	(4) United States mail postage paid, or commercial courier as defined in

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1	Code of Civil Procedure Article 1313(D), to the mailing address of each lot or
2	<u>unit.</u>
3	(5) Any other method reasonably calculated to provide notice to the
4	owner.
5	(2) <u>B.</u>(1) The individual lot owner shall have thirty days after delivery of the
6	written demand to deliver payment for the amount owed to the association.
7	(2) The association shall apply any sums paid by the owner following
8	delivery of the written demand in the following order:
9	(a) Unpaid assessments.
10	(b) Late charges.
11	(c) Reasonable attorney fees, costs, and other collection charges.
12	(d) All other unpaid fees, charges, fines, penalties, and interest.
13	(3) After the thirty days has run expiration of the thirty-day period, the
14	association may file a sworn detailed statement of privilege in accordance with this
15	Part.
16	B. C. Upon the filing of a sworn detailed statement in accordance with this
17	Part, an of privilege, the association of owners of lots in a residential or commercial
18	subdivision shall have a privilege upon the lot or unit and improvements thereon of
19	an owner in the subdivision who fails to pay charges, expenses, or dues imposed
20	upon such lot and improvements thereon in accordance with recorded restrictions,
21	servitudes, or obligations affecting such subdivision. The privilege shall secure
22	unpaid charges, expenses, or dues imposed by the association of owners, together
23	with interest thereon at the rate provided in the declaration or, in the absence
24	thereof, at the legal interest rate from the date due and reasonable attorney fees any
25	amount awarded in accordance with Subsection D of this Section.
26	C. D. For actions brought pursuant to this Section, the court may award the
27	prevailing party costs of court, reasonable attorney fees, and other related costs, as
28	well as any other sanctions and relief requested pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure
29	Article 863.
30	D. For the purposes of this Part, an association of owners refers to a nonprofit

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1	corporation, partnership, association, or other legal entity whose members are
2	owners of lots in the subdivision, and which maintains certain portions of the land
3	or improvements in such subdivision for the use and benefit of the owners of lots in
4	such subdivision.
5	§1146. §1147. Privilege; sworn Sworn detailed statement; filing
6	A. The sworn detailed statement shall contain the nature and amount of the
7	unpaid charges, expenses, or dues, a description of the lot or lots on which behalf the
8	charges, expenses, or dues have been assessed, of privilege shall be signed and
9	verified by an officer or agent of the association , and shall be filed for registry in the
10	mortgage records in of the parish in which the residential subdivision lot or unit is
11	located. The statement of privilege shall include a complete property description
12	of the lot or unit, the name of the record owner, the date the assessment became
13	delinquent, a statement of the amount assessed relative to periodic dues
14	including any accelerated amount, a statement relative to the amount assessed
15	relative to fines and any late fees, and the date written demand was made upon
16	<u>the owner.</u>
16 17	<u>the owner.</u> <u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with <u>Upon</u> the filing for registry of
17	<u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with <u>Upon</u> the filing for registry of
17 18	<u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with <u>Upon</u> the filing for registry of the <u>statement of</u> privilege, serve upon <u>the association shall deliver a copy thereof</u>
17 18 19	<u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the statement of privilege, serve upon <u>the association shall deliver a copy thereof</u> <u>to</u> the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail,
17 18 19 20	<u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the <u>statement of</u> privilege, serve upon <u>the association shall deliver a copy thereof</u> <u>to</u> the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery <u>any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A)</u> .
17 18 19 20 21	<u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the <u>statement of privilege</u> , serve upon <u>the association shall deliver a copy thereof</u> <u>to</u> the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery <u>any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A)</u> . <u>§1147. §1148.</u> Privilege <u>: time periods; rank</u>
17 18 19 20 21 22	 <u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with <u>Upon</u> the filing for registry of the <u>statement of privilege</u>, serve upon <u>the association shall deliver a copy thereof</u> <u>to</u> the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery <u>any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A)</u>. \$1147. <u>\$1148.</u> Privilege<u>; time periods; rank</u> A. (1) <u>A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot</u>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<u>B.</u> The association shall, commensurate with <u>Upon</u> the filing for registry of the <u>statement of</u> privilege, serve upon <u>the association shall deliver a copy thereof</u> <u>to</u> the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery <u>any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A)</u> . <u>§1147: §1148.</u> Privilege <u>; time periods; rank</u> A. (1) <u>A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot</u> or lots and improvements thereon for charges assessed to the owner <u>Except as</u>
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	B. The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the statement of privilege, serve upon the association shall deliver a copy thereof to the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A). §1147: §1148. Privilege: time periods; rank A. (1) A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot or lots and improvements thereon for charges assessed to the owner Except as provided in Subsection B of this Section, if the assessment is imposed for alleged
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	B. The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the statement of privilege, serve upon the association shall deliver a copy thereof to the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A). §1147: §1148. Privilege: time periods; rank A. (1) A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot or lots and improvements thereon for charges assessed to the owner Except as provided in Subsection B of this Section, if the assessment is imposed for alleged violations of community documents, for a period of one year after the date of
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	B. The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the statement of privilege, serve upon the association shall deliver a copy thereof to the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A). §1147: §1148. Privilege: time periods; rank A. (1) A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot or lots and improvements thereon for charges assessed to the owner Except as provided in Subsection B of this Section, if the assessment is imposed for alleged violations of community documents, for a period of one year after the date of recordation. The the effect of recordation shall cease and the privilege preserved by
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	B. The association shall, commensurate with Upon the filing for registry of the statement of privilege, serve upon the association shall deliver a copy thereof to the delinquent owner a sworn detailed statement of the claim by certified mail, registered mail or personal delivery any method provided in R.S. 9:1146(A). \$1147: §1148. Privilege: time periods; rank A. (1) A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot or lots and improvements thereon for charges assessed to the owner Except as provided in Subsection B of this Section, if the assessment is imposed for alleged violations of community documents, for a period of one year after the date of recordation. The the effect of recordation shall cease and the privilege preserved by this recordation shall perempt unless a suit to enforce the privilege is filed within one

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1	as to third persons unless a notice of pendency of action in accordance with
2	Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, identifying the suit required to be filed in
3	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of
4	the parish where the lot or unit is located within one year after the statement of
5	privilege was filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure
6	Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the
7	recorded statement of privilege. If the effect of recordation of a statement of
8	privilege has ceased for lack of timely filing of a notice of pendency of action,
9	the recorder of mortgages, upon receipt of a written signed application, shall
10	cancel the recordation of the statement of privilege.
11	(2) This Subsection shall not apply to If the assessment is imposed to
12	enforce the affirmative duty of a homeowner an owner to pay monthly or periodic
13	dues or fees, or assessments for particular expenses or capital improvements that are
14	reasonable for the maintenance, improvement, or safety, or any combination thereof,
15	of the planned community then the effect of recordation of a statement of
16	privilege shall cease and the privilege preserved by it shall be extinguished as
17	to third persons unless a notice of pendency of action in accordance with Code
18	of Civil Procedure Article 3752, identifying the suit required to be filed in
18 19	of Civil Procedure Article 3752, identifying the suit required to be filed in accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of
19	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of
19 20	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement
19 20 21	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure
19 20 21 22	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the
19 20 21 22 23	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the recorded statement of privilege. If the effect of recordation of a statement of
19 20 21 22 23 24	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the recorded statement of privilege. If the effect of recordation of a statement of privilege has ceased for lack of timely filing of a notice of pendency of action,
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the recorded statement of privilege. If the effect of recordation of a statement of privilege has ceased for lack of timely filing of a notice of pendency of action, the recorder of mortgages, upon receipt of a written signed application, shall
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the recorded statement of privilege. If the effect of recordation of a statement of privilege has ceased for lack of timely filing of a notice of pendency of action, the recorder of mortgages, upon receipt of a written signed application, shall cancel the recordation of the statement of privilege.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	accordance with this Subsection, is filed for registry in the mortgage records of the parish where the lot or unit is located within five years after the statement of privilege is filed. In addition to the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure Article 3752, the notice of pendency of action shall contain a reference to the recorded statement of privilege. If the effect of recordation of a statement of privilege has ceased for lack of timely filing of a notice of pendency of action, the recorder of mortgages, upon receipt of a written signed application, shall cancel the recordation of the statement of privilege. B. A recorded sworn statement shall preserve the privilege against the lot or

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1	recordation shall perempt unless a suit to enforce the privilege is filed within five
2	years after the date of its recordation and a notice of the filing of such suit is filed in
3	the mortgage records of the parish in which the subdivision is located. A privilege
4	pursuant to this Part is effective against third persons from the time the
5	statement of privilege is filed for registry in the mortgage records and, except
6	as otherwise provided in the Private Works Act, R.S. 9:4801 et seq., is preferred
7	in rank to all mortgages, privileges, and other rights in the lot or unit that
8	become effective against third persons after that time.
9	<u>C.</u> In the absence of a contrary provision in the declaration authorizing
10	two or more associations, privileges in favor of those associations for
11	assessments have equal priority regardless of the date on which the associations
12	file statements of privilege unless there is an intervening encumbrance, in which
13	event this Subsection does not apply.
14	Revision Comments – 2024
15 16	For the effectiveness of privileges against third persons, see Civil Code Articles 3273 and 3274.
17	§1148. Privilege; ranking
18	The privilege provided in this Part shall be ranked according to its time of
19	recordation.
20	* * *
21	§2792.7. Limitation of liability of director, officer, or trustee of certain homeowners
22	associations
23	* * *
24	B. For purposes of this Section, "homeowners association" means any of the
25	following:
26	* * *
27	(3) A homeowners lot owners association as defined in the Louisiana
28	Homeowners Association Planned Community Act, R.S. 9:1141.1 et seq.
29	* * *
30	§3132. Definitions

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1	As used in this Chapter:
2	(1) "Private transfer fee" means a fee or charge required by a private transfer
3	fee obligation and payable upon the transfer of an interest in an immovable, or
4	payable for the right to make or accept such transfer, regardless of whether the fee
5	or charge is a fixed amount or is determined as a percentage of the value of the
6	immovable, the purchase price, or other consideration given for the transfer. "Private
7	transfer fee" shall not include the following:
8	* * *
9	(g) Any fee, charge, assessment, fine, or other amount authorized under by
10	the Louisiana Condominium Act, R.S. 9:1121.101 et seq.; the Louisiana
11	Timesharing Act, R.S. 9:1131.1 et seq.; or the Louisiana Homeowners Association
12	Planned Community Act, R.S. 9:1141.1 et seq.
13	* * *
14	Section 3. (A) This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2025, except as
15	otherwise provided by this Section, and shall apply to declarations establishing planned
16	communities filed for registry on or after that date.
17	(B) For planned communities established by a declaration or similar document filed
18	for registry on or before December 31, 2024, this Act shall become effective on January 1,
19	2026.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____