2019 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 533

#### BY REPRESENTATIVE HORTON AND SENATOR GATTI

1 AN ACT 2 To enact Subpart D-1 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes 3 of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 33:140.50.1 through 140.50.39, relative to planning 4 commissions; to authorize the town of Haughton and Bossier Parish to create a 5 metropolitan planning commission; to provide relative to the jurisdiction, 6 governance, and powers and duties of the commission; and to provide for related 7 matters. 8 Notice of intention to introduce this Act has been published 9 as provided by Article III, Section 13 of the Constitution of 10 Louisiana. 11 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 12 Section 1. Subpart D-1 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised 13 Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 33:140.50.1 through 140.50.39, is hereby enacted to read 14 as follows: 15 SUBPART D-1. HAUGHTON METROPOLITAN PLANNING 16 §140.50.1. General purposes 17 A. It is the purpose and intent of this Subpart to authorize metropolitan 18 planning in the town of Haughton and its environs and to provide for the creation, 19 organization, powers and duties of a metropolitan planning commission; for the 20 regulation of the subdivision of land in the metropolitan planning area, as defined in 21 this Subpart; for the making and adoption of an official map or maps to preserve the 22 integrity of the major street plan and other plans by the regulation of buildings in 23 mapped streets; for the making and adoption of a zoning plan and zoning ordinance 24 or ordinances; for the adoption of ordinances prescribing minimum construction,

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words underscored are additions.

health, and sanitation standards to prevent the spread of slums and to encourage and assist public and private agencies, corporations, and individuals in the rehabilitation and redevelopment of blighted areas; and for the adoption of other plans, ordinances, and measures to effectuate the purposes of this Subpart.

B. It is the further intent of this Subpart to provide for the planning and the effectuation of plans for the orderly physical development of the metropolitan planning area as a whole. In this Subpart, provision is made for unified planning of the area within the town of Haughton and environs; and, further, provision is made for joint or correlated action by the town council and the police jury in the adoption of ordinances or other measures to effectuate such unified plans.

#### §140.50.2. Separate actions by town council and police jury

A. If joint or correlated legislative action is required, it is contemplated in this Subpart that such joint or correlated legislative action will be taken within a reasonable time after the submission of such ordinances or other measures to the town council or the police jury by the commission.

B. If such legislative action is not taken by either the town council or the police jury, nothing in this Subpart shall be construed to prohibit, prevent, or impair the other from taking such action unilaterally with respect to the territory within its lawful jurisdiction; in such case either the town council or police jury, as the case may be, that has failed to take such legislative action shall forfeit to the other all rights and privileges with respect to joint action, such as appointment of members of the board of adjustment, and such rights and privileges shall remain forfeited until such time as the joint or correlated action contemplated is taken.

#### §140.50.3. Conflict with other laws

A. If other laws relating to the physical planning, zoning, airport zoning, effectuation of plans, platting, and other purposes of this Subpart are in conflict with the provisions of this Subpart, the provisions of this Subpart shall prevail; however, where such other laws or provisions thereof provide for other and additional duties, powers, authority, and responsibility, such other laws shall be applicable insofar as they are not in conflict with the provisions of this Subpart.

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B. If the town council or police jury fails to make use of the provisions of

2	this Subpart, the provisions of this Subpart shall not be construed to displace, amend,
3	supersede or affect existing planning or zoning laws of the state of Louisiana or of
4	either jurisdiction.
5	§140.50.4. Delegation of authority
6	A. If, for reasons of convenience, economy, or effectiveness in the
7	administration of plans, ordinances, or other measures, such as zoning, it is desired
8	that the town council or police jury or department, bureau, or agent of either
9	undertake the administration of such plans, ordinances, or other measures with
10	respect to the territory of the other, the town council and police jury may enter into
11	such arrangement as may be mutually agreed upon for such administration and to
12	provide compensation therefor to the governing body or department, bureau, or agent
13	thereof, commensurate with the value and extent of the administration and work
14	involved.
15	B. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as authorizing the delegation
16	by the town council or the police jury to the other or to any department, bureau, or
17	agent thereof, of the legislative authority vested by law in such governing body.
18	§140.50.5. Definitions
19	For the purposes of this Subpart, words and phrases used are defined as
20	<u>follows:</u>
21	(1) "Commission" means the Haughton Metropolitan Planning Commission
22	of Bossier Parish as provided for in R.S. 33:140.50.6.
23	(2) "Metropolitan planning area" means the town of Haughton and any areas
24	outside of its boundaries which, in the commission's judgment, bear relation to the
25	planning of the municipality; however, such metropolitan planning area shall not
26	extend more than five miles beyond the municipality.
27	(3) "Municipal" and "municipality" means the town of Haughton.
28	(4) "Parish" means Bossier Parish.
29	(5) "Police jury" means the governing authority of Bossier Parish.

1	(6) "Street" or "streets" means public thoroughfares, avenues, boulevards,
2	roads, lanes, alleys and other ways.
3	(7) "Subdivision" means the division of a lot, a tract, or parcel of land or a
4	portion thereof, into two or more lots, sites, or other divisions, any one or more of
5	which is to be platted as a lot of record for the purpose, whether immediate or future,
6	of sale or building development, and also means resubdivision, or the consolidation
7	of lots or tracts or portions thereof into single lots, and, when appropriate to the
8	context, relates to the process of subdividing, as to the land or area subdivided.
9	(8) "Town council" means the governing authority of the town of Haughton.
10	§140.50.6. Metropolitan planning commission; creation and appointment
11	A. The town council and the police jury may create a commission, to be
12	known as the Haughton Metropolitan Planning Commission of Bossier Parish.
13	B.(1) The commission shall consist of five members as follows: two
14	members appointed by the town council, two members appointed by the police jury,
15	and one member appointed jointly by the town council and the police jury.
16	(2) All members of the commission shall be residents and qualified voters
17	of the metropolitan planning area.
18	(3) The members shall serve four-year terms after initial terms as provided
19	in this Paragraph. One member shall serve an initial term of one year; one shall
20	serve two years, one shall serve three years; and two shall serve four years, as
21	determined by lot at the first meeting of the commission.
22	(4) Members shall be eligible for reappointment.
23	(5) Members shall serve without compensation.
24	(6) Vacancies resulting from the expiration of a term or any other reason
25	shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term in the manner of the original
26	appointment.
27	§140.50.7. Organization, rules, staff
28	A. The commission shall elect its chairman from among its members. The
29	term of the chairman shall be one year with eligibility for reelection. The
30	commission shall adopt rules for the transaction of business and shall keep a record

of its resolutions, transactions, findings, and determinations, and the recorded vote of each member to be included, and each record shall be a public record.

B. The commission may appoint such employees and staff as it deems necessary for its work, and if for convenience, economy, or effectiveness in the administration of plans, ordinances, or other measures, such as zoning, the commission desires to delegate certain authority to its employees and staff to act in its behalf, it may do so when such authority is specified in the plan, ordinance or other measure.

C. The commission may contract with planners and other consultants for such services as it may require.

#### §140.50.8. Budget

The commission shall prepare an annual budget of its operating expenses, the total amount of which, exclusive of gifts, shall be within the total amounts appropriated for the purpose by the town council and the police jury. The municipality shall act as fiscal agent for the commission.

# §140.50.9. Area of jurisdiction

The area of jurisdiction of the commission shall be the metropolitan planning area as defined in this Subpart. In its planning, the commission may take into consideration and may make plans for such other area as, in its judgment, bears relation to the metropolitan planning area, but the plans for such other area shall not have any legal or official status.

# §140.50.10. Master plan

A. It is the function and duty of the commission to make and recommend to the town council and the police jury a master plan for the physical development of the municipality, including any areas outside of its boundaries which, in the commission's judgment, bear relation to the planning of the municipality.

B. The master plan, consisting of maps, plats, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall show the commission's recommendations for such physical development, and may include, among other things, the general location, character and extent of streets, bridges, viaducts, parks, parkways, waterway and waterfront

developments, playgrounds, airports, and other public ways, grounds, places and spaces; the general location of public buildings, schools and school sites, and other public property; the general location and extent of public utilities and terminals, whether publicly or privately owned, for water, power, heat, light, sanitation, transportation, communication, and other purposes; the acceptance, widening, removal, extensions, re-location, narrowing, vacation, abandonment, or change of use of any of the foregoing public ways, grounds, places, spaces, buildings, properties, utilities, or terminals; a zoning plan for the regulation of the height, area, bulk, location, and use of private and public structures and premises, and of population density; the general location, character, layout, the extent of the neighborhood units and communities or groups of neighborhood units, of neighborhood and community centers; and of the general character, extent, and layout of the replanning of blighted districts and slum areas.

C. The commission may, from time to time, recommend amendments to extend or add to the plan.

# §140.50.11. General purpose of the plan

In the preparation of the master plan, the commission shall make careful and comprehensive surveys and studies of the existing conditions and probable future growth of the municipality and its environs. The plan shall be made with the general purpose of guiding and accomplishing a coordinated, adjusted, and harmonious development of the metropolitan planning area which will, in accordance with existing and future needs, best promote public health, safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity, or the general welfare, as well as efficiency and economy in the process of development.

# §140.50.12. Adoption of master plan

A. The commission may recommend the adoption of the master plan as a whole, or, as the work of making the whole master plan progresses, may from time to time recommend a part or parts thereof, any such part to correspond generally with one or more of the functional subdivisions of the subject matter of the plan.

B.(1) The adoption of the plan or any part, amendment, or addition shall be by resolution carried by the affirmative vote of a majority of the town council, in the case of its applicability to the municipality, or by the police jury, in the case of its applicability to areas outside of the municipality.

(2) The resolution shall refer expressly to the maps, descriptive matter, and

other matters intended by the commission to form the whole or part of the plan, and the action taken shall be recorded on the adopted plan or part thereof by the identifying signature of the secretary of the town council or the police jury, and a copy of the plan or part thereof shall be certified to each of the following: the town council, the police jury, the Bossier Parish school board, and the clerk of court and recorder of the parish, who shall record such plan or part thereof on the conveyance records of the parish.

C. The plan or part thereof shall take effect after the date it has been adopted by the town council, in the case of its applicability to the municipality, or by the police jury, in the case of its applicability to areas outside the municipality.

# §140.50.13. Miscellaneous powers of the commission

A. The commission may make reports and recommendations relating to the plan and development of the area within its jurisdiction to public officials and agencies, public utility companies, civic, educational, professional and other organizations and citizens.

B. The commission may recommend to the executive or legislative officials of the municipality and parish, and to other public or semi-public boards, commissions, agencies, or other bodies, programs for public improvements and the financing thereof. All public officials shall, upon request, make available to the commission, within a reasonable time, such available information as it may require for its work.

C. Members and employees of the commission, in the performance of their functions, may enter upon any land, make examinations and surveys, and place and maintain necessary monuments and marks thereon.

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A. After adoption of the master plan or any part thereof, no street, park, or any public way, ground, place, or space, no public building or structure, school or school site, and no public utility, whether publicly or privately owned, shall be constructed or authorized in the area of the adopted plan until and unless the location and extent thereof has been submitted to and approved by the commission; in the case of disapproval, the commission shall communicate its reasons to the town council or police jury, as appropriate, and the town council or police jury, by a vote of not less than two-thirds of its entire membership, shall have the power to overrule such disapproval and, upon such overruling, the town council, police jury, or the appropriate board or officer shall have the power to proceed. However, if the public way, ground, place, space, building, structure, school or school site, or utility be one the authorization or financing of which does not, under the law or charter provisions governing the same, fall within the province of the town council or police jury or other body or official of the municipality or of the parish, then the submission to the commission shall be by the board or official having such jurisdiction, and the commission's disapproval may be overruled by such board by a vote of not less than two-thirds of its entire membership or by such official.

B. The acceptance, widening, removal, extension, relocation, narrowing, vacation, abandonment, change of use, acquisition of land for, or sale or lease of any street or other public way, ground, place, property, or structure shall be subject to similar submission and approval, and the failure to approve may be similarly overruled. The secretary of the commission or his deputy shall issue a receipt showing the date, time, and sufficient description to identify any document submitted to it for approval.

C. The failure of the commission to act within sixty days from the date of official filing shall be deemed approval, unless a longer period be granted by the town council, police jury, or other submitting agency or official, provided that the

acceptance, widening, removal, extension, relocation, narrowing, vacation, abandonment, change of use, acquisition of land for, or sale or lease of any street, or other public way, ground, place, property, or structure by the police jury or by the town council, as the case may be, need not be submitted for approval by the commission unless in conflict with such master plan.

#### §140.50.15. Effective date

A. In creating a commission pursuant to this Subpart, the town council and the police jury shall, by mutual agreement, designate the date upon which the powers, duties, and authority of the commission shall take effect. Until such time, the planning commission for the town for Haughton shall be continued with all its powers and duties, and by the designated date, the planning commission for the town of Haughton shall turn over to the commission all of its records, plans, studies, or other instruments of its work and planning.

B. Upon the designated date, the powers of the planning commission for the town of Haughton in conflict with the provisions of this Subpart shall cease to exist; however, such plans or parts thereof as have been lawfully adopted by the planning commission for the town of Haughton, including but not limited to the subdivision regulations, major street plan, and zoning plan, shall continue in effect and shall be administered by the commission until repealed or replaced by the commission in accordance with this Subpart.

## §140.50.16. Commission as platting authority

After the commission has recommended and the town council and the police jury have adopted a master plan in whole or in part, no plat of a subdivision of land lying within the area covered by such plan shall be filed or recorded until it has been submitted to and approved by the commission and such approval entered in writing on the plat by the secretary of the commission. The clerk of court and recorder shall not file or record a plat of a subdivision without the approval of the commission as required by this Subpart; a plat of a subdivision filed or recorded without the approval of the commission as required by this Section is void.

#### §140.50.17. Subdivision regulations

A. In exercising the powers granted to it by this Subpart, the commission shall recommend regulations governing the subdivision of land within the metropolitan planning area. Such regulations may provide for the harmonious development of the metropolitan planning area; for the coordination of streets within subdivisions with other existing or planned streets or with other features of the master plan or official map of the metropolitan planning area; for adequate open spaces for traffic, recreation, light and air; and for the distribution of population and traffic which will tend to create conditions favorable to health, safety, convenience, or prosperity.

B. Such regulations may include requirements as to the extent to which and the manner in which streets shall be graded and improved and water, sewer, and other utility mains, piping, connections, or other facilities shall be installed as a condition precedent to the approval of the plat. The regulations or practice of the commission may provide for the tentative approval of the plat previous to such improvement and installation, but any such tentative approval shall not be entered on the plat. Such regulations may provide that, in lieu of the completion of such work and installations previous to the final approval of a plat, the commission may accept a bond, in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to it, providing for the securing to the municipality and the parish, as appropriate, the actual construction and installation of such improvements and utilities within a period specified by the commission and expressed in the bond, and the town council and the police jury are hereby granted the power to enforce such bonds by all appropriate legal and equitable remedies.

C. Such regulations may provide, in lieu of the completion of such work and installations previous to the final approval of a plat, for an assessment or other method whereby the municipality or parish, as appropriate, is put in an assured position to do such work and make such installations at the cost of the owners of the property within the subdivision.

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D. Before recommending its subdivision regulations or any amendments thereto, the commission shall hold a public hearing thereon, at least ten days notice of the time and place of which shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality and in the parish; certified copies of these regulations shall be filed with the town council, police jury, and the clerk of court. The commission shall then present its recommendation for subdivision regulations to the town council or the police jury for adoption by the town council or the police jury, as the case may be. §140.50.18. Procedure on subdivision plats; appeals A.(1) The secretary of the commission or his deputy shall issue a receipt showing the date, time, and sufficient description to identify any plat submitted to it for approval. (2) The commission shall approve or disapprove the plat within sixty days thereof, otherwise the plat shall be deemed to be approved and a certificate to that effect shall be issued by the commission on demand; however, the applicant for commission approval may waive this requirement and consent to the extension of such period. (3) The ground of disapproval of any plat shall be stated upon the records of the commission, with the recorded vote of each member included in the records. (4) No plat shall be disapproved by the commission without affording a hearing thereon. B. Any applicant or other person may appeal commission approval or

B. Any applicant or other person may appeal commission approval or disapproval of a subdivision plat to the town council or the police jury, as the case may be, under such procedures and provisions as shall be established in the subdivision regulations.

# §140.50.19. Effect of plat approval on status of dedications

The approval of a plat by the commission shall not be deemed to constitute or affect any acceptance by the municipality or parish or public body of the dedication of any street or other ground shown upon the plat.

§140.50.20. Penalties for transferring lots in unapproved subdivisions

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A. If the owner or the agent of the owner of any land located within the area covered by the adopted plan transfers or sells or agrees to sell or negotiates to sell such land by reference to or exhibition of or by other use of a plat of subdivision of such land before such plat has been approved by the commission and recorded in the office of the clerk of court and recorder of the parish, he shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each lot so transferred or sold or agreed or negotiated to be sold. The description by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or other document used in the process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the transaction from such penalties.

B. The municipality or parish, as appropriate, through its attorney or other designated official, may enjoin such transfer of sale or agreement by action for injunction or may recover the penalty by civil action.

#### §140.50.21. Acceptance of and improvements in unapproved streets

After the adoption of a master plan, in whole or in part, as provided in R.S. 33:140.50.16, the municipality or parish or other public body shall not accept, lay out, open, improve, grade, pave, or light any street within the area covered by the adopted plan, in conflict with the plan unless such street has been accepted or opened as, or has otherwise received the legal status of, a public street prior to the adoption of a master plan, or unless such street corresponds in its location and lines with a street shown on a subdivision plat approved by such commission or on a street plat made by and adopted by such commission. However, the town council or, in the case of a street outside of the municipality, the police jury may locate and construct or may accept any other street if the ordinance or other measure for such location and construction or for such acceptance be first submitted to such commission for its approval, and if disapproved by the commission, be passed by not less than twothirds of the entire membership of the town council or police jury, as appropriate. A street approved by the commission upon such submission, or constructed or accepted by such two-thirds vote after disapproval by the commission, shall have the status of an approved street as fully as though it has been originally shown on a

subdivision plat approved by the commission or on a plat made and adopted by the commission.

# §140.50.22. Building permits

After the commission has recommended to the town council and the police jury and the town council or police jury has adopted in whole or in part a building permit plan, including both the full text of a building permit ordinance and the map or maps showing the districts or zones in which building permits will be required, no building shall be erected in those areas without first having secured the required building permit.

# §140.50.23. Platting of street lines by commission

After the commission has recommended and the town council and the police jury have adopted a master plan in whole or in part which includes at least a major street plan, or has progressed in its master planning to the state of the making and recommending a major street plan, the commission may make or cause to be made, from time to time, plats on which are indicated the locations of the lines recommended by the commission as the planned or mapped lines of future streets, street extensions, street widenings, or street narrowings. The making or certifying of a plat by the commission shall not in and of itself constitute or be deemed to constitute the opening or establishment of any street or the taking or acceptance of any land for street purposes.

## §140.50.24. Establishment of official map

A. After the town council and the police jury have adopted a master plan which includes at least a major street plan, or the commission has progressed in its master planning to the state of the making and recommending of a major street plan, and shall have certified a copy of such major street plan to the town council and one to the police jury, then the town council and the police jury may establish an official map of the municipality, in the case of the town council, and that part of the parish within the area included within the adopted plan but outside the municipality, in the case of the police jury.

B. The official map shall show the location of the streets existing and established by law as public streets. Such official map may also show the location of the lines of streets on plats of subdivisions which have been approved by the commission. The town council and the police jury shall certify the fact of the establishment of the official map to the clerk of court and recorder of the parish.

§140.50.25. Official map; additions and changes

The town council and the police jury may add to the official map, each in its own jurisdiction, by placing thereon, from time to time, the lines of streets in accordance with the plat of any subdivision approved by the commission. The town council and the police jury may make, from time to time, other additions to or modifications of the official map by placing thereon the lines of planned new streets or street extensions, widenings, narrowings, or vacations. The placing of any street or street line upon the official map shall not, in or of itself, constitute or be deemed to constitute the opening or establishing of any street or the taking or accepting of any land for street purposes.

# §140.50.26. Regulation of buildings in bed of mapped streets

A. For the purpose of preserving the integrity of the official map, the town council and the police jury may provide by general ordinance or other legislative action that no permit shall be issued for any building or structure or part thereof on any land located between the mapped lines of any street as shown on the official map.

B. Any such ordinance or legislative act shall provide that the board of adjustment, as provided for in this Subpart, shall have the power, upon an appeal filed with it by the owner of any such land, to authorize the grant of a permit for a building or structure or part thereof within any such mapped street location in any case in which such board finds, upon the evidence and arguments presented to it upon such appeal that the property of the appellant of which such mapped street location forms a part will not yield a reasonable return to the owner unless such permit be granted, or that balancing the interest of the municipality or parish in preserving the integrity of the official map and the interest of the owner in the use

and benefits of his property, the grant of such permit is required by considerations of justice and equity.

C. Before taking any such action, the board of adjustment shall hold a hearing thereon, at least ten days notice of the time and place of which shall be given to the appellant by mail at the address specified by the appellant in his appeal petition. If the board of adjustment decides to authorize a building permit, it shall have the power to specify the exact location, ground area, height, and other details and conditions of extent and character, and also the duration of the building, structure or part thereof to be permitted.

§140.50.27. Municipal improvements in streets; buildings not on mapped streets

A. Except in streets existing and established by law as public streets at the date of the establishment of the official map, no public water facilities, sewer, or other public utilities or improvements shall be constructed after such date in any street until such street is duly placed on the official map.

B. The town council and the police jury may provide by ordinance that no permit for the erection of any building shall be issued unless a street giving access to such proposed building existed and was established by law as a public street at the time of the establishment of the official map or shall have been duly placed on the official map in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 33:140.50.24 and R.S. 33:140.50.25; provided, however, that such ordinance shall contain provision whereby the applicant for such permit may appeal to the board of adjustment, hearing upon which appeal and notice of the time and place of which shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and parish, and such board shall have the authority to authorize such a permit, subject to such conditions as the board may impose, where the circumstances of the case do not require the proposed building to be related to the existing streets or to streets as shown on the official map and where the permit would not tend to distort or increase the difficulty of carrying out the official map of the master plan of the municipality.

#### §140.50.28. Grant of power

For the purpose of promoting the public health, safety, morals, convenience, order, prosperity and general welfare, the town council and the police jury are hereby empowered, in accordance with the conditions and the procedures specified in this Subpart, to regulate the location, height, bulk, number of stories and size of buildings and other structures, the percentage of the lot which may be occupied, the sizes of yards, courts or other open spaces, the density of population, and the uses of buildings, structures and land for trade, industry, residence, recreation, civic activities, and other purposes, within the municipality, in the case of the municipality, and within that part of the parish within the metropolitan planning area but outside the municipality in the case of the parish.

# §140.50.29. Zoning plan

A. If the commission recommends to the town council and to the police jury a zoning plan, including both the full text of a zoning ordinance and the map or maps, representing the recommendations of the commission for the regulation by districts or zones of the location, height, bulk, number of stories, and size of buildings and other structures, the percentage of the lot which may be occupied, the size of yards, courts and other open spaces, the density of population, and the uses of buildings, structures, and land for trade, industry, residence, recreation, civic activities, and other purposes, then the town council and the police jury may exercise the powers granted for the purpose mentioned in R.S. 33:140.50.28 and may divide the municipality or that part of the parish within the metropolitan planning area outside the municipality, as the case may be, into districts or zones of such number, shape, and area as it may determine, and, for such purposes, may regulate the erection, construction, reconstruction, conversion, alteration, and uses of buildings and structures and the uses of land.

B. All such regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of building throughout each district, but the regulations in one district may differ from those in other districts.

#### §140.50.30. Method of procedure

Before enacting the zoning ordinance or any amendment thereto, the town council or the police jury, as the case may be, shall hold a public hearing thereon, at least ten days notice of the time and place of which shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the parish. The zoning ordinance, including the map or maps, may from time to time be amended; but no amendment shall become effective unless it be first submitted to and approved by the commission, or, if disapproved, shall receive the favorable vote of not less than two-thirds of the entire membership of the town council or the police jury, as the case may be.

# §140.50.31. Non-conforming uses

A. The lawful use of a building or premises exactly as such use existed at the time of the enactment of any regulation affecting it may be continued although such use does not conform with the provisions of such regulation. The town council or the police jury, as appropriate, may provide for the termination of non-conforming uses either by specifying the period or periods within which they shall be required to cease or by providing a formula or formulas whereby the compulsory termination of a non-conforming use shall be so fixed as to allow a reasonable period for the recovery or amortization of the investment in the non-conformance or with adequate compensation by a court of competent jurisdiction.

B. The town council or the police jury, as appropriate, may in its discretion provide by ordinance for the resumption, restoration, reconstruction, extension, or substitution of non-conforming uses upon such terms and conditions as may be set forth in the ordinance.

#### §140.50.32. Board of adjustment

A.(1) The zoning ordinances shall provide for a board of adjustment composed of five members. Two members shall be appointed by the town council, two members shall be appointed by the policy jury, and one member shall be appointed jointly by the town council and the police jury.

(2) All members of the board shall be residents and qualified voters of the metropolitan area.

1	(3) Members shall serve four-year terms after initial terms as provided in this
2	Subsection. One member shall serve an initial term of one year, one member shall
3	serve two years; one member shall serve three years, and two members shall serve
4	four years, as determined by lot at the first meeting of the board of adjustment.
5	(4) Members shall be eligible for reappointment.
6	(5) Members shall serve without compensation.
7	(6) Vacancies resulting from the expiration of a term or any other reason
8	shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term in the manner of the original
9	appointment.
10	B. The zoning ordinance may provide and specify general rules to govern the
11	organization and procedure of such board of adjustment, which rules shall not be
12	inconsistent with the provisions of this Subpart.
13	C.(1) The zoning ordinance may provide that the board of adjustment may
14	permit special exemptions to the zoning regulations in the classes of cases or
15	situations and in accordance with the principles, conditions, safeguards, and
16	procedures specified in the ordinance.
17	(2) The ordinance may also authorize the board of adjustment to interpret the
18	zoning maps and pass upon disputed questions of lot lines or district boundary lines
19	or similar questions as they arise in the administration of the zoning regulations.
20	(3) The ordinance may further authorize the board of adjustment to grant a
21	variance from the strict application of zoning regulations where other procedures for
22	variance or modification are not specified in the zoning ordinance.
23	D. Appeals to the board of adjustment may be taken by any person aggrieved
24	or by any officer, department, board or bureau of the town or parish affected by any
25	grant or refusal of a building permit or other act or decision of the building inspector
26	or permit and zoning clerk of the municipality or parish or other administrative
27	official based in whole or in part upon the provisions of any ordinance enacted under
28	this Subpart.

E. The board of adjustment shall have the following powers:

(1) To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged by the appellant that there is error in any order, requirement, permit, decision, or refusal made by the municipal building commissioner or any other administrative official in the carrying-out or enforcement of any provision of any ordinance enacted pursuant to this Subpart.

- (2) To hear and decide, in accordance with the provisions of any such ordinance, request for special exceptions or for interpretations of the map or for decisions upon other special questions upon which such board is authorized by any such ordinance to pass.
- (3) To hear and decide on requests for a variance from the strict application of the zoning regulations where no other procedure for obtaining relief is specified in the ordinance and where due to exceptional topographic conditions or other extraordinary and exceptional characteristics of a specific piece of property, the strict application of regulations would result in peculiar and exceptional or undue hardship upon the owner of such property, provided such relief may be granted without substantial detriment to the public good and without substantially impairing the intent and purpose of the zoning plan and zoning ordinance.

# §140.50.33. Enforcement and remedies

The town council and the police jury may provide for the enforcement of any ordinance enacted under this Subpart. A violation of any such ordinance is hereby declared a misdemeanor. In case any building or structure is or is proposed to be erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, converted, or maintained, or any building structure, or land is or is proposed to be used in violation of any ordinance enacted pursuant to this Subpart, the building inspector, permit and zoning clerk, municipal or parish counsel, or other appropriate authority of the municipality or of the parish, or any adjacent or neighboring property owner who would be specifically damaged by such violation, may, in addition to other remedies, institute injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, conversion, maintenance, or use,

or to correct or abate such violation, or to prevent the occupancy of such building, structure, or land.

# §140.50.34. Conflict with other laws

A. If regulations made pursuant to the authority of this Subpart require a greater width or size of yards, courts, or other open spaces, or require a lower height of buildings or fewer number of stories, or require a greater percentage of lot to be left unoccupied, or impose other higher standards than are required in any other provision of state law, the regulations made pursuant to the authority of this Subpart shall govern.

B. If any other provision of state law requires a greater width or size of yards, courts, or other open spaces, or require a greater percentage of lot to be left unoccupied, or impose other higher standards than are required by the regulations made pursuant to the authority of this Subpart, the provisions of any such law shall govern.

## §140.50.35. Existing zoning ordinances

Zoning ordinances of the town shall continue in effect until amended or repealed by ordinances enacted pursuant to the provisions of this Subpart.

# §140.50.36. Grant of power

For the purposes of promoting the public health, safety, morals, convenience, order, prosperity, and general welfare, the town council and the police jury are hereby empowered, in accordance with the conditions and procedures specified in this Subpart, to adopt housing codes prescribing minimum standards for the area, volume, light, air, ventilation, illumination, occupancy and density of occupancy, and sanitation of dwellings and dwelling places; to adopt building codes, plumbing codes, electrical codes and related measures to regulate the construction, reconstruction, alteration, extension, conversion, or maintenance of buildings; to regulate by building and housing codes or other measures or ordinances conditions of sanitation, including requirements for water supply and sewerage disposal and

drainage; and to adopt such other ordinances, regulations, and plans as, in their judgment, are necessary to effect the rehabilitation of substandard dwellings and blighted areas within the municipality, in the case of the municipality, and within that part of the parish within the metropolitan planning area but outside the municipality, in the case of the parish; provided, however, that such codes, ordinances, plans or other measures may be adopted with respect only to such portion of the metropolitan planning area outside the municipality as, in the judgment of the police jury, is deemed necessary.

#### §140.50.37. Commission recommendations

The commission may prepare and recommend to the town council and the police jury for adoption such codes, ordinances, plans, or other measures as, in its judgment, may be necessary to accomplish the purpose of this Subpart.

## §140.50.38. Method of procedure

Before adopting any code, ordinance, plan, or other measure pursuant to this Subpart, the town council or the police jury, as the case may be, shall hold a public hearing thereon, at least ten days notice of the time and place of which shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality or in the parish, as the case may be.

#### §140.50.39. Enforcement and remedies

The town council and the police jury may provide, in their respective jurisdictions, for the enforcement of any code, ordinance, or other measure enacted under this Subpart. A violation of any such code, ordinance, or other measure is hereby declared a misdemeanor. In case any building or structure is or is proposed to be constructed, reconstructed, altered, extended, converted, or maintained in violation of any code or ordinance enacted under this Subpart, the building inspector, permit or zoning clerk, municipal or parish counsel, or other appropriate authority of the municipality or of the parish, or any adjacent or neighboring property owner who would be specifically damaged by such violation, may, in addition to other

1	remedies, institute injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceeding						
2	to prevent such unlawful construction, reconstruction, alteration, extension,						
3	conversion, maintenance, or use, or to correct or abate such violation, or to prevent						
4	the occupancy of such building.						
	SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES						
	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE						
	GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA						

**ENROLLED** 

HB NO. 533

APPROVED: