## 2023 Regular Session

#### HOUSE BILL NO. 416

### BY REPRESENTATIVE BISHOP

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

JUVENILES: Provides relative to threats, attempts, or acts of violence through bomb threats by a minor child

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 14:54.6(B) and Children's Code Articles 897.1(E)(introductory
3	paragraph), (F), and (G) and 899(B), (C), (D)(introductory paragraph), and
4	(E)(introductory paragraph), and to enact R.S. 14:2(B)(60) and Children's Code
5	Articles 897.1(H) and (I) and 899(F) and (G), relative to juveniles who commit the
6	crime of communicating false information of a planned bombing on school property,
7	at a school-sponsored function, or in a firearm-free zone; to provide for penalties; to
8	provide relative to crimes of violence; and to provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. R.S. 14:54.6(B) is hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 14:2(B)(60)
11	is hereby enacted to read as follows:
12	§2. Definitions
13	B. In this Code, "crime of violence" means an offense that has, as an
14	element, the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the
15	person or property of another, and that, by its very nature, involves a substantial risk
16	that physical force against the person or property of another may be used in the
17	course of committing the offense or an offense that involves the possession or use
18	of a dangerous weapon. The following enumerated offenses and attempts to commit
19	any of them are included as "crimes of violence":
20	* * *

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	(60) Communicating of false information of a planned bombing on school
2	property, at a school-sponsored function, or in a firearm-free zone.
3	* * *
4	§54.6. Communicating of false information of planned bombing on school property,
5	at a school-sponsored function, or in a firearm-free zone
6	* * *
7	B.(1) Except as provided in Paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this Subsection,
8	Whoever whoever commits the crime of communicating of false information of a
9	planned bombing <sup>+</sup> on school property, at a school-sponsored function, or in a
10	firearm-free zone as defined in R. S. 14:95.6(A) shall be imprisoned with or without
11	hard labor for not more than twenty years. Upon commitment to the Department of
12	Public Safety and Corrections after conviction for a crime committed on school
13	property, at a school sponsored function or in a firearm-free zone, the department
14	shall have the offender evaluated through appropriate examinations or tests
15	conducted under the supervision of the department. Such evaluation shall be made
16	within thirty days of the order of commitment.
17	(2) When the offender is under eighteen years of age, he and his parent,
18	guardian, or legal custodian shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of
19	Children's Code Article 897.1(E) and (F) or 899(B) and (C).
20	(3) For a second offense when the offender is under eighteen years of age,
21	he and his parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall be punished in accordance with
22	the provisions of Children's Code Article 897.1(E) and (F) or 899(B) and (C).
23	(4) For a third or subsequent offense when the offender is under eighteen
24	years of age, he and his parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall be punished in
25	accordance with the provisions of Children's Code Article 897.1(E) and (F) or
26	<u>899(B) and (C).</u>
27	* * *
28	Section 2. Children's Code Articles 897.1(E)(introductory paragraph), (F), and (G)
29	and 899(B), (C), (D)(introductory paragraph), and (E)(introductory paragraph) are hereby

## HLS 23RS-899

1	amended and reenacted and Children's Code Articles 897.1(H) and (I) and 899(F) and (G)
2	are hereby enacted to read as follows:

3	Art. 897.1. Disposition after adjudication of certain felony-grade delinquent acts
4	* * *
5	<u>E.(1)(a)</u> After adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act based upon a
6	violation of R.S. 14:54.6, the court shall order the child who is fourteen years of age
7	or older at the time of the commission of the offense to both of the following:
8	(i) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of
9	the court within thirty days of the adjudication.
10	(ii) Participation in the Louisiana National Guard's Youth Challenge
11	Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the
12	arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
13	(2)(a) After a second adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act based
14	upon a violation of R.S. 14:54.6, the court shall order the child who is fourteen years
15	of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to all of the following:
16	(i) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of
17	the court within thirty days of the adjudication.
18	(ii) Commitment of no longer than ninety days in a juvenile detention
19	facility.
20	(iii) Participation in the Louisiana National Guard's Youth Challenge
21	Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the
22	arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
23	(b) In addition, the court shall sentence the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or
24	other person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to not more than
25	one hundred twenty hours of community service.
26	(3)(a) After a third or subsequent adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent
27	act based upon a violation of R.S. 14:54.6, the court shall order the child who is
28	fourteen years of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to all of
29	the following:

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1	(i) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of
2	the court within thirty days of the adjudication.
3	(ii) Commitment of not more than one hundred twenty days in a juvenile
4	detention facility.
5	(iii) Participation in the Louisiana National Guard's Youth Challenge
6	Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the
7	arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
8	(iv) Enrollment in a court-approved course that teaches the values necessary
9	for his rehabilitation.
10	(b) In addition, the court shall sentence the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or
11	other person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to not more than
12	one hundred twenty hours of community service, thirty days of house arrest, or both.
13	<u>F.(1) In addition to the dispositions provided in Paragraph E of this Article,</u>
14	the court shall conduct a hearing in accordance with Code of Criminal Procedure
15	Article 875.1 to make a determination regarding the financial ability of the child's
16	parent, tutor, guardian, or other person who is financially responsible for the care of
17	the child to reimburse the responding agency, local municipality, sheriff's
18	department, or any other governmental agency or political subdivision for all
19	incurred costs pertaining to the response, prosecution, or any other activities that
20	result from a violation of R.S. 14:54.6.
21	(2) If the court determines that payment in full of the aggregate amount of $(2)$
22	all financial obligations imposed upon the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or other
23	person who is financially responsible for the care of the child would cause
24	substantial financial hardship, the court shall do either of the following:
25	(a) If the child attends a public school, order the school board governing the
26	school where the violation of R.S. 14:54.6 occurred to pay the cost.
27	(b) If the child attends a charter school, order the school board governing the
28	school where the violation of R.S. 14:54.6 occurred to pay the cost.

1	E = G. A motion for modification of a disposition shall be filed pursuant to
2	Article 910 et seq. and a contradictory hearing shall be set no sooner than thirty days
3	from the date of notice to the district attorney. To grant a motion for modification
4	of disposition, the court must find that the child poses a reduced risk to the
5	community based on the following considerations:
6	* * *
7	F. H. At least six months prior to the release of the child, the department
8	shall prepare an individualized and thorough transitional plan that identifies the
9	techniques, programs, personnel, and facilities that will be used to assist the child in
10	achieving a successful return to his family and the community. A copy of the
11	transitional plan shall be mailed to the court that ordered the disposition of
12	commitment.
13	G. I. The provisions of this Article shall apply to all children in the custody
14	of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, office of juvenile justice, on or
15	after August 1, 2018.
16	* * *
17	Art. 899. Disposition after adjudication of a misdemeanor-grade delinquent act
18	* * *
19	B.(1) After adjudication of a misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon
20	a violation of R.S. 14:54.6, the court shall order the child who is fourteen years of
21	age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to both of the following:
22	(a) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision
23	of the court within thirty days of the adjudication.
24	(b) Participation in the Louisiana National Guard's Youth Challenge
25	Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the
26	arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
27	(2)(a) After a second adjudication of a misdemeanor-grade delinquent act
28	based upon a violation of R.S. 14:54.6, the court shall order the child who is fourteen

1	years of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to all of the
2	following:
3	(i) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of
4	the court within thirty days of the adjudication.
5	(ii) Commitment of no longer than ninety days in a juvenile detention
6	facility.
7	(iii) Participation in the Louisiana National Guard's Youth Challenge
8	Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the
9	arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
10	(b) In addition, the court shall sentence the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or
11	other person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to not more than
12	one hundred twenty hours of community service.
13	(3)(a) After a third or subsequent adjudication of a misdemeanor-grade
14	delinquent act based upon a violation of R.S. 14:54.6, the court shall order the child
15	who is fourteen years of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to
16	all of the following:
17	(i) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of
18	the court within thirty days of the adjudication.
19	(ii) Commitment of no longer than one hundred twenty days in a juvenile
20	detention facility.
21	(iii) Participation in the Louisiana National Guard's Youth Challenge
22	Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the
23	arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
24	(iv) Enrollment in a court-approved course that teaches the values necessary
25	for his rehabilitation.
26	(b) In addition, the court shall sentence the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or
27	other person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to not more than
28	one hundred twenty hours of community service, thirty days of house arrest, or both.

1	C.(1) In addition to the dispositions provided in Paragraph B of this Article,	
2	the court shall conduct a hearing in accordance with Code of Criminal Procedure	
3	Article 875.1 to make a determination regarding the financial ability of the child's	
4	parent, tutor, guardian, or other person who is financially responsible for the care of	
5	the child to reimburse the responding agency, local municipality, sheriff's	
6	department, or any other governmental agency or political subdivision for all	
7	incurred costs pertaining to the response, prosecution, or any other activities that	
8	result from a violation of R.S. 14:54.6.	
9	(2) If the court determines that payment in full of the aggregate amount of	
10	all financial obligations imposed upon the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or other	
11	person who is financially responsible for the care of the child would cause	
12	substantial financial hardship, the court shall do either of the following:	
13	(a) If the child attends a public school, order the school board governing the	
14	school where the violation of R.S. 14:54.6 occurred to pay the cost.	
15	(b) If the child attends a charter school, order the school board governing the	
16	school where the violation of R.S. 14:54.6 occurred to pay the cost.	
17	<b>B</b> . <u>D</u> . As conditions of probation, if ordered pursuant to Subparagraph (A)(3)	
18	of this Article:	
19	* * *	
20	C. E. The court may commit the child to the custody of a private or public	
21	institution or agency. When commitment is to be made to a private institution or	
22	agency, the court shall:	
23	* * *	
24	$\overline{D}$ . <u>F.</u> If the child is thirteen years of age or older at the time of the	
25	commission of the delinquent act, the court may commit the child to the custody of	
26	the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, with or without a recommendation	
27	that the child be placed in alternative care facilities through the department's client	
28	placement process, or be referred to appropriate placement resources in the state	
29	available through other public or private agencies.	

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- 1 E. H. The court may impose but suspend the execution of the whole or part 2 of any authorized order of commitment and place the child on probation subject to any of the terms and conditions authorized under Paragraph  $\frac{D}{D}$  of this Article.
- 3

## DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 416 Original	2023 Regular Session	Bishop
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Abstract: Provides relative to juveniles who commit the crime of communicating false information of a planned bombing on school property, at a school-sponsored function, or in a firearm-free zone and provides for penalties.

Present law (R.S. 14:2(B)) provides for a definition of "crime of violence" and contains an enumerated list of offenses that constitute a "crime of violence".

Proposed law (R.S. 14:2(B)) retains present law and designates the crime of communicating false information of a planned bombing on school property, at a school-sponsored function, or in a firearm-free zone as a crime of violence.

Present law (R.S. 14:54.6) provides for the crime of communicating false information of a planned bombing on school property, at a school-sponsored function, or in a firearm-free zone and provides for penalties.

Proposed law retains present law regarding the elements of the crime and the penalty, but provides for additional penalties as follows:

- When the offender is under 18 years of age, he and his parent, guardian, or legal (1)custodian shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of proposed law (Ch.C. Art. 897.1(E) and (F) or 899(B) and (C)).
- For a second offense when the offender is under 18 years of age, he and his parent, (2)guardian, or legal custodian shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of proposed law (Ch.C. Art. 897.1(E) and (F) or 899(B) and (C)).
- (3) For a third or subsequent offense when the offender is under 18 years of age, he and his parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of proposed law (Ch.C. Art. 897.1(E) and (F) or 899(B) and (C)).

Present laws (Ch.C. Art. 897.1 and 899) provide for the disposition of a juvenile after an adjudication of certain felony-grade delinquent acts and certain misdemeanor-grade delinquent acts.

Proposed law retains present laws.

Proposed law provides that after adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act or misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon a violation of present law (R.S. 14:54.6), the court shall order the child who is 14 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to both of the following:

A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of the court (1)within 30 days of the adjudication.

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(2) Participation in the La. National Guard's Youth Challenge Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that after a second adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act or misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon a violation of <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:54.6), the court shall order the child who is 14 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to all of the following:

- (1) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of the court within 30 days of the adjudication.
- (2) Commitment of no longer than 90 days in a juvenile detention facility.
- (3) Participation in the La. National Guard's Youth Challenge Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that in addition to the punishment imposed for a second adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act or misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon a violation of <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:54.6), the court shall sentence the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or other person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to not more than 120 hours of community service.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that after a third or subsequent adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act or misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon a violation of <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:54.6), the court shall order the child who is 14 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the offense to all of the following:

- (1) A mental examination and evaluation conducted under the supervision of the court within 30 days of the adjudication.
- (2) Commitment of not more than 120 days in a juvenile detention facility.
- (3) Participation in the La. National Guard's Youth Challenge Program, or any similar program agreed upon by the district attorney and the arresting law enforcement agency through a deferred dispositional agreement.
- (4) Enrollment in a court-approved course that teaches the values necessary for his rehabilitation.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that in addition to the punishment imposed for a third or subsequent adjudication of a felony-grade delinquent act or misdemeanor-grade delinquent act based upon a violation of <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:54.6), the court shall sentence the child's parent, tutor, guardian, or other person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to not more than 120 hours of community service, 30 days of house arrest, or both.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that in addition to the dispositions provided in <u>proposed law</u>, the court shall conduct a hearing in accordance with <u>present law</u> (C.Cr.P. Art. 875.1) to make a determination regarding the financial ability of the person who is financially responsible for the care of the child to reimburse the responding agency, local municipality, sheriff's department, or any other governmental agency or political subdivision for all incurred costs pertaining to the response, prosecution, or any other activities that result from a violation of <u>present law</u> (R.S. 14:54.6).

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if the court determines that payment in full of the aggregate amount of all financial obligations imposed upon the person who is financially responsible

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for the care of the child would cause substantial financial hardship, the court shall do either of the following:

- (1) If the child attends a public school, order the school board governing the school where the violation of present law (R.S. 14:54.6) occurred to pay the cost.
- (2) If the child attends a charter school, order the school board governing the school where the violation of present law (R.S. 14:54.6) occurred to pay the cost.

(Amends R.S. 14:54.6(B)and Ch.C. Arts. 897.1(E)(intro. para.), (F), and (G) and 899(B), (C), (D)(intro. para.), and (E)(intro. para.); Adds R.S. 14:2(B)(60) and Ch.C. Arts. 897.1(H) and (I) and 899(F) and (G))