HLS 19RS-245 ORIGINAL

2019 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 331

1

BY REPRESENTATIVE LEGER AND SENATORS MORRELL AND PETERSON

TAX CREDITS: Changes the sound recording investment credit to a refundable tax credit and authorizes an additional base investment tax credit for resident copyrighted sound recordings

AN ACT

2	To amend and reenact R.S. 47:6023(B)(6), (7), and (8) and (C)(4)(b), to enact R.S.
3	47:6023(B)(9) and (C)(1)(e), and to repeal R.S. 47:6023(C)(4)(a)(iv) and (J), relative
4	to the sound recording investor tax credit; to provide for definitions; to authorize an
5	additional tax credit for certain copyrighted recordings; to limit the annual number
6	of certain copyrighted recordings that qualify for tax credits; to authorize the
7	payment of refunds under certain circumstances; to provide for certain requirements
8	and limitations; to provide for effective date; and to provide for related matters.
9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
10	Section 1. R.S. 47:6023(B)(6), (7), and (8) and (C)(4)(b) are hereby amended and
1	reenacted and R.S. 47:6023(B)(9) and (C)(1)(e) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
12	§6023. Sound recording investor tax credit
13	* * *
4	B. Definitions. For the purposes of this Section:
15	* * *
16	(6) "Resident copyright" means the copyright of a musical composition
17	written by a Louisiana resident or owned by a Louisiana domiciled music company
18	as evidenced by documents of ownership such as registrations with the United States

<u>C</u>	opyright Off	ice or	perfori	ning	right	s organ	izatio	ons w	nich c	lenote	authors a	and music
<u>p</u>	ublishing en	tities.										
	(6)(7)	""		1.				1.	0			

(6)(7) "Sound recording" means a recording of music, poetry, or spokenword performance made in Louisiana, in whole or in part. The term "sound recording" shall not include the audio portions of dialogue or words spoken and recorded as part of television news coverage or athletic events.

(7)(8) "Sound recording production company" shall mean a company engaged in the business of producing sound recordings as defined in this Section. Sound recording production company shall not mean or include any person or company, or any company owned, affiliated, or controlled, in whole or in part, by any company or person, which is in default on a loan made by the state or a loan guaranteed by the state, nor which has ever declared bankruptcy under which an obligation of the company or person to pay or repay public funds or monies was discharged as a part of such bankruptcy.

(8)(9) "State-certified production" means a sound recording production, or a series of productions, including but not limited to master and demonstration recordings, occurring over the course of a twelve-month period, and base investment related to such production or productions that are approved by the Louisiana Department of Economic Development within one hundred eighty days of the receipt by the Department of Economic Development of a complete application for initial certification of a production. If the production is not approved within one hundred eighty days, the Department of Economic Development shall provide a written report to the Senate Committee on Revenue and Fiscal Affairs and the House Committee on Ways and Means which states the reason that the production has not been approved.

- C. Investor tax credit; state-certified productions.
- (1) There is hereby authorized a credit against the state income tax for investments made in state-certified productions. The tax credit shall be earned by investors at the time expenditures are certified by the Louisiana Department of

1	Economic Development according to the total base investment certified for the sound
2	recording production company per calendar year; however, no credit shall be allowed
3	under this Section for any expenditures for which a credit was granted under R.S.
4	47:6007, 6022, or 6034.
5	* * *
6	(e) Resident copyright credit. To the extent that the base investment by a
7	QMC is expended on a sound recording production of a resident copyright, the
8	investor shall be allowed an additional ten percent increase in the base investment
9	<u>rate.</u>
10	* * *
11	(4)(a) Company-based QMC payroll credit. A business shall be eligible for
12	participation in the program if the business meets all of the following criteria:
13	* * *
14	(b) Notwithstanding the amount of the credit earned by the investor pursuant
15	to this Section, application of tax credits earned and claimed against an investor's
16	income tax liability shall never reduce the investor's income tax liability below fifty
17	percent of the amount of the liability prior to application of the credit. Any excess
18	credit may be carried forward for up to five years and shall be applied against the
19	subsequent income tax liability of the taxpayer. If the amount of the credit
20	authorized pursuant to the provisions of this Section exceeds the amount of
21	taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year, the excess credit amount shall be refunded to
22	the taxpayer. The secretary shall make refunds to the taxpayer in the amount to
23	which he is entitled from the current collections of the taxes collected pursuant to
24	Chapter 1 and Chapter 5 of Subtitle II of this Title.
25	* * *
26	Section 2. R.S. 47:6023(C)(4)(a)(iv) and (J) are hereby repealed in their entirety.
27	Section 3. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not
28	signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature
29	by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If

- 1 vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become
- 2 effective on the day following such approval.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 331 Original

2019 Regular Session

Leger

Abstract: Authorizes an additional 10% base investment credit if the base investment is expended by a Qualified Music Company (QMC) on a sound recording production of a resident copyright and changes the credit <u>from</u> a non-refundable credit <u>to</u> a refundable tax credit.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes a state income tax credit for investments made in state-certified productions until July 1, 2021. The tax credit shall be earned by investors at the time expenditures are certified by the Dept. of Economic Development (DED) according to the total base investment certified for the sound recording production company per calendar year. The aggregate amount of credits that can be certified each year is limited to \$2,160,000; however, 50% of the credits certified each year shall be reserved for QMCs.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the amount of the credit for each investor for state-certified productions received on or after July 1, 2017, is 18% of the base investment made by that investor in excess of \$25,000 or, if a resident of this state, in excess of \$10,000. <u>Present law</u> provides for the following additional tax credits for state-certified productions:

- (1) QMC Tier 1 payroll credit of 10% for each new job with a salary of \$35,000 through \$66,000 per year.
- (2) QMC Tier 2 payroll credit of 15% for each new job with a salary of \$66,000 or more

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but adds an additional 10% increase in the base investment credit if the base investment is expended by a QMC on a sound recording production of a resident copyright. <u>Proposed law</u> defines a "resident copyright" as a copyright of a musical composition written by a La. resident or owned by a La. domiciled music company as evidenced by documents of ownership such as registrations with the U.S. Copyright Office or performing rights organizations which denote authors and music publishing entities.

<u>Present law</u> sets forth criteria a company must meet in order to be eligible for the QMC payroll credit. The criteria includes that the business be engaged directly or indirectly in the production, distribution, and promotion of music, that the business create a minimum of three new jobs meeting or exceeding the Tier 1 minimum wage requirements, and that the business be a music publisher, sound recording studio, booking agent, or artist management.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but repeals the requirement that the business be a music publisher, sound recording studio, booking agent, or artist management in order to qualify for the QMC payroll.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits the application of tax credits earned and claimed against an investor's income tax liability from reducing the investor's income tax liability below 50% prior to application of the credit, regardless of the amount of the credit the investor earned. Further authorizes the investor to carry forward unused tax credits for up to five years to be applied against the investor's tax liability in subsequent years.

Page 4 of 5

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes <u>present law</u> to delete the limitation on the amount of credit that may be used in any taxable year to offset the investor's tax liability *and* converts the tax credit <u>from</u> a credit that requires the carry forward of unused credits for up to five years <u>to</u> a refundable tax credit wherein the amount of the tax credit which exceeds the taxpayer's liability is refunded to the taxpayer. <u>Proposed law</u> requires the secretary of the Dept. of Revenue to make refunds from the current income and corporate franchise tax collections.

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 47:6023(B)(6), (7), and (8) and (C)(4)(b); Adds R.S. 47:6023(B)(9) and (C)(1)(e); Repeals R.S. 47:6023(C)(4)(a)(iv) and (J))