HLS 20RS-612 ORIGINAL

2020 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 268

1

BY REPRESENTATIVE BRASS

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS: Adds statewide civilian emergency dispatchers to the definition of "first responders" for certain purposes

AN ACT

2	To amend and reenact R.S. 23:1017.1(6) and R.S. 29:723(1) through (17) and 739(C) and
3	to enact R.S. 29:723(18), relative to first responders; to provide relative to
4	emergency assistance and preparedness; to expand the definition of first responders
5	to include civilian emergency dispatchers; to provide for a definition of civilian
6	emergency dispatchers; and to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. R.S. 23:1017.1 is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
9	§1017.1. Definitions
10	Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and
11	terms, when used in this Part, shall have the following meanings:
12	* * *
13	(6) "First responder" means a volunteer engaged in activities involving the
14	Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness pursuant to
15	R.S. 29:721 et seq., and first responders as defined in R.S. 40:1231 including but not
16	limited to medical personnel, emergency and medical technicians, volunteer firemen,
17	auxiliary law enforcement officers, civilian emergency dispatchers as defined by
18	R.S. 29:723(1), and members of the Civil Air Patrol.
19	* * *

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	Section 2. R.S. 29:723(1) through (17) and 739(C) are hereby amended and
2	reenacted and R.S. 29:723(18) is hereby enacted to read as follows:
3	§723. Definitions
4	As used in this Chapter:
5	(1) "Civilian emergency dispatcher" means an emergency response operator
6	or emergency services dispatcher who provides communication support services for
7	an agency by responding to requests for assistance in emergencies, including any
8	other emergency response personnel employed by an agency.
9	(1)(2) "Designated emergency area" means the specific area, which shall be
10	limited to the actual affected local area or parish or parishes or such areas as
11	designated in an executive order or proclamation of the governor or parish president.
12	(2)(3) "Disaster" means the result of a natural or man-made event which
13	causes loss of life, injury, and property damage, including but not limited to natural
14	disasters such as hurricane, tornado, storm, flood, high winds, and other weather
15	related events, forest and marsh fires, and man-made disasters, including but not
16	limited to nuclear power plant incidents, hazardous materials incidents, oil spills,
17	explosion, civil disturbances, public calamity, acts of terrorism, hostile military
18	action, and other events related thereto.
19	(3)(4) "Emergency" means either of the following:
20	(a) The actual or threatened condition which has been or may be created by
21	a disaster ; or .
22	(b)(i) Any natural or man-made event which results in an interruption in the
23	delivery of utility services to any consumer of such services and which affects the
24	safety, health, or welfare of a Louisiana resident; or.
25	(ii) Any instance in which a utility's property is damaged and such damage
26	creates a dangerous condition to the public.
27	(iii) Any national or state emergency, including acts of terrorism or a
28	congressional authorization or presidential declaration pursuant to the War Powers
29	Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.).

1 (4)(5) "Emergency preparedness" means the mitigation of, preparation for, 2 response to, and the recovery from emergencies or disasters. The term "emergency 3 preparedness" shall be synonymous with "civil defense", "emergency management", 4 and other related programs of similar name. 5 (5)(6) "Essential workforce" or "critical workforce" means public safety 6 officials, disaster response personnel, and other such employees of federal, state, and 7 local governmental agencies, or contractors of such agencies and specific private 8 sector employees, possessing important skills and training in emergency mitigation, 9 preparedness, response, and recovery as designated by the parish homeland security 10 and emergency preparedness agency or in the absence of such designation by the 11 parish homeland security and emergency preparedness agency, such designation by 12 the Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness. 13 Businesses who deem private sector employees essential or critical for mitigation, 14 preparedness, response, and recovery of private business assets and resources shall 15 identify such employees and obtain the necessary designation and credentials for 16 such employees to be classified essential or critical. In addition to identifying 17 personnel to the parish homeland security and emergency preparedness agency, or in the absence thereof, to the Governor's Office of Homeland Security and 18 19 Emergency Preparedness, a licensed private security company shall submit a list of 20 their employees and their assignment to the Louisiana State Board of Private 21 Security Examiners for any employee that the private security company wants to be 22 designated and classified as essential or critical workforce. 23 (6)(7) "Evacuation" means an operation whereby all or part of a particular 24 population is temporarily relocated, whether individually or in an organized manner, 25 from an area in which a disaster or emergency has been declared and is considered 26 dangerous for health or safety of the public. 27 (a) "Voluntary evacuation" or "advisory evacuation" means an evacuation 28 that may be ordered when a disaster or emergency has been declared and evacuation 29 is recommended due to the potential for rapidly changing conditions to develop into a serious threat and all persons in designated evacuation areas are recommended to consider relocating to safer locations for their own safety.

- (b)(i) "Mandatory evacuation" means an evacuation that may be ordered when a disaster or emergency has been declared and danger is imminent, conditions exist that seriously imperil or endanger the lives of those in a defined area, and government officials strongly urge and order all persons in designated evacuation areas to relocate to safer locations for their own safety. Personal discretion is not to be considered a deciding factor.
- (ii) A mandatory evacuation order applies to the public in general. All nonessential persons are ordered to immediately leave the area via the described evacuation routes. Exceptions to a mandatory evacuation order are those persons designated as essential workforce or critical workforce. However, persons designated as essential workforce or critical workforce are expected to eventually seek adequate shelter prior to the onset of emergency conditions.
- (c)(i) "Forced evacuation" means an evacuation that may be ordered as a last resort when a disaster or emergency has been declared and danger of loss of life is imminent, and conditions exist that critically imperil or endanger the lives of those in a defined area. During a forced evacuation, government officials may direct and compel all persons in designated evacuation areas to relocate to safer locations for their own safety.
- (ii) A forced evacuation order shall apply to the public in general and may include personnel designated as essential workforce or critical workforce. Forced evacuations are designed for small geographic areas affected by a local emergency or disaster. When a parish president determines that the size of the population or geographic area to be evacuated during a forced evacuation exceeds the local government's resources and capabilities to enforce the evacuation, he may request the governor to issue a state-forced evacuation order. The governor may utilize the national guard, state police, public safety agencies, or available federal agencies to enforce the evacuation order.

1	(iii) No person who refuses to evacuate an evacuation area after a forced
2	evacuation order has been issued shall have a cause of action for damages, death, or
3	injury against the state or any political subdivision thereof, or other agencies, or the
4	agents, employees, or representatives of any of them.
5	(7)(8) "First responders" means the first arriving organized responders with
6	the capability and mission to contain, mitigate, and resolve the emergency at hand.
7	"First responders" shall also include civilian emergency dispatchers.
8	(8)(9) "Homeland" means the state of Louisiana, and where the context
9	requires, means the parishes of the state of Louisiana, "the United States".
10	(9)(10) "Interoperability" means the ability of two or more systems or their
11	components to exchange information and to use the information exchanged.
12	(10)(11) "Interoperability for public safety" means the ability for emergency
13	services and public safety agencies to talk to one another via communications
14	systems and share information with one another accurately, on demand, in real time,
15	when needed, and when authorized, regardless of the device used.
16	(11)(12) "Local governmental subdivision" means a parish of the state of
17	Louisiana.
18	(12)(13) "Necessary designation and credentials" means appropriate
19	credentials obtained from the parish homeland security and emergency preparedness
20	agency or any regional cooperative of parish homeland security and emergency
21	preparedness agencies. In the absence of any plan by a parish homeland security and
22	emergency preparedness agency or regional cooperative, necessary designation and
23	credentials means appropriate credentials obtained in accordance with the State of
24	Louisiana Standard Operating Procedure Statewide Credentialing/Access Program.
25	(13)(14) "Parish president" means the president of any parish, mayor-
26	president, mayor of New Orleans (Orleans Parish), or police jury president.
27	(14)(15) "State Unified Command Group" or "UCG" means the group which
28	is established by executive order of the governor to bring senior officials within the
29	governor's office and cabinet secretaries or their designees together with a common

1	objective of effectively managing an incident and ensuring that regardless of the
2	number of agencies or jurisdictions involved, all decisions will be based upon
3	mutually agreed upon objectives with the governor as the unified commander.
4	(15)(16) "Statewide communications interoperability plan for first
5	responders" means a statewide shared communications system for first responders
6	with the ability to transport and receive voice, data, image, and video information
7	adopted by the interoperability subcommittee.
8	(16)(17) "Statewide interoperability plan" means short-term and long-term
9	statewide plans for interoperability for communications and information sharing
10	needed during an emergency and adopted by the state Unified Command Group.
11	(17)(18) "Terrorism" or "acts of terrorism" shall have the same meaning as
12	provided in R.S. 14:128.1.
13	* * *
14	§739. Intrastate Mutual Aid Compact
15	* * *
16	C. Definitions
17	As used in this Section, "first responder" refers to those individuals who in
18	the early stages of an incident are responsible for the protection and preservation of
19	life, property, evidence, and the environment, including emergency response
20	providers as defined in Section 2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
21	101), as well as civilian emergency dispatchers as defined by R.S. 29:723(1),
22	emergency management, public health, clinical care, public works, and other skilled
23	support personnel, such as equipment operators that provide immediate support
24	services during prevention, response, and recovery operations consistent with
25	Homeland Security Presidential Directive 8.
26	* * *

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 268 Original

2020 Regular Session

Brass

Abstract: Adds civilian emergency dispatchers to the definition of "first responder" for purposes of emergency assistance and preparedness and provides a definition for "civilian emergency dispatchers".

<u>Present law</u> with regard to the La. Homeland Security and Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act, provides a definition of "first responder" as meaning a volunteer engaged in activities involving the Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness pursuant to <u>present law</u> (R.S. 29:721 et seq.) and first responders as defined in <u>present law</u> (R.S. 40:1231) including but not limited to medical personnel, emergency and medical technicians, volunteer firemen, auxiliary law enforcement officers, and members of the Civil Air Patrol.

<u>Present law</u> also provides that "first responder" means the first arriving organized responders with the capability and mission to contain, mitigate, and resolve the emergency at hand.

<u>Present law</u>, with regard to the La. Homeland Security and Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act, also provides that "first responder" refers to those individuals who in the early stages of an incident are responsible for the protection and preservation of life, property, evidence, and the environment, including emergency response providers as defined in Section 2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101), as well as emergency management, public health, clinical care, public works, and other skilled support personnel, such as equipment operators that provide immediate support services during prevention, response, and recovery operations consistent with Homeland Security Presidential Directive 8.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds "civilian emergency dispatchers" to the definition of "first responder".

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "civilian emergency dispatchers" as meaning an emergency response operator or emergency services dispatcher who provides communication support services for an agency by responding to requests for assistance in emergencies, including any other emergency response personnel employed by an agency.

(Amends R.S. 23:1017.1(6) and R.S. 29:723(1)-(17) and 739(C); Adds R.S. 29:723(18))