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## **ACT No. 68**

HOUSE BILL NO. 140

BY REPRESENTATIVES MUSCARELLO, ROBBY CARTER, JEFFERSON, JENKINS, MIKE JOHNSON, LANDRY, LARVADAIN, AND SEABAUGH

AN ACT

2	To amend and reenact Code of Civil Procedure Articles 193, 194, 195, 196.1, 863(A),
3	891(A), and 1313(C) and R.S. 9:2603(B)(2), and to repeal Code of Civil Procedure
4	Article 196 and R.S. 9:2603(B)(4)(a), relative to civil procedure; to provide for the
5	adoption of local court rules; to provide with respect to the power of district courts
6	to act; to provide with respect to judicial proceedings; to provide for the signing of
7	orders and judgments; to provide with respect to pleadings and petitions; to provide
8	for service by electronic means; to provide with respect to the Louisiana Uniform
9	Electronic Transaction Act; to provide for an effective date; and to provide for
10	related matters.
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
12	Section 1. Code of Civil Procedure Articles 193, 194,195, 196.1, 863(A), 891(A),
13	and 1313(C) are hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
14	Art. 193. Power to adopt local rules; publication
15	A. A court may adopt rules for the conduct of judicial business before it,
16	including those governing matters of practice and procedure which that are not
17	contrary to the rules provided by law. When a court has more than one judge, its
18	rules shall be adopted or amended by a majority of the judges thereof, sitting en
19	banc.
20	The rules may provide that the court may call a special session of court
21	during vacation, and that any action, proceeding, or matter otherwise required by law
22	to be tried or heard in open court during the regular session may be tried or heard
23	during the special session.
24	<u>B.</u> The rules shall be entered on the minutes of the court. Rules adopted by
25	an appellate court shall be published in the manner which that the court considers

most effective and practicable. Rules adopted by a district court shall be printed in pamphlet form, and a copy shall be furnished on request to any attorney licensed to practice law in this state.

Art. 194. Power of district court to act in chambers; signing orders and judgments

The following orders and judgments may be signed by the district judge in

chambers any place where the judge is physically located:

- (1) Order directing the taking of an inventory; judgment decreeing or homologating a partition, when unopposed; judgment probating a testament ex parte; order directing the execution of a testament; order confirming or appointing a legal representative, when unopposed; order appointing an undertutor or an undercurator; order appointing an attorney at law to represent an absent, incompetent, or unrepresented person, or an attorney for an absent heir; order authorizing the sale of property of an estate administered by a legal representative; order directing the publication of the notice of the filing of a tableau of distribution, or of an account, by a legal representative; judgment recognizing heirs or legatees and sending them into possession, when unopposed; all orders for the administration and settlement of a succession, or for the administration of an estate by a legal representative;
- (2) Order to show cause; order directing the issuance and providing the security to be furnished by a party for the issuance of a writ of attachment or sequestration; order directing the release of property seized under a writ of attachment or sequestration and providing the security to be furnished therefor; order for the issuance of a temporary restraining order and providing the security therefor; order for the issuance of a writ, or alternative writ, of habeas corpus, mandamus, or quo warranto;
  - (3) Order for the seizure and sale of property in an executory proceeding.
- (4) Order for the taking of testimony by deposition; for the production of documentary evidence; for the production of documents and things for inspection, copying, or photographing; for permission to enter land for the purpose of measuring, surveying, or photographing;

1	(5) Order or judgment deciding or otherwise disposing of an action,
2	proceeding, or matter which that may be tried or heard in chambers;.
3	(6) Order or judgment that may be granted on ex parte motion or application,
4	except an order of appeal on an oral motion; and.
5	(7) Any other order or judgment not specifically required by law to be signed
6	in open court.
7	Comments – 2021
8 9 10 11 12	This Article has been amended to codify the current practice of the district court judges of signing orders and judgments wherever the judge is physically located. With the use of electronic signatures as provided for in Articles 253(C) and 1911(A), judges are authorized to sign orders and judgments electronically, and this Article authorizes them to do so wherever they are physically located.
13	Art. 195. Same; judicial Judicial proceedings in chambers
14	The following judicial proceedings may be conducted by the district judge
15	in chambers or by any audio-visual means:
16	(1) Hearing on an application by a legal representative for authority, whether
17	opposed or unopposed, and on a petition for emancipation;.
18	(2) Homologation of a tableau of distribution, or of an account, filed by a
19	legal representative, so far as unopposed;.
20	(3) Trial of a rule to determine the nonexempt portion of wages, salaries, or
21	commissions seized under garnishment and to direct the payment thereof
22	periodically by the garnishee to the sheriff;
23	(4) Examination of a judgment debtor; and.
24	(5) Trial of or hearing on any other action, proceeding, or matter which that
25	the law expressly provides may be tried or heard in chambers.
26	Art. 196.1. Power of courts to act during emergencies judges to sign orders and
27	judgments while outside of the court's territorial jurisdiction
28	A. A The judge of a district court or a court of limited jurisdiction may sign
29	orders and judgments while outside of it's the court's territorial jurisdiction during
30	an emergency or disaster declared as such pursuant to R.S. 29:724(B) if the
31	emergency or disaster prevents the court from operating in its own jurisdiction.

B. The court shall indicate the location where the order or judgment was signed on any order or judgment signed outside of the court's territorial jurisdiction pursuant to this Article.

## Comments - 2021

This Article has been amended to allow the judge to sign orders and judgments while outside of the court's territorial jurisdiction, regardless of whether there is an emergency or disaster. This amendment does not confer or extend the subject matter jurisdiction of a court when one of its judges signs a judgment or order outside of the court's territorial jurisdiction. See Articles 2 and 3.

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## Art. 863. Signing of pleadings; effect

A. Every pleading of a party represented by an attorney shall be signed by at least one attorney of record in his individual name, whose physical address and email address for service of process shall be stated. A party who is not represented by an attorney shall sign his pleading and state his physical address and email address, if he has an email address, for service of process. If mail is not received at the physical address for service of process, a designated mailing address shall also be provided.

\* \* \*

## Art. 891. Form of petition

A. The petition shall comply with Articles 853, 854, and 863, and, whenever applicable, with Articles 855 through 861. It shall set forth the name, surname, and domicile of the parties; shall contain a short, clear, and concise statement of all causes of action arising out of, and of the material facts of, the transaction or occurrence that is the subject matter of the litigation; shall designate an a physical address, not a post office box, and an email address for receipt of service of all items involving the litigation; and shall conclude with a prayer for judgment for the relief sought. Relief may be prayed for in the alternative.

29 \* \* \*

Art. 1313. Service by mail, delivery, or electronic means

31 \* \* \*

C. Notwithstanding Paragraph A of this Article, if a pleading or order sets
a court date, then service shall be made either by registered or certified mail or as
provided in Article 1314, or by actual delivery by a commercial courier, or by
emailing the document to the email address designated by counsel or the party.
Service by electronic means is complete upon transmission, provided that the sender
receives an electronic confirmation of delivery.
* * *
Comments – 2021
Paragraph C of this Article has been amended to allow service of a pleading or order setting a court date by emailing the party or his counsel at a designated email address, provided that the sender receives an electronic confirmation of delivery. See R.S. 9:4845(2). If such confirmation is not received, the sender will need to use one of the other alternative methods of service provided in Paragraph C.
Section 2. R.S. 9:2603(B)(2) is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
§2603. Scope
* * *
B. This Chapter shall not apply to:
* * *
(2) A transaction to the extent it is governed by the provisions of Title 10 of
the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 <del>, other than R.S. 10:1-107</del> .
* * *
Section 3. Code of Civil Procedure Article 196 and R.S. 9:2603(B)(4)(a) are hereby
repealed in their entirety.
Section 4. This Act shall become effective January 1, 2022.
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA
APPROVED:

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