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[	AN ACT	relating to	the	death	penalty

## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

a final report to the Legislative Research Commission, whichever is earlier.

- Section 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, death penalty
  executions shall be suspended as of the effective date of this Act until December 3, 2018,
  or until the Task Force on the Death Penalty, established in Section 2 of this Act, submits
- → Section 2. The Legislative Research Commission is directed to establish the
  Task Force on the Death Penalty to study issues and develop recommendations regarding
  the Commonwealth of Kentucky's continued use of the death penalty, including:
  - (1) Whether there is a significant difference between the cost of the death penalty from indictment to execution and the cost of life in prison without parole; in considering the overall cost of the death penalty in the Commonwealth, the cost of all the capital trials that result in life sentences as well as death sentences that are reversed on appeal must be factored into the equation;
  - (2) Whether the selection of defendants for capital trials in the Commonwealth is arbitrary, unfair, or discriminatory in any way and whether there is unfair, arbitrary, or discriminatory variability at any stage in the process, including in the sentencing phase;
  - (3) Whether there is a significant difference in the crimes of those selected for the punishment of death as opposed to those who receive life in prison, and whether there is an adequate process for determining when death sentences are excessive when compared with sentences for other than death;
  - (4) The impact of the death penalty on the families of murder victims, the availability and cost of services currently being provided in the Commonwealth for the families of murder victims, and whether these services are sufficient to meet the needs of surviving families;
- 27 (5) Whether, in light of the Supreme Court ruling in *Atkins v. Virginia*, there are

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1		adequate procedural protections in place to ensure that people with mental
2		retardation are not in fact being sentenced to death and executed;
3	(6)	Whether persons suffering from mental illness constitute a disproportionate
4		number of those on death row, what criteria should be used in judging the
5		level of mental illness involved, and whether people with mental illness who
6		are convicted of murder should be executed;
7	(7)	Whether the process of selecting capital trial jurors who can consider all
8		sentencing options, known as death qualification, impacts the reliability and
9		fairness of capital trials; whether there are adequate procedural protections
10		and remedies in place to make sure that women, African Americans, and
11		people of faith are not excluded from serving as jurors in capital cases; and
12		whether there are adequate procedural protections in place to ensure that
13		jurors are able to understand and apply instructions in determining guilt or
14		innocence and the appropriate punishment in a capital case;
15	(8)	Whether there are adequate procedures in place to ensure that serious error in
16		capital cases is identified and corrected, and to what extent legal doctrines,
17		such as waiver or forfeiture, operate to prevent judicial review of serious
18		constitutional claims on the merits;
19	(9)	Whether the current clemency process adequately functions as a safety net to
20		ensure that factual and procedural errors that directly undermine the reliability
21		and fairness of a capital sentence are remedied;
22	(10)	Whether the death penalty rationally serves a legitimate retributive intent,
23		such as public safety or deterrence;
24	(11)	Whether there are adequate procedural protections in place to prevent an
25		innocent person from being sentenced to death and executed;
26	(12)	The quality of counsel provided to indigent capital defendants, and whether

such counsel and the process for providing counsel ensures the reliability and

1		fairness of capital trials;
2	(13)	The traumatic impact of the death penalty process on law enforcement,
3		prosecutors, defense counsel, judges, jurors, correctional officers, and the
4		family members of victims and defendants;
5	(14)	Whether the length and conditions of confinement on death row comply with
6		the requirements of the United States Constitution, the Constitution of the
7		Commonwealth of Kentucky, and standards of international law, and the
8		impact of those conditions on correctional officers; and
9	(15)	Whether it is still feasible to use lethal injection as a means of execution given
10		the limited supply of chemicals available.
11	<b>→</b> Se	ection 3. The task force shall be composed of the following members, with
12	final mem	bership of the task force being subject to the consideration and approval of the
13	Legislative	e Research Commission:
14	(1)	The chair of the Senate Judiciary Committee, who shall be co-chair of the task
15		force; however, if he or she declines to serve, the President of the Senate shall
16		designate a member of the Senate to serve as co-chair of the task force;
17	(2)	The chair of the House of Representatives Judiciary Committee, who shall be
18		co-chair of the task force; however, if he or she declines to serve, the Speaker
19		of the House of Representatives shall designate a member of the House of
20		Representatives to serve as co-chair of the task force;
21	(3)	A former senior administrative officer from the Administrative Office of the
22		Courts, to be recommended by the director of the Administrative Office of the
23		Courts;
24	(4)	A retired Circuit Court judge, recommended by the Chief Justice of the
25		Kentucky Supreme Court;
26	(5)	A former Commonwealth's attorney or assistant Commonwealth's attorney,
27		recommended by the Kentucky Attorney General;

1	(6)	A former public defender from the Capital Trials branch, recommended by the
2		Public Advocate;
3	(7)	A former commissioner or deputy commissioner within the Kentucky Justice
4		and Public Safety Cabinet, recommended by the secretary of the Cabinet;
5	(8)	A warden or deputy warden formerly employed by the Kentucky Department
6		of Corrections at the Kentucky State Penitentiary, recommended by the
7		commissioner of the Department of Corrections;
8	(9)	Two retired criminal defense attorneys who are not currently serving as
9		legislators, recommended by the president of the Kentucky Association of
10		Criminal Defense Lawyers; and
11	(10)	An attorney formerly employed by the Office of Victims Advocacy within the
12		Office of the Kentucky Attorney General, recommended by the Kentucky
13		Attorney General.
14	<b>→</b> Se	ection 4. The final product of the task force shall be a report containing
15	recommen	dations, which shall be voted on by members of the task force. The task force
16	shall meet	during the 2017 and 2018 interims of the General Assembly and shall submit
17	the final r	report to the Legislative Research Commission for referral to the appropriate
18	interim joi	nt committee or committees by December 3, 2018.
19	<b>→</b> Se	ection 5. Provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of this Act to the contrary
20	notwithsta	nding, the Legislative Research Commission shall have the authority to
21	alternative	ly assign the issues identified herein to an interim joint committee or
22	subcommi	ttee thereof and to designate a study completion date.
23	<b>→</b> Se	ection 6. Sections 2 to 5 of this Act shall have the same legal status as a Senate
24	Concurren	t Resolution.