AN ACT relating to school councils.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- → Section 1. KRS 160.345 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purpose of this section:
 - (a) "Minority" means American Indian; Alaskan native; African-American; Hispanic, including persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, and Central or South American origin; Pacific islander; or other ethnic group underrepresented in the school;
 - (b) "School" means an elementary or secondary educational institution that is under the administrative control of a principal and is not a program or part of another school. The term "school" does not include district-operated schools that are:
 - Exclusively vocational-technical, special education, or preschool programs;
 - Instructional programs operated in institutions or schools outside of the district; or
 - 3. Alternative schools designed to provide services to at-risk populations with unique needs;
 - (c) "Teacher" means any person for whom certification is required as a basis of employment in the public schools of the state, with the exception of principals and assistant principals; and
 - (d) "Parent" means:
 - 1. A parent, stepparent, or foster parent of a student; or
 - 2. A person who has legal custody of a student pursuant to a court order and with whom the student resides.
- (2) Each local board of education shall adopt a policy for implementing school-based decision making in the district which shall include, but not be limited to, a

description of how the district's policies, including those developed pursuant to KRS 160.340, have been amended to allow the professional staff members of a school to be involved in the decision making process as they work to meet educational goals established in KRS 158.645 and 158.6451. The policy may include a requirement that each school council make an annual report at a public meeting of the board describing the school's progress in meeting the educational goals set forth in KRS 158.6451 and district goals established by the board. The policy shall also address and comply with the following:

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b)2. of this subsection, each participating school shall form a school council composed of two (2) parents, three (3) teachers, and the principal or administrator. The membership of the council may be increased, but it may only be increased proportionately. A parent representative on the council shall not be an employee or a relative of an employee of the school in which that parent serves, nor shall the parent representative be an employee or a relative of an employee in the district administrative offices. A parent representative shall not be a local board member or a board member's spouse. None of the members shall have a conflict of interest pursuant to KRS Chapter 45A, except the salary paid to district employees;
- (b) 1. The teacher representatives shall be elected for one (1) year terms by a majority of the teachers. A teacher elected to a school council shall not be involuntarily transferred during his or her term of office. The parent representatives shall be elected for one (1) year terms. The parent members shall be elected by the parents of students preregistered to attend the school during the term of office in an election conducted by the parent and teacher organization of the school or, if none exists, the largest organization of parents formed for this purpose. A school

- council, once elected, may adopt a policy setting different terms of office for parent and teacher members subsequently elected. The principal shall be the chair of the school council.
- 2. School councils in schools having eight percent (8%) or more minority students enrolled, as determined by the enrollment on the preceding October 1, shall have at least one (1) minority member. If the council formed under paragraph (a) of this subsection does not have a minority member, the principal, in a timely manner, shall be responsible for carrying out the following:
 - a. Organizing a special election to elect an additional member. The principal shall call for nominations and shall notify the parents of the students of the date, time, and location of the election to elect a minority parent to the council by ballot; and
 - b. Allowing the teachers in the building to select one (1) minority teacher to serve as a teacher member on the council. If there are no minority teachers who are members of the faculty, an additional teacher member shall be elected by a majority of all teachers. Term limitations shall not apply for a minority teacher member who is the only minority on faculty;
- (c) 1. The school council <u>and school principal or principal's designee</u> shall <u>advise the school superintendent or superintendent's designee in setting school policy. The school superintendent or superintendent's designee shall</u> have the responsibility to set school policy consistent with district board policy which shall provide an environment to enhance the students' achievement and help the school meet the goals established by KRS 158.645 and 158.6451. The principal shall be the primary administrator and the instructional leader of the school, and

- with the assistance of the total school staff shall administer the policies established by the school *superintendent*[council] and the local board.
- 2. If a school council establishes committees, it shall adopt a policy to facilitate the participation of interested persons, including, but not limited to, classified employees and parents. The policy shall include the number of committees, their jurisdiction, composition, and the process for membership selection;
- (d) The school council and each of its committees shall determine the frequency of and agenda for their meetings. Matters relating to formation of school councils that are not provided for by this section shall be addressed by local board policy;
- (e) The meetings of the school council shall be open to the public and all interested persons may attend. However, the exceptions to open meetings provided in KRS 61.810 shall apply;
- board, the <u>school superintendent or superintendent's designee</u>, <u>after consulting with the school principal or principal's designee and the</u> school council, shall determine, within the parameters of the total available funds, the number of persons to be employed in each job classification at the school. The <u>school superintendent or superintendent's designee</u>, <u>after consulting with the school principal or principal's designee and the council, shall</u>[may] make personnel decisions on vacancies occurring after the school council is formed <u>and</u>[but] shall[not] have the authority to <u>transfer or dismiss</u> <u>personnel</u>[recommend transfers or dismissals];
- (g) The <u>school superintendent or superintendent's designee</u>, <u>after consulting</u>
 <u>with the school principal or principal's designee and the</u> school council,
 shall determine which textbooks, instructional materials, and student support

services shall be provided in the school. Subject to available resources, the local board shall allocate an appropriation to each school that is adequate to meet the school's needs related to instructional materials and school-based student support services, as determined by the school *principal or principal's designee* [council]. The school *principal or principal's designee* [council] shall consult with the school media librarian on the maintenance of the school library media center, including the purchase of instructional materials, information technology, and equipment;

- (h) Personnel decisions at the school level shall be as follows:
 - From a list of qualified applicants, [submitted by] the local 1. superintendent or superintendent's designee, the principal at the participating school shall select personnel to fill vacancies, after consultation with the school principal or principal's designee and the school council, consistent with paragraph (i)11. of this subsection. The advice of the school principal or principal's designee and the school council shall not be binding upon the superintendent's or superintendent's designee's selection of personnel. The superintendent shall provide additional applicants to the principal upon request when qualified applicants are available. The superintendent superintendent's designee may select forward to the school council the names of |qualified applicants who have pending certification from the Education Professional Standards Board based on recent completion of preparation requirements, out-of-state preparation, or alternative routes to certification pursuant to KRS 161.028 and 161.048. Requests for transfer shall conform to any employer-employee bargained contract which is in effect;
 - 2. If the vacancy to be filled is the position of principal, *the superintendent*

vacancy [the outgoing principal shall not serve on the council during the principal selection process. The superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall serve as the chair of the council for the purpose of the hiring process and shall have voting rights during the selection process. The council shall have access to the applications of all persons certified for the position. The principal shall be elected on a majority vote of the membership of the council. No principal who has been previously removed from a position in the district for cause may be considered for appointment as principal. The school council shall receive training in recruitment and interviewing techniques prior to carrying out the process of selecting a principal. The council shall select the trainer to deliver the training];

- 3. Personnel decisions [made] at the school level [under the authority of subparagraphs 1., 2., and 4. of this paragraph] shall be <u>made by</u> the [binding on the] superintendent who completes the hiring process;
- 4. If the vacancy for the position of principal occurs in a school that has an index score that places it in the lowest one-third (1/3) of all schools below the assistance line and the school has completed a scholastic audit under KRS 158.6455 that includes findings of lack of effectiveness of the principal and school council, the superintendent shall appoint the principal after consulting with the school council;
- Applicants subsequently employed shall provide evidence that they are certified prior to assuming the duties of a position in accordance with KRS 161.020; and
- 6. Notwithstanding other provisions of this paragraph, if the applicant is the spouse of the superintendent and the applicant meets the service

requirements of KRS 160.380(2)(e), the applicant shall only be employed upon the recommendation of the principal and the approval of a majority vote of the school council;

- (i) After the school principal consults with the school council and makes policy recommendations to the superintendent, the school superintendent [council] shall adopt a policy to be implemented by the school principal in the following additional areas:
 - 1. Determination of curriculum, including needs assessment, curriculum development and responsibilities under KRS 158.6453(7);
 - 2. Assignment of all instructional and noninstructional staff time;
 - 3. Assignment of students to classes and programs within the school;
 - Determination of the schedule of the school day and week, subject to the beginning and ending times of the school day and school calendar year as established by the local board;
 - 5. Determination of use of school space during the school day;
 - 6. Planning and resolution of issues regarding instructional practices;
 - 7. Selection and implementation of discipline and classroom management techniques as a part of a comprehensive school safety plan, including responsibilities of the student, parent, teacher, counselor, and principal;
 - 8. Selection of extracurricular programs and determination of policies relating to student participation based on academic qualifications and attendance requirements, program evaluation, and supervision;
 - 9. Adoption of an emergency plan as required in KRS 158.162;
 - Procedures, consistent with local school board policy, for determining alignment with state standards, technology utilization, and program appraisal; and
 - 11. Procedures to assist the <u>school principal or designee and the</u> council

with consultation in the selection of personnel by the <u>superintendent or</u> <u>superintendent's designee[principal]</u>, including but not limited to meetings, timelines, interviews, review of written applications, and review of references. Procedures shall address situations in which members of the council are not available for consultation; and

- Each school council shall annually review data as shown on state and local (j) student assessments and program assessments required under KRS 158.6453. The data shall include but not be limited to information on performance levels of all students tested, and information on the performance of students disaggregated by race, gender, disability, and participation in the federal free and reduced price lunch program. After completing the review of data, each school council, with the involvement of parents, faculty, and staff, shall develop and adopt a plan to ensure that each student makes progress toward meeting the goals set forth in KRS 158.645 and 158.6451(1)(b) by April 1 of each year and submit the plan to the superintendent and local board of education for review as described in KRS 160.340. The Kentucky Department of Education shall provide each school council the data needed to complete the review required by this paragraph no later than November 1 of each year. If a school does not have a council, the review shall be completed by the principal with the involvement of parents, faculty, and staff.
- (3) The policies adopted by the local board to implement school-based decision making shall also address the following:
 - (a) School budget and administration, including: discretionary funds; activity and other school funds; funds for maintenance, supplies, and equipment; and procedures for authorizing reimbursement for training and other expenses;
 - (b) Assessment of individual student progress, including testing and reporting of student progress to students, parents, the school district, the community, and

the state;

- (c) School improvement plans, including the form and function of strategic planning and its relationship to district planning, as well as the school safety plan and requests for funding from the Center for School Safety under KRS 158.446;
- (d) Professional development plans developed pursuant to KRS 156.095;
- (e) Parent, citizen, and community participation including the relationship of the council with other groups;
- (f) Cooperation and collaboration within the district, with other districts, and with other public and private agencies;
- (g) Requirements for waiver of district policies;
- (h) Requirements for record keeping by the school council; and
- (i) A process for appealing a decision made by a school council.
- (4) [In addition to the authority granted to the school council in this section,]The local board may grant to the school council any[other] authority permitted by law. The board shall make available liability insurance coverage for the protection of all members of the school council from liability arising in the course of pursuing their duties as members of the council.
- (5) All schools shall implement school-based decision making in accordance with this section and with the policy adopted by the local board pursuant to this section. Upon favorable vote of a majority of the faculty at the school and a majority of at least twenty-five (25) voting parents of students enrolled in the school, a school meeting its goal as determined by the Department of Education pursuant to KRS 158.6455 may apply to the Kentucky Board of Education for exemption from the requirement to implement school-based decision making, and the state board shall grant the exemption. The voting by the parents on the matter of exemption from implementing school-based decision making shall be in an election conducted by

the parent and teacher organization of the school or, if none exists, the largest organization of parents formed for this purpose. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a local school district shall not be required to implement school-based decision making if the local school district contains only one (1) school.

- (6)The Department of Education shall provide professional development activities to assist schools in implementing school-based decision making. School council members elected for the first time shall complete a minimum of six (6) clock hours of training in the process of school-based decision making, no later than thirty (30) days after the beginning of the service year for which they are elected to serve. School council members who have served on a school council at least one (1) year shall complete a minimum of three (3) clock hours of training in the process of school-based decision making no later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the beginning of the service year for which they are elected to serve. Experienced members may participate in the training for new members to fulfill their training requirement. School council training required under this subsection shall be conducted by trainers endorsed by the Department of Education. By November 1 of each year, the principal through the local superintendent shall forward to the Department of Education the names and addresses of each council member and verify that the required training has been completed. School council members elected to fill a vacancy shall complete the applicable training within thirty (30) days of their election.
- (7) A school that chooses to have school-based decision making but would like to be exempt from the administrative structure set forth by this section may develop a model for implementing school-based decision making, including but not limited to a description of the membership, organization, duties, and responsibilities of a school council. The school shall submit the model through the local board of education to the commissioner of education and the Kentucky Board of Education,

which shall have final authority for approval. The application for approval of the model shall show evidence that it has been developed by representatives of the parents, students, certified personnel, and the administrators of the school and that two-thirds (2/3) of the faculty have agreed to the model.

- (8) The Kentucky Board of Education, upon recommendation of the commissioner of education, shall adopt by administrative regulation a formula by which school district funds shall be allocated to each school council. Included in the school council formula shall be an allocation for professional development that is at least sixty-five percent (65%) of the district's per pupil state allocation for professional development for each student in average daily attendance in the school. The school *superintendent or superintendent's designee*[council] shall plan professional development in compliance with requirements specified in KRS 156.095, except as provided in KRS 158.649. School councils of small schools shall be encouraged to work with other school councils to maximize professional development opportunities.
- (9) (a) No board member, superintendent of schools, district employee, or member of a school council shall intentionally engage in a pattern of practice which is detrimental to the successful implementation of or circumvents the intent of school-based decision making to allow the professional staff members of a school and parents to be involved in the decision making process in working toward meeting the educational goals established in KRS 158.645 and 158.6451[or to make decisions in areas of policy assigned to a school council pursuant to paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of this section].
 - (b) An affected party who believes a violation of this subsection has occurred may file a written complaint with the Office of Education Accountability. The office shall investigate the complaint and resolve the conflict, if possible, or forward the matter to the Kentucky Board of Education.

- (c) The Kentucky Board of Education shall conduct a hearing in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B for complaints referred by the Office of Education Accountability.
- (d) If the state board determines a violation has occurred, the party shall be subject to reprimand. A second violation of this subsection may be grounds for removing a superintendent, a member of a school council, or school board member from office or grounds for dismissal of an employee for misconduct in office or willful neglect of duty.
- (10) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (9) of this section, a school's right to establish or maintain a school-based decision making council and the powers, duties, and authority granted to a school council may be rescinded or the school council's role may be advisory if the commissioner of education or the Kentucky Board of Education takes action under KRS 160.346.
- (11) Each school <u>principal or principal's designee</u>[council] of a school containing grades K-5 or any combination thereof[, or if there is no school council, the principal,] shall develop and implement a wellness policy that includes moderate to vigorous physical activity each day and encourages healthy choices among students. The policy may permit physical activity to be considered part of the instructional day, not to exceed thirty (30) minutes per day, or one hundred and fifty (150) minutes per week. Each school <u>principal or principal's designee</u>[council, or if there is no school council, the principal,] shall adopt an assessment tool to determine each child's level of physical activity on an annual basis. The[council or] principal <u>or principal's designee</u> may utilize an existing assessment program. The Kentucky Department of Education shall make available a list of available resources to carry out the provisions of this subsection. The department shall report to the Legislative Research Commission no later than November 1 of each year on how the schools are providing physical activity under this subsection and on the types of physical

activity being provided. The policy developed by the school [council or] principal or principal's designee shall comply with provisions required by federal law, state law, or local board policy.

- → Section 2. KRS 158.153 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless the action is taken pursuant to KRS 158.150, no school, school administrator, teacher, or other school employee shall expel or punish a child based on information contained in a record of an adjudication of delinquency or conviction of an offense received by the school pursuant to KRS 610.345 or from any other source. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a local school board or school official from instituting disciplinary proceedings against any student for violating the discipline policy of the school or school district or taking actions necessary to protect staff and students. Actions to protect staff and students may be taken only after the principal makes a determination that the conduct of the student reflected in the records of the school or obtained by the school from the court indicates a substantial likelihood of an immediate and continuing threat that the student will cause harm to students or staff, and that the restrictions to be ordered represent the least restrictive alternative available and appropriate to remedy the threat, and that the determination and supporting material be documented in the child's record. The action of the principal, in addition to or in lieu of any other procedure available, may be appealed by the child or the child's parent or guardian to the superintendent of the school system or to the Circuit Court in the county in which the school is located, and the appealing party may be represented by counsel.
- (2) No school, school administrator, teacher, or other school employee who has custody of records received or maintained by the school pursuant to KRS 610.345 or who has received information contained in or relating to a record received by the school pursuant to KRS 610.345 shall disclose the fact of the record's existence, or any

information contained in the record or received from the record to any other person, including but not limited to other teachers, school employees, pupils, or parents other than the pupil, or parents of the pupil who is the subject of the record.

- (3) The child and his parent or guardian shall have a civil cause of action against the school board and against any school administrator violating subsection (1) or (2) of this section or divulging information in violation of KRS 610.345 or 610.340. This civil cause of action shall be in addition to any other criminal or administrative remedy provided by law.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a local board of education from establishing districtwide standards of behavior for students who participate in extracurricular and cocurricular activities, including athletics. A school principal may deny or terminate a student's eligibility to participate in extracurricular or cocurricular activities if the student has violated the local district behavior standards or the council's criteria for participation, as described in KRS 160.345(2)(i)8. A student's right to participate in extracurricular or cocurricular activities, including athletics, may be suspended, pending investigation of an allegation that the standards of behavior have been violated.

→ Section 3. KRS 158.197 is amended to read as follows:

Any <u>school principal or principal's designee</u>, <u>after consulting with the</u> school council organized pursuant to KRS 160.345 or, if none exists, the school's governing body, may authorize the display of historic artifacts, monuments, symbols, and texts, including but not limited to religious materials, in conjunction with a course of study that includes an elective course in history, civilization, ethics, comparative religion, literature, or other subject area that uses such artifacts, monuments, symbols, and texts as instructional material if the display is:

- (1) Appropriate to the overall educational purpose of the course; and
- (2) Consistent with the requirements of KRS 42.705.

- → Section 4. KRS 158.792 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section and KRS 164.0207, unless the context requires otherwise:
 - (a) "Comprehensive reading program" means a program that emphasizes the essential components of reading: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, and connections between writing and reading acquisition and motivation to read.
 - (b) "Reading diagnostic assessment" means an assessment that identifies a struggling reader and measures the reader's skills against established performance levels in the essential components of reading. The purpose is to screen for areas that require intervention in order for the student to learn to read proficiently.
 - (c) "Reading intervention program" means short-term intensive instruction in the essential skills necessary to read proficiently that is provided to a student by a highly trained teacher. This instruction may be conducted one-on-one or in small groups; shall be research-based, reliable, and replicable; and shall be based on the ongoing assessment of individual student needs.
 - (d) "Reliable, replicable research" means objective, valid, scientific studies that:
 - 1. Include rigorously defined samples of subjects that are sufficiently large and representative to support the general conclusions drawn;
 - 2. Rely on measurements that meet established standards of reliability and validity;
 - 3. Test competing theories, where multiple theories exist;
 - 4. Are subjected to peer review before their results are published; and
 - 5. Discover effective strategies for improving reading skills.
- (2) The reading diagnostic and intervention fund is created to help teachers and library media specialists improve the reading skills of struggling readers in the primary program. The Department of Education, upon the recommendation of the Reading

Diagnostic and Intervention Grant Steering Committee, shall provide renewable, two (2) year grants to schools to support teachers in the implementation of reliable, replicable research-based reading intervention programs that use a balance of diagnostic tools and instructional strategies that emphasize phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, and connections between writing and reading acquisition and motivation to read to address the diverse learning needs of those students reading at low levels. Any moneys in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to be used for the purposes specified in this section.

- (3) (a) The Kentucky Board of Education shall promulgate administrative regulations, based on recommendations from the secretary of the Education and Workforce Development Cabinet, the Reading Diagnostic and Intervention Grant Steering Committee established in KRS 158.794, and the Collaborative Center for Literacy Development established in KRS 164.0207 to:
 - 1. Identify eligible grant applicants, taking into consideration how the grant program described in this section will relate to other grant programs;
 - Specify the criteria for acceptable diagnostic assessments and intervention programs;
 - Specify the criteria for acceptable ongoing assessment of each child to determine his or her reading progress;
 - 4. Establish the minimum evaluation process for an annual review of each grant recipient's program and progress;
 - 5. Identify the annual data that must be provided from grant recipients;
 - 6. Define the application review and approval process;
 - 7. Establish matching requirements deemed necessary;
 - 8. Define the professional development and continuing education

- requirements for teachers, library media specialists, administrators, and staff of grant recipients;
- 9. Establish the conditions for renewal of a two (2) year grant; and
- 10. Specify other conditions necessary to implement the purposes of this section.
- (b) The board shall require that a grant applicant provide assurances that the following principles will be met if the applicant's request for funding is approved:
 - A research-based comprehensive schoolwide reading program will be available;
 - 2. Intervention services will supplement, not replace, regular classroom instruction;
 - Intervention services will be provided to struggling primary program readers within the school based upon ongoing assessment of their needs; and
 - 4. A system for informing parents of struggling readers of the available family literacy services within the district will be established.
- (4) In order to qualify for funding, the school council, or if none exists, the principal or the superintendent of schools, shall allocate matching funds required by grant recipients under subsection (3) of this section. Funding for professional development allocated to the school council under KRS 160.345 and for continuing education under KRS 158.070 may be used as part of the school's match.
- (5) The Department of Education shall make available to schools:
 - (a) Information concerning successful, research-based comprehensive reading programs, diagnostic tools for pre- and post-assessment, and intervention programs, from the Collaborative Center for Literacy Development created under KRS 164.0207;

- (b) Strategies for successfully implementing early reading programs, including professional development support and the identification of funding sources; and
- (c) A list of professional development providers offering teacher training related to reading that emphasizes the essential components for successful reading: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, and connections between writing and reading acquisition and motivation to read.
- (6) The Department of Education shall submit a report to the Interim Joint Committee on Education no later than September 1 of each year outlining the use of grant funds. The report shall also include comparisons of the overall costs and effectiveness of intervention programs. The annual report for an odd-numbered year shall include an estimate of the cost to expand the reading diagnostic and intervention grant program.
 - → Section 5. KRS 158.844 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The mathematics achievement fund is hereby created to provide developmentally appropriate diagnostic assessment and intervention services to students, primary through grade 12, to help them reach proficiency in mathematics on the state assessments under KRS 158.6453 and in compliance with the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001," 20 U.S.C. secs. 6301 et seq., as required under KRS 158.840.
- (2) The grant funds may be used to support the implementation of diagnostic and intervention services in mathematics. The use of funds may include: pay for extended time for teachers, released time for teachers to serve as coaches and mentors or to carry out other responsibilities needed in the implementation of intervention services, payment of substitute teachers needed for the support of mathematics teachers, purchase of materials needed for modification of instruction, and other costs associated with diagnostic and intervention services or to cover other costs deemed appropriate by the Kentucky Board of Education.

(3) The fund shall:

- (a) Provide funding for the Center for Mathematics created in KRS 164.525 and the costs of training selected teachers in the diagnostic assessment and intervention skills that are needed to assist struggling students in the primary program and other grade levels;
- (b) Provide renewable, two (2) year local grants to school districts and for purposes described in subsection (2) of this section; and
- (c) Provide operational funding for the Committee for Mathematics Achievement created in KRS 158.842.
- (4) Any funds appropriated to the mathematics achievement fund that are specifically designated by the General Assembly to support the Center for Mathematics shall be appropriated to the Council on Postsecondary Education and distributed to the university administering the center, as determined by the council under KRS 164.525.
- (5) Any moneys in the fund at the close of a fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to be used for the purposes specified in this section.
- (6) Any interest earnings of the fund shall become a part of the fund and shall not lapse.
- (7) (a) Any funds appropriated to the mathematics achievement fund and specifically designated by the General Assembly as funding for grants to local school districts or to support the Committee for Mathematics Achievement shall be administered by the Kentucky Department of Education.
 - (b) The Kentucky Board of Education shall promulgate administrative regulations relating to the grants for local school districts based on recommendations from the Committee for Mathematics Achievement, the secretary of the Education and Workforce Development Cabinet, the commissioner of education, and the Center for Mathematics established in KRS 164.525. The administrative regulations shall:

- 1. Identify eligibility criteria for grant applicants;
- 2. Specify the criteria for acceptable diagnostic assessments and intervention programs and coaching and mentoring programs;
- 3. Establish the minimum annual evaluation process for each grant recipient;
- 4. Identify the annual data that must be provided from each grant recipient;
- 5. Define the application and approval process;
- 6. Establish matching fund requirements if deemed necessary by the board;
- 7. Define the obligations for professional development and continuing education for teachers, administrators, and staff of each grant recipient;
- 8. Establish the conditions for renewal of a two (2) year grant; and
- 9. Specify other conditions necessary to implement the purposes of this section.
- (c) As part of the application process, the board shall require that a grant applicant provide assurances that the following principles will be met if the applicant's request for funding is approved:
 - 1. Mathematics instruction will be standards-based and utilize research-based practices;
 - 2. Intervention and support services will supplement, not replace, regular classroom instruction; and
 - Intervention services will be provided to primary program students and other students who are at risk of mathematics failure within the school based upon ongoing assessments of their needs.
- (d) If matching funds are required, the school council or, if none exists, the principal or the superintendent of schools [,] shall allocate matching funds. Funding for professional development allocated to the school council under KRS 160.345 and for continuing education under KRS 158.070 may be used

to provide a portion or all of a school's required match.

- (e) The Department of Education shall make available to schools:
 - Information from the Center for Mathematics regarding diagnostic assessment and intervention programs and coaching and mentoring programs of proven-practice in meeting the needs of primary students and other students who are at risk of failure;
 - 2. Technical assistance to potential applicants and grant recipients;
 - A list of professional development providers offering teacher training in diagnostic assessment and intervention strategies and coaching and mentoring; and
 - Information from the Center for Mathematics on how to communicate to
 parents effective ways of interacting with their children to improve their
 mathematics concepts, skills, and understanding.
- (f) The Department of Education shall submit a report to the Interim Joint Committee on Education no later than September 1 of each year outlining the use of grant funds. By November 1, 2007, the Department of Education with input from the Committee for Mathematics Achievement and the Center for Mathematics shall conduct a statewide needs assessment of the resources needed in each school to help each child achieve proficiency in mathematics by the year 2014 and report to the Interim Joint Committee on Education an estimate of the cost and a specific timeline for meeting the goal established by the Commonwealth.