1	AN A	CT rel	ating	to	mining.
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2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 351.010 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 5 (a) "Adulterated specimen" means a specimen containing a substance that is not a
- 6 normal constituent or containing an endogenous substance at a concentration
- 7 that is not a normal physiological concentration;
- 8 (b) "Approved" means that a device, apparatus, equipment, or machinery, or
- 9 practice employed in the mining of coal has been approved by the
- 10 commissioner of the Department for Natural Resources;
- 11 (c) "Assistant mine foreman" means a certified person designated to assist the
- mine foreman in the supervision of a portion or the whole of a mine or of the
- persons employed therein;
- 14 (d) "Commercial mine" means any coal mine from which coal is mined for sale,
- 15 commercial use, or exchange. This term shall in no instance be construed to
- include a mine where coal is produced for own use;
- 17 (e) "Commission" means the Mine Safety Review Commission created by KRS
- 18 351.1041;
- 19 (f) "Commissioner" means commissioner of the Department for Natural
- 20 Resources;
- 21 (g) "Department" means the Department for Natural Resources;
- 22 (h) "Drift" means an opening through strata or coal seams with opening grades
- sufficient to permit coal to be hauled therefrom or which is used for the
- purpose of ventilation, drainage, ingress, egress, and other purposes in
- connection with the mining of coal;
- 26 (i) "Excavations and workings" means the excavated portions of a mine;
- 27 (j) "Fire boss" (often referred to as mine examiner) means a person certified as a

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1		mine foreman or assistant mine foreman who is designated by management to
2		examine a mine or part of a mine for explosive gas or other dangers before a
3		shift crew enters;
4	(k)	"Gassy mine." All mines shall be classified as gassy or gaseous;
5	(1)	"Illicit substances" includes prescription drugs used illegally or in excess of
6		therapeutic levels as well as illegal drugs;
7	(m)	"Intake air" means air that has not passed through the last working place of the
8		split or by the unsealed entrances to abandoned workings and by analysis
9		contains not less than nineteen and one-half percent (19.5%) oxygen, no
10		dangerous quantities of flammable gas, and no harmful amounts of poisonous
11		gas or dust;
12	(n)	"Licensee" means any owner, operator, lessee, corporation, partnership, or
13		other person who procures a license from the department to operate a coal
14		mine;
15	(o)	"Medical review officer" or "MRO" means a licensed physician with
16		knowledge of substance abuse disorders, laboratory testing, chain of custody
17		collection procedures, and the ability to verify positive, confirmed test results
18		The MRO shall possess the necessary medical training to interpret and
19		evaluate a positive test result in relation to the person's medical history or any
20		other relevant biomedical information;
21	(p)	"Mine" means any open pit or any underground workings from which coal is
22		produced for sale, exchange, or commercial use, and all shafts, slopes, drifts
23		or inclines leading thereto, and includes all buildings and equipment, above or
24		below the surface of the ground, used in connection with the workings
25		Workings that are adjacent to each other and under the same management, but
26		which are administered as distinct units, shall be considered a separate mine;

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(q)

"Mine foreman" means a certified person whom the licensee or superintendent

1		places in charge of the workings of the mine and of the persons employed
2		therein;
3	(r)	"Mine manager" means a certified or noncertified person whom the licensee
4		places in charge of a mine or mines and whose duties include but are not
5		limited to operations at the mine or mines and supervision of personnel when
6		qualified to do so;
7	(s)	"Open-pit mine" shall include open excavations and open-cut workings,
8		including but not limited to auger operations and highwall mining systems for
9		the extraction of coal. However, excavation of refuse from a coarse coal
10		refuse fill for reprocessing of the refuse, and which is permitted and bonded
11		under KRS Chapter 350 and is regulated by the Mine Safety and Health
12		Administration shall not be required to obtain a license under this chapter;
13	(t)	"Operator" means the licensee, owner, lessee, or other person who operates or
14		controls a coal mine;
15	(u)	"Permissible" refers to any equipment, device, or explosive that has been
16		approved by the United States Bureau of Mines, the Mining Enforcement and
17		Safety Administration, or the Mine Safety and Health Administration and that
18		meets all requirements, restrictions, exceptions, limitations, and conditions
19		attached to the classification by the approving agency;
20	(v)	"Preshift examination" means the examination of a mine or any portion
21		thereof where miners are scheduled to work or travel, which shall be
22		conducted not more than three (3) hours before any oncoming shift;
23	(w)	"Return air" means air that has passed through the last active working place on
24		each split, or air that has passed through abandoned, inaccessible, or pillared
25		workings;
26	(x)	"Serious physical injury" means an injury which has a reasonable potential to
27		cause death;

1		(y)	"Shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata that is used in connection
2			with the mining of coal, for the purpose of ventilation or drainage, or for
3			hoisting men, coal, or materials;
4		(z)	"Slope" means an inclined opening used for the same purpose as a shaft;
5		(aa)	"Superintendent" means the person who, on behalf of the licensee, has
6			immediate supervision of one (1) or more mines;
7		(ab)	"Supervisory personnel" means a person certified under the provisions of this
8			chapter to assist in the supervision of a portion or the whole of the mine or of
9			the persons employed therein;
10		(ac)	"Division" means the Division of Mine Safety;
11		(ad)	"Director" means the director of the Division of Mine Safety;
12		(ae)	"Probation" means the status of a certification or license issued by the
13			Division of Mine Safety that conditions the validity of the certification or
14			license upon compliance with orders of the Mine Safety Review Commission;
15			and
16		(af)	"Final order of the commission" means an order which has not been appealed
17			to the Franklin Circuit Court within thirty (30) days of entry, or an order
18			affirming the commission's order that has been entered by any court within the
19			Commonwealth and for which all appeals have been exhausted.
20	(2)	Exce	ept as the context otherwise requires, this chapter applies only to commercial
21		coal	mines.
22	(3)	The	definitions in KRS 352.010 apply also to this chapter, unless the context
23		requ	ires otherwise.
24		→ Se	ection 2. KRS 352.010 is amended to read as follows:

deserted and in which further mining is not intended, or open workings which

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

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(a)

"Abandoned workings" means excavations, either caved or sealed, that are

1		are ventilated and not inspected regularly;
2	(b)	"Active workings" means all places in a mine that are ventilated and inspected
3		regularly;
4	(c)	"Approved" means that a device, apparatus, equipment, machinery, or practice
5		employed in the mining of coal has been approved by the commissioner of the
6		Department for Natural Resources;
7	(d)	"Assistant mine foreman" means a certified person designated to assist the
8		mine foreman in the supervision of a portion or the whole of a mine or of the
9		persons employed therein;
10	(e)	"Commercial mine" means any coal mine from which coal is mined for sale,
11		commercial use, or exchange. This term shall in no instance be construed to
12		include a mine where coal is produced for own use;
13	(f)	"Commissioner" means commissioner of the Department for Natural
14		Resources;
15	(g)	"Department" means the Department for Natural Resources;
16	(h)	"Drift" means an opening through strata or coal seams with opening grades
17		sufficient to permit coal to be hauled therefrom, or which is used for the
18		purpose of ventilation, drainage, ingress, egress, and other purposes in
19		connection with the mining of coal;
20	(i)	"Director" means the director of the Division of Mine Safety;
21	(j)	"Excavations and workings" means the excavated portions of a mine;
22	(k)	"Face equipment" means mobile or portable mining machinery having electric
23		motors or accessory equipment normally installed or operated inby the last
24		open crosscut in any entry or room;
25	(1)	"Fire boss" (often referred to as mine examiner) means a person certified as a
26		mine foreman or assistant mine foreman who is designated by management to

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examine a mine or part of a mine for explosive gas or other dangers before a

1		shift crew enters;
2	(m)	"Gassy mine." All underground mines shall be classified as gassy or gaseous;
3	(n)	"High voltage" means any voltage of one thousand (1,000) volts or more;
4	(o)	"Imminent danger" means the existence of any condition or practice which
5		could reasonably be expected to cause death or serious physical injury before
6		the condition or practice can be abated;
7	(p)	"Inactive workings" shall include all portions of a mine in which operations
8		have been suspended for an indefinite period, but have not been abandoned;
9	(q)	"Intake air" means air that has not passed through the last working place of the
10		split or by the unsealed entrances to abandoned workings and by analysis
11		contains not less than nineteen and one-half percent (19.5%) of oxygen, no
12		dangerous quantities of flammable gas, and no harmful amounts of poisonous
13		gas or dust;
14	(r)	"Licensee" means any owner, operator, lessee, corporation, partnership, or
15		other person who procures a license from the department to operate a coal
16		mine;
17	(s)	"Low voltage" means up to and including six hundred sixty (660) volts;
18	(t)	"Medium voltage" means voltages greater than six hundred sixty (660) and up
19		to nine hundred ninety-nine (999) volts;
20	(u)	"Mine" means any open pit or any underground workings from which coal is
21		produced for sale, exchange, or commercial use, and all shafts, slopes, drifts,
22		or inclines leading thereto, and includes all buildings and equipment, above or
23		below the surface of the ground, used in connection with the workings.
24		Workings that are adjacent to each other and under the same management and
25		which are administered as distinct units shall be considered separate mines;
26	(v)	"Mine foreman" means a certified person whom the licensee, mine manager,

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or superintendent places in charge of the workings of the mine and of persons

1		employed therein;
2	(w)	"Mine manager" means a certified or noncertified person whom the licensee
3		places in charge of a mine or mines and whose duties include but are not
4		limited to operations at the mine or mines and supervision of personnel when
5		qualified to do so;
6	(x)	"NAD 83" means the North American Datum, 1983 version, in feet units;
7	(y)	"Open-pit mine" shall include open excavations and open-cut workings
8		including auger operations and highwall mining systems for the extraction of
9		coal. However, excavation of refuse from a coarse coal refuse fill for
10		reprocessing of the refuse, and which is permitted and bonded under KRS
11		Chapter 350 and is regulated by the Mine Safety and Health Administration
12		shall not be required to obtain a license under this chapter;
13	(z)	"Operator" means the licensee, owner, lessee, or other person who operates or
14		controls a coal mine;
15	(aa)	"Permissible" means that any equipment, device, or explosive that has been
16		approved by the United States Bureau of Mines, the Mining Enforcement and
17		Safety Administration, or the Mine Safety and Health Administration meets
18		all requirements, restrictions, exceptions, limitations, and conditions attached
19		to the classification;
20	(ab)	"Preshift examination" refers to the examination of an underground mine or
21		part of a mine where miners are scheduled to work or travel, and shall be
22		conducted not more than three (3) hours before any oncoming shift;
23	(ac)	"Return air" means air that has passed through the last active working place on
24		each split, or air that has passed through abandoned, inaccessible, or pillared
25		workings;
26	(ad)	"Serious physical injury" means an injury which has a reasonable potential to

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cause death;

1		(ae)	"Shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata that is or may be used, in
2			connection with the mining of coal, for the purpose of ventilation or drainage,
3			or for hoisting men, coal, or materials;
4		(af)	"Single Zone Projection" means the Kentucky Single Zone State Plane
5			Coordinate System of 1983, based on the Lambert Conformal Conical map
6			projection with double standard parallels on the North American Datum, 1983
7			version, as established in 10 KAR 5:010;
8		(ag)	"Slope" means an inclined opening used for the same purpose as a shaft;
9		(ah)	"Superintendent" means the person who, on behalf of the licensee, has
10			immediate supervision of one (1) or more mines;
11		(ai)	"Supervisory personnel" shall mean a person or persons certified under the
12			provisions of KRS Chapter 351 to assist in the supervision of a portion or the
13			whole of the mine or of the persons employed therein;
14		(aj)	"Tipple or dumping point" means the structure where coal is dumped or
15			unloaded from the mine car into railroad cars, trucks, wagons, or other means
16			of conveyance;
17		(ak)	"Working face" means any place in a coal mine at which the extraction of coal
18			from its natural deposit in the earth is performed during the mining cycle;
19		(al)	"Working place" means the area of a coal mine inby the last open crosscut;
20		(am)	"Working section" means all areas of a coal mine from the loading point to
21			and including the working faces; and
22		(an)	"Workmanlike manner" means consistent with established practices and
23			methods utilized in the coal industry.
24	(2)	The	definitions in KRS 351.010 apply also to this chapter, unless the context
25		requi	ires otherwise.
26	(3)	Exce	ept as the context otherwise requires, this chapter applies only to commercial
27		mine	es as defined in KRS 351.010 and shall not apply to electrical facilities owned,

operated, or otherwise controlled by a retail electric supplier or generation and transmission cooperative as defined in KRS 278.010 or organized under KRS Chapter 279 for the purpose of communication, metering, or for the generation, control, transformation, transmission, and distribution of electric energy located in buildings used exclusively by utilities for such purposes or located outdoors on property owned or leased by the utility or on public highways, streets, roads, or outdoors by established easement rights on private property and that are covered by the National Electric Safety Code (NESC) or other applicable safety codes, or other authorities having jurisdiction and shall not apply to installations under the exclusive control of utilities for the purpose of communication, metering, or for the generation, control, transformation, transmission, and distribution of electric energy located in buildings used exclusively by utilities for such purposes or located outdoors on property owned or leased by the utility or on public highways, streets, roads, or outdoors by established rights on private property.