1	AN ACT relating to business entities.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF SUBCHAPTER 4 OF KRS CHAPTER
4	14A IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	Excepting the actions provided in KRS 452.400, 452.405, 452.410, 452.415, 452.420,
6	452.430, 452,440, 452.445, 452.465, and 452.475, an action against an entity or foreign
7	entity that maintains a registered office may be brought in the county in which the
8	office is situated.
9	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 275 IS CREATED TO
10	READ AS FOLLOWS:
11	(1) On application by the limited liability company, a person is expelled as a member
12	by judicial order:
13	(a) If the person has engaged or is engaging in wrongful conduct that has
14	adversely and materially affected, or will adversely and materially affect, the
15	company's activities;
16	(b) If the person has willfully or persistently committed, or is willfully and
17	persistently committing, a material breach of the operating agreement or
18	the person's duties or obligations under KRS 275.170;
19	(c) If the person has engaged or is engaging in conduct relating to the
20	company's activities which makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on
21	the activities with the person as a member; or
22	(d) For such other reasons as are set forth in a written agreement.
23	(2) Upon the effective date of the expulsion, the expelled member shall be dissociated
24	from and cease to be a member of the company and with respect to the expelled
25	member's limited liability company interest shall be an assignee.
26	(3) Except as set forth in a written operating agreement, the dissociation of a
27	member in accordance with this section does not entitle the former member or

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- Section 3. KRS 14A.1-070 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 4 (1) "Business" includes every trade, occupation, and profession;
- 5 (2) "Corporation" means a business corporation governed as to its internal affairs by
- 6 KRS Chapter 271B, a cooperative or association governed as to its internal affairs
- by KRS Chapter 272, a nonprofit corporation governed as to its internal affairs by
- 8 KRS Chapter 273, and a rural electric or rural telephone cooperative corporation
- 9 governed as to its internal affairs by KRS Chapter 279;
- 10 (3) "Business trust" means a business trust governed as to its internal affairs by KRS
- 11 Chapter 386 or a statutory trust governed as to its internal affairs by KRS Chapter
- 12 386A;

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- 13 (4) "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person who is the subject of:
- 14 (a) An order for relief under Title 11 of the United States Code or a comparable
- order under a successor statute of general application; or
- 16 (b) A comparable order under federal, state, or foreign law governing insolvency;
- 17 (5) "Deliver" or "delivery" means any method of delivery used in conventional
- commercial practice, including delivery by hand, mail, commercial delivery, and
- 19 electronic transmission;
- 20 (6) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means any process of
- 21 communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable
- for the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by the recipient;
- 23 (7) "Entity" means a corporation, business or statutory trust, partnership, limited
- partnership, or limited liability company, limited cooperative association, or
- 25 *unincorporated nonprofit association*, governed as to its internal affairs by the
- laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
- 27 (8) "Foreign business trust" means a business or statutory trust not governed as to its

1	internal	affairs	by	KRS	Chapter	386 c	or 386A;

- 2 (9) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation as defined in subsection (2) of this
- 3 section that is not:
- 4 (a) Organized pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky; or
- 5 (b) As to its internal affairs, governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of
- 6 Kentucky;
- 7 (10) "Foreign entity" means a corporation, not-for-profit corporation, cooperative,
- 8 *limited cooperative association*, association, business or statutory trust, partnership,
- 9 limited partnership, [or] limited liability company, or unincorporated nonprofit
- 10 *association* not:
- 11 (a) Organized pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky; or
- 12 (b) As to its internal affairs, governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of
- 13 Kentucky;
- 14 (11) "Foreign limited cooperative association" means a limited cooperative association
- 15 that is not:
- 16 (a) Organized pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky; or
- 17 (b) As to its internal affairs, governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of
- 18 Kentucky;
- 19 (12) "Foreign limited liability partnership" means a partnership that:
- 20 (a) Is formed under laws other than the laws of this Commonwealth; and
- 21 (b) Has the status of a limited liability partnership under those laws;
- 22 (13) "Foreign professional service corporation" has the same meaning as in KRS
- 23 274.005;
- 24 (14) "Foreign rural electric cooperative" means a rural electric cooperative organized
- 25 otherwise than under KRS 279.010 to 279.210;
- 26 (15) "Foreign rural telephone cooperative" means a rural telephone cooperative
- organized otherwise than under KRS 279.310 to 279.990 excepting 279.570;

1	(16) <u>"Foreign unincorporated nonprofit association" means an unincorporated</u>
2	nonprofit association that is not:
3	(a) Organized in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
4	<u>or</u>
5	(b) As to its internal affairs, governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of
6	Kentucky;
7	(17) "Good standing" means that all annual reports which are required to be received
8	from an entity or foreign entity have been delivered to and filed by the Secretary of
9	State, that all other lawfully required statutory documentation has been received and
10	filed, and that all fees, costs, and expenses, including penalties incurred in
11	connection therewith, have been paid;
12	(18)[(17)] "Limited cooperative association" means a limited cooperative association
13	governed as to its internal affairs by KRS Chapter 272A;
14	(19)[(18)] "Limited liability company" has the same meaning as in KRS 275.015;
15	(20)[(19)] "Limited liability partnership" means a partnership that has filed a statement
16	of qualification under KRS 362.1-931 or a registration as a registered limited
17	liability partnership under KRS 362.555 and does not have a similar statement
18	<u>or[of]</u> registration in effect in any other jurisdiction;
19	(21) [(20)] "Name of record with the Secretary of State" means any real, fictitious,
20	reserved, registered, or assumed name of an entity or foreign entity;
21	(22)[(21)] "Nonprofit corporation," other than in the term "foreign nonprofit
22	corporation," means a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to and governed
23	as to its internal affairs by KRS Chapter 273 or predecessor law;
24	(23)[(22)] "Organic act" means the law of a state or other jurisdiction governing the
25	organization and internal affairs of an entity or foreign entity;
26	(24)[(23)] "Organized" means organized, incorporated, or formed;
27	(25)[(24)] "Organizational filing" means a filing made with the Secretary of State as a

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1	precondition to the formation, organization, or incorporation of an entity, including
2	articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of association, certificates
3	of trust, and certificates of limited partnership. A statement of qualification filed
4	pursuant to KRS 362.1-931 or a registration as a limited liability partnership filed
5	pursuant to KRS 362.555 is not an organizational filing;
6	(26)[(25)] "Partnership" means an association of two (2) or more persons to carry on as
7	co-owners a business for profit formed under KRS 362.1-202, predecessor law, or
8	comparable law of another jurisdiction;
9	(27)[(26)] "Partnership agreement" means the agreement, whether written, oral, or
10	implied, among the partners concerning the partnership, including amendments to
11	the partnership agreement;
12	(28)[(27)] "Person" means an individual, an entity, a foreign entity, or any other legal or
13	commercial entity;
14	(29)[(28)] "Principal office" means the address required by this chapter or the organic act
15	to be of record with the Secretary of State as the principal office, the principal place
16	of business address, the designated office of a limited partnership, or the chief
17	executive office of a limited liability partnership;
18	(30)[(29)] "Professional service corporation" has the same meaning as in KRS 274.005;
19	(31)([30)] "Professional services" means the personal services rendered by physicians,
20	osteopaths, optometrists, podiatrists, chiropractors, dentists, nurses, pharmacists,
21	psychologists, occupational therapists, veterinarians, engineers, architects,
22	landscape architects, certified public accountants, public accountants, physical
23	therapists, and attorneys;
24	(32)[(31)] "Property" means all property, real, personal, or mixed, tangible or intangible,
25	or any interest therein;
26	(33)[(32)] "Qualified person" has the same meaning as in KRS 274.005;
27	(34)[(33)] "Registered agent" means a registered agent appointed in accordance with

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1	KRS 14A.4-010 or predecessor law, and is synonymous with agent for service of
2	process;
3	(35) "Registered office" means the registered office identified in accordance with and
4	satisfying the requirements of KRS 14A.4-010(1)(b). The registered office address
5	must be a street address;
6	(36)[(34)] "Regulatory board" means the agency that is charged by law with the licensing
7	and regulation of the practice of the profession which the entity professional
8	partnership] is organized to provide;
9	(37)[(35)] "Rural electric cooperative" means a rural electric cooperative governed as to
10	its internal affairs by KRS 279.010 to 279.210;
11	(38)[(36)] "Rural telephone cooperative" means a rural telephone cooperative governed
12	as to its internal affairs by KRS 279.310 to 279.990 excepting KRS 279.570;
13	(39)[(37)] "Series entity" means an entity or a foreign entity authorized and enabled by
14	its organic act and organizational filing to create series having separate rights,
15	powers, or duties with respect to specific property or obligations of the series entity,
16	or the profits and losses associated with specific property or obligations;
17	(40)[(38)] "Sign" or "signature" includes any manual, facsimile, conformed, or electronic
18	signature;
19	(41)[(39)] "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
20	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
21	jurisdiction of the United States; [and]
22	(42)[(40)] "Statutory trust" means a trust governed as to its internal affairs by KRS
23	Chapter 386A; and
24	(43) "Unincorporated nonprofit association" means an unincorporated nonprofit
25	association governed as to its internal affairs by KRS Chapter 273A.
26	→ Section 4. KRS 14A.2-060 is amended to read as follows:
27	(1) The Secretary of State shall collect the following fees when the documents

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1		desc	ribed in this subsection are delivered for filing:	
2		(a)	Application for use of indistinguishable name	\$ 20
3		(b)	Application or renewal of application for reserved name	\$ 15
4		(c)	Cancellation of application for reserved name	\$ 10
5		(d)	Notice of transfer of reserved name	\$ 15
6		(e)	Application for registered name	\$ 36
7		(f)	Application for renewal of registered name	\$ 36
8		(g)	Statement of change of registered office or registered agent, or both	\$ 10
9		(h)	Statement of change of principal office address	\$ 10
10		(i)	Agent's statement of change of registered office for each affected	
11			entity or foreign entity	\$ 10
12			not to exceed a total of	\$2,000
13		(j)	Reinstatement penalty following administrative dissolution	\$ 100
14		(k)	Application for certificate of authority	\$ 90
15		(1)	Application for amended certificate of authority	\$ 40
16		(m)	Certificate of withdrawal	\$ 40
17		(n)	Certificate of existence	\$ 10
18		(o)	Certificate of authorization	\$ 10
19		(p)	Any other document required or permitted to be filed by this chapter	\$ 15
20		(q)	Agent's statement of resignation	No fee
21		(r)	Certificate of administrative dissolution	No fee
22		(s)	Certificate of reinstatement	No fee
23		(t)	Certificate of revocation of authority to transact business	No fee
24		<u>(u)</u>	Certificate of association	\$ 15
25	(2)	The	Secretary of State shall collect a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) with respect	t to each
26		annı	ual report or amendment thereto.	
27	(3)	The	Secretary of State shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10) each time pr	ocess is

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1		served on him or her under this chapter. The party to a proceeding causing service
2		of process shall be entitled to recover this fee as costs if he prevails in the
3		proceeding.
4	(4)	The Secretary of State shall collect the following fees for copying and certifying the
5		copy of any filed document relating to a domestic or foreign entity:
6		(a) Five dollars (\$5) per request for the first five (5) pages and fifty cents (\$0.50)
7		a page for each page thereafter; and
8		(b) Five dollars (\$5) for the certificate.
9		→ Section 5. KRS 14A.6-010 is amended to read as follows:
10	(1)	Each entity and each foreign entity authorized to transact business in this
11		Commonwealth shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing an annual report that
12		sets forth:
13		(a) The name of the entity or foreign entity and the state or country under whose
14		law it is organized;
15		(b) The address of its registered office and the name of its registered agent at that
16		office in this Commonwealth;
17		(c) The address of its principal office; and
18		(d) With respect to each:
19		1. Corporation, not-for-profit corporation, cooperative, association, or
20		limited cooperative association, whether domestic or foreign:
21		a. The name and business address of the secretary or other officer
22		with responsibility for authenticating the records of the entity;
23		b. The name and business address of each other principal officer; and
24		c. The name and business address of each director;
25		2. Manager-managed limited liability company, whether domestic or
26		foreign, the name and business address of each manager;

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Limited partnership, whether domestic or foreign, the name and business

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I		address of each general partner;
2		4. Business trust, whether domestic or foreign, the name and business
3		address of each trustee;[and]
4		5. Professional service corporation, domestic or foreign, a statement that
5		each of the shareholders, not less than one-half (1/2) of the directors, and
6		each of the officers other than secretary and treasurer is a qualified
7		person <u>; and</u>
8		6. Unincorporated nonprofit association, the name and business address
9		of each manager.
10	(2)	Information in the annual report shall be current as of the date the annual report is
11		executed on behalf of the entity or foreign entity.
12	(3)	The first annual report shall be delivered to the Secretary of State between January 1
13		and June 30 of the year following the calendar year in which an entity was
14		organized or a foreign entity was authorized to transact business in this state.
15		Subsequent annual reports shall be delivered to the Secretary of State between
16		January 1 and June 30 of each following calendar year.
17	(4)	If an annual report does not contain the information required by this section, the
18		Secretary of State shall promptly notify the entity or foreign entity in writing and
19		return the report to it for correction, which notification may be accomplished
20		electronically. For purposes of KRS 14A.2-130 or 14A.2-140, an annual report
21		returned for correction shall not be deemed to have been delivered until it is
22		returned and accepted by the Secretary of State.
23	(5)	An entity or foreign entity may amend the information in its last filed annual report
24		by delivery of an amendment to the annual report to the Secretary of State for filing
25		on such form as is provided by the Secretary of State.
26	(6)	An unincorporated nonprofit association that has filed a certificate of association is
27		subject to this section.

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1	(7)	The requirement to file an annual report shall not apply to:
2		(a) A limited partnership governed as to its internal affairs by the Kentucky
3		Uniform Limited Partnership Act as it existed prior to its repeal by 1988 Ky.
4		Acts ch. 284, sec. 65;
5		(b) A partnership other than a limited liability partnership that has filed a
6		statement of qualification pursuant to KRS 362.1-951 or a foreign limited
7		liability partnership;
8		(c) A foreign rural electric cooperative or foreign rural telephone cooperative not
9		required to qualify to transact business by a filing with the Secretary of State;
10		or
11		(d) An unincorporated nonprofit association that has not filed a certificate of
12		association.
13		→ Section 6. KRS 271B.8-530 is amended to read as follows:
14	(1)	A corporation may pay for or reimburse the reasonable expenses incurred by a
15		director who is a party to a proceeding in advance of final disposition of the
16		proceeding if:
17		(a)[The director furnishes the corporation a written affirmation of his good faith
18		belief that he has met the standard of conduct described in KRS 271B.8-510;
19		(b)] The director furnishes the corporation a written undertaking, executed
20		personally or on his behalf, to repay the advance if it is ultimately determined
21		that he did not meet the standard of conduct; and
22		(b)[(c)] A determination is made that the facts then known to those making the
23		determination would not preclude indemnification under KRS 271B.8-500 to
24		271B.8-580.
		The undertaking required by subsection $(1)(a)(b)$ of this section shall be on
25	(2)	The undertaking required by subsection $(1)\underline{(a)}\underline{\{(b)\}}$ of this section shall be an

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and may be accepted without reference to financial ability to make repayment.

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1	(3)	Dete	rminations and authorizations of payments under this section shall be made in
2		the r	nanner specified in KRS 271B.8-550.
3		→ Se	ection 7. KRS 271B.8-550 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	A c	orporation shall not indemnify a director under KRS 271B.8-510 unless
5		auth	orized in the specific case after a determination has been made that
6		inde	mnification of the director is permissible in the circumstances because he has
7		met	the standard of conduct set forth in KRS 271B.8-510.
8	(2)	The	determination shall be made:
9		(a)	By the board of directors by majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors
10			not at the time parties to the proceeding;
11		(b)	If a quorum cannot be obtained under subsection (2)(a) of this section, by
12			majority vote of a committee duly designated by the board of directors (in
13			which designation directors who are parties may participate), consisting solely
14			of two (2) or more directors not at the time parties to the proceeding;
15		(c)	By special legal counsel:
16			1. Selected by the board of directors or its committee in the manner
17			prescribed in subsection (2)(a) and (b) of this section; or
18			2. If a quorum of the board of directors cannot be obtained under
19			subsection (2)(a) of this section and a committee cannot be designated
20			under subsection (2)(b) of this section, selected by majority vote of the

participate); or

(d) By the shareholders, but shares owned by or voted under the control of directors *or shareholders* who are at the time parties to the proceeding shall not be voted on the determination.

full board of directors (in which selection directors who are parties may

26 (3) Authorization of indemnification and evaluation as to reasonableness of expenses 27 shall be made in the same manner as the determination that indemnification is

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1	permissible, except that if the determination is made by special legal counsel,
2	authorization of indemnification and evaluation as to reasonableness of expenses
3	shall be made by those entitled under subsection (2)(c) of this section to select
4	counsel.

- Section 8. KRS 271B.10-200 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) A corporation's board of directors may amend or repeal the corporation's bylaws
 7 unless:
- 8 (a) The articles of incorporation or this chapter reserve this power exclusively to 9 the shareholders in whole or part; or
- 10 (b) The shareholders in amending or repealing a particular bylaw provide 11 expressly that the board of directors may not amend or repeal that bylaw.
- 12 (2) A corporation's shareholders may amend or repeal the corporation's bylaws even 13 though the bylaws may also be amended or repealed by its board of directors.
- 14 (3) A sharholder of the corporation shall not have a vested property right resulting
 15 from any provision in the bylaws.
- → Section 9. KRS 272A.6-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which the judgment creditor of a
 18 member or the assignee of a member may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment
 19 debtor's limited financial rights in a limited cooperative association.
- 20 (2) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by a judgment creditor of a 21 member or a member's assignee, a court may charge the judgment debtor's financial 22 rights in the association with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. To 23 the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of a transferee and 24 shall have no right to participate in the management or to cause the dissolution of 25 the association. The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions 26 due or to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of the financial rights and 27 make all other orders, directions, accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might

1		have made or which the circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the
2		charging order.
3	(3)	A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made
4		with respect to the judgment debtor's financial rights. A charging order does not of
5		itself constitute an assignment of the financial rights.
6	(4)	The court may order a foreclosure upon the financial rights subject to the charging
7		order at any time. The purchaser of the financial rights at the foreclosure sale has
8		the rights of a transferee. At any time before foreclosure, the charged financial
9		rights may be redeemed:
10		(a) By the judgment debtor;
11		(b) With property other than property of the association, by one (1) or more of the
12		other members; and
13		(c) With association property, by the association with the consent of all members
14		whose financial rights are not so charged.
15	(5)	This section does not deprive a member or a member's assignee of the benefit of any
16		exemption laws applicable to the member's or assignee's financial rights.
17	(6)	The association is not a necessary part to an application for a charging order.
18		Service of the charging order on an association may be made by the court granting
19		the charging order or as the court should otherwise direct.
20	<u>(7)</u>	This section does not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a limited
21		cooperative association against a member of that association.
22	<u>(8)</u>	This section shall apply to the issuance of a charging order against the interest of
23		a member or assignee of a member of a foreign limited cooperative association.

25 (1) A judgment or order against an unincorporated nonprofit association is not by itself 26 a judgment or order against a member or manager.

→ Section 10. KRS 273A.040 is amended to read as follows:

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27 (2) Pursuant to this chapter, a judgment creditor of an unincorporated nonprofit

1		assoc	ciation shall not levy execution against the assets of a member to satisfy a
2		judg	ment based on a claim against the association unless:
3		(a)	A judgment based on the same claim has been obtained against the association
4			and a writ of execution on the judgment has been returned unsatisfied in
5			whole or in part;
6		(b)	The association is a debtor in bankruptcy;
7		(c)	The member has agreed that the creditor need not exhaust association assets;
8			or
9		(d)	Liability is imposed on the member by law or contract independent of the
10			existence of the association.
11	<u>(3)</u>	Subs	section (2) of this section shall not apply to any judgment or order for which
12		the n	nembers are not liable in accordance with KRS 273A.030(1).
13		→ Se	ection 11. KRS 275.015 is amended to read as follows:
14	As u	sed in	this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
15	(1)	"Arti	icles of organization" means the articles filed in conformity with the provisions
16		of K	RS 275.020 and 275.025, and those articles as amended or restated;
17	(2)	"Bus	siness entity" means a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
18		corp	oration, partnership, limited partnership, business or statutory trust, and not-for-
19		profi	t unincorporated association;
20	(3)	"Cor	poration" means a profit or nonprofit corporation formed under the laws of any
21		state	or a foreign country;
22	(4)	"Cot	art" means every court having jurisdiction in the case;
23	(5)	"Del	iver" or "delivery" means any method of delivery used in conventional
24		comi	mercial practice, including delivery by hand, mail, commercial delivery, and
25		elect	ronic transmission;

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"Dissent" means a right to object to a proposed action or transaction and, in

connection therewith, to demand a redemption of a limited liability company

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- 2 (7) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means any process of
- 3 communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable
- for the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by the recipient;
- 5 (8) "Event of disassociation" means an event that causes a person to cease to be a
- 6 member as provided in KRS 275.280;
- 7 (9) "Foreign limited liability company" means an organization that is:
- 8 (a) An unincorporated association;
- 9 (b) Organized under laws of a state other than the laws of this Commonwealth, or
- under the laws of any foreign country; and
- 11 (c) Organized under a statute pursuant to which an association may be formed
- that affords to each of its members limited liability with respect to the
- liabilities of the entity;
- 14 (10) "Foreign nonprofit corporation" means a corporation incorporated for a nonprofit
- purpose under the laws of a state other than the Commonwealth or under the laws of
- a foreign country;
- 17 (11) "Knowledge" means actual knowledge of a fact;
- 18 (12) "Limited liability company" or "domestic limited liability company" means a
- limited liability company formed under this chapter and, except with respect to a
- 20 nonprofit limited liability company, having one (1) or more members;
- 21 (13) "Limited liability company interest" or "interest in the limited liability company"
- means the interest that may be issued in accordance with KRS 275.195;
- 23 (14) "Limited partnership" means a limited partnership formed under the laws of the
- 24 Commonwealth or any other state or a foreign country;
- 25 (15) "Majority-in-interest of the members" means those members entitled to cast a
- 26 majority of the votes to be cast by the members on any matter under the terms of the
- operating agreement described in KRS 275.175(3);

1	(16)	"Manager" or "managers" means, with respect to a limited liability company that
2		has set forth in its articles of organization that it is to be managed by managers, the
3		person or persons designated in accordance with KRS 275.165;
4	(17)	"Member" or "members" means a person or persons who have been admitted to
5		membership in a limited liability company as provided in KRS 275.275 and who
6		have not ceased to be members as provided in KRS 275.280 or Section 2 of this
7		<u>Act</u> ;
8	(18)	"Name of record with the Secretary of State" means any real, fictitious, reserved,
9		registered, or assumed name of a business entity;
10	(19)	"Nonprofit limited liability company" means a limited liability company formed for
11		a nonprofit purpose having one (1) or more or no members that has elected in its
12		articles of organization to be treated as a nonprofit limited liability company in
13		accordance with KRS 275.025(6);
14	(20)	"Nonprofit purpose" includes any purpose authorized under KRS 273.167;
15	(21)	"Operating agreement" means any agreement, written or oral, among all of the
16		members, as to the conduct of the business and affairs of a limited liability
17		company. If a limited liability company has only one (1) member, an operating
18		agreement shall be deemed to include:
19		(a) A writing executed by the member that relates to the affairs of the limited
20		liability company and the conduct of its business regardless of whether the
21		writing constitutes an agreement; or
22		(b) If the limited liability company is managed by a manager, any other agreement
23		between the member and the limited liability company as it relates to the
24		limited liability company and the conduct of its business, regardless of
25		whether the agreement is in writing;
26	(22)	"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a domestic or foreign limited liability
27		company, a trust, an estate, an association, a corporation, or any other legal entity;

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1 (23) "Principal office" means the office, in or out of the Commonwealth, so designated 2 in writing with the Secretary of State where the principal executive offices of a 3 domestic or foreign limited liability company are located;

- 4 (24) "Proceeding" means civil suit and criminal, administrative, and investigative action;
- organized under this chapter or the laws of another state or foreign country for purposes that include, but are not limited to, the providing of one (1) or more professional services. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, all provisions of this chapter governing limited liability companies shall be applicable
- to professional limited liability companies;
- 11 (26) "Professional services" mean the personal services rendered by physicians, 12 osteopaths, optometrists, podiatrists, chiropractors, dentists, nurses, pharmacists,
- psychologists, occupational therapists, veterinarians, engineers, architects,
- landscape architects, certified public accountants, public accountants, physical
- therapists, and attorneys;
- 16 (27) "Real name" shall have the meaning set forth in KRS 365.015;
- 17 (28) "Regulating board" means the governmental agency which is charged by law with
- the licensing and regulation of the practice of the profession which the professional
- limited liability company is organized to provide; and
- 20 (29) "State" means a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of
- 21 Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- → Section 12. KRS 275.175 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization, a written operating
 24 agreement, or this chapter, the affirmative vote, approval, or consent of a majority25 in-interest of the members or a simple majority of the managers, each having a
 26 single vote, shall be required to decide any matter connected with the business
- 27 affairs of the limited liability company.

1	(2)	Unle	ess otherwise provided in a written operating agreement, irrespective of whether
2		man	agement of the limited liability company is vested in a manager or managers,
3		the a	affirmative vote, approval, or consent of the members shall be required to:
4		(a)	Amend a written operating agreement;
5		(b)	Authorize a manager or member to do any act on behalf of the limited liability
6			company that contravenes an operating agreement, including any written
7			provision thereof which expressly limits the purpose, business, or affairs of
8			the limited liability company or the conduct thereof;
9		(c)	Amend the articles of organization;
10		(d)	Merge or convert the limited liability company or approve a sale of all or

12 (e) Admit a new member, including the assignee of a member, as a member;

substantially all of its assets;

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- 13 (f) Remove a member after the assignment of all assignable interest in the limited 14 liability company;
 - (g) Waive an agreement to contribute to the limited liability company;
- 16 (h) Approve the voluntary dissolution of the limited liability company;
- 17 (i) Approve any acting contravention of a written operating agreement; or
- 18 (j) Allow the voluntary resignation of a member from a manager-managed limited liability company.
- 20 (3) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization, a written operating
 21 agreement, or this chapter, for all purposes of this chapter, the members of a limited
 22 liability company shall vote, approve, or consent in proportion to their
 23 contributions, based upon the agreed value as stated in the records of the limited
 24 liability company as required by KRS 275.185, made by each member to the extent
 25 they have been received by the limited liability company and have not been
 26 returned.
- 27 (4) In a nonprofit limited liability company that does not have members, the capacity

1	and authority to manage the business and affairs of the company shall be set forth in
2	a written operating agreement.

- Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or the written operating agreement, no member of a limited liability company shall have the right to dissent from an amendment to the operating agreement or the articles of organization.
- 6 (6) An operating agreement may set forth provisions relating to notice of the time,
 7 place, or purpose of any meeting at which any matter is to be voted on by any
 8 members, waiver of any such notice, action by consent without a meeting, the
 9 establishment of a record date, quorum, and voting requirements, voting in
 10 person or by proxy, or any other matter with respect to the exercise of any such
 11 right to vote, approve, or consent.
- 12 (7) Except as otherwise provided in a written operating agreement, an action
 13 requiring the vote, approval, or consent of the members may be taken without a
 14 meeting and without prior notice if the vote, approval, or consent is set forth in a
 15 writing approved by not less than the necessary number, percentage, or threshold
 16 of members, interests, or votes.
- → Section 13. KRS 275.260 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which the judgment creditor of a
 19 member or the assignee of a member may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment
 20 debtor's limited liability company interest.
- 21 (2) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by a judgment creditor of a
 22 member or a member's assignee, a court may charge the judgment debtor's interest
 23 in the limited liability company with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the
 24 judgment. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an
 25 assignee and shall have no right to participate in the management or to cause the
 26 dissolution of the limited liability company. The court may appoint a receiver of the
 27 share of the distributions due or to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of

1		the limited liability company interest and make all other orders, directions,
2		accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might have made or which the
3		circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the charging order.
4	(3)	A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made
5		with respect to the judgment debtor's limited liability company interest. A charging
6		order does not of itself constitute an assignment of the limited liability company
7		interest.
8	(4)	The court may order a foreclosure upon the limited liability company interest
9		subject to the charging order at any time. The purchaser of the limited liability
10		company interest at the foreclosure sale has the rights of an assignee. At any time
11		before foreclosure, the charged limited liability company interest may be redeemed:
12		(a) By the judgment debtor;
13		(b) With property other than limited liability company property, by one (1) or
14		more of the other members; and
15		(c) With limited liability company property, by the limited liability company with
16		the consent of all members whose interest are not so charged.
17	(5)	This section does not deprive a member or a member's assignee of the benefit of any
18		exemption laws applicable to the member's or assignee's limited liability company
19		interest.
20	(6)	The limited liability company is not a necessary party to an application for a
21		charging order. Service of the charging order on a limited liability company may be
22		made by the court granting the charging order or as the court should otherwise
23		direct.
24	<u>(7)</u>	This section does not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a limited liability
25		company against a member of that company.
26	<u>(8)</u>	This section does apply to the issuance of a charging order against the interest of

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a member or assignee of a member of a foreign limited liability company.

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1		→ S	ection .	14. KRS 2/5.280 is amended to read as follows:	
2	(1)	A p	A person shall disassociate from and cease to be a member of a limited liability		
3		com	pany uj	pon the occurrence of one (1) or more of the following events:	
4		(a)	Subje	ct to the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, the member	
5			withd	raws by voluntary act from the limited liability company;	
6		(b)	The 1	member ceases to be a member of the limited liability company as	
7			provid	ded in KRS 275.265;	
8		(c)	The n	nember is removed as a member:	
9			1.	In accordance with a written operating agreement;	
10			2.	Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement, if after an	
11				assignment there is at least one (1) other member, when the member	
12				assigns all of the member's limited liability company interest that may be	
13				unilaterally assigned, upon receipt of the written consent of a majority-	
14				in-interest of the members who have not assigned their interest; <u>or</u>	
15			3.	If after the assignment there are no other members, upon the effective	
16				time and date of the assignment; [or	
17			4.	Upon resignation as a member;]	
18		(d)	Unles	s otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written	
19			conse	nt of majority-in-interest of the members, at the time the member:	
20			1.	Makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors;	
21			2.	Files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy;	
22			3.	Is adjudicated bankrupt or insolvent;	
23			4.	Files a petition or answer seeking for the member any reorganization,	
24				arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution, or	
25				similar relief under any statute, law, or regulation;	
26			5.	Files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the	

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material allegations of a petition filed against the member in any

1		proceeding of this nature; or
2		6. Seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee,
3		receiver, or liquidator of the member or of all or any substantial part of
4		the member's property;
5	(e)	Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written
6		consent of a majority-in-interest of the members remaining at the time, if
7		within one hundred twenty (120) days after the commencement of any
8		proceeding against the member seeking reorganization, arrangement,
9		composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution, or similar relief under any
10		statute, law, or regulation, the proceeding has not been dismissed, or if within
11		one hundred twenty (120) days after the appointment without the member's
12		consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the member, or
13		of all or any substantial part of the member's properties, the appointment is not
14		vacated or stayed or within one hundred twenty (120) days after the expiration
15		of any stay, the appointment is not vacated;
16	(f)	Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written
17		consent of a majority-in-interest of the members remaining at the time, in the
18		case of a member that is an individual:
19		1. The member's death; or
20		2. The entry of an order by a court of competent jurisdiction adjudicating
21		the member incompetent to manage his or her person or estate;
22	(g)	Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written
23		consent of a majority-in-interest of the members remaining at the time, in the
24		case of a member that is a trust or is acting as a member by virtue of being a
25		trustee of a trust, the termination of the trust, but not merely the substitution of

(h) Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written

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a new trustee;

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1		consent of a majority-in-interest of the members remaining at the time, in the
2		case of a member that is a separate limited liability company, the dissolution
3		and commencement of winding up of the separate limited liability company;
4		(i) Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written
5		consent of the majority-in-interest of the members remaining at the time, in
6		the case of a member that is a corporation, the filing of articles of dissolution
7		or the equivalent for the corporation or the revocation of its articles of
8		incorporation and the lapse of ninety (90) days after notice to the corporation
9		of revocation without a reinstatement of its articles of incorporation; or
10		(j) Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement or by written
11		consent of a majority-in-interest of the members remaining at the time, in the
12		case of an estate, the distribution by the fiduciary of the estate's entire interest
13		in the limited liability company.
14	(2)	The members may provide in a written operating agreement for other events the
15		occurrence of which shall result in a person ceasing to be a member of the limited
16		liability company.
17	(3)	Unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement:
18		(a) In a member-managed limited liability company a member may resign from a
19		limited liability company upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the
20		limited liability company; and
21		(b) In a manager-managed limited liability company, a member may not resign
22		without the consent of all other members.
23	(4)	Upon the effective date of the resignation, the resigning member shall be
24		dissociated from and cease to be a member of the limited liability company and
25		shall be with respect to the resigning member's limited liability company interest an
26		assignee thereof.
27	(5)	The successor-in-interest of a disassociated member shall be an assignee.

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1	(\boldsymbol{o})	Except as set forth in a written operating agreement, the dissociation of a				
2		member does not entitle the former member or any assignee thereof to any				
3		distribution.				
4		→ Section 15. KRS 275.337 is amended to read as follows:				
5	(1)	A member may maintain a direct action against a limited liability company, another				
6		member, or a manager to redress an injury sustained by, or to enforce a duty owed				
7		to, the member if the member can prevail without showing an injury or breach of				
8		duty to the company.				
9	(2)	A member may maintain a derivative action to redress an injury sustained by or				
10		enforce a duty owed to a limited liability company if:				
11		(a) The member shall first make a demand on the other members and, if the				
12		company is manager-managed, the managers, requesting that they cause the				
13		company to bring an action to redress the injury or enforce the right, and they				
14		do not bring the action within a reasonable time; or				
15		(b) A demand would be futile.				
16	(3)	A derivative action on behalf of a limited liability company shall be maintained				
17		only by a person that is a member at the time the action is commenced and who:				
18		(a) Was a member when the conduct giving rise to the action occurred; or				
19		(b) Acquired the status as a member by operation of law or pursuant to the terms				
20		of the operating agreement from a person that was a member at the time of the				
21		conduct giving rise to the action occurred.				
22	(4)	In a derivative action on behalf of the limited liability company, the complaint shall				
23		state with particularity:				
24		(a) The date and content of the member's demand and the response to the				
25		demand; or				
26		(b) The reason the demand should be excused as futile.				
27	(5)	The derivative proceeding shall not be maintained if:				

1	<u>(</u>	(a)	It appears that the person commencing the proceeding does not fairly and
2			adequately represent the interests of the shareholder in enforcing the rights
3			of the limited liability company; or
4	<u>)</u>	(b)	The person commencing the proceeding ceases to be a member in the
5			limited liability company.
6	<u>(6)</u>	Ехсе	ept as otherwise provided in subsection $(9)[(8)]$ of this section:
7	((a)	Any proceeds or other benefits of a derivative action on behalf of a limited
8			liability company, whether by judgment, compromise, or settlement, are the
9			property of the company and not of the plaintiff; and
10	((b)	If the plaintiff receives any proceeds or other benefits, the plaintiff shall
11			immediately remit them to the company.
12	<u>(7)</u> [(6))]	A derivative action on behalf of a limited liability company <u>shall</u> [may] not be
13	,	volu	ntarily dismissed or settled without the court's approval.
14	<u>(8)</u> [(7))]	The proper venue for a direct action under subsection (1) of this section or a
15	(deriv	vative action shall be the Circuit Court for the county in which the company
16	1	mair	ntains its registered office and agent.
17	<u>(9)</u> [(8))]	On termination of the proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the court
18	1	may	:
19	((a)	Require the plaintiff member to pay any defendant's reasonable expenses,
20			including counsel fees, incurred in defending the proceeding to the extent it
21			finds that the proceeding or any portion thereof was commenced without
22			reasonable cause or for an improper purpose; and
23	((b)	Require the limited liability company to pay the plaintiff member's reasonable
24			expenses, including counsel fees, incurred in the proceeding to the extent it
25			finds that the proceeding has resulted in a substantial benefit to the company.
26	•	→ Se	ection 16. KRS 362.285 is amended to read as follows:
27	(1)	This	section provides the exclusive remedy by which the judgment creditor of a

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1 partner or the transferee of a partner may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment 2 debtor's transferable interest.

- On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by a judgment creditor of a (2) partner or a partner's transferee, a court may charge the transferable interest of the judgment debtor with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of a transferee and shall have no right to participate in the management of or to cause the dissolution of the partnership. The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions due or to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of the partnership and make all 10 other orders, directions, accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might have made or which the circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the 12 charging order.
- 13 A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made 14 with respect to the judgment debtor's transferable interest in the partnership.
- (4) 15 The court may order a foreclosure of the interest subject to the charging order at any 16 time. The purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights of a transferee. A charging 17 order does not of itself constitute an assignment of the transferable interest.
- 18 At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may be redeemed: (5)
- 19 (a) By the judgment debtor;

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- 20 With property other than partnership property, by one (1) or more of the other (b) 21 partners; or
- 22 With partnership property, by one (1) or more of the other partners with the 23 consent of all of the partners whose interests are not so charged.
- 24 This section does not deprive a partner of a right under exemption laws with respect (6) 25 to the partner's interest in the partnership.
- 26 (7) The partnership is not a necessary party to an application for a charging order. 27 Service of the charging order on a partnership may be made by the court granting

- 1 the charging order or as the court may otherwise direct.
- 2 (8) This section shall not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a partnership
- 3 against a partner of that partnership.
- 4 (9) This section shall apply to the issuance of a charging order against the interest of
- 5 a partner or assignee of a partner of a foreign partnership.
- Section 17. KRS 362.481 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which the judgment creditor of a
- 8 partner or the transferee of a partner may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment
- 9 debtor's transferable interest.
- 10 (2) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a
- partner or a partner's transferee, the court may charge the transferable interest of the
- iudgment debtor with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. To the
- extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of a transferee, and shall
- have no right to participate in the management of or to cause the dissolution of the
- partnership. The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions due or
- to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of the partnership and make all
- other orders, directions, accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might have
- made or which the circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the
- 19 charging order.
- 20 (3) A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made
- with respect to the judgment debtor's transferable interest. A charging order does
- 22 not of itself constitute an assignment of the transferable interest.
- 23 (4) The court may order a foreclosure upon the transferable interest subject to the
- charging order at any time. The purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights of a
- 25 transferee.
- 26 (5) At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may be redeemed:
- 27 (a) By the judgment debtor;

1	(b)	With property other than limited partnership property, by one (1) or more of
2		the other partners; or

- 3 (c) With limited partnership property, by the limited partnership with the consent 4 of all partners whose interests are not so charged.
- 5 (6) This section does not deprive any partner or a partner's transferee of the benefit of 6 any exemption laws applicable to the partner's or transferee's transferable interest.
- 7 (7) The partnership is not a necessary party to an application for a charging order.
 8 Service of the charging order on a partnership may be made by the court granting
 9 the charging order or as the court may otherwise direct.
- 10 (8) This section shall not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a limited

 11 partnership against a partner of that partnership.
- 12 (9) This section shall apply to the issuance of a charging order against the interest of

 13 a partner or assignee of a partner of a foreign partnership.
- → Section 18. KRS 362.1-504 is amended to read as follows:

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- 15 (1) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which the judgment creditor of a partner or the transferee of a partner may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment debtor's transferable interest.
 - (2) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by a judgment creditor of a partner or a partner's transferee, a court may charge the transferable interest of the judgment debtor with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of a transferee and shall have no right to participate in the management of or to cause the dissolution of the partnership. The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions due or to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of the partnership and make all other orders, directions, accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might have made or which the circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the charging order.

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1 (3) A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made 2 with respect to the judgment debtor's transferable interest in the partnership.

- The court may order a foreclosure of the interest subject to the charging order at any time. The purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights of a transferee. A charging order does not of itself constitute an assignment of the transferable interest.
- 6 (5) At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may be redeemed:
- 7 (a) By the judgment debtor;
- 8 (b) With property other than partnership property, by one (1) or more of the other 9 partners; or
- 10 (c) With partnership property, by one (1) or more of the other partners with the consent of all of the partners whose interests are not so charged.
- 12 (6) This subchapter does not deprive a partner or a partner's transferee of a right under 13 exemption laws with respect to the partner's or transferee's interest in the 14 partnership.
- 15 (7) The partnership is not a necessary party to an application for a charging order.

 Service of the charging order on a partnership may be made by the court granting

 the charging order or as the court may otherwise direct.
- 18 (8) This section shall not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a partnership

 19 against a partner of that partnership.
- 20 (9) This section shall apply to the issuance of a charging order against the interest of
 21 a partner or transferee of a partner of a foreign partnership.
- **→** Section 19. KRS 362.2-703 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which the judgment creditor of a 24 partner or the transferee of a partner may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment 25 debtor's transferable interest.
- 26 (2) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a partner or a partner's transferee, the court may charge the transferable interest of the

judgment debtor with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. To the
extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of a transferee, and shall
have no right to participate in the management or to cause the dissolution of the
partnership. The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions due or
to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of the partnership and make all
other orders, directions, accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might have
made or which the circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the
charging order.

- 9 (3) A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made 10 with respect to the judgment debtor's transferable interest. A charging order does 11 not of itself constitute an assignment of the transferable interest.
- 12 (4) The court may order a foreclosure upon the transferable interest subject to the 13 charging order at any time. The purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights of a 14 transferee.
- 15 (5) At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may be redeemed:
- 16 (a) By the judgment debtor;

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- 17 (b) With property other than limited partnership property, by one (1) or more of 18 the other partners; or
- 19 (c) With limited partnership property, by the limited partnership with the consent of all partners whose interests are not so charged.
- 21 (6) This subchapter does not deprive any partner or a partner's transferee of the benefit 22 of any exemption laws applicable to the partner's or transferee's transferable 23 interest.
- 24 (7) The partnership is not a necessary party to an application for a charging order.

 25 Service of the charging order on a partnership may be made by the court granting

 26 the charging order or as the court may otherwise direct.
- 27 (8) This section shall not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a limited

I		partnership against a partner of that partnership.
2	<u>(9)</u>	This section shall apply to the issuance of a charging order against the interest of
3		a partner or transferee of a partner of a foreign partnership.
4		→ Section 20. KRS 362.2-933 is amended to read as follows:
5	<u>(1)</u>	A derivative action may be maintained only by a person that is a partner at the time
6		the action is commenced and:
7		(a)[(1)] That was a partner when the conduct giving rise to action occurred; or
8		(b)[(2)] Whose status as a partner devolved upon the person by operation of law
9		or pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement from a person that was a
10		partner at the time of that conduct.
11	<u>(2)</u>	The derivative proceeding shall not be maintained if:
12		(a) It appears that the person commencing the proceeding does not fairly and
13		adequately represent the interests of the partners in enforcing the rights of
14		the limited partnership; or
15		(b) The person commencing the proceeding ceases to be a partner in the limited
16		partnership.
17		→ Section 21. KRS 386A.6-060 is amended to read as follows:
18	(1)	If a beneficial interest is not freely transferable by a beneficial owner so that the
19		transferee has all rights of the transferor, this section provides the exclusive remedy
20		by which the judgment creditor of a beneficial owner or a transferee of a beneficial
21		owner may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment debtor's beneficial interest.
22	(2)	On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by a judgment creditor of a
23		beneficial owner or a beneficial owner's transferee, a court may charge the judgment
24		debtor's beneficial interest with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment.
25		To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor shall have no right to participate in
26		the management or to cause the dissolution of the statutory trust. The court may
27		appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions due or to become due to the

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1		judgment debtor in respect of the beneficial interest and make all other orders,
2		directions, accounts, and inquiries the judgment creditor might have made or which
3		the circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the charging order.
4	(3)	A charging order constitutes a lien on and the right to receive distributions made
5		with respect to the judgment debtor's beneficial interest. A charging order does not
6		of itself constitute an assignment of the beneficial interest.
7	(4)	The court may order a foreclosure upon the beneficial interest subject to the
8		charging order at any time. The purchaser of the beneficial interest at the
9		foreclosure sale shall have no right to participate in the management or to cause the
10		dissolution of the statutory trust. Upon foreclosure the beneficial owner shall be
11		dissociated from and cease to be a beneficial owner of the trust. At any time before
12		foreclosure, the charged beneficial interest may be redeemed:
13		(a) By the judgment debtor;
14		(b) With property other than statutory trust property, by one (1) or more of the
15		other beneficial owners; and
16		(c) With statutory trust property, by the statutory trust with the consent of the
17		trustees.
18	(5)	This section does not deprive a beneficial owner or a beneficial owner's transferee
19		of the benefit of any exemption laws applicable to the beneficial interest.
20	(6)	The statutory trust is not a necessary party to an application for a charging order.
21		Service of the charging order on a statutory trust may be made by the court granting
22		the charging order or as the court should otherwise direct.
23	<u>(7)</u>	This section shall not apply to the enforcement of a judgment by a statutory trust
24		against a beneficial owner of that trust.
25	<u>(8)</u>	This section shall apply to the issuance of a charging order against the beneficial
26		interest of a beneficial owner or assignee of a beneficial owner of a foreign

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statutory trust.

1		→ S	ection 22. KRS 382.135 is amended to read as follows:
2	(1)	In a	dition to any other requirement imposed by law, a deed to real property shall
3		cont	in the following:
4		(a)	The full name of the grantor and grantee;
5		(b)	The mailing addresses of the grantor and grantee;
6		(c)	A statement of the full consideration;
7		(d)	A statement indicating the in-care-of address to which the property tax bill for
8			the year in which the property is transferred may be sent; and
9		(e)	1. In the case of a transfer other than by gift, or with nominal or no
10			consideration a sworn, notarized certificate signed by the grantor or his
11			or her agent and the grantee or his or her agent, or the parent or
12			guardian of a person under eighteen (18) years old, that the consideration
13			reflected in the deed is the full consideration paid for the property; or
14			2. In the case of a transfer either by gift or with nominal or no
15			consideration, a sworn, notarized certificate signed by the grantor or his
16			or her agent and the grantee or his or her agent, or the parent or
17			guardian of a person under eighteen (18) years old, stating that the
18			transfer is by gift and setting forth the estimated fair cash value of the
19			property.
20	(2)	The	deed filing requirements listed in subsection (1)(c), (d), and (e) of this section
21		shall	not apply to:
22		(a)	Deeds which only convey utility easements;
23		(b)	Deeds which transfer property through a court action pursuant to a divorce
24			proceeding;
25		(c)	Deeds which convey rights-of-way that involve governmental agencies;
26		(d)	Deeds which convey cemetery lots:

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(e)

Deeds which correct errors in previous deeds conveying the same property

1		from the same grantor to the same grantee; or
2		(f) Deeds which convey real property to a local airport board.
3	(3)	In the case of an exchange of properties, the fair cash value of the property being
4		exchanged shall be stated in the body of the deed.
5	(4)	In the event of a transfer of property by will or under the laws of intestate
6		succession, the personal representative of the estate, prior to closing out the estate,
7		shall file an affidavit with the county clerk of each county in which any of the
8		property is located, which shall contain the following:
9		(a) The names and addresses of the persons receiving each property passing by
10		will or intestate succession; and
11		(b) The full or fair market value of each property as estimated or established for
12		any purpose in the handling of the estate, or a statement that no such values
13		were estimated or established.
14	(5)	No county clerk or deputy clerk shall lodge for record, and no county clerk or
15		deputy shall receive and permit to be lodged for record, any deed that does not
16		comply with the provisions of this section.
17	<u>(6)</u>	For purposes of subsection (1) of this section:
18		(a) The full name of an individual shall be determined as provided in KRS
19		355.9-503(1)(d) and (e); and
20		(b) The full name of a business entity shall be synonymous with its real name
21		determined as provided in KRS 365.015(1)(b) and (c).
22		→ Section 23. KRS 386A.6-110 is amended to read as follows:
23	(1)	A beneficial owner may maintain a direct action against a statutory trust or a trustee
24		to redress an injury sustained by, or to enforce a duty owed to, the beneficial owner
25		if the beneficial owner can prevail without showing an injury or breach of duty to
26		the trust.
27	(2)	A beneficial owner may maintain a derivative action to redress an injury sustained

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1		by o	r enforce a duty owed to a statutory trust if:
2		(a)	The beneficial owner first makes a demand on the trustees, requesting that the
3			trustees cause the trust to bring an action to redress the injury or enforce the
4			right, and the trustees do not bring the action within a reasonable time; or
5		(b)	A demand would be futile.
6	(3)	A d	erivative action on behalf of a statutory trust may be maintained only by a
7		pers	on that is a beneficial owner at the time the action is commenced and who:
8		(a)	Was a beneficial owner when the conduct giving rise to the action occurred; or
9		(b)	Acquired the status as a beneficial owner by operation of law or pursuant to
10			the terms of the governing instrument from a person that was a beneficial
11			owner at the time of the conduct giving rise to the action occurred.
12	(4)	In a	derivative action on behalf of the statutory trust, the complaint must state with
13		parti	icularity:
14		(a)	The date and content of the plaintiff's demand and the trustees' response to the
15			demand; or
16		(b)	The reason the demand should be excused as futile.
17	(5)	<u>The</u>	derivative proceeding shall not be maintained if:
18		<u>(a)</u>	It appears that the person commencing the proceeding does not fairly and
19			adequately represent the interests of the beneficial owners in enforcing the
20			rights of the statutory trust; or
21		<u>(b)</u>	The person commencing the proceeding ceases to be a beneficial owner in
22			the statutory trust.
23	<u>(6)</u>	Exc	ept as otherwise provided in subsection $(10)[(6)]$ of this section:
24		(a)	Any proceeds or other benefits of a derivative action on behalf of a statutory
25			trust, whether by judgment, compromise or settlement, are the property of the
26			trust and not of the plaintiff; and
27		(b)	If the plaintiff receives any proceeds or other benefits, the plaintiff shall

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1		immediately remit them to the trust.
2	<u>(7)</u> [(6)]	A derivative action on behalf of a statutory trust may not be voluntarily
3	dism	sissed or settled without the court's approval.
4	<u>(8)</u> [(7)]	The proper venue for a direct action under subsection (1) of this section or a
5	deriv	vative action in which the action is brought solely against one (1) or more
6	trust	ees shall be an appropriate court.
7	<u>(9)[(8)]</u>	A beneficial owner associated with a series, if the series may pursuant to KRS
8	386	A.4-010(4) be sued in its own name, may bring an action pursuant to subsection
9	(1)	or (2) of this section against only that series, the trustees associated with the
10	serie	es, or both. If brought only against a series or the trustees associated with the
11	serie	es, any demand made pursuant to subsection (2)(a) of this section shall be upon
12	the t	rustees associated with the series.
13	<u>(10)</u> [(9)]	On termination of the proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the court
14	may	
15	(a)	Require the plaintiff to pay any defendant's reasonable expenses, including
16		counsel fees, incurred in defending the proceeding to the extent it finds that
17		the proceeding or any portion thereof was commenced without reasonable
18		cause or for an improper purpose; and
19	(b)	Require the statutory trust, or as appropriate a series thereof, to pay the
20		plaintiff's reasonable expenses, including counsel fees, incurred in the
21		proceeding if it finds that the proceeding has resulted in a substantial benefit
22		to the statutory trust or to a series thereof.

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