1	AN ACT relating to cannabidiol use.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 218A IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	(1) Any licensed physician in good standing with the Kentucky Board of Medical
6	Licensure may recommend the use of cannabidiol or cannabidiol products to any
7	patient who, in the professional opinion of the physician, would benefit from
8	such a course of treatment.
9	(2) Any cannabidiol recommended pursuant to this section shall comply with the
10	<u>following:</u>
11	(a) The recommending physician and one (1) other physician shall sign a form
12	recommending that a patient use cannabidiol;
13	(b) Any recommendation for cannibidiol shall occur after an in-person
14	appointment and physical assessment completed by the recommending
15	physician;
16	(c) The recommending physician shall issue an affidavit with each
17	recommendation for cannabidiol establishing an upper limit for the delta-9
18	tetrahydrocannabinol content of the cannabidiol product used in the course
19	of treatment; and
20	(d) If a recommending physician sells or dispenses cannabidiol products, he or
21	she shall utilize an independent laboratory testing facility to ensure that the
22	cannabidiol products meet required delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol content,
23	and issue an affidavit with each recommended, transferred, or dispensed
24	cannabidiol order that states the tested delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
25	content of the product.
26	(3) The Board of Medical Licensure shall not prohibit physicians acting in good
27	faith from recommending cannabis or cannabis products through administrative

1		regulation, procedure, rule, or hearing.				
2		→ Section 2. KRS 218A.010 is amended to read as follows:				
3	As used in this chapter:					
4	(1)	"Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by				
5		injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or				
6		research subject by:				
7		(a) A practitioner or by his or her authorized agent under his or her immediate				
8		supervision and pursuant to his or her order; or				
9		(b) The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the				
10		practitioner;				
11	(2)	"Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance chemically and				
12		pharmacologically related to testosterone that promotes muscle growth and includes				
13		those substances classified as Schedule III controlled substances pursuant to KRS				
14		218A.020 but does not include estrogens, progestins, and anticosteroids;				
15	(3)	"Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;				
16	(4)	"Carfentanil" means any substance containing any quantity of carfentanil, or any of				
17		its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers;				
18	(5)	"Child" means any person under the age of majority as specified in KRS 2.015;				
19	(6)	"Cocaine" means a substance containing any quantity of cocaine, its salts, optical				
20		and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;				
21	(7)	"Controlled substance" means methamphetamine, or a drug, substance, or				
22		immediate precursor in Schedules I through V and includes a controlled substance				
23		analogue;				
24	(8)	(a) "Controlled substance analogue," except as provided in paragraph (b) of this				
25		subsection, means a substance:				
26		1. The chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the structure				
27		of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II; and				

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1 2. Which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 2 central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the 3 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 4 system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II; or 3. 5 With respect to a particular person, which such person represents or 6 intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 7 central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the 8 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 9 system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. Such term does not include: 10 (b) 11 1. Any substance for which there is an approved new drug application; 12 2. With respect to a particular person, any substance if an exemption is in 13 effect for investigational use for that person pursuant to federal law to 14 the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such 15 exemption; or 16 3. Any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before 17 the exemption described in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph takes effect with respect to that substance; 18 19 (9) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or 20 labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other 21 identifying mark, imprint, number, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a 22 manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact 23 manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance; 24 (10) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research 25 subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the packaging, 26 labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery; 27 (11) "Dispenser" means a person who lawfully dispenses a Schedule II, III, IV, or V

1		cont	rolled	substance to or for the use of an ultimate user;		
2	(12)	"Dis	"Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled			
3		subs	tance;			
4	(13)	"Do	sage i	unit" means a single pill, capsule, ampule, liquid, or other form of		
5		adm	inistra	tion available as a single unit;		
6	(14)	"Dru	ıg" me	eans:		
7		(a)	Subs	tances recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,		
8			offic	ial Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National		
9			Form	nulary, or any supplement to any of them;		
10		(b)	Subs	tances intended for use in the diagnosis, care, mitigation, treatment, or		
11			preve	ention of disease in man or animals;		
12		(c)	Subs	tances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of		
13			the b	ody of man or animals; and		
14		(d)	Subs	tances intended for use as a component of any article specified in this		
15			subs	ection.		
16		It do	es not	include devices or their components, parts, or accessories;		
17	(15)	"Fer	ntanyl"	means a substance containing any quantity of fentanyl, or any of its salts,		
18		ison	ners, o	r salts of isomers;		
19	(16)	"Fer	ntanyl	derivative" means a substance containing any quantity of any chemical		
20		com	pound	, except compounds specifically scheduled as controlled substances by		
21		statu	ite or l	by administrative regulation pursuant to this chapter, which is structurally		
22		derived from 1-ethyl-4-(N-phenylamido) piperadine:				
23		(a)	By s	ubstitution:		
24			1.	At the 2-position of the 1-ethyl group with a phenyl, furan, thiophene, or		
25				ethyloxotetrazole ring system; and		
26			2.	Of the terminal amido hydrogen atom with an alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl,		
27				or furanyl group; and		

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1		(b)	Whic	h may be further modified in one (1) or more of the following ways:
2			1.	By substitution on the N-phenyl ring to any extent with alkyl, alkoxy,
3				haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents;
4			2.	By substitution on the piperadine ring to any extent with alkyl, allyl,
5				alkoxy, hydroxy, or halide substituents at the 2-, 3-, 5-, and/or 6-
6				positions;
7			3.	By substitution on the piperadine ring to any extent with a phenyl,
8				alkoxy, or carboxylate ester substituent at the 4- position; or
9			4.	By substitution on the 1-ethyl group to any extent with alkyl, alkoxy, or
10				hydroxy substituents;
11	(17)	"Goo	d fait	h prior examination," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal
12		prose	ecution	n only, means an in-person medical examination of the patient conducted
13		by th	ne pre	escribing practitioner or other health-care professional routinely relied
14		upon	in th	e ordinary course of his or her practice, at which time the patient is
15		physi	ically	examined and a medical history of the patient is obtained. "In-person"
16		inclu	des te	lehealth examinations. This subsection shall not be applicable to hospice
17		provi	ders l	icensed pursuant to KRS Chapter 216B;
18	(18)	"Haza	ardou	s chemical substance" includes any chemical substance used or intended
19		for us	se in t	he illegal manufacture of a controlled substance as defined in this section
20		or th	e ille	gal manufacture of methamphetamine as defined in KRS 218A.1431,
21		whick	h:	
22		(a)	Poses	s an explosion hazard;
23		(b)	Poses	s a fire hazard; or
24		(c)	Is poi	isonous or injurious if handled, swallowed, or inhaled;
25	(19)	"Hero	oin" n	neans a substance containing any quantity of heroin, or any of its salts,
26		isome	ers, or	salts of isomers;
27	(20)	"Hydi	rocod	one combination product" means a drug with:

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- (a) Not more than three hundred (300) milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, or any of
 its salts, per one hundred (100) milliliters or not more than fifteen (15)
 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an
 isoquinoline alkaloid of opium; or
- 5 (b) Not more than three hundred (300) milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, or any of 6 its salts, per one hundred (100) milliliters or not more than fifteen (15) 7 milligrams per dosage unit, with one (1) or more active, nonnarcotic 8 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- 9 (21) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which is the principal compound
 10 commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical
 11 intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance
 12 or methamphetamine, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit
 13 manufacture;

14 (22) "Industrial hemp" has the same meaning as in KRS 260.850;

15 (23) "Industrial hemp products" has the same meaning as in KRS 260.850;

16 (24) "Intent to manufacture" means any evidence which demonstrates a person's
17 conscious objective to manufacture a controlled substance or methamphetamine.
18 Such evidence includes but is not limited to statements and a chemical substance's
19 usage, quantity, manner of storage, or proximity to other chemical substances or
20 equipment used to manufacture a controlled substance or methamphetamine;

- (25) "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except the Cabinet for Health and Family
 Services may include the optical, positional, or geometric isomer to classify any
 substance pursuant to KRS 218A.020;
- (26) "Manufacture," except as provided in KRS 218A.1431, means the production,
 preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled
 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural
 origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of

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- 1 extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the 2 substance or labeling or relabeling of its container except that this term does not 3 include activities: 4 (a) By a practitioner as an incident to his or her administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his or her professional practice; 5 6 By a practitioner, or by his or her authorized agent under his supervision, for (b) 7 the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis 8 and not for sale; or 9 By a pharmacist as an incident to his or her dispensing of a controlled (c) 10 substance in the course of his or her professional practice; 11 (27) "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sp., whether growing or not; the 12 seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, 13 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin 14 or any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of these 15 substances. The term "marijuana" does not include: 16 (a) Industrial hemp that is in the possession, custody, or control of a person who 17 holds a license issued by the Department of Agriculture permitting that person to cultivate, handle, or process industrial hemp; 18 19 (b) Industrial hemp products that do not include any living plants, viable seeds, 20 leaf materials, or floral materials; 21 (c) The substance cannabidiol, when *recommended pursuant to Section 1 of this* 22 Act, transferred, dispensed, or administered pursuant to the written order of a 23 physician acting in good faith practicing at a hospital or associated clinic 24 affiliated with a Kentucky public university having a college or school of 25 medicine]; 26 (d) For persons participating in a clinical trial or in an expanded access program,

27

a drug or substance approved for the use of those participants by the United

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1			States Food and Drug Administration;
2		(e)	A cannabidiol product derived from industrial hemp, as defined in KRS
2			260.850; or
4		(f)	A cannabidiol product approved as a prescription medication by the United
4 5		(1)	
	(20)	UN /	States Food and Drug Administration;
6	(28)		dical history," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal prosecution only,
7			ns an accounting of a patient's medical background, including but not limited to
8		prio	medical conditions, prescriptions, and family background;
9	(29)	"Me	dical order," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal prosecution only,
10		mea	ns a lawful order of a specifically identified practitioner for a specifically
11		iden	tified patient for the patient's health-care needs. "Medical order" may or may
12		not i	nclude a prescription drug order;
13	(30)	"Me	dical record," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal prosecution only,
14		mea	ns a record, other than for financial or billing purposes, relating to a patient,
15		kept	by a practitioner as a result of the practitioner-patient relationship;
16	(31)	"Me	thamphetamine" means any substance that contains any quantity of
17		meth	amphetamine, or any of its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers;
18	(32)	"Nar	cotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly
19		by e	xtraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of
20		chen	nical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
21		(a)	Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of
22			opium or opiate;
23		(b)	Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is
24			chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in
25			paragraph (a) of this subsection, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids
26			of opium;
27		(c)	Opium poppy and poppy straw;
		. /	

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- 1 (d) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which 2 cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been 3 removed;
 - 4 (e) Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
 - (f) Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; and
 - 6 (g) Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of
 7 the substances referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f) of this subsection;
 - 8 (33) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining
 9 liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having
 10 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless
 11 specifically designated as controlled under KRS 218A.020, the dextrorotatory
 12 isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does
 13 include its racemic and levorotatory forms;
 - 14 (34) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except its
 15 seeds;
 - 16 (35) "Person" means individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision
 17 or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal
 18 entity;
 - 19 (36) "Physical injury" has the same meaning it has in KRS 500.080;
 - 20 (37) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing;
 - (38) "Pharmacist" means a natural person licensed by this state to engage in the practice
 of the profession of pharmacy;
 - (39) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, scientific
 investigator, optometrist as authorized in KRS 320.240, advanced practice
 registered nurse as authorized under KRS 314.011, or other person licensed,
 registered, or otherwise permitted by state or federal law to acquire, distribute,
 dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance

in the course of professional practice or research in this state. "Practitioner" also
includes a physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or advanced practice registered
nurse authorized under KRS 314.011 who is a resident of and actively practicing in
a state other than Kentucky and who is licensed and has prescriptive authority for
controlled substances under the professional licensing laws of another state, unless
the person's Kentucky license has been revoked, suspended, restricted, or probated,
in which case the terms of the Kentucky license shall prevail;

8 (40) "Practitioner-patient relationship," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal
9 prosecution only, means a medical relationship that exists between a patient and a
10 practitioner or the practitioner's designee, after the practitioner or his or her
11 designee has conducted at least one (1) good faith prior examination;

(41) "Prescription" means a written, electronic, or oral order for a drug or medicine, or
combination or mixture of drugs or medicines, or proprietary preparation, signed or
given or authorized by a medical, dental, chiropody, veterinarian, optometric
practitioner, or advanced practice registered nurse, and intended for use in the
diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or other
animals;

18 (42) "Prescription blank," with reference to a controlled substance, means a document
19 that meets the requirements of KRS 218A.204 and 217.216;

20 (43) "Presumptive probation" means a sentence of probation not to exceed the maximum 21 term specified for the offense, subject to conditions otherwise authorized by law, 22 that is presumed to be the appropriate sentence for certain offenses designated in 23 this chapter, notwithstanding contrary provisions of KRS Chapter 533. That 24 presumption shall only be overcome by a finding on the record by the sentencing 25 court of substantial and compelling reasons why the defendant cannot be safely and 26 effectively supervised in the community, is not amenable to community-based 27 treatment, or poses a significant risk to public safety;

- (44) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting
 of a controlled substance;
- 3 (45) "Recovery program" means an evidence-based, nonclinical service that assists
 4 individuals and families working toward sustained recovery from substance use and
 5 other criminal risk factors. This can be done through an array of support programs
 6 and services that are delivered through residential and nonresidential means;

7 (46) "Salvia" means Salvia divinorum or Salvinorin A and includes all parts of the plant 8 presently classified botanically as Salvia divinorum, whether growing or not, the 9 seeds thereof, any extract from any part of that plant, and every compound, 10 manufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of that plant, its seeds, or its 11 extracts, including salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of 12 such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical 13 designation of that plant, its seeds, or extracts. The term shall not include any other 14 species in the genus salvia;

15 (47) "Second or subsequent offense" means that for the purposes of this chapter an 16 offense is considered as a second or subsequent offense, if, prior to his or her 17 conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted under this chapter, or under any statute of the United States, or of any state relating to 18 19 substances classified as controlled substances or counterfeit substances, except that 20 a prior conviction for a nontrafficking offense shall be treated as a prior offense 21 only when the subsequent offense is a nontrafficking offense. For the purposes of 22 this section, a conviction voided under KRS 218A.275 or 218A.276 shall not 23 constitute a conviction under this chapter;

- (48) "Sell" means to dispose of a controlled substance to another person for
 consideration or in furtherance of commercial distribution;
- 26 (49) "Serious physical injury" has the same meaning it has in KRS 500.080;
- 27 (50) "Synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines" means any chemical compound which is

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not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved,
which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law, that
contains Benzylpiperazine (BZP); Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine (TFMPP); 1,1Dimethylheptyl-11-hydroxytetrahydrocannabinol (HU-210); 1-Butyl-3-(1naphthoyl)indole; 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole; dexanabinol (HU-211); or any
compound in the following structural classes:

- 7 Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (a) 8 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, 9 haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-10 piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further 11 substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in 12 the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but 13 are not limited to JWH-015, JWH-018, JWH-019, JWH-073, JWH-081, 14 JWH-122, JWH-200, and AM-2201;
- 15 Phenylacetylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylindole (b) 16 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, 17 haloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, alkenyl, 1-(N-methyl-2piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further 18 19 substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in 20 the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are 21 not limited to JWH-167, JWH-250, JWH-251, and RCS-8;
- (c) Benzoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with
 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl,
 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl,
 or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the
 indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to
 any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to

1 AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and RCS-4; 2 (d) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3-3 hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of the 4 phenolic ring bv an alkyl, haloalkyl. alkenvl. cvcloalkvlmethvl. cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl 5 group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. 6 7 Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to CP 47,497 and 8 its C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol); 9 (e) Naphthylmethylindoles: Any compound containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-

- (e) Raphilymethymdoles. Any compound containing a mi-mdol-3-yr-(1 naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole
 ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not
 further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
 substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class
 include but are not limited to JWH-175, JWH-184, and JWH-185;
- 16 (f) Naphthoylpyrroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole 17 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, 18 haloalkyl, alkenyl. cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-19 piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further 20 substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in 21 the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but 22 are not limited to JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and JWH-368;
- 23 Naphthylmethylindenes: compound containing 1-(1-(g) Any а 24 naphthylmethyl)indene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the 25 indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether 26 27 or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not

1 2 substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to JWH-176;

- 3 Tetramethylcyclopropanoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-(h) 4 tetramethylcyclopropoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, 5 6 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl 7 group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and 8 whether or not further substituted in the tetramethylcyclopropyl ring to any 9 extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to UR-144 10 and XLR-11;
- 11 (i) Adamantoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-adamantoyl)indole 12 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, 13 haloalkyl. alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-14 piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further 15 substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in 16 the adamantyl ring system to any extent. Examples of this structural class 17 include but are not limited to AB-001 and AM-1248; or
- (j) Any other synthetic cannabinoid or piperazine which is not approved by the
 United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not
 dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law;
- (51) "Synthetic cathinones" means any chemical compound which is not approved by the
 United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed
 or possessed in accordance with state and federal law (not including bupropion or
 compounds listed under a different schedule) structurally derived from 2aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or
 thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in one (1)
 or more of the following ways:

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1		(a)	By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy,		
2			alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further		
3			substituted in the ring system by one (1) or more other univalent substituents.		
4			Examples of this class include but are not limited to 3,4-		
5			Methylenedioxycathinone (bk-MDA);		
6		(b)	By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent. Examples of		
7			this class include but are not limited to 2-methylamino-1-phenylbutan-1-one		
8			(buphedrone);		
9		(c)	By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or		
10			methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a		
11			cyclic structure. Examples of this class include but are not limited to		
12			Dimethylcathinone, Ethcathinone, and α -Pyrrolidinopropiophenone (α -PPP);		
13			or		
14		(d)	Any other synthetic cathinone which is not approved by the United States		
15			Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed		
16			in accordance with state or federal law;		
17	(52)	"Synthetic drugs" means any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any synthetic			
18		cath	inones;		
19	(53)	"Tel	ehealth" has the same meaning it has in KRS 311.550;		
20	(54)	"Tet	rahydrocannabinols" means synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in		
21		the	plant, or in the resinous extractives of the plant Cannabis, sp. or synthetic		
22		subs	stances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and		
23		phar	macological activity such as the following:		
24		(a)	Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;		
25		(b)	Delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; and		
26		(c)	Delta 3, 4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;		
27	(55)	"Tra	ffic," except as provided in KRS 218A.1431, means to manufacture, distribute,		

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1		dispense, sell, transfer, or possess with intent to manufacture, distribute, dispense,
2		or sell a controlled substance;
3	(56)	"Transfer" means to dispose of a controlled substance to another person without
4		consideration and not in furtherance of commercial distribution; and
5	(57)	"Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for
6		his or her own use or for the use of a member of his or her household or for
7		administering to an animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
8		household.