1

AN ACT relating to licensed occupations.

# 2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

3

→ Section 1. KRS 310.070 is amended to read as follows:

4 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the practice of dietetics or nutrition,
5 to act or to represent himself <u>or herself</u> to be a dietitian or a nutritionist, or to use
6 such titles as "dietitian," "nutritionist," "licensed dietitian," "certified nutritionist,"
7 or such letters as "L.D.," "C.N.," or any word, letters, or title indicating or implying
8 that the person is a dietitian or nutritionist, unless that person holds a license or
9 certificate issued by the board.

10 (2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent or restrict:

- (a) A person licensed in this state from carrying out any therapy or practice for
  which he <u>or she</u> is duly licensed, including but not limited to physicians,
  osteopaths, podiatrists, chiropractors, dentists, and nurses;
- (b) A student enrolled in an approved academic program in dietetics, if the
  practice constitutes a part of a course of study under the supervision of a
  licensed dietitian or certified nutritionist. The student shall be designated by
  title clearly indicating his *or her* status as a student or trainee;
- 18 (c) A dietitian serving in the <u>United States</u> Armed Forces, the Public Health
  19 Service of the United States, or employed by the United States Department of
  20 Veterans Affairs from engaging in the practice of dietetics, if that practice is
  21 related to his <u>or her</u> service or employment;
- (d) Persons performing the activities and services of a nutrition educator in the
  employment of a federal, state, county, or municipal agency, or in an
  elementary or secondary school or accredited degree granting educational
  institution, if the activities and services are part of a salaried position;
- 26 (e) Federal, state, county, or municipal employees involved with nutrition related
  27 programs, including but not limited to, the cooperative extension services,

child nutrition programs, and Project Headstart from engaging in the practice
 of dietetics or nutrition within the discharge of their official duties. Any
 person engaging in the practice of dietetics or nutrition outside the scope of
 his <u>or her</u> official duties shall be licensed as provided in this chapter; or

5 6 (f) Persons employed in a hospital or nursing home from performing dietary services under the supervision of a licensed dietitian.

7 (3) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to a person who owns a health food
8 store or who manufactures, distributes, or sells health foods, dietary supplements, or
9 vitamins nor shall the provisions of this chapter be construed to affect any other
10 person who provides nutritional or dietary advice or sells nutritional or dietary
11 supplements if the person does not use the title dietitian, licensed dietitian, or
12 certified nutritionist.

13 → Section 2. KRS 311.591 is amended to read as follows:

14 (1) The president of the board shall divide the membership of the board, excluding 15 himself *or herself*, into two (2) panels of seven (7) members, each panel to include 16 at least one (1) consumer member. Each panel shall have the power to act as an 17 inquiry or a hearing panel. The president shall not be a permanent member of either 18 panel, but shall have the power to render the deciding vote whenever a tie vote is 19 rendered by either panel and shall have the power to serve as a member of either 20 panel when necessary to achieve a quorum by majority.

(2) Grievances may be submitted by an individual, *a member of the board*[ (including board members)], organization, or entity. Each grievance shall be investigated as necessary and the executive director shall assign each grievance to an inquiry panel. All inquiry panels and the executive director shall have the power to issue investigatory subpoenas for the appearance of any person or production of any record, document, or other item within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth. The panel or executive director may seek enforcement of investigatory subpoenas and

## **UNOFFICIAL COPY**

1		search warrants in the courts of the Commonwealth as may be necessary.
2	(3)	Upon completion of its inquiry, the inquiry panel shall make a finding that:
3		(a) There is no evidence of a violation of any medical practice act and no further
4		action is necessary;
5		(b) There is insufficient evidence of a violation to warrant the issuance of a
6		complaint, but that there is evidence of a practice or activity that requires
7		modification and the panel may issue a letter of concern under KRS
8		311.550(22). The letter of concern shall be a public document and may be
9		used in future disciplinary actions against the physician;
10		(c) The grievance discloses an instance of misconduct which does not warrant the
11		issuance of a complaint; in these instances, the panel may admonish the
12		physician for his <u>or her</u> misconduct; or
13		(d) The grievance discloses one (1) or more violations of the provisions of this
14		chapter which warrant the issuance of a complaint; in these instances, the
15		panel shall cause a complaint to be prepared, signed by the presiding officer,
16		which shall contain sufficient information to apprise the named physician of
17		the general nature of the charges.
18	(4)	The inquiry panel shall cause a complaint to be served on the charged physician by
19		personal delivery or by certified mail to the physician's last address of which the
20		board has record. The physician shall submit a response within thirty (30) days after
21		service. Failure to submit a timely response or willful avoidance of service may be
22		taken by the board as an admission of the charges.
23	(5)	Upon the issuance of the complaint, the executive director shall assign the matter
24		for an administrative hearing by a hearing panel. No member who served on the
25		inquiry panel may also serve as a member of the hearing panel. The hearing panel or
26		the hearing officer on behalf of the panel shall preside over all proceedings pursuant

to the issuance of a complaint. 27

Page 3 of 7

(a)

- (6) The board may promulgate administrative regulations regarding the informal
   disposition of any complaint, and an informal disposition may be made at any stage
   of the proceeding.
- 4 (7) Upon completion of an administrative hearing, the hearing panel shall issue a final
  5 order that:
- 6 7

Dismisses the complaint upon a conclusion that the provisions of this chapter have not been violated;

- 8 (b) Finds a violation of the provisions of this chapter, but does not impose 9 discipline because the panel does not believe discipline to be necessary under 10 the circumstances; or
- 11 (c) Imposes discipline upon the licensee; in these instances, the panel may revoke, 12 suspend, restrict, deny, or limit a license, or may reprimand a licensee or place 13 a licensee on probation under terms the panel may establish to protect the 14 licensee, his or her patients, or the general public. The hearing panel may 15 impose a fine whenever it finds that a violation of this chapter has occurred. If 16 the board substantiates that sexual contact occurred between the physician and 17 the patient while the patient was under the care of or in a professional 18 relationship with the physician, the physician's license may be revoked or 19 suspended with mandatory treatment of the physician as prescribed by the 20 board. The board may require the physician to pay a specified amount for 21 mental health services for the patient which are needed as a result of the 22 sexual contact. The hearing panel's order shall be considered the final order of 23 the board regarding the matter.
- (8) Regardless of the restrictions on public disclosure of information established in
  subsection (9) of this section, the board may order information derived from any
  investigation or inquiry be released to the physician licensure authority of another
  state or to any health care or mental health care facility licensed and regulated by

18 RS BR 1497

1	the	Commonwealth of Kentucky upon a showing that the information is necessary			
2	to	determine the propriety of a physician practicing in a particular state or facility.			
3	(9) Th	e presiding officer at any proceeding held pursuant to a complaint or show cause			
4	orc	ler shall take whatever measures are necessary to protect the privacy interests of			
5	ind	ividuals other than the charged physician upon a showing that evidence is to be			
6	int	roduced, the public disclosure of which would constitute a clear invasion of			
7	per	sonal privacy. It is the general policy of the Commonwealth that administrative			
8	pro	ceedings should be open to the public. Therefore, in applying this subsection, the			
9	pre	siding officer shall balance the competing interests and employ the least			
10	res	trictive measures available to protect the privacy interests involved.			
11	<b>→</b>	Section 3. KRS 311.597 is amended to read as follows:			
12	As used	in KRS 311.595(9), "dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a			
13	character	r likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public or any member thereof" shall			
14	include but not be limited to the following acts by a licensee:				
15	(1) Pre	escribes or dispenses any medication:			
16	(a)	With the intent or knowledge that a medication will be used or is likely to be			
17		used other than medicinally or for an accepted therapeutic purpose;			
18	(b)	With the intent to evade any law with respect to sale, use, or disposition, of			
19		the medication;			
20	(c)	For the licensee's personal use or for the use of his or her immediate family			
21		when the licensee knows or has reason to know that an abuse of a controlled			
22		substance is occurring, or may result from such a practice;			
23	(d)	In such amounts that the licensee knows or has reason to know, under the			
24		attendant circumstances, that said amounts so prescribed or dispensed are			
25		excessive under accepted and prevailing medical practice standards; or			
26	(e)	In response to any communication transmitted or received by computer or			
27		other electronic means, when the licensee fails to take the following actions to			

1		establish and maintain a proper physician-patient relationship:
2		1. Verification that the person requesting medication is in fact who the
3		patient claims to be;
4		2. Establishment of a documented diagnosis through the use of accepted
5		medical practices; and
6		3. Maintenance of a current medical record.
7		For the purposes of this paragraph, an electronic, on-line, or telephonic
8		evaluation by questionnaire is inadequate for the initial evaluation of the
9		patient or for any follow-up evaluation.
10	(2)	Issues, publishes, or makes oral or written representations in which grossly
11		improbable or extravagant statements are made which have a tendency to deceive or
12		defraud the public, or a member thereof, including but not limited to:
13		(a) Any representation in which the licensee claims that he <u>or she</u> can cure or
14		treat diseases, ailments, or infirmities by any method, procedure, treatment, or
15		medicine which the licensee knows or has reason to know has little or no
16		therapeutic value;
17		(b) Represents or professes or holds himself <u>or herself</u> out as being able and
18		willing to treat diseases, ailments, or infirmities under a system or school of
19		practice:
20		1. Other than that for which he <u>or she</u> holds a certificate or license granted
21		by the board, or
22		2. Other than that for which he <u>or she</u> holds a degree or diploma from a
23		school otherwise recognized as accredited by the board, or
24		3. Under a school or system which he <i>or she</i> professes to be self-taught.
25		For purposes of this subsection, actual injury to a patient need not be established.
26	(3)	A serious act, or a pattern of acts committed during the course of his <u>or her</u> medical
27		practice which, under the attendant circumstances, would be deemed to be gross

18 RS BR 1497

1		incompetence, gross ignorance, gross negligence, or malpractice.
2	(4)	Conduct which is calculated or has the effect of bringing the medical profession
3		into disrepute, including but not limited to any departure from, or failure to conform
4		to the standards of acceptable and prevailing medical practice within the
5		Commonwealth of Kentucky, and any departure from, or failure to conform to the
6		principles of medical ethics of the American Medical Association or the code of
7		ethics of the American Osteopathic Association. For the purposes of this subsection,
8		actual injury to a patient need not be established.
9	(5)	Failure by a licensee to report a known or observed violation of KRS Chapter 311
10		by another licensee as described in KRS 311.606.
11		Section 4. KRS 312.018 is amended to read as follows:
12	(1)	No person shall engage or attempt to engage in the practice of chiropractic or hold
13		himself <u>or herself</u> out to be a doctor of chiropractic in Kentucky, unless licensed in
14		accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
15	(2)	The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to volunteer health
16		practitioners providing services under KRS 39A.350 to 39A.366.
17		→ Section 5. KRS 312.021 is amended to read as follows:
18	(1)	No licensed doctor of chiropractic shall advertise or hold himself or herself out to
19		the public in any manner which is false, deceptive, misleading, or as being
20		especially qualified or advanced in any branch of the practice of chiropractic except
21		as certified by the board.
22	(2)	The board shall identify by administrative regulation, those specialties of the
23		chiropractic for which certification may be granted and shall establish by
24		administrative regulation the procedures for obtaining and maintaining such
25		certification and the fees therefor.

Page 7 of 7