1 AN ACT relating to discipline of students.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 158.150 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) All <u>students</u>[pupils] admitted to the common schools shall comply with the lawful regulations for the government of the schools:
 - (a) Willful disobedience or defiance of the authority of the teachers or administrators, use of profanity or vulgarity, assault or battery or abuse of other students, the threat of force or violence, the use or possession of alcohol or drugs, stealing or destruction or defacing of school property or personal property of students, the carrying or use of weapons or dangerous instruments, or other incorrigible bad conduct on school property, as well as off school property at school-sponsored activities, constitutes cause for suspension or expulsion from school; and
 - (b) Assault or battery or abuse of school personnel; stealing or willfully or wantonly defacing, destroying, or damaging the personal property of school personnel on school property, off school property, or at school-sponsored activities constitutes cause for suspension or expulsion from school.
 - (2) (a) Each local board of education shall adopt a policy requiring the expulsion from school for a period of <u>at least twelve (12) months</u> [not less than one (1) year] for a student who is determined by the board to have brought a weapon to a school under its jurisdiction. In determining whether a student has brought a weapon to school, a local board of education shall use the definition of "unlawful possession of a weapon on school property" stated in KRS 527.070.
 - (b) The board shall also adopt a policy requiring disciplinary actions, up to and including expulsion from school, for a student who is determined by the board to have possessed prescription drugs or controlled substances for the purpose

of sale or distribution at a school under the board's jurisdiction, or to have

2		physically assaulted or battered or abused educational personnel or other
3		students at a school or school function under the board's jurisdiction.
4	(3) (a)	The board may modify the expulsion requirement <u>and length</u> for students on a
5		case-by-case basis, except as described in subsection (2)(a) of this section.
6		Nothing in this section shall prohibit a board from expelling a student for
7		longer than twelve (12) months.
8	<u>(b)</u>	A board that has expelled a student from the student's regular school setting
9		shall provide or assure that educational services are provided to the student in
10		an appropriate alternative program or setting, unless the board has made a
11		determination, on the record, supported by clear and convincing evidence, that
12		the expelled student posed a threat to the safety of other students or school
13		staff and could not be placed into a state-funded agency program. Behavior
14		which constitutes a threat shall include but not be limited to the physical
15		assault, battery, or abuse of others; the threat of physical force; being under
16		the influence of drugs or alcohol; the use, possession, sale, or transfer of drugs
17		or alcohol; the carrying, possessing, or transfer of weapons or dangerous
18		instruments; and any other behavior which may endanger the safety of others.
19		Other intervention services as indicated for each student may be provided by
20		the board or by agreement with the appropriate state or community agency. A
21		state agency that provides the service shall be responsible for the cost.
22	<u>(c)</u>	1. In lieu of expelling a student, or upon the expiration of a student's
23		expulsion, the superintendent may place a student into an alternative
24		program or setting, if the superintendent determines placement of the
25		student in his or her regular school setting is likely to substantially
26		disrupt the education process or constitutes a threat to the safety of
27		other students or school staff. The action shall not be taken until the

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1	<u>parent, gua</u>	rdian, or other person having legal custody or control of
2	the student	has had an opportunity to have a hearing before the board.
3	2. The alterna	tive program or setting may be provided virtually.
4	3. Notwithstar	ding any other statute or administrative regulation to the
5	contrary, st	udents placed in an alternative program or setting under
6	this paragr	aph shall be counted in attendance and membership for
7	<u>state fundi</u>	ng purposes in the same manner as other students
8	<u>participatin</u>	g in alternative programs of the district.
9	4. Students p	laced in an alternative program or setting under this
10	<u>paragraph</u>	shall be subject to compulsory attendance requirements
11	under KRS	Chapter 159 and applicable local board policy.
12	5. Following	the initial alternative placement of a student under this
13	paragraph,	the superintendent shall review the alternative program or
14	setting pla	cement at least once per year and determine if the
15	placement s	hould be continued in accordance with subparagraph 1. of
16	this paragra	ıph.
17	(4)[(3)] For purposes of t	his subsection, "charges" means substantiated behavior that
18	falls within the grounds	s for suspension or expulsion enumerated in subsection (1) of
19	this section, including	behavior committed by a student while enrolled in a private
20	or public school, or in	a school within another state. A school board may adopt a
21	policy providing that, i	f a student is suspended or expelled for any reason or faces
22	charges that may lead	to suspension or expulsion but withdraws prior to a hearing
23	from any public or pri	vate school in this or any other state, the receiving district
24	may review the details	of the charges, suspension, or expulsion and determine if the
25	student will be admitt	ed, and if so, what conditions may be imposed upon the
26	admission, which ma	y include placement of the student into an alternative
27	program or setting as a	lescribed in subsection (3)(c) of this section.

1	<u>(5)[(4)]</u>	Scho	ol administrators, teachers, or other school personnel may immediately		
2	remove or cause to be removed threatening or violent students from a classroom				
3	setting or from the district transportation system pending any further disciplinary				
4	action that may occur. Each board of education shall adopt a policy to assure the				
5	implementation of this section and to assure the safety of the students and staff.				
6	<u>(6)</u> [(5)]	A <u>sti</u>	udent[pupil] shall not be suspended from the common schools until after		
7	at le	ast the	following due process procedures have been provided:		
8	(a)	The	student[pupil] has been given oral or written notice of the charge or		
9		charg	ges against him or her which constitute cause for suspension;		
10	(b)	The	student[pupil] has been given an explanation of the evidence of the		
11		charg	ge or charges if the <u>student</u> [pupil] denies them; and		
12	(c)	The	student[pupil] has been given an opportunity to present his or her own		
13		versi	on of the facts relating to the charge or charges.		
14	The	se due	e process procedures shall precede any suspension from the common		
15	scho	ools un	less immediate suspension is essential to protect persons or property or to		
16	avoi	d disr	uption of the ongoing academic process. In such cases, the due process		
17	procedures outlined above shall follow the suspension as soon as practicable, but no				
18	latei	than t	three (3) school days after the suspension.		
19	<u>(7)</u> [(6)]	<u>(a)</u>	The superintendent, principal, assistant principal, or head teacher of any		
20		scho	ol may suspend a <u>student</u> [pupil] but shall report the action in writing		
21		imm	ediately to the superintendent and to the parent, guardian, or other person		
22		havii	ng legal custody or control of the <u>student</u> [pupil].		
23	<u>(b)</u>	<u>1.</u>	The board of education of any school district may expel or extend the		
24			<u>expulsion of</u> any <u>student</u> [pupil] for misconduct as defined in subsection		
25			(1) of this section, but the action shall not be taken until the parent,		
26			guardian, or other person having legal custody or control of the		
27			student[pupil] has had an opportunity to have a hearing before the		

1		board. The decision of the board shall be final.
2		2. Within thirty (30) days prior to the end of a student's expulsion, the
3		board shall review the details of the expulsion and current factors and
4		circumstances, including if ending the expulsion will substantially
5		disrupt the education process or constitute a threat to the safety of
6		students or school staff, to determine if the expulsion shall be
7		extended for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months.
8		3. The expulsion review process shall be used prior to the end of each
9		expulsion period until the board ends the expulsion or the student is
10		no longer subject to compulsory attendance under KRS 159.010.
11		4. Each board of education shall adopt a policy for implementation of
12		the process described in this paragraph.
13	<u>(8)</u> [(7)]	(a) Suspension of exceptional children, as defined in KRS 157.200, shall be
14		considered a change of educational placement if:
15		1. The child is removed for more than ten (10) consecutive days during a
16		school year; or
17		2. The child is subjected to a series of removals that constitute a pattern
18		because the removals accumulate to more than ten (10) school days
19		during a school year and because of other factors, such as the length of
20		each removal, the total amount of time the child is removed, and the
21		proximity of removals to one another.
22	(b)	The admissions and release committee shall meet to review the placement and
23		make a recommendation for continued placement or a change in placement
24		and determine whether regular suspension or expulsion procedures apply.
25		Additional evaluations shall be completed, if necessary.
26	(c)	If the admissions and release committee determines that an exceptional child's
27		behavior is related to his or her disability, the child shall not be suspended

	any further or expelled unless the current placement could result in injury to
	the child, other children, or the educational personnel, in which case an
	appropriate alternative placement shall be provided that will provide for the
	child's educational needs and will provide a safe learning and teaching
	environment for all. If the admissions and release committee determines that
	the behavior is not related to the disability, the local educational agency may
	pursue its regular suspension or expulsion procedure for the child, if the
	behavior so warrants. However, educational services shall not be terminated
	during a period of expulsion and during a suspension after a student is
	suspended for more than a total of ten (10) days during a school year. A
	district may seek temporary injunctive relief through the courts if the parent
	and the other members of the admissions and release committee cannot agree
	upon a placement and the current placement will likely result in injury to the
	student or others.
3)]	Suspension of primary school students shall be considered only in exceptional
cases	s where there are safety issues for the child or others.
(9)]	Any action under this section related to students with disabilities shall be in

compliance with applicable federal law.

<u>(9)[(8)]</u>

<u>(10)[(9)]</u>