1	AN ACT relating to local government and declaring an emergency.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 211 IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	(1) For the purposes of this section, "splash pad" means an artificially constructed
6	public recreation area for water play over which water is sprayed but is not
7	allowed to pool.
8	(2) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall promulgate administrative
9	regulations pursuant to KRS 211.180 and KRS Chapter 13A to set out standards
10	for the operation and maintenance of splash pads operated by local governments
11	to ensure they are maintained in a safe, sanitary manner to protect public health
12	and to distinguish the operation and maintenance of splash pads from the
13	operation and maintenance of swimming pools. The administrative regulations
14	shall include but not be limited to the following:
15	(a) Requiring that water in splash pads, if recirculated, be chemically treated
16	and properly filtered and monitored; and
17	(b) Not requiring the following equipment to be provided:
18	1. Flow meters, if the water in the splash pad is not recirculated;
19	2. Ring buoys;
20	<u>3. Life poles;</u>
21	4. Shepherd's crooks;
22	5. Backboards;
23	<u>6. Telephones;</u>
24	7. Bathhouses;
25	8. Restrooms;
26	9. Drinking fountains;
27	10. First-aid kits;

1			<u>11. Lifeguards;</u>
2			12. On-site attendants; and
3			<u>13. Fences.</u>
4		⇒s	ection 2. KRS 66.480 is amended to read as follows:
5	(1)	The	governing body of a city, county, urban-county, charter county, school district
6		(pro	vided that its general procedure for action is approved by the Kentucky Board
7		of E	ducation), or other local governmental unit or political subdivision, may invest
8		and	reinvest money subject to its control and jurisdiction in:
9		(a)	Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities,
10			including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, if delivery of these
11			obligations subject to repurchase agreements is taken either directly or through
12			an authorized custodian. These investments may be accomplished through
13			repurchase agreements reached with sources including but not limited to
14			national or state banks chartered in Kentucky;
15		(b)	Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed
16			by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government
17			agency, including but not limited to:
18			1. United States Treasury;
19			2. Export-Import Bank of the United States;
20			3. Farmers Home Administration;
21			4. Government National Mortgage Corporation; and
22			5. Merchant Marine bonds;
23		(c)	Obligations of any corporation of the United States government, including but
24			not limited to:
25			1. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation;
26			2. Federal Farm Credit Banks;
27			3. Bank for Cooperatives;

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1		4. Federal Intermediate Credit Banks;
2		5. Federal Land Banks;
3		6. Federal Home Loan Banks;
4		7. Federal National Mortgage Association; and
5		8. Tennessee Valley Authority;
6	(d)	Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank
7		or savings and loan institution having a physical presence in Kentucky which
8		are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or
9		which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including
10		surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240(4);
11	(e)	Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan
12		institution having a physical presence in Kentucky rated in one (1) of the three
13		(3) highest categories by a competent rating agency;
14	(f)	Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest
15		categories by a competent rating agency;
16	(g)	Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a competent rating agency;
17	(h)	Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and
18		instrumentalities;
19	(i)	Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of
20		agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3)
21		highest categories by a competent rating agency;
22	(j)	Shares of mutual funds and exchange traded funds, each of which shall have
23		the following characteristics:
24		1. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company
25		registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as
26		amended;
27		2. The management company of the investment company shall have been

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1			in operation for at least five (5) years; and
2			3. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments
3			pursuant to this section;
4		(k)	Individual equity securities if the funds being invested are managed by a
5			professional investment manager regulated by a federal regulatory agency.
6			The individual equity securities shall be included within the Standard and
7			Poor's 500 Index, and a single sector shall not exceed twenty-five percent
8			(25%) of the equity allocation; and
9		(1)	Individual high-quality corporate bonds that are managed by a professional
10			investment manager that:
11			1. Are issued, assumed, or guaranteed by a solvent institution created and
12			existing under the laws of the United States;
13			2. Have a standard maturity of no more than ten (10) years; and
14			3. Are rated in the three (3) highest rating categories by at least two (2)
15			competent credit rating agencies.
16	(2)	The	investment authority provided by subsection (1) of this section shall be subject
17		to th	ne following limitations:
18		(a)	The amount of money invested at any time by a local government or political
19			subdivision in any one (1) of the categories of investments authorized by
20			subsection (1)(e), (f), (g), (k), and (l) of this section shall not exceed twenty
21			percent (20%) of the total amount of money invested by the local government;
22		(b)	The amount of money invested at any one (1) time by a local government or a
23			political subdivision in the categories of investments authorized in subsection
24			(1)(j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not, aggregately, exceed forty percent
25			(40%) of the total money invested <i>unless the investment is in a mutual fund</i>
26			consisting solely of the investments authorized under subsection (1)(a), (b),
27			(c), (h), or (i) of this section, or any combination thereof;

(c)

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2 authorized by subsection (1) of this section on a margin basis or through the 3 use of any similar leveraging technique; and 4 (d) At the time the investment is made, no more than five percent (5%) of the total amount of money invested by the local governments or political 5 6 subdivisions shall be invested in any one (1) issuer unless: 7 1. The issuer is the United States government or an agency or instrumentality of the United States government, or an entity which has 8 9 its obligations guaranteed by either the United States government or an 10 entity, agency, or instrumentality of the United States government; The money is invested in a certificate of deposit or other interest-bearing 11 2. 12 accounts as authorized by subsection (1)(d) and (e) of this section; 13 3. The money is invested in bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this 14 state and its agencies and instrumentalities as authorized in subsection 15 (1)(h) of this section; or 16 4. The money is invested in securities issued by a state or local 17 government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United 18 States as authorized in subsection (1)(i) of this section. 19 (3) The governing body of every local government or political subdivision that invests 20 or reinvests money subject to its control or jurisdiction according to the provisions 21 of subsection (1) of this section shall by January 1, 1995, adopt a written investment 22 policy that shall govern the investment of funds by the local government or political 23 subdivision. The written investment policy shall include but shall not be limited to 24 the following: 25 A designation of the officer or officers of the local government or political (a) subdivision who are authorized to invest and oversee the investment of funds; 26 27 A list of the permitted types of investments; (b)

No local government or political subdivision shall purchase any investment

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- 1 (c) Procedures designed to secure the local government's or political subdivision's 2 financial interest in the investments: 3 Standards for written agreements pursuant to which investments are to be (d) 4 made: Procedures for monitoring, control, deposit, and retention of investments and 5 (e) 6 collateral; 7 Standards for the diversification of investments, including diversification with (f) 8 respect to the types of investments and firms with whom the local government 9 or political subdivision transacts business; 10 Standards for the qualification of investment agents which transact business (g) 11 with the local government, such as criteria covering creditworthiness, 12 experience, capitalization, size, and any other factors that make a firm capable 13 and qualified to transact business with the local government or political 14 subdivision; and 15 Requirements for periodic reporting to the governing body on the status of (h) 16 invested funds. 17 Sheriffs, county clerks, and jailers, who for the purposes of this section shall be (4) 18 known as county officials, may invest and reinvest money subject to their control 19 and jurisdiction, including tax dollars subject to the provisions of KRS Chapter 134 20 and 160.510, as permitted by this section.
- (5) The provisions of this section are not intended to impair the power of a county
 official, city, county, urban-county, charter county, school district, or other local
 governmental unit or political subdivision to hold funds in deposit accounts with
 banking institutions as otherwise authorized by law.
- (6) The governing body or county official may delegate the investment authority
 provided by this section to the treasurer or other financial officer or officers charged
 with custody of the funds of the local government, and the officer or officers shall

1 thereafter assume full responsibility for all investment transactions until the 2 delegation of authority terminates or is revoked. 3 All county officials shall report the earnings of any investments at the time of their (7)4 annual reports and settlements with the fiscal courts for excess income of their 5 offices. 6 (8) The state local debt officer is authorized and directed to assist county officials and 7 local governments, except school districts, in investing funds that are temporarily in 8 excess of operating needs by: 9 (a) Explaining investment opportunities to county officials and local governments 10 through publication and other appropriate means; and 11 (b) Providing technical assistance in investment of idle funds to county officials 12 and local governments that request that assistance. 13 (9) The state local debt officer may create an investment pool for local (a) 14 governments, except school districts, and county officials; and counties and 15 county officials and cities may associate to create an investment pool. If 16 counties and county officials and cities create a pool, each group may select a 17 manager to administer their pool and invest the assets. Each county and each 18 county official and each city may invest in a pool created pursuant to this 19 subsection. Investments shall be limited to those investment instruments 20 permitted by this section. The funds of each local government and county 21 official shall be properly accounted for, and earnings and charges shall be 22 assigned to each participant in a uniform manner according to the amount 23 invested. Charges to any local government or county official shall not exceed 24 one percent (1%) annually on the principal amount invested, and charges on 25 investments of less than a year's duration shall be prorated. Any investment 26 pool created pursuant to this subsection shall be audited each year by an 27 independent certified public accountant, or by the Auditor of Public Accounts.

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1 A copy of the audit report shall be provided to each local government or 2 county official participating in the pool. In the case of an audit by an 3 independent certified public accountant, a copy of the audit report shall be 4 provided to the Auditor of Public Accounts, and to the state local debt officer. 5 The Auditor of Public Accounts may review the report of the independent 6 certified public accountant. After preliminary review, should discrepancies be 7 found, the Auditor of Public Accounts may make his or her own investigative report or audit to verify the findings of the independent certified public 8 9 accountant's report.

10 If the state local debt officer creates an investment pool, he or she shall (b) 11 establish an account in the Treasury for the pool. He or she shall also establish 12 a separate trust and agency account for the purpose of covering management 13 costs, and he or she shall deposit management charges in this account. The 14 state local debt officer may promulgate administrative regulations, pursuant to 15 KRS Chapter 13A, governing the operation of the investment pool, including 16 but not limited to provisions on minimum allowable investments and 17 investment periods, and method and timing of investments, withdrawals, 18 payment of earnings, and assignment of charges.

(c) Before investing in an investment pool created pursuant to this subsection, a
local government or county official shall allow any savings and loan
association or bank in the county, as described in subsection (1)(d) of this
section, to bid for the deposits, but the local government or county official
shall not be required to seek bids more often than once in each six (6) month
period.

(10) (a) With the approval of the Kentucky Board of Education, local boards of
education, or any of them that desire to do so, may associate to create an
investment pool. Each local school board which associates itself with other

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1 local school boards for the purpose of creating the investment pool may invest 2 its funds in the pool so created and so managed. Investments shall be limited 3 to those investment instruments permitted by this section. The funds of each 4 local school board shall be properly accounted for, and earnings and charges 5 shall be assigned to each participant in a uniform manner according to the 6 amount invested. Charges to any local school board shall not exceed one 7 percent (1%) annually on the principal amount invested, and charges on 8 investments of less than a year's duration shall be prorated. Any investment 9 pool created pursuant to this subsection shall be audited each year by an 10 independent certified public accountant, or by the Auditor of Public Accounts. 11 A copy of the audit report shall be provided to each local school board 12 participating in the pool. In the case of an audit by an independent certified 13 public accountant, a copy of the audit report shall be provided to the Auditor 14 of Public Accounts, and to the Kentucky Board of Education. The Auditor of 15 Public Accounts may review the report of the independent certified public 16 accountant. After preliminary review, should discrepancies be found, the 17 Auditor of Public Accounts may make his or her own investigative report or 18 audit to verify the findings of the independent certified public accountant's 19 report.

20 (b) The Kentucky Board of Education may promulgate administrative regulations 21 governing the operation of the investment pool including but not limited to 22 provisions on minimum allowable investments and investment periods, and 23 methods and timing of investments, withdrawals, payment of earnings, and 24 assignment of charges.

(11) As used in this section, "competent rating agency" means a rating agency certified
 or approved by a national entity that engages in such a process. The certification or
 approval process shall include but not necessarily be limited to the following

	elements the subject rating agency must possess:		
	(a)	A requirement for the rating agency to register and provide an annual updated	
		filing;	
	(b)	Record retention requirements;	
	(c)	Financial reporting requirements;	
	(d)	Policies for the prevention of misuse of material nonpublic information;	
	(e)	Policies addressing management of conflicts of interest, including prohibited	
		conflicts;	
	(f)	Prohibited acts practices;	
	(g)	Disclosure requirements;	
	(h)	Any policies, practices, and internal controls required by the national entity;	
		and	
	(i)	Standards of training, experience, and competence for credit analysts.	
	→ Section 3. KRS 58.150 is amended to read as follows:		
(1)	When the governing body of any county, city, or other municipal corporation, or		
	agen	cy thereof, shall make a determination that, in accordance with the provisions	
	of a	ny section of the statutes authorizing it to issue revenue bonds, assessment	
	bond	s, or mortgage bonds to finance any project, it will finance a project by the	
	issua	nce of bonds, then in anticipation of financing, the governing body may	
	prov	ide for the interim financing of a project by the sale and issuance of revenue	
	bond	, assessment bond, or mortgage bond anticipation notes, as the case may be,	
	beari	ing interest at a rate or rates not exceeding the maximum rate permitted for the	
	issua	nce of the bonds so anticipated, and payable within a specified period of time	
	only	from the proceeds of the bonds, when issued, or from the revenues or income	
	of th	e project as may be available prior to or at maturity of the notes; provided that	
	the in	nitial term of the notes shall not be in excess of five (5) years from the date of	
	issua	nce. The term "revenue bond" means bonds, notes, or other obligations for the	
	(1)	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) \rightarrow Sec (1) Whe agen of at bond issua prov bond beart issua only of th the it	

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1 payment of money issued by the state, any county, municipality, or other public 2 district or authority except a school district, or any corporation or other corporate 3 body acting as an instrumentality of the unit, and payable from a special fund into 4 which some or all of the revenues of a public project have been or will be paid. "Assessment bond" means bonds, notes, or other obligations for the payment of 5 money issued by any one (1) or more of the same issuing authorities payable from a 6 7 special fund into which assessments levied on properties for benefits conferred have 8 been or will be paid in accordance with law. "Mortgage bond" means revenue bonds 9 which are secured by a mortgage deed of trust. A school district shall not be 10 excluded from these definitions if it is authorized by the Kentucky Board of 11 Education, by general or special authorization, to proceed under the authority of this 12 section or KRS 56.513 through the agency of the appropriate city or county.

13 (2) The notes authorized herein shall be sold in the same manner as the bonds in
14 anticipation of which they are issued[, except that when the principal amount of the
15 notes does not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) the provisions of KRS
16 424.360 for advertisement of the notes in a publication having general circulation
17 among bond buyers shall be inapplicable, and the other publications required by this
18 section shall be deemed sufficient].

19 (3) Each bond anticipation note may include prepayment provisions which will allow the issuing authority to prepay the note after giving reasonable notice to the holder; 20 21 shall identify the bond issue from the proceeds of which the note or notes and any 22 interest thereon are to be paid; and shall include a statement that the note is being issued in anticipation of the identified bond issue, and that neither the note, nor the 23 24 interest, shall constitute or evidence an indebtedness of the issuing authority. Each 25 note and the interest, to the extent not previously paid from other sources, shall be 26 paid from the proceeds of the identified bond issue, when the proceeds have been 27 received and are available; provided, however, that payment from the revenues of

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the project, for the financing of which the bonds will eventually be issued, shall be permitted, and provision shall be made for payment of that portion of the principal of any note issue which represents the principal of the proposed bonds scheduled to mature on or prior to the maturity of the notes.

5 (4) The notes authorized herein may be issued in a principal amount sufficient to
6 include all interest due on the notes at or prior to maturity, if the notes shall be
7 issued for a term of three (3) years or less, and the notes may be sold at a discount
8 representing the interest due to the purchaser during the term.

9 (5) When, prior to the maturity of any notes issued under the authority of this section or 10 KRS 56.513, the governing body of the issuing authority shall make a determination that by reason of construction delays, changes in plans, uncertainties in the bond 11 12 market, or other causes justifying delay in the final offering of the bond issue, the 13 bond issue should not immediately be offered, renewal notes may be issued subject 14 to the same limitations contained in this section or KRS 56.513 relative to the 15 original issue of notes, and the proceeds of the sale of the renewal notes shall be 16 applied to the payment of the principal of the notes originally issued, or any prior 17 issue of renewal notes, or to the payment of interest due or to become due on the 18 notes or renewal notes; provided, however, that the interest, including discount, if 19 any, payable from the proceeds of notes or renewal notes shall not exceed an 20 amount equal to three (3) years' interest from the date of the original notes at the 21 rate per annum established for the original notes.

(6) Counties, cities, and other municipal corporations, or agencies, in the discretion of
the governing body in each case, may, as an alternative to this section and for
interim financing purposes, solicit proposals, issue bond anticipation notes, and
make commitment agreements in the same manner as provided for the State
Property and Buildings Commission by KRS 56.513; provided, however, that in the
case of notes issued on behalf of a school district, general or special approval of the

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1 Kentucky Board of Education shall be required in substitution for the approval of 2 the State Property and Buildings Commission; and provided further, that the 3 approval of the State Property and Buildings Commission will not be required for 4 any issue of a county, city, or other municipal corporation, or any agency, and 5 references to the commission shall be interpreted to be references to the governing 6 body of the issuing authority.

7 (7) Nothing herein shall be deemed to invalidate any bond anticipation notes sold or
8 issued under general statutes prior to the adoption of this section and KRS 56.513.

9 (8) Each bond anticipation note issued according to this section or KRS 56.513, and the
10 receipt of interest on the note, shall be exempt from all taxation by the
11 Commonwealth and all of its subdivisions, municipalities, and taxing authorities;
12 and this may be stated as a representation in the text of each bond anticipation note.

Section 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 67.045, fiscal courts shall
initiate reapportionment proceedings in May of the second year following the 2020
decennial census of the United States.

Section 5. Whereas KRS 67.045 requires fiscal courts to initiate
reapportionment proceedings in May of the first year following the decennial census of
the United States, an emergency is declared to exist, and Section 4 of this Act takes effect
upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a law.