1	AN ACT relating to the human rights of unborn children to not be discriminated
2	against and declaring an emergency.
3	WHEREAS, the purpose of this Act is to protect the rights of unborn children by
4	prohibiting physicians and other medical professionals from performing abortive
5	procedures for discriminatory purposes; and
6	WHEREAS, state, federal, and international law supports the rights of all people to
7	dignity, equality, and freedom from discrimination based on sex, race, color, national
8	origin, or disability; and
9	WHEREAS, the Declaration of Independence recognizes the fundamental truth that
10	all people have been endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among
11	these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; and
12	WHEREAS, the Constitution of this Commonwealth guarantees that all people
13	have the right of seeking and pursuing their safety and happiness; and
14	WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Kentucky statutorily recognizes an unborn child
15	as a human being from conception onward, without regard to age, health, or condition of
16	dependency; and
17	WHEREAS, the Kentucky General Assembly has already enacted a statute that
18	reads "currently, in the Commonwealth, there is inadequate legislation to protect the life,
19	health, and welfare of pregnant women and unborn human life"; and
20	WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Kentucky statutorily bans discrimination
21	against individuals based on sex, race, color, national origin, or disability; and
22	WHEREAS, these statutory acknowledgments of the unborn child's humanity and
23	the rights of persons, regardless of sex, race, color, national origin, or disability, to live
24	unencumbered by discrimination compel a recognition of the imperative to prevent the
25	ending of an unborn child's life for discriminatory purposes; and
26	WHEREAS, this Act establishes a reasonable accommodation for unborn children
27	through the prohibition of discriminatory abortive procedures so that they may enjoy the

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1 right to life, dignity, and equality regardless of sex, race, color, national origin, or 2 disability; and 3 WHEREAS, the Supreme Court of the United States of America has recognized 4 that states have a legitimate interest in protecting the life of the unborn; and 5 WHEREAS, recognizing the human rights of an unborn child does not contravene 6 prior Supreme Court jurisprudence nor undermine a woman's right to self-determination 7 or bodily autonomy, but instead upholds the state's legitimate interest in protecting the 8 lives of unborn human beings and the rights of persons regardless of sex, race, color, 9 national origin, or disability; and 10 WHEREAS, the right to bodily autonomy and self-determination is separate and 11 distinct from the termination of a pregnancy based on the unborn child's sex, race, color, 12 national origin, or disability; and 13 WHEREAS, moral and philosophical concepts of dignity hold that all human beings 14 are entitled to receive ethical and humane treatment and are to be respected and valued in 15 all phases of life, regardless of sex, race, color, national origin, or disability; and 16 WHEREAS, certain abortive medical procedures are unfairly discriminatory against 17 unborn children because of their sex, race, color, national origin, or disability is in 18 contravention of their unalienable rights; and 19 WHEREAS, children born, regardless of their sex, race, color, national origin, or 20 disability, can live full and healthy lives and become upstanding and valuable members of 21 communities within the Commonwealth; 22 NOW, THEREFORE, 23 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky: 24 → SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 311.710 TO 311.820 IS CREATED

27 (a) "Abortion facility" has the same meaning as in KRS 216B.015;

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TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) As used in this section:

1		<u>(b)</u>	"Any other disability" means any disease, defect, or disorder, whether or
2			not genetically inherited. The term includes but is not limited to the
3			following:
4			1. A physical disability;
5			2. A mental or intellectual disability;
6			3. A physical disfigurement;
7			4. Scoliosis;
8			5. Dwarfism;
9			6. Albinism;
10			7. Amelia; or
11			8. A physical or mental disease.
12			However, the term does not include a lethal fetal anomaly;
13		<u>(c)</u>	"Corporation" has the same meaning as in KRS 271B.1-400;
14		<u>(d)</u>	"Down syndrome" means a chromosome disorder associated either with an
15			extra chromosome twenty-one (21), in whole or in part, or an effective
16			trisomy for chromosome twenty-one (21);
17		<u>(e)</u>	"Human being" has the same meaning as in KRS 311.720;
18		<u>(f)</u>	"Medical emergency" has the same meaning as in KRS 311.720;
19		<u>(g)</u>	"Person" includes any human being and any corporation;
20		<u>(h)</u>	"Physician" has the same meaning as in KRS 311.720; and
21		<u>(i)</u>	"Unborn child" has the same meaning as in KRS 311.781.
22	<u>(2)</u>	No 1	verson shall intentionally perform or induce or attempt to perform or induce
23		an a	bortion on a pregnant woman if the person has knowledge that the pregnant
24		won	nan is seeking the abortion, in whole or in part, because of any of the
25		follo	owing:
26		<u>(a)</u>	The sex of the unborn child;
2.7		(b)	The race color or national origin of the unborn child or

1		(c) The diagnosis, or potential diagnosis, of Down syndrome or any other
2		disability;
3		except in the case of a medical emergency.
4	<u>(3)</u>	In the report required under Section 6 of this Act, the attending physician shall
5		certify in writing whether the attending physician had knowledge that the
6		pregnant woman was seeking the abortion, in whole or in part, because of any of
7		the following:
8		(a) The sex of the unborn child;
9		(b) The race, color, or national origin of the unborn child; or
10		(c) The diagnosis, or potential diagnosis, of Down syndrome or any other
11		<u>disability.</u>
12	<u>(4)</u>	The State Board of Medical Licensure shall revoke a physician's license to
13		practice medicine in this state if the physician violates subsection (2) of this
14		section.
15	<u>(5)</u>	The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall revoke the license of any
16		person, including a licensed abortion facility, who violates subsection (2) of this
17		section.
18	<u>(6)</u>	Any physician or other person who violates subsection (2) of this section is liable
19		in a civil action for compensatory and punitive damages and reasonable
20		attorney's fees to any person, including an unborn child, or the representative of
21		the estate of any person, including an unborn child, who sustains injury, death,
22		or loss to person or property as the result of the performance or inducement or
23		the attempted performance or inducement of the abortion. In any action under
24		this subsection, the court also may award any injunctive or other equitable relief
25		that the court considers appropriate.
26	<u>(7)</u>	A pregnant woman on whom an abortion is performed or induced or attempted to
27		be performed or induced in violation of subsection (2) of this section is not guilty

1	of violating subsection (2) of this section or of attempting to commit, conspiring
2	to commit, or complicity in committing a violation of subsection (2) of this
3	section.
4	(8) If any provision of this section is held invalid, or if the application of any
5	provision of this section to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
6	invalidity of that provision does not affect any other provisions or applications of
7	this section or KRS 311.710 to 311.820 that can be given effect without the
8	invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and
9	KRS 311.710 to 311.820 are severable. In particular, it is the intent of the
10	General Assembly that any invalidity or potential invalidity of a provision of this
11	section is not to impair the immediate and continuing enforceability of any other
12	provisions of this section and KRS 311.710 to 311.820. It is furthermore the
13	intent of the General Assembly that the provisions of this section are not to have
14	the effect of repealing or limiting any other laws of this state.
15	→ Section 2. KRS 311.595 is amended to read as follows:
16	If the power has not been transferred by statute to some other board, commission, or
17	agency of this state, the board may deny an application or reregistration for a license;
18	place a licensee on probation for a period not to exceed five (5) years; suspend a license
19	for a period not to exceed five (5) years; limit or restrict a license for an indefinite period;
20	or revoke any license heretofore or hereafter issued by the board, upon proof that the
21	licensee has:
22	(1) Knowingly made or presented, or caused to be made or presented, any false,
23	fraudulent, or forged statement, writing, certificate, diploma, or other thing, in
24	connection with an application for a license or permit;
25	(2) Practiced, or aided or abetted in the practice of fraud, forgery, deception, collusion,
26	or conspiracy in connection with an examination for a license;

(3) Committed, procured, or aided in the procurement of an unlawful abortion,

1		including a partial-birth abortion or an abortion in violation of Section 1 of this
2		Act;
3	(4)	Entered a guilty or nolo contendere plea, or been convicted, by any court within or
4		without the Commonwealth of Kentucky of a crime as defined in KRS 335B.010, if
5		in accordance with KRS Chapter 335B;
6	(5)	Been convicted of a misdemeanor offense under KRS Chapter 510 involving a
7		patient, or a felony offense under KRS Chapter 510, 530.064(1)(a), or 531.310, or
8		been found by the board to have had sexual contact as defined in KRS 510.010(7)
9		with a patient while the patient was under the care of the physician;
10	(6)	Become addicted to a controlled substance;
11	(7)	Become a chronic or persistent alcoholic;
12	(8)	Been unable or is unable to practice medicine according to acceptable and
13		prevailing standards of care by reason of mental or physical illness or other
14		condition including but not limited to physical deterioration that adversely affects
15		cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills, or by reason of an extended absence from the
16		active practice of medicine;
17	(9)	Engaged in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely
18		to deceive, defraud, or harm the public or any member thereof;
19	(10)	Knowingly made, or caused to be made, or aided or abetted in the making of, a false
20		statement in any document executed in connection with the practice of his
21		profession;
22	(11)	Employed, as a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy in the practice of his
23		profession in this state, any person not duly licensed or otherwise aided, assisted, or
24		abetted the unlawful practice of medicine or osteopathy or any other healing art;
25	(12)	Violated or attempted to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisted in or abetted the
26		violation of, or conspired to violate any provision or term of any medical practice
27		act, including but not limited to the code of conduct promulgated by the board under

- 1 KRS 311.601 or any other valid regulation of the board;
- 2 (13) Violated any agreed order, letter of agreement, final order, or emergency order
- 3 issued by the board;
- 4 (14) Engaged in or attempted to engage in the practice of medicine or osteopathy under a
- false or assumed name, or impersonated another practitioner of a like, similar, or
- 6 different name;
- 7 (15) Obtained a fee or other thing of value on the fraudulent representation that a
- 8 manifestly incurable condition could be cured;
- 9 (16) Willfully violated a confidential communication;
- 10 (17) Had his license to practice medicine or osteopathy in any other state, territory, or
- foreign nation revoked, suspended, restricted, or limited or has been subjected to
- other disciplinary action by the licensing authority thereof. This subsection shall not
- require relitigation of the disciplinary action;
- 14 (18) Failed or refused, without legal justification, to practice medicine in a rural area of
- this state in violation of a valid medical scholarship loan contract with the trustees
- of the rural Kentucky medical scholarship fund;
- 17 (19) Given or received, directly or indirectly, from any person, firm, or corporation, any
- fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for sending, referring, or
- otherwise inducing a person to communicate with a person licensed under KRS
- 20 311.530 to 311.620 in his professional capacity or for any professional services not
- actually and personally rendered; provided, however, that nothing contained in this
- subsection shall prohibit persons holding valid and current licenses under KRS
- 23 311.530 to 311.620 from practicing medicine in partnership or association or in a
- 24 professional service corporation authorized by KRS Chapter 274, as now or
- 25 hereinafter amended, or from pooling, sharing, dividing, or apportioning the fees
- and moneys received by them or by the partnership, corporation, or association in
- accordance with the partnership agreement or the policies of the board of directors

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of the corporation or association. Nothing contained in this subsection shall
abrogate the right of two (2) or more persons holding valid and current licenses
under KRS 311.530 to 311.620 to receive adequate compensation for concurrently
rendering professional care to a single patient and divide a fee, if the patient has full
knowledge of this division and if the division is made in proportion to the services
performed and responsibility assumed by each;

- (20) Been removed, suspended, expelled, or disciplined by any professional medical association or society when the action was based upon what the association or society found to be unprofessional conduct, professional incompetence, malpractice, or a violation of any provision of KRS Chapter 311. This subsection shall not require relitigation of the disciplinary action;
- (21) Been disciplined by a licensed hospital or medical staff of the hospital, including removal, suspension, limitation of hospital privileges, failing to renew privileges for cause, resignation of privileges under pressure or investigation, or other disciplinary action if the action was based upon what the hospital or medical staff found to be unprofessional conduct, professional incompetence, malpractice, or a violation of any provisions of KRS Chapter 311. This subsection shall not require relitigation of the disciplinary action; or
- 19 (22) Failed to comply with the requirements of KRS 213.101, 311.782, or 311.783 or 20 failed to submit to the Vital Statistics Branch in accordance with a court order a complete report as described in KRS 213.101.
- **→** Section 3. KRS 311.725 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) No abortion shall be performed or induced except with the voluntary and informed 24 written consent of the woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed or 25 induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to an abortion is 26 voluntary and informed if and only if:
- 27 (a) At least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the abortion, a physician, licensed

	nurse	e, physician assistant, or social worker to whom the responsibility has
	been	delegated by the physician has verbally informed the woman of all of the
	follo	wing:
	1.	The nature and purpose of the particular abortion procedure or treatment
		to be performed and of those medical risks and alternatives to the
		procedure or treatment that a reasonable patient would consider material
		to the decision of whether or not to undergo the abortion;
	2.	The probable gestational age of the embryo or fetus at the time the
		abortion is to be performed; and
	3.	The medical risks associated with the pregnant woman carrying her
		pregnancy to term;
b)	At le	east twenty-four (24) hours prior to the abortion, in an individual, private
,		ng, a physician, licensed nurse, physician assistant, or social worker to
		m the responsibility has been delegated by the physician has informed the
		nant woman that:
	1.	The cabinet publishes the printed materials described in paragraphs (a)
		and (b) of subsection (2) of this section and that she has a right to review
		the printed materials and that copies will be provided to her by the
		physician, licensed nurse, physician assistant, or social worker free of
		charge if she chooses to review the printed materials;
	2.	Medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care,
		childbirth, and neonatal care, and that more detailed information on the
		availability of such assistance is contained in the printed materials
		published by the cabinet; [and]
	3.	The father of the fetus is liable to assist in the support of her child, even
		in instances where he has offered to pay for the abortion; <i>and</i>
	b)	been folloo 1. 2. 3. b) At less settin whom pregners 1.

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4. It is illegal in Kentucky to intentionally perform an abortion, in whole

1			or in part, because of:
2			a. The sex of the unborn child;
3			b. The race, color, or national origin of the unborn child; or
4			c. The diagnosis, or potential diagnosis, of Down syndrome or any
5			other disability;
6		(c)	At least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the abortion, a copy of the printed
7			materials has been provided to the pregnant woman if she chooses to view
8			these materials;
9		(d)	The pregnant woman certifies in writing, prior to the performance or
10			inducement of the abortion:
11			1. That she has received the information required to be provided under
12			paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection; and
13			2. That she consents to the particular abortion voluntarily and knowingly,
14			and she is not under the influence of any drug of abuse or alcohol; and
15		(e)	Prior to the performance or inducement of the abortion, the physician who is
16			scheduled to perform or induce the abortion or the physician's agent receives a
17			copy of the pregnant woman's signed statement, on a form which may be
18			provided by the physician, on which she consents to the abortion and that
19			includes the certification required by paragraph (d) of this subsection.
20	(2)	Ву Ј	fanuary 1, 1999, the cabinet shall cause to be published in English in a typeface
21		not l	less than 12 point type the following materials:
22		(a)	Materials that inform the pregnant woman about public and private agencies
23			and services that are available to assist her through her pregnancy, upon
24			childbirth, and while her child is dependent, including, but not limited to,
25			adoption agencies. The materials shall include a comprehensive list of the
26			available agencies and a description of the services offered by the agencies
27			and the telephone numbers and addresses of the agencies, and inform the

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pregnant woman about available medical assistance benefits for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal care and about the support obligations of the father of a child who is born alive. The cabinet shall ensure that the materials are comprehensive and do not directly or indirectly promote, exclude, or discourage the use of any agency or service described in this section; and

Materials that inform the pregnant woman of the probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at two (2) week gestational increments for the first sixteen (16) weeks of her pregnancy and at four (4) week gestational increments from the seventeenth week of her pregnancy to full term, including any relevant information regarding the time at which the fetus possibly would be viable. The materials shall use language that is understandable by the average person who is not medically trained, shall be objective and nonjudgmental, and shall include only accurate scientific information about the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at the various gestational increments. The materials shall include, for each of the two (2) of four (4) week increments specified in this paragraph, a pictorial or photographic depiction of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus. The materials shall also include, in a conspicuous manner, a scale or other explanation that is understandable by the average person and that can be used to determine the actual size of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at a particular gestational increment as contrasted with the depicted size of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at that gestational increment.

(3) Upon submission of a request to the cabinet by any person, hospital, physician, or medical facility for one (1) or more copies of the materials published in accordance with subsection (2) of this section, the cabinet shall make the requested number of copies of the materials available to the person, hospital, physician, or medical facility that requested the copies.

1 (4)	If a medical emergency or medical necessity compels the performance or
2	inducement of an abortion, the physician who will perform or induce the abortion,
3	prior to its performance or inducement if possible, shall inform the pregnant woman
4	of the medical indications supporting the physician's judgment that an immediate
5	abortion is necessary. Any physician who performs or induces an abortion without
6	the prior satisfaction of the conditions specified in subsection (1) of this section
7	because of a medical emergency or medical necessity shall enter the reasons for the
8	conclusion that a medical emergency exists in the medical record of the pregnant
9	woman.

- 10 (5) If the conditions specified in subsection (1) of this section are satisfied, consent to 11 an abortion shall be presumed to be valid and effective.
- 12 (6) The failure of a physician to satisfy the conditions of subsection (1) of this section 13 prior to performing or inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman may be the 14 basis of disciplinary action pursuant to KRS 311.595.
- 15 (7) The cabinet shall charge a fee for each copy of the materials distributed in 16 accordance with subsections (1) and (3) of this section. The fee shall be sufficient to 17 cover the cost of the administration of the materials published in accordance with 18 subsection (2) of this section, including the cost of preparation and distribution of 19 materials.
- 20 → Section 4. KRS 311.990 (Effective until July 1, 2019) is amended to read as 21 follows:
- 22 (1) Any person who violates KRS 311.250 shall be guilty of a violation.
- 23 (2) Any college or professor thereof violating the provisions of KRS 311.300 to 311.350 shall be civilly liable on his bond for a sum not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation, which may be recovered by an action in the name of the Commonwealth.
- 27 (3) Any person who presents to the county clerk for the purpose of registration any

license which has been fraudulently obtained, or obtains any license under KRS
311.380 to 311.510 by false or fraudulent statement or representation, or practices
podiatry under a false or assumed name or falsely impersonates another practitioner
or former practitioner of a like or different name, or aids and abets any person in the
practice of podiatry within the state without conforming to the requirements of KRS
311.380 to 311.510, or otherwise violates or neglects to comply with any of the
provisions of KRS 311.380 to 311.510, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor
Each case of practicing podiatry in violation of the provisions of KRS 311.380 to
311.510 shall be considered a separate offense.

10 (4) Each violation of KRS 311.560 shall constitute a Class D felony.

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- 11 (5) Each violation of KRS 311.590 shall constitute a Class D felony. Conviction under 12 this subsection of a holder of a license or permit shall result automatically in 13 permanent revocation of such license or permit.
- 14 (6) Conviction of willfully resisting, preventing, impeding, obstructing, threatening, or 15 interfering with the board or any of its members, or of any officer, agent, inspector, 16 or investigator of the board or the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, in the 17 administration of any of the provisions of KRS 311.550 to 311.620 shall be a Class 18 A misdemeanor.
- 19 (7) Each violation of subsection (1) of KRS 311.375 shall, for the first offense, be a Class B misdemeanor, and, for each subsequent offense shall be a Class A misdemeanor.
- 22 (8) Each violation of subsection (2) of KRS 311.375 shall, for the first offense, be a violation, and, for each subsequent offense, be a Class B misdemeanor.
- 24 (9) Each day of violation of either subsection of KRS 311.375 shall constitute a separate offense.
- 26 (10) (a) Any person who intentionally or knowingly performs an abortion contrary to 27 the requirements of KRS 311.723(1) shall be guilty of a Class D felony; and

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1	(b)	Any	person	who	intentionally,	knowingly,	or	recklessly	violates	the
2		requi	rements	of KR	S 311.723(2) sh	nall be guilty	of a	Class A mis	demeanor	

3 (11) (a) 1. Any physician who performs a partial-birth abortion in violation of KRS
4 311.765 shall be guilty of a Class D felony. However, a physician shall
5 not be guilty of the criminal offense if the partial-birth abortion was
6 necessary to save the life of the mother whose life was endangered by a
7 physical disorder, illness, or injury.

- 2. A physician may seek a hearing before the State Board of Medical Licensure on whether the physician's conduct was necessary to save the life of the mother whose life was endangered by a physical disorder, illness, or injury. The board's findings, decided by majority vote of a quorum, shall be admissible at the trial of the physician. The board shall promulgate administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of this subparagraph.
- 3. Upon a motion of the physician, the court shall delay the beginning of the trial for not more than thirty (30) days to permit the hearing, referred to in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph, to occur.
- (b) Any person other than a physician who performs a partial-birth abortion shall not be prosecuted under this subsection but shall be prosecuted under provisions of law which prohibit any person other than a physician from performing any abortion.
- (c) No penalty shall be assessed against the woman upon whom the partial-birth abortion is performed or attempted to be performed.
- (12) Any person who intentionally performs an abortion with knowledge that, or with reckless disregard as to whether, the person upon whom the abortion is to be performed is an unemancipated minor, and who intentionally or knowingly fails to conform to any requirement of KRS 311.732 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

1 (13) Any person who negligently releases information or documents which are confidential under KRS 311.732 is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

- 3 (14) Any person who performs an abortion upon a married woman either with
- 4 knowledge or in reckless disregard of whether KRS 311.735 applies to her and who
- 5 intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly fails to conform to the requirements of KRS
- 6 311.735 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 7 (15) Any person convicted of violating KRS 311.750 shall be guilty of a Class B felony.
- 8 (16) Any person who violates KRS 311.760(2) shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 9 (17) Any person who violates KRS 311.770 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 10 (18) Except as provided in KRS 311.787(3), any person who intentionally violates KRS
- 311.787 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 12 (19) A person convicted of violating KRS 311.780 shall be guilty of a Class C felony.
- 13 (20) Except as provided in KRS 311.782(6), any person who intentionally violates KRS
- 14 311.782 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 15 (21) Any person who violates KRS 311.783(1) shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 16 (22) Except as provided in subsection (6) of Section 1 of this Act, any person who
- 17 violates subsection (2) of Section 1 of this Act shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 18 (23) Any person who violates KRS 311.810 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 19 (24)[(23)] Any professional medical association or society, licensed physician, or
- 20 hospital or hospital medical staff who shall have violated the provisions of KRS
- 21 311.606 shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 22 (25)[(24)] Any administrator, officer, or employee of a publicly owned hospital or
- 23 publicly owned health care facility who performs or permits the performance of
- abortions in violation of KRS 311.800(1) shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 25 (26)[(25)] Any person who violates KRS 311.905(3) shall be guilty of a violation.
- 26 (27)[(26)] Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 311.820 shall be guilty of a
- 27 Class A misdemeanor.

1	<u>(28)</u> [(27)]	(a) Any person who fails to test organs, skin, or other human tissue which is
2		to be transplanted, or violates the confidentiality provisions required by KRS
3		311.281, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
4	(b)	Any person who has human immunodeficiency virus infection, who knows he
5		is infected with human immunodeficiency virus, and who has been informed
6		that he may communicate the infection by donating organs, skin, or other
7		human tissue who donates organs, skin, or other human tissue shall be guilty
8		of a Class D felony.
9	<u>(29)[(28)]</u>	Any person who sells or makes a charge for any transplantable organ shall be
10	guilt	y of a Class D felony.
11	<u>(30)</u> [(29)]	Any person who offers remuneration for any transplantable organ for use in
12	trans	plantation into himself shall be fined not less than five thousand dollars
13	(\$5,0	000) nor more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
14	<u>(31)</u> [(30)]	Any person brokering the sale or transfer of any transplantable organ shall be
15	guilt	y of a Class C felony.
16	<u>(32)</u> [(31)]	Any person charging a fee associated with the transplantation of a
17	trans	plantable organ in excess of the direct and indirect costs of procuring,
18	distri	ibuting, or transplanting the transplantable organ shall be fined not less than
19	fifty	thousand dollars (\$50,000) nor more than five hundred thousand dollars
20	(\$50	0,000).
21	<u>(33)</u> [(32)]	Any hospital performing transplantable organ transplants which knowingly
22	fails	to report the possible sale, purchase, or brokering of a transplantable organ
23	shall	be fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more than fifty
24	thous	sand dollars (\$50,000).
25	<u>(34)</u> [(33)]	(a) Any physician or qualified technician who violates KRS 311.727 shall
26		be fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for a first
27		offense and not more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for

1	each	subsequen	t offense.

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(b) In addition to the fine, the court shall report the violation of any physician, in writing, to the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure for such action and discipline as the board deems appropriate.

- 5 (35)[(34)] Any person who violates KRS 311.691 shall be guilty of a Class B
 6 misdemeanor for the first offense, and a Class A misdemeanor for a second or
 7 subsequent offense. In addition to any other penalty imposed for that violation, the
 8 board may, through the Attorney General, petition a Circuit Court to enjoin the
 9 person who is violating KRS 311.691 from practicing genetic counseling in
 10 violation of the requirements of KRS 311.690 to 311.700.
- → Section 5. KRS 311.990 (Effective July 1, 2019) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) Any person who violates KRS 311.250 shall be guilty of a violation.
- 13 (2) Any college or professor thereof violating the provisions of KRS 311.300 to 311.350 shall be civilly liable on his bond for a sum not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation, which may be recovered by an action in the name of the Commonwealth.
 - (3) Any person who presents to the county clerk for the purpose of registration any license which has been fraudulently obtained, or obtains any license under KRS 311.380 to 311.510 by false or fraudulent statement or representation, or practices podiatry under a false or assumed name or falsely impersonates another practitioner or former practitioner of a like or different name, or aids and abets any person in the practice of podiatry within the state without conforming to the requirements of KRS 311.380 to 311.510, or otherwise violates or neglects to comply with any of the provisions of KRS 311.380 to 311.510, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Each case of practicing podiatry in violation of the provisions of KRS 311.380 to 311.510 shall be considered a separate offense.
 - (4) Each violation of KRS 311.560 shall constitute a Class D felony.

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1	(5)	Each	violation of KRS 311.590 shall constitute a Class D felony. Conviction under
2		this s	absection of a holder of a license or permit shall result automatically in
3		perma	nent revocation of such license or permit.
4	(6)	Conv	ction of willfully resisting, preventing, impeding, obstructing, threatening, or
5		interf	ering with the board or any of its members, or of any officer, agent, inspector,
6		or inv	estigator of the board or the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, in the
7		admii	istration of any of the provisions of KRS 311.550 to 311.620 shall be a Class
8		A mis	demeanor.
9	(7)	Each	violation of subsection (1) of KRS 311.375 shall, for the first offense, be a
10		Class	B misdemeanor, and, for each subsequent offense shall be a Class A
11		misde	meanor.
12	(8)	Each	violation of subsection (2) of KRS 311.375 shall, for the first offense, be a
13		violat	on, and, for each subsequent offense, be a Class B misdemeanor.
14	(9)	Each	day of violation of either subsection of KRS 311.375 shall constitute a
15		separa	te offense.
16	(10)	(a)	Any person who intentionally or knowingly performs an abortion contrary to
17			he requirements of KRS 311.723(1) shall be guilty of a Class D felony; and
18		(b)	Any person who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly violates the
19			requirements of KRS 311.723(2) shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
20	(11)	(a)	1. Any physician who performs a partial-birth abortion in violation of KRS
21			311.765 shall be guilty of a Class D felony. However, a physician shall
22			not be guilty of the criminal offense if the partial-birth abortion was
23			necessary to save the life of the mother whose life was endangered by a
24			physical disorder, illness, or injury.
25			2. A physician may seek a hearing before the State Board of Medical
26			Licensure on whether the physician's conduct was necessary to save the

life of the mother whose life was endangered by a physical disorder,

1		illness, or injury. The board's findings, decided by majority vote of a
2		quorum, shall be admissible at the trial of the physician. The board shall
3		promulgate administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of this
4		subparagraph.
5		3. Upon a motion of the physician, the court shall delay the beginning of
6		the trial for not more than thirty (30) days to permit the hearing, referred
7		to in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph, to occur.
8		(b) Any person other than a physician who performs a partial-birth abortion shall
9		not be prosecuted under this subsection but shall be prosecuted under
10		provisions of law which prohibit any person other than a physician from
11		performing any abortion.
12		(c) No penalty shall be assessed against the woman upon whom the partial-birth
13		abortion is performed or attempted to be performed.
14	(12)	Any person who intentionally performs an abortion with knowledge that, or with
15		reckless disregard as to whether, the person upon whom the abortion is to be
16		performed is an unemancipated minor, and who intentionally or knowingly fails to
17		conform to any requirement of KRS 311.732 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
18	(13)	Any person who negligently releases information or documents which are
19		confidential under KRS 311.732 is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
20	(14)	Any person who performs an abortion upon a married woman either with
21		knowledge or in reckless disregard of whether KRS 311.735 applies to her and who
22		intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly fails to conform to the requirements of KRS
23		311.735 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
24	(15)	Any person convicted of violating KRS 311.750 shall be guilty of a Class B felony.
25	(16)	Any person who violates KRS 311.760(2) shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

(18) Except as provided in KRS 311.787(3), any person who intentionally violates KRS

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(17) Any person who violates KRS 311.770 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

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1	311.787 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
2	(19) A person convicted of violating KRS 311.780 shall be guilty of a Class C felony.
3	(20) Except as provided in KRS 311.782(6), any person who intentionally violates KRS
4	311.782 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
5	(21) Any person who violates KRS 311.783(1) shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
6	(22) Except as provided in subsection (6) of Section 1 of this Act, any person who
7	violates subsection (2) of Section 1 of this Act shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
8	(23) Any person who violates KRS 311.810 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
9	(24)[(23)] Any professional medical association or society, licensed physician, or
10	hospital or hospital medical staff who shall have violated the provisions of KRS
11	311.606 shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
12	(25)[(24)] Any administrator, officer, or employee of a publicly owned hospital or
13	publicly owned health care facility who performs or permits the performance of
14	abortions in violation of KRS 311.800(1) shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
15	(26)[(25)] Any person who violates KRS 311.905(3) shall be guilty of a violation.
16	(27)[(26)] Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 311.820 shall be guilty of a
17	Class A misdemeanor.
18	(28) [(27)] (a) Any person who fails to test organs, skin, or other human tissue which is
19	to be transplanted, or violates the confidentiality provisions required by KRS
20	311.281, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
21	(b) Any person who has human immunodeficiency virus infection, who knows he
22	is infected with human immunodeficiency virus, and who has been informed
23	that he may communicate the infection by donating organs, skin, or other

26 (29)[(28)] Any person who sells or makes a charge for any transplantable organ shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

of a Class D felony.

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human tissue who donates organs, skin, or other human tissue shall be guilty

1	(30)[(29)] Any person who offers remuneration for any transplantable organ for use in
2	transplantation into himself shall be fined not less than five thousand dollars
3	(\$5,000) nor more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
4	(31)[(30)] Any person brokering the sale or transfer of any transplantable organ shall be
5	guilty of a Class C felony.
6	(32)[(31)] Any person charging a fee associated with the transplantation of a
7	transplantable organ in excess of the direct and indirect costs of procuring,
8	distributing, or transplanting the transplantable organ shall be fined not less than
9	fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) nor more than five hundred thousand dollars
10	(\$500,000).
11	(33)[(32)] Any hospital performing transplantable organ transplants which knowingly
12	fails to report the possible sale, purchase, or brokering of a transplantable organ
13	shall be fined not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more than fifty
14	thousand dollars (\$50,000).
15	(34)[(33)] (a) Any physician or qualified technician who violates KRS 311.727 shall
16	be fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for a first
17	offense and not more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for
18	each subsequent offense.
19	(b) In addition to the fine, the court shall report the violation of any physician, in
20	writing, to the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure for such action and
21	discipline as the board deems appropriate.
22	(35)[(34)] Any person who violates KRS 311.691 shall be guilty of a Class B
23	misdemeanor for the first offense, and a Class A misdemeanor for a second or
24	subsequent offense. In addition to any other penalty imposed for that violation, the
25	board may, through the Attorney General, petition a Circuit Court to enjoin the
26	person who is violating KRS 311.691 from practicing genetic counseling in
27	violation of the requirements of KRS 311.690 to 311.700.

1 (36)[(35)] Any person convicted of violating KRS 311.728 shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

3 → Section 6. KRS 213.101 is amended to read as follows:

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- 4 (1) Each induced termination of pregnancy which occurs in the Commonwealth, 5 regardless of the length of gestation, shall be reported to the Vital Statistics Branch 6 by the person in charge of the institution within fifteen (15) days after the end of the 7 month in which the termination occurred. If the induced termination of pregnancy 8 was performed outside an institution, the attending physician shall prepare and file 9 the report within fifteen (15) days after the end of the month in which the 10 termination occurred. The report shall include all the information the physician is 11 required to certify in writing or determine under Section 1 of this Act, KRS 12 311.782, and 311.783, but shall not include information which will identify the 13 physician, woman, or man involved.
- 14 (2) The name of the person completing the report and the reporting institution shall not 15 be subject to disclosure under KRS 61.870 to 61.884.
 - (3) By September 30 of each year, the Vital Statistics Branch shall issue a public report that provides statistics for the previous calendar year compiled from all of the reports covering that calendar year submitted to the cabinet in accordance with this section for each of the items listed in subsection (1) of this section. Each annual report shall also provide statistics for all previous calendar years in which this section was in effect, adjusted to reflect any additional information from late or corrected reports. The Vital Statistics Branch shall ensure that none of the information included in the report could reasonably lead to the identification of any pregnant woman upon whom an abortion was performed or attempted.
- 25 (4) (a) Any person or institution who fails to submit a report by the end of thirty (30) 26 days following the due date set in subsection (1) of this section shall be 27 subject to a late fee of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional thirty

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1 (30) day period or portion of a thirty (30) day period the re	eport is overdue.
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- (b) Any person or institution who fails to submit a report, or who has submitted only an incomplete report, more than one (1) year following the due date set in subsection (1) of this section, may in a civil action brought by the Vital Statistics Branch be directed by a court of competent jurisdiction to submit a complete report within a time period stated by court order or be subject to contempt of court.
- (c) Failure by any physician to comply with the requirements of this section, other than filing a late report, or to submit a complete report in accordance with a court order shall subject the physician to KRS 311.595.
- 11 (5) Intentional falsification of any report required under this section is a Class A misdemeanor.
- Within ninety (90) days of <u>the effective date of this Act</u>[January 9, 2017], the Vital

 Statistics Branch shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with

 KRS Chapter 13A to assist in compliance with this section.
- Section 7. KRS 413.140 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) The following actions shall be commenced within one (1) year after the cause of action accrued:
- 19 (a) An action for an injury to the person of the plaintiff, or of her husband, his wife, child, ward, apprentice, or servant;
- 21 (b) An action for injuries to persons, cattle, or other livestock by railroads or other 22 corporations, with the exception of hospitals licensed pursuant to KRS 23 Chapter 216;
- 24 (c) An action for malicious prosecution, conspiracy, arrest, seduction, criminal conversation, or breach of promise of marriage;
- 26 (d) An action for libel or slander;
- 27 (e) An action against a physician, surgeon, dentist, or hospital licensed pursuant

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1			to KRS Chapter 216, for negligence or malpractice;
2		(f)	A civil action, arising out of any act or omission in rendering, or failing to
3			render, professional services for others, whether brought in tort or contract,
4			against a real estate appraiser holding a certificate or license issued under
5			KRS Chapter 324A;
6		(g)	An action for the escape of a prisoner, arrested or imprisoned on civil process;
7		(h)	An action for the recovery of usury paid for the loan or forbearance of money
8			or other thing, against the loaner or forbearer or assignee of either;
9		(i)	An action for the recovery of stolen property, by the owner thereof against any
10			person having the same in his possession;
11		(j)	An action for the recovery of damages or the value of stolen property, against
12			the thief or any accessory;
13		(k)	An action arising out of a detention facility disciplinary proceeding, whether
14			based upon state or federal law;
15		(l)	An action for damages arising out of a deficiency, defect, omission, error, or
16			miscalculation in any survey or plat, whether brought in tort or contract,
17			against a licensed professional land surveyor holding a license under KRS
18			Chapter 322; [and]
19		(m)	An action for violating KRS 311.782; and
20		<u>(n)</u>	An action for violating Section 1 of this Act.
21	(2)	In re	espect to the action referred to in paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of this section,
22		the	cause of action shall be deemed to accrue at the time the injury is first
23		disc	overed or in the exercise of reasonable care should have been discovered;
24		prov	rided that such action shall be commenced within five (5) years from the date on
25		whic	ch the alleged negligent act or omission is said to have occurred.
26	(3)	In re	espect to the action referred to in paragraph (f) or (l) of subsection (1) of this

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section, the cause of action shall be deemed to accrue within one (1) year from the

date of the occurrence or from the date when the cause of action was, or reasonably should have been, discovered by the party injured.

- In respect to the action referred to in paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of this section, the cause of action shall be deemed to accrue at the time of payment. This limitation shall apply to all payments made on all demands, whether evidenced by writing or
- 6 existing only in parol.
- 7 (5) In respect to the action referred to in paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of this section, 8 the cause of action shall be deemed to accrue at the time the property is found by its 9 owner.
- 10 (6) In respect to the action referred to in paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of this section, 11 the cause of action shall be deemed to accrue at the time of discovery of the 12 liability.
- 13 (7) In respect to the action referred to in paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of this section, 14 the cause of action shall be deemed to accrue on the date an appeal of the 15 disciplinary proceeding is decided by the institutional warden.
- 16 (8) In respect to the action referred to in subsection (1)(m) <u>and (n)</u> of this section, the 17 cause of action shall be deemed to accrue after the performance or inducement or 18 attempt to perform or induce the abortion.
- Section 8. This Act may be cited as the Human Rights of the Unborn Child and
 Anti-Discrimination Act.
- Section 9. Whereas the fundamental rights of all Kentuckians, regardless of the unborn child's sex, race, color, national origin, or disability, deserve immediate protection, an emergency is declared to exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a law.

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