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1	AN ACT proposing to amend Sections 117, 118, 119, and 122 of the Constitution
2	of Kentucky relating to the election of appellate judges.
3	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
4	Section 1. It is proposed that Section 117 of the Constitution of Kentucky be
5	amended to read as follows:
6	(1) (a) Justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the Court of Appeals
7	shall initially be appointed to terms of office in the manner provided under Section 118
8	of this Constitution.
9	(b) Any justice of the Supreme Court or judge of the Court of Appeals who was
10	initially appointed and seeks an additional term for the same judicial office shall be
11	retained in office by a nonpartisan vote of the electorate, which shall require the
12	affirmative vote of a majority of those voting in the respective districts to retain the
13	justice or judge. The General Assembly shall by general law establish the procedures
14	for conducting an election under this subsection.
15	(2) Judges of the Justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the Court of
16	Appeals,] Circuit and District Court shall be elected from their respective districts or
17	circuits on a nonpartisan basis as provided by law.
18	Section 2. It is proposed that Section 118 of the Constitution of Kentucky be
19	amended to read as follows:
20	(1) (a) An initial appointment as a justice of the Supreme Court or a judge of
21	the Court of Appeals under Section 117 of this Constitution shall be made by the
22	Governor from a list of three names presented by the judicial nominating commission.
23	(b) The judicial nominating commission shall present the list to the Governor
24	not less than sixty days before the end of the term of office to be filled. If the Governor
25	fails to make an appointment from the list within sixty days from the date it is
26	presented, the appointment shall be made from the same list by the chief justice of the
27	<u>Supreme Court.</u>

1 (2)[(1)] A vacancy in the office of a justice of the Supreme Court, or of a judge of 2 the Court of Appeals, circuit or district court which under Section 152 of this 3 Constitution is to be filled by appointment by the Governor shall be filled by the 4 Governor from a list of three names presented[<u>to him]</u> by the appropriate judicial 5 nominating commission. If the Governor fails to make an appointment from the list 6 within sixty days from the date it is presented to <u>the Governor[him]</u>, the appointment 7 shall be made from the same list by the chief justice of the Supreme Court.

8 (3)[(2)] There shall be one judicial nominating commission for the Supreme Court 9 and the Court of Appeals, one for each judicial circuit, and one for each judicial district, 10 except that a circuit and district having the same boundary shall have but one judicial 11 nominating commission. Each commission shall consist of seven members, one of whom 12 shall be the chief justice of the Supreme Court, who shall be chairman. Two members of 13 each commission shall be members of the bar, who shall be elected by their fellow 14 members. The other four members shall be appointed by the Governor from among 15 persons not members of the bar, and these four shall include at least two members of each 16 of the two political parties of the Commonwealth having the largest number of voters. 17 Members of a judicial circuit or judicial district nominating commission must be 18 residents of the circuit or district, respectively, and the lawyer members of the 19 commission shall be elected by the members of the bar residing in the circuit or district, 20 respectively. The terms of office of members of judicial nominating commissions shall be 21 fixed by the General Assembly. No person shall be elected or appointed a member of a 22 judicial nominating commission who holds any other public office or any office in a 23 political party or organization.

24 → Section 3. It is proposed that Section 119 of the Constitution of Kentucky be
25 amended to read as follows:

Justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the Court of Appeals and circuit court
 shall severally hold their offices for terms of eight years, and judges of the district court

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1 for terms of four years. [All]Terms of office for circuit and district court judges 2 commence on the first Monday in January next succeeding the regular election for the 3 office. Terms of office for justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the Court of 4 Appeals commence on the first Monday in January next succeeding an initial 5 appointment or a retention election for the office. No justice or judge may be deprived of his or her term of office by redistricting, or by a reduction in the number of justices or 6 7 judges. 8 \rightarrow Section 4. It is proposed that Section 122 of the Constitution of Kentucky be 9 amended to read as follows:

10 (1) To be eligible to serve as a justice of the Supreme Court or a judge of the 11 Court of Appeals, Circuit Court or District Court a person <u>shall</u>[must] be a citizen of the 12 United States, licensed to practice law in the courts of this Commonwealth, and have 13 been a resident of this Commonwealth and of the district from which <u>the person[he]</u> is 14 appointed or elected for two years next preceding <u>the[his]</u> taking of office.

15 (2) In addition, to be eligible to serve as a justice of the Supreme Court or judge 16 of the Court of Appeals or Circuit Court a person <u>shall</u>[must] have been a licensed 17 attorney for at least eight years. No district judge shall serve who has not been a licensed 18 attorney for at least two years.

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 (3) Justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the Court of Appeals shall be

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 limited to two full terms of office on the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals in a

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 lifetime. Any time served in a vacancy appointment to an unexpired term shall not be

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 counted toward the lifetime term limits established by this subsection.

23 → Section 5. It is further proposed as a part of this amendment and as a schedule
24 of transitional provisions, for the purpose of this amendment, and any other provision of
25 the Constitution of Kentucky notwithstanding:

1. The justices and judges from Districts 1, 2, 3, and 7 who are subject to the provisions of this amendment and in office at the time of the adoption of this amendment

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shall remain in office until the expiration of the eight-year term of office for which they
 were elected, unless earlier removed pursuant to law, at which time Section 118 of this
 Constitution regarding vacancies shall apply.

2. The justices and judges from Districts 4, 5, and 6 who are subject to the provisions of this amendment and in office at the time of the adoption of this amendment shall remain in office for an additional two years beyond the eight-year term of office for which they were elected, unless earlier removed pursuant to law, at which time Section 118 of this Constitution regarding vacancies shall apply to fill the extended ten-year term.

9 3. The justices and judges who are subject to the provisions of this amendment 10 and in office at the time of the adoption of this amendment are eligible for appointment to 11 the same judicial office to which they were elected, or another judicial office in the 12 respective districts. Those appointments shall be considered initial appointments only for 13 the purposes of this amendment, and past years of service shall not be counted toward the 14 lifetime term limits established in this amendment.

15 \rightarrow Section 6. This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the 16 Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided 17 for under Sections 256 and 257 of the Constitution and under KRS 118.415, and if so 18 ratified, shall become effective on January 1, 2020. The question to be submitted to the 19 voters regarding this proposed amendment shall read: "Are you in favor of amending the 20 Kentucky Constitution to end the practice of electing justices of the Supreme Court and 21 judges of the Court of Appeals, and instead have those offices filled by the Governor, or 22 by the chief justice of the Supreme Court in the event the Governor fails to act, from a list 23 of three names presented by the judicial nominating commission, with any additional 24 term in the same judicial office subject to the approval of a majority of voters in the 25 respective judicial district, and with a lifetime limit of two full terms on the Supreme 26 Court and two full terms on the Court of Appeals?"