1 AN ACT relating to driving under the influence.

2	Be it enact	ted by the	General	Assembly	of the	Commonwealth	of Kentuc	kv:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 189A.010 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) A person shall not operate or be in physical control of a motor vehicle anywhere in
- 5 this state:

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- 6 (a) Having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more as measured by a
  7 scientifically reliable test or tests of a sample of the person's breath or blood
  8 taken within two (2) hours of cessation of operation or physical control of a
  9 motor vehicle;
- 10 (b) While under the influence of alcohol;
- 11 (c) While under the influence of any other substance or combination of 12 substances which impairs one's driving ability;
  - (d) While the presence of a controlled substance listed in subsection (12) of this section is detected in the blood, as measured by a scientifically reliable test, or tests, taken within two (2) hours of cessation of operation or physical control of a motor vehicle;
  - (e) While under the combined influence of alcohol and any other substance which impairs one's driving ability; or
  - (f) Having an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more as measured by a scientifically reliable test or tests of a sample of the person's breath or blood taken within two (2) hours of cessation of operation or physical control of a motor vehicle, if the person is under the age of twenty-one (21).
  - (2) With the exception of the results of the tests administered pursuant to KRS 189A.103(7), if the sample of the person's blood or breath that is used to determine the alcohol concentration thereof was obtained more than two (2) hours after cessation of operation or physical control of a motor vehicle, the results of the test or tests shall be inadmissible as evidence in a prosecution under subsection (1)(a) or

1	(f) of this section. The results of the test or tests, however, may be admissible in a
2	prosecution under subsection (1)(b) or (e) of this section.

- In any prosecution for a violation of subsection (1)(b) or (e) of this section in which the defendant is charged with having operated or been in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood as determined at the time of making analysis of his blood or breath shall give rise to the following presumptions:
  - If there was an alcohol concentration of less than 0.05 based upon the (a) definition of alcohol concentration in KRS 189A.005, it shall be presumed that the defendant was not under the influence of alcohol; and
  - If there was an alcohol concentration of 0.05 or greater but less than 0.08 (b) based upon the definition of alcohol concentration in KRS 189A.005, that fact shall not constitute a presumption that the defendant either was or was not under the influence of alcohol, but that fact may be considered, together with other competent evidence, in determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant.

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the questions of whether the defendant was under the influence of alcohol or other substances, in any prosecution for a violation of subsection (1)(b) or (e) of this section.

- (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the fact that any person charged with violation of subsection (1) of this section is legally entitled to use any substance, including alcohol, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violation of subsection (1) of this section.
  - A laboratory test or tests for a controlled substance shall be inadmissible as evidence in a prosecution under subsection (1)(d) of this section upon a finding by the court that the defendant consumed the substance under a valid

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prescription from a practitioner, as defined in KRS 218A.010, acting in the course of his or her professional practice.

3 (5) Any person who violates the provisions of paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subsection (1) of this section shall:

- (a) For the first offense[within a ten (10) year period], be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than forty-eight (48) hours nor more than thirty (30) days, or both. Following sentencing, the defendant may apply to the judge for permission to enter a community labor program for not less than forty-eight (48) hours nor more than thirty (30) days in lieu of fine or imprisonment, or both. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (11) of this section are present while the person was operating or in physical control of a motor vehicle, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be four (4) days, which term shall not be suspended, probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of early release;
- (b) For the second offense within a ten (10) year period, be fined not less than three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than seven (7) days nor more than six (6) months and, in addition to fine and imprisonment, may be sentenced to community labor for not less than ten (10) days nor more than six (6) months. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (11) of this section are present, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be fourteen (14) days, which term shall not be suspended, probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of early release;
- (c) For a third offense within a ten (10) year period, be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and shall

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1		be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more
2		than twelve (12) months and may, in addition to fine and imprisonment, be
3		sentenced to community labor for not less than ten (10) days nor more than
4		twelve (12) months. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in
5		subsection (11) of this section are present, the mandatory minimum term of
6		imprisonment shall be sixty (60) days, which term shall not be suspended,
7		probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of early
8		release;
9	(d)	For a fourth or subsequent offense[ within a ten (10) year period], be guilty of
10		a Class D felony. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection
11		(11) of this section are present, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment
12		shall be two hundred forty (240) days, which term shall not be suspended,
13		probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of release;
14		and
15	(e)	1. For purposes of this subsection, prior offenses shall include all
16		convictions, in this state[,] and any other state or jurisdiction, for:[,]
17		a. Offenses committed within a ten (10) year period; and
18		b. Offenses committed with any of the aggravating circumstances
19		listed in subsection (11) of this section regardless of time;
20		for operating or being in control of a motor vehicle while under the
21		influence of alcohol or other substances that impair one's driving ability,
22		or any combination of alcohol and such substances, or while having an
23		unlawful alcohol concentration, or driving while intoxicated, but shall
24		not include convictions for violating subsection (1)(f) of this section.
25		2. A court shall receive as proof of a prior conviction a copy of that
26		conviction, certified by the court ordering the conviction.

This section shall be retroactive.

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(6)	Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (1)(f) of this section shall
	have his driving privilege or operator's license suspended by the court for a period
	of no less than thirty (30) days but no longer than six (6) months, and the person
	shall be fined no less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and no more than five
	hundred dollars (\$500), or sentenced to twenty (20) hours of community service in
	lieu of a fine. A person subject to the penalties of this subsection shall not be
	subject to the penalties established in subsection (5) of this section or any other
	penalty established pursuant to KRS Chapter 189A, except those established in
	KRS 189A.040(1).

- 10 If the person is under the age of twenty-one (21) and there was an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or greater based on the definition of alcohol concentration in 12 KRS 189A.005, the person shall be subject to the penalties established pursuant to 13 subsection (5) of this section.
- 14 (8) For a second or third offense within a ten (10) year period, the minimum sentence 15 of imprisonment or community labor shall not be suspended, probated, or subject to 16 conditional discharge or other form of early release. For a fourth or subsequent offense under this section, the minimum term of imprisonment shall be one hundred 18 twenty (120) days, and this term shall not be suspended, probated, or subject to 19 conditional discharge or other form of early release. For a second or subsequent 20 offense, at least forty-eight (48) hours of the mandatory sentence shall be served consecutively.
- 22 (9) When sentencing persons under subsection (5)(a) of this section, at least one (1) of 23 the penalties shall be assessed and that penalty shall not be suspended, probated, or 24 subject to conditional discharge or other form of early release.
- 25 (10) In determining the ten (10) year period under this section, the period shall be 26 measured from the dates on which the offenses occurred for which the judgments of 27 conviction were entered.

1	(11)	For	purposes of this section, aggravating circumstances are any one (1) or more of
2		the f	following:
3		(a)	Operating a motor vehicle in excess of thirty (30) miles per hour above the
4			speed limit;
5		(b)	Operating a motor vehicle in the wrong direction on a limited access highway;
6		(c)	Operating a motor vehicle that causes an accident resulting in death or serious
7			physical injury as defined in KRS 500.080;
8		(d)	Operating a motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration in the operator's
9			blood or breath is 0.15 or more as measured by a test or tests of a sample of
10			the operator's blood or breath taken within two (2) hours of cessation of
11			operation of the motor vehicle;
12		(e)	Refusing to submit to any test or tests of one's blood, breath, or urine
13			requested by an officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person was
14			operating or in physical control of a motor vehicle in violation of subsection
15			(1) of this section; and
16		(f)	Operating a motor vehicle that is transporting a passenger under the age of
17			twelve (12) years old.
18	(12)	The	substances applicable to a prosecution under subsection (1)(d) of this section
19		are:	
20		(a)	Any Schedule I controlled substance except marijuana;
21		(b)	Alprazolam;
22		(c)	Amphetamine;
23		(d)	Buprenorphine;
24		(e)	Butalbital;
25		(f)	Carisoprodol;
26		(g)	Cocaine;
27		(h)	Diazepam;

- 1 (i) Hydrocodone;
- 2 (j) Meprobamate;
- 3 (k) Methadone;
- 4 (1) Methamphetamine;
- 5 (m) Oxycodone;
- 6 (n) Promethazine;
- 7 (o) Propoxyphene; and
- 8 (p) Zolpidem.
- 9 → Section 2. KRS 189A.070 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) Unless the person is under eighteen (18) years of age, in addition to the penalties
- specified in KRS 189A.010, a person convicted of violation of KRS
- 12 189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall have his or her license to operate a motor
- vehicle or motorcycle revoked by the court as follows:
- 14 (a) For the first offense within a ten (10) year period, for a period of not less
- than thirty (30) days nor more than one hundred twenty (120) days;
- 16 (b) For the second offense within a ten (10) year period, for a period of not less
- than twelve (12) months nor more than eighteen (18) months;
- (c) For a third offense within a ten (10) year period, for a period of not less than
- twenty-four (24) months nor more than thirty-six (36) months; and
- 20 (d) For a fourth or subsequent offense within a ten (10) year period, sixty (60)
- 21 months.
- 22 (e) For purposes of this section, "offense" shall have the same meaning as
- 23 described in KRS 189A.010(5)(e).
- 24 (2) In determining the ten (10) year period under this section, the period shall be
- 25 measured from the dates on which the offenses occurred for which the judgments of
- 26 conviction were entered.
- 27 (3) In addition to the period of license revocation set forth in subsection (1) or (7) of

1		this section, no person shall be eligible for reinstatement of his or her full privilege
2		to operate a motor vehicle until he has completed the alcohol or substance abuse
3		education or treatment program ordered pursuant to KRS 189A.040.
4	(4)	A person under the age of eighteen (18) who is convicted of violation of KRS
5		189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall have his license revoked by the court until
6		he reaches the age of eighteen (18) or shall have his license revoked as provided in
7		subsection (1) or (7) of this section, whichever penalty will result in the longer
8		period of revocation or court-ordered driving conditions.
9	(5)	Licenses revoked pursuant to this chapter shall forthwith be surrendered to the court
10		upon conviction. The court shall transmit the conviction records, and other
11		appropriate information to the Transportation Cabinet. A court shall not waive or
12		stay this procedure.
13	(6)	Should a person convicted under this chapter whose license is revoked fail to
14		surrender it to the court upon conviction, the court shall issue an order directing the
15		sheriff or any other peace officer to seize the license forthwith and deliver it to the
16		court.
17	(7)	After a minimum of twelve (12) months from the effective date of the revocation, a
18		person whose license has been revoked pursuant to subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d) of
19		this section may move the court to reduce the period of revocation on a day-for-day
20		basis for each day the person held a valid ignition interlock license under KRS
21		189A.420, but in no case shall the reduction reduce the period of ignition interlock
22		use to less than twelve (12) months. The court may, upon a written finding in the

 (a) The person maintained a valid ignition interlock license and did not operate a motor vehicle or motorcycle without a functioning ignition interlock device as provided for in KRS 189A.420;

record for good cause shown, order such a period to be reduced to not less than

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twelve (12) months, if:

(b)	The person did not operate a motor vehicle or motorcycle in violation of any
	restrictions specified by the court; and

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- (c) The functioning ignition interlock device was installed on the motor vehicle or motorcycle for a period of time not less than twelve (12) months under subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d) of this section.
- 6 (8) Upon a finding of a violation of any of the conditions specified in subsection (7) of
  7 this section or of the order permitting any reduction in a minimum period of
  8 revocation that is issued pursuant thereto, the court shall dissolve such an order and
  9 the person shall receive no credit toward the minimum period of revocation required
  10 under subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d) of this section.

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