18 RS HB 22/GA

1	AN ACT relating to public safety.
2	WHEREAS, the great and essential principles of liberty and free government are a
3	cornerstone of the Commonwealth; and
4	WHEREAS, those values are enshrined in the Constitution of the Commonwealth
5	of Kentucky; and
6	WHEREAS, Section 2 of the Kentucky Constitution establishes that absolute and
7	arbitrary power over life, liberty, and property exists nowhere in a republic; and
8	WHEREAS, Section 10 of the Kentucky Constitution protects the people in their
9	persons, houses, papers, and possessions from unreasonable searches and seizures; and
10	WHEREAS, Section 11 of the Kentucky Constitution guarantees the rights to a fair
11	trial and to due process; and
12	WHEREAS, the development of highly capable unmanned aerial vehicles for
13	surveillance does not alter the expectations of privacy which the Commonwealth
14	recognizes as reasonable;
15	NOW, THEREFORE,
16	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
17	SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 500 IS CREATED TO
18	READ AS FOLLOWS:
19	(1) Except for unmanned aircraft systems operated by the United States Army, Navy,
20	Marine Corps, Air Force, or Coast Guard, or a reserve component thereof, or by
21	the Army National Guard or Air National Guard, unmanned aircraft systems
22	may not be equipped with a lethal payload.
23	(2) Any business entity doing business lawfully within this state may use an
24	unmanned aircraft system for business purposes, in compliance with 14 C.F.R.
25	<u>pt. 107.</u>
26	(3) Any recreational user may operate an unmanned aircraft system within this state,
27	in compliance with 14 C.F.R. pt. 101.

Page 1 of 10

18 RS HB 22/GA

1	<u>(4)</u>	Any institution of higher education, or school district, may use an unmanned
2		aircraft system for educational, research, or testing purposes.
3	<u>(5)</u>	No law enforcement agency, or agent thereof, shall use an unmanned aircraft
4		system to conduct a search unless authorized under the Fourth Amendment to
5		the United States Constitution and Section 10 of the Kentucky Constitution. If
6		the search is conducted pursuant to a warrant, the warrant shall specifically
7		authorize the use of an unmanned aircraft system.
8	<u>(6)</u>	Except as limited by subsection (5) of this section, any government agency,
9		including a law enforcement agency, may use an unmanned aircraft system for
10		legitimate governmental purposes.
11	<u>(7)</u>	When an unmanned aircraft system is used by law enforcement pursuant to
12		subsections (5) and (6) of this section, it shall be operated in a lawful manner and
13		shall minimize data collection on non-suspects. Disclosure of such data shall be
14		prohibited except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
15	<u>(8)</u>	No evidence obtained or collected as the result of the use of an unmanned
16		aircraft system shall be admissible as evidence in any civil, criminal, or
17		administrative proceeding within this state for the purpose of enforcing state or
18		local law, except for:
19		(a) Evidence collected as permitted by subsections (2) to (6) of this section; or
20		(b) Evidence which is offered against the owner or operator of an unmanned
21		aircraft system to show misconduct.
22	<u>(9)</u>	No law enforcement agency shall be required to operate unmanned aircraft
23		<u>systems.</u>
24	<u>(10)</u>	Operation of an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection (2) or (3) of
25		this section shall be a violation for the first offense and a Class B misdemeanor
26		for the second or subsequent offense.
27	<u>(11)</u>	This section may be cited as the "Citizens' Freedom from Unwarranted

1	Surveillance Act."
2	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 501 IS CREATED TO
3	READ AS FOLLOWS:
4	A person is guilty of an offense committed with the aid of an unmanned aircraft system
5	if the unmanned aircraft system is under his or her control and the conduct would
6	have given rise to criminal liability for the offense if performed directly by the person,
7	unless the conduct consists solely of flying the unmanned aircraft system through
8	navigable airspace in the normal course of operation of a legally registered unmanned
9	<u>aircraft system.</u>
10	→SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 525 IS CREATED TO
11	READ AS FOLLOWS:
12	(1) As used in this section, "emergency responder" means state or local law
13	enforcement personnel, fire department personnel, corrections officers, and
14	emergency medical personnel.
15	(2) No person shall intentionally obstruct or disrupt an emergency responder from
16	performing his or her official duties.
17	(3) Obstructing an emergency responder is a violation for a first offense, and a Class
18	<u>B misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense.</u>
19	Section 4. KRS 446.010 is amended to read as follows:
20	As used in the statute laws of this state, unless the context requires otherwise:
21	(1) "Action" includes all proceedings in any court of this state;
22	(2) "Animal" includes every warm-blooded living creature except a human being;
23	(3) "Attorney" means attorney-at-law;
24	(4) "Bequeath" and "devise" mean the same thing;
25	(5) "Bequest" and "legacy" mean the same thing, and embrace either real or personal
26	estate, or both;
27	(6) "Business trust" includes, except when utilized in KRS Chapter 386, a "statutory

18 RS HB 22/GA

1		trust" as organized under KRS Chapter 386A;
2	(7)	"Case plan" means an individualized accountability and behavior change strategy
3		for supervised individuals that:
4		(a) Targets and prioritizes the specific criminal risk factors of the individual
5		based upon his or her assessment results;
6		(b) Matches the type and intensity of supervision and treatment conditions to the
7		individual's level of risk, criminal risk factors, and individual characteristics,
8		such as gender, culture, motivational stage, developmental stage, and learning
9		style;
10		(c) Establishes a timetable for achieving specific behavioral goals, including a
11		schedule for payment of victim restitution, child support, and other financial
12		obligations; and
13		(d) Specifies positive and negative actions that will be taken in response to the
14		supervised individual's behaviors;
15	(8)	"Certified mail" means any method of governmental, commercial, or electronic
16		delivery that allows a document or package to have proof of:
17		(a) Sending the document or package;
18		(b) The date the document or package was delivered or delivery was attempted;
19		and
20		(c) The signature of the receipt of the document or package;
21	(9)	"Company" may extend and be applied to any corporation, company, person,
22		partnership, joint stock company, or association;
23	(10)	"Corporation" may extend and be applied to any corporation, company, partnership,
24		joint stock company, or association;
25	(11)	"Criminal risk factors" are characteristics and behaviors that, when addressed or
26		changed, affect a person's risk for committing crimes. The characteristics may
27		include but are not limited to the following risk and criminogenic need factors:

Page 4 of 10

18 RS HB 22/GA

1		antisocial behavior; antisocial personality; criminal thinking; criminal associates;
2		dysfunctional family; low levels of employment or education; poor use of leisure
3		and recreation; and substance abuse;
4	(12)	"Cruelty" as applied to animals includes every act or omission whereby unjustifiable
5		physical pain, suffering, or death is caused or permitted;
6	(13)	"Directors," when applied to corporations, includes managers or trustees;
7	(14)	"Domestic," when applied to a corporation, partnership, business trust, or limited
8		liability company, means all those incorporated or formed by authority of this state;
9	(15)	"Domestic animal" means any animal converted to domestic habitat;
10	(16)	"Evidence-based practices" means policies, procedures, programs, and practices
11		proven by scientific research to reliably produce reductions in recidivism when
12		implemented competently;
13	(17)	"Federal" refers to the United States;
14	(18)	"Foreign," when applied to a corporation, partnership, limited partnership, business
15		trust, statutory trust, or limited liability company, includes all those incorporated or
16		formed by authority of any other state;
17	(19)	"Generally accepted accounting principles" are those uniform minimum standards
18		of and guidelines to financial accounting and reporting as adopted by the National
19		Council on Governmental Accounting, under the auspices of the Municipal Finance
20		Officers Association and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, under the
21		auspices of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants;
22	(20)	"Graduated sanction" means any of a wide range of accountability measures and
23		programs for supervised individuals, including but not limited to electronic
24		monitoring; drug and alcohol testing or monitoring; day or evening reporting
25		centers; restitution centers; reentry centers; disallowance of future earned
26		compliance credits; rehabilitative interventions such as substance abuse or mental
27		health treatment; reporting requirements to probation and parole officers;

Page 5 of 10

18 RS HB 22/GA

1		community service or work crews; secure or unsecure residential treatment facilities
2		or halfway houses; and short-term or intermittent incarceration;
3	(21)	"Humane society," "society," or "Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals,"
4		means any nonprofit corporation, organized under the laws of this state and having
5		as its primary purpose the prevention of cruelty to animals;
6	(22)	"Issue," as applied to the descent of real estate, includes all the lawful lineal
7		descendants of the ancestors;
8	(23)	"Land" or "real estate" includes lands, tenements, and hereditaments and all rights
9		thereto and interest therein, other than a chattel interest;
10	(24)	"Legatee" and "devisee" convey the same idea;
11	(25)	"Livestock" means cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, alpacas, llamas, buffaloes, or
12		any other animals of the bovine, ovine, porcine, caprine, equine, or camelid species;
13	(26)	"May" is permissive;
14	(27)	"Month" means calendar month;
15	(28)	"Oath" includes "affirmation" in all cases in which an affirmation may be
16		substituted for an oath;
17	(29)	"Owner" when applied to any animal, means any person having a property interest
18		in such animal;
19	(30)	"Partnership" includes both general and limited partnerships;
20	(31)	"Peace officer" includes sheriffs, constables, coroners, jailers, metropolitan and
21		urban-county government correctional officers, marshals, policemen, and other
22		persons with similar authority to make arrests;
23	(32)	"Penitentiary" includes all of the state penal institutions except the houses of
24		reform;
25	(33)	"Person" may extend and be applied to bodies-politic and corporate, societies,
26		communities, the public generally, individuals, partnerships, joint stock companies,
27		and limited liability companies;

Page 6 of 10

18 RS HB 22/GA

1	(34)	"Personal estate" includes chattels, real and other estate that passes to the personal
2		representative upon the owner dying intestate;
3	(35)	"Pretrial risk assessment" means an objective, research-based, validated assessment
4		tool that measures a defendant's risk of flight and risk of anticipated criminal
5		conduct while on pretrial release pending adjudication;
6	(36)	"Registered mail" means any governmental, commercial, or electronic method of
7		delivery that allows a document or package to have:
8		(a) Its chain of custody recorded in a register to enable its location to be tracked;
9		(b) Insurance available to cover its loss; and
10		(c) The signature of the recipient of the document or package available to the
11		sender;
12	(37)	"Regular election" means the election in even-numbered years at which members of
13		Congress are elected and the election in odd-numbered years at which state officers
14		are elected;
15	(38)	"Risk and needs assessment" or "validated risk and needs assessment" means an
16		actuarial tool scientifically proven to determine a person's risk to reoffend and
17		criminal risk factors, that when properly addressed, can reduce that person's
18		likelihood of committing future criminal behavior;
19	(39)	"Shall" is mandatory;
20	(40)	"State" when applied to a part of the United States, includes territories, outlying
21		possessions, and the District of Columbia; "any other state" includes any state,
22		territory, outlying possession, the District of Columbia, and any foreign government
23		or country;
24	(41)	"State funds" or "public funds" means sums actually received in cash or negotiable
25		instruments from all sources unless otherwise described by any state agency, state-
26		owned corporation, university, department, cabinet, fiduciary for the benefit of any
27		form of state organization, authority, board, bureau, interstate compact,

GA

18 RS HB 22/GA

1 commission, committee, conference, council, office, or any other form of 2 organization whether or not the money has ever been paid into the Treasury and 3 whether or not the money is still in the Treasury if the money is controlled by any 4 form of state organization, except for those funds the management of which is to be 5 reported to the Legislative Research Commission pursuant to KRS 42.600, 42.605, 6 and 42.615;

7 (42) "Supervised individual" means an individual placed on probation by a court or
8 serving a period of parole or post-release supervision from prison or jail;

9 (43) "Sworn" includes "affirmed" in all cases in which an affirmation may be substituted
10 for an oath;

11 (44) "Treatment" when used in a criminal justice context, means targeted interventions 12 that focus on criminal risk factors in order to reduce the likelihood of criminal 13 behavior. Treatment options may include but shall not be limited to community-14 based programs that are consistent with evidence-based practices; cognitive-15 behavioral programs; faith-based programs; inpatient and outpatient substance 16 abuse or mental health programs; and other available prevention and intervention 17 programs that have been scientifically proven to produce reductions in recidivism 18 when implemented competently. "Treatment" does not include medical services;

19 (45) "United States" includes territories, outlying possessions, and the District of20 Columbia;

(46) "Vacancy in office," or any equivalent phrase, means such as exists when there is an
unexpired part of a term of office without a lawful incumbent therein, or when the
person elected or appointed to an office fails to qualify according to law, or when
there has been no election to fill the office at the time appointed by law; it applies
whether the vacancy is occasioned by death, resignation, removal from the state,
county or district, or otherwise;

27 (47) "Violate" includes failure to comply with;

Page 8 of 10

1 (48) "Will" includes codicils; "last will" means last will and testament;

2 (49) "Year" means calendar year;

3 (50) "City" includes town;

4 (51) Appropriation-related terms are defined as follows:

(a) "Appropriation" means an authorization by the General Assembly to expend,
from public funds, a sum of money not in excess of the sum specified, for the
purposes specified in the authorization and under the procedure prescribed in
KRS Chapter 48;

- 9 (b) "Appropriation provision" means a section of any enactment by the General
 10 Assembly which is not provided for by KRS Chapter 48 and which authorizes
 11 the expenditure of public funds other than by a general appropriation bill;
- 12 (c) "General appropriation bill" means an enactment by the General Assembly
 13 that authorizes the expenditure of public funds in a branch budget bill as
 14 provided for in KRS Chapter 48;
- 15 (52) "Mediation" means a nonadversarial process in which a neutral third party
 16 encourages and helps disputing parties reach a mutually acceptable agreement.
 17 Recommendations by mediators are not binding on the parties unless the parties
 18 enter into a settlement agreement incorporating the recommendations;
- 19 (53) "Biennium" means the two (2) year period commencing on July 1 in each even20 numbered year and ending on June 30 in the ensuing even-numbered year;
- (54) "Branch budget bill" or "branch budget" means an enactment by the General
 Assembly which provides appropriations and establishes fiscal policies and
 conditions for the biennial financial plan for the judicial branch, the legislative
 branch, and the executive branch, which shall include a separate budget bill for the
 Transportation Cabinet;
- 26 (55) "AVIS" means the automated vehicle information system established and
 27 maintained by the Transportation Cabinet to collect titling and registration

information on vehicles and boats and information on holders of motor vehicle
operator's licenses and personal identification cards; [and]
(56) "Cooperative," except in KRS Chapter 272, includes a limited cooperative
association; and
(57) "Unmanned aircraft system" means an aircraft that is operated without the
possibility of direct human interaction from within or on the aircraft and
includes everything that is on board or otherwise attached to the aircraft and all
associated elements, including communication links and the components that
control the small unmanned aircraft, that are required for the safe and efficient
operation of the unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.
\blacksquare Section 5. The General Assembly recognizes that the issue of unmanned aircraft
system usage in the vicinity of critical infrastructure is a matter of national security, and
recognizes that the Federal Aviation Administration and Department of Homeland
Security are establishing a uniform nationwide process to identify critical infrastructure

15 facilities for the purpose of implementing unmanned aircraft system-restricted airspace16 above those facilities.