AN ACT relating to emergencies and declaring an emergency.

## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

3 → Section 1. KRS 39A.010 is amended to read as follows:

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The General Assembly realizes the Commonwealth is subject at all times to disaster or emergency occurrences which can range from crises affecting limited areas to widespread catastrophic events. As important as the principle of properly delegated legislative authority is to the proper workings of government, that importance increases dramatically in the event of a statewide emergency in our Commonwealth [, and that response to these occurrences is a fundamental responsibility of elected government in the Commonwealth]. It is the intent of the General Assembly to establish and to support a statewide comprehensive emergency management program for the Commonwealth, and through it an integrated emergency management system, in order to provide for adequate assessment and mitigation of, preparation for, response to, and recovery from, the threats to public safety and the harmful effects or destruction resulting from all major hazards, including but not limited to: flood, flash flood, tornado, blizzard, ice storm, snow storm, wind storm, hail storm, or other severe storms; drought, extremes of temperature, earthquake, landslides, or other natural hazards; fire, forest fire, or other conflagration; enemy attack, threats to public safety and health involving nuclear, chemical, or biological agents or weapons; sabotage, riot, civil disorder or acts of terrorism, and other domestic or national security emergencies; explosion, power failure or energy shortages, major utility system failure, dam failure, building collapse, other infrastructure failures; transportation-related emergencies on, over, or through the highways, railways, air, land, and waters in the Commonwealth; emergencies caused by spill or release of hazardous materials or substances; mass-casualty or mass-fatality emergencies; other technological, biological, etiological, radiological, environmental, industrial, or agricultural hazards; or other disaster or emergency occurrences; or catastrophe; or other causes; and the potential, threatened, or impending occurrence of any of these events;] and in order to

1 protect life, *liberty*, and property of the people of the Commonwealth, and to protect

- 2 public peace, health, safety, and welfare, and the environment; and in order to ensure the
- 3 continuity and effectiveness of government in time of emergency, disaster, or catastrophe
- 4 in the Commonwealth, it is hereby declared to be necessary:
- 5 (1) To create a Division of Emergency Management as the emergency management
- 6 agency of state government and to authorize the creation of local emergency
- 7 management agencies in the cities, counties, and urban-county or charter county
- 8 governments of the Commonwealth;
- 9 (2) To confer upon the Governor, the county judges/executive of the counties, the
- mayors of the cities and urban-county governments of the Commonwealth, and the
- 11 chief executive of other local governments the emergency powers provided in KRS
- 12 Chapters 39A to 39F;
- 13 (3) To establish provisions for mutual aid among the cities, counties, and urban-county
- or charter county governments of the Commonwealth, with other states, and with
- 15 the federal government with respect to the performance of disaster and emergency
- preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation functions; and
- 17 (4) To authorize the establishment of a statewide comprehensive emergency
- management program and integrated emergency management system, the
- 19 promulgation of orders or administrative regulations, and the taking of other steps
- 20 necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of KRS Chapters 39A to 39F.
- **→** Section 2. KRS 39B.010 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) Each city, county, urban-county, charter county government, or counties acting
- jointly under the provisions of subsection (2)(b) of this section, of this
- Commonwealth shall create, support, and maintain a local emergency management
- agency, which shall serve the public safety interest of the local government within
- the territorial boundaries of the city, county, or counties where the agency is created.
- Each local emergency management agency shall develop, implement, and maintain

a local comprehensive emergency management program, including a local
emergency operations plan, in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapters 39A
to 39F. The local emergency management agency shall be an integral component of
the statewide integrated emergency management system of this Commonwealth,
and shall fully comply with all applicable provisions of KRS Chapters 39A to 39F,
the comprehensive emergency management program requirements of the
Commonwealth, the provisions of the Kentucky Emergency Operations Plan, and
all administrative regulations promulgated by the Division of Emergency
Management.

- (2) (a) Each county government, and the urban-county, charter county, or city governments located within the territorial boundaries of a county, are encouraged to jointly create a single, unified local emergency management agency to serve all local governments collectively, and therefore may, in lieu of creating individual and separate local agencies, jointly create a single, unified local emergency management agency, provided the agency and its program:
  - 1. Fully comply with all the provisions of KRS Chapters 39A to 39F;
  - 2. Comply with the Interlocal Cooperation Act or locally adopted memorandums of agreement, as necessary and appropriate; and
  - Are determined to be in compliance with all requirements of KRS
     Chapters 39A to 39F by the director of the Division of Emergency
     Management.
  - (b) Two (2) or more contiguous county governments, including or excluding the cities within their jurisdictions, may jointly create a single, unified local emergency management agency to serve the counties and participating cities within those counties collectively, and therefore may, in lieu of creating individual and separate local agencies, jointly create a single, unified local

emergency management agency, provided the agency and its program meet the requirements set out in subparagraphs 1. to 3. of paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(3)

The local emergency management agency shall be an organizational unit of the executive branch of city, county, urban-county, charter county government, or counties acting jointly under the provisions of subsection (2)(b) of this section and shall have primary jurisdiction, responsibility, and authority for all matters pertaining to the local comprehensive emergency management program and, under the general supervision of the local emergency management director, shall serve as a direct function of the office of county judge/executive or mayor. In the case of counties acting jointly pursuant to this section, the supervision of the agency shall be set out by agreement or ordinance approved by the legislative body of each county. In accordance with the policies of the state-local finance officer, a separate emergency management agency fund account shall be designated and included in the city, county, and urban-county or charter county budget ledgers, and all financial matters of a local emergency management agency, involving funds provided through the Division of Emergency Management, shall be handled through the county, urban-county, or charter county treasury and financial system.

(4) City, county, and urban-county or charter county governments may use the term "emergency management" in a manner or form appropriate to constitute and designate the official name of the local emergency management agency established pursuant to this chapter, except for any use of the term "Division of Emergency Management" specified to constitute and designate the official name of the state emergency management agency pursuant to KRS 39A.030. The term "emergency management" may be used in a manner or form appropriate to constitute and designate the official name of a local emergency management council, or the statewide association of emergency management agencies or personnel, but shall

1	not be utilized by, assigned to, or otherwise specified by any local unit, agency, or
2	department, or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth in any manner or
3	form to constitute or designate the official name of the local unit, agency, or
4	department, or political subdivision, except as authorized in this subsection.

- (5) All local emergency management agencies or local disaster and emergency services organizations in the Commonwealth, and the local directors, and members of each, shall, for all purposes, be under the direction of the director of the division, and of the Governor when authorized by KRS 39A.100[the latter deems that action necessary].
- 10 → Section 3. KRS 211.025 is amended to read as follows:

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- Except as otherwise provided by law, the cabinet shall administer all provisions of law relating to public health; shall enforce all public health laws and all regulations of the secretary; shall supervise and assist all local boards of health and departments : shall do all other things reasonably necessary to protect and improve the health of the people]; and may cooperate with federal and other health agencies and organizations in matters relating to public health.
- 17 → Section 4. KRS 211.180 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The cabinet shall enforce the administrative regulations promulgated by the 19 secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services for the regulation and 20 control of the matters set out below and shall formulate, promote, establish, and execute policies, plans, and comprehensive programs relating to all matters of 22 public health, including but not limited to the following matters:
  - The adoption of administrative regulations promulgated under KRS (a) Chapter 13A for the detection, prevention, and control of communicable diseases, chronic and degenerative diseases, dental diseases and abnormalities, occupational diseases and health hazards peculiar to industry, home accidents and health hazards, animal diseases which are transmissible to man, and other

diseases and health hazards that may be controlled;

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The adoption of regulations specifying the information required in and a (b) minimum time period for reporting a sexually transmitted disease. In adopting the regulations the cabinet shall consider the need for information, protection for the privacy and confidentiality of the patient, and the practical ability of persons and laboratories to report in a reasonable fashion. The cabinet shall require reporting of physician-diagnosed cases of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome based upon diagnostic criteria from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States Public Health Service. No later than October 1, 2004, the cabinet shall require reporting of cases of human immunodeficiency virus infection by reporting of the name and other relevant data as requested by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and as further specified in KRS 214.645. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the cabinet from identifying infected patients when and if an effective cure for human immunodeficiency virus infection or any immunosuppression caused by human immunodeficiency virus is found or a treatment which would render a person noninfectious is found, for the purposes of offering or making the cure or treatment known to the patient;

(c) The control of insects, rodents, and other vectors of disease; the safe handling of food and food products; the safety of cosmetics; the control of narcotics, barbiturates, and other drugs as provided by law; the sanitation of schools, industrial establishments, and other public and semipublic buildings; the sanitation of state and county fairs and other similar public gatherings; the sanitation of public and semipublic recreational areas; the sanitation of public rest rooms, trailer courts, hotels, tourist courts, and other establishments furnishing public sleeping accommodations; the review, approval, or disapproval of plans for construction, modification, or extension of equipment

1			related to food-handling in food-handling establishments; the licensure of
2			hospitals; and the control of other factors, not assigned by law to another
3			agency, as may be necessary to insure a safe and sanitary environment;
4		(d)	The construction, installation, and alteration of any on-site sewage disposal
5			system, except for a system with a surface discharge;
6		(e)	Protection and improvement of the health of expectant mothers, infants,
7			preschool, and school-age children; and
8		(f)	Protection and improvement of the health of the people through better
9			nutrition.
10	(2)	(a)	The secretary shall have authority to establish by regulation a schedule of
11			reasonable fees. The total fees for permitting and inspection:
12			1. Shall be the total of the operational and administrative costs of the
13			programs to the cabinet and to agencies as defined in KRS 211.185;
14			2. Beginning on March 17, 2020, until December 31, 2020, shall not
15			increase more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the fee amount on
16			March 17, 2020; and
17			3. Beginning on or after January 1, 2021, shall not increase more than five
18			percent (5%) for each year thereafter.
19		(b)	The fees shall include travel pursuant to state regulations for travel
20			reimbursement, to cover the costs of inspections of manufacturers, retailers,
21			and distributors of consumer products as defined in the Federal Consumer
22			Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. secs. 2051 et seq.; 86 Stat. 1207 et seq. or
23			amendments thereto, and of youth camps for the purpose of determining
24			compliance with the provisions of this section and the regulations adopted by
25			the secretary pursuant thereto.
26		(c)	Fees collected by the secretary shall be deposited in the State Treasury and

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credited to a revolving fund account for the purpose of carrying out the

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1	provisions of this section. The balance of the account shall lapse to the general
2	fund at the end of each biennium.
3	(3) Any administrative hearing conducted under authority of this section shall be
4	conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
5	→ Section 5. Whereas the General Assembly realizes the Commonwealth is
6	subject at any time to disaster or emergency occurrences which can range from crises
7	affecting limited areas to widespread catastrophic events, an emergency is declared to
8	exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its
9	otherwise becoming law.