1	AN ACT relating to property and trusts.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 386 IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	As used in Sections 1 to 3 of this Act:
6	(1) "Community property" means property owned by a community property trust
7	during the marriage of the settlor spouses;
8	(2) "Community property trust" means an express trust that complies with the
9	requirements of Section 2 of this Act;
10	(3) "Decree" means a judgment or other order of a court;
11	(4) "Dissolution" means either:
12	(a) Termination of a marriage by a decree of dissolution, divorce, annulment,
13	or declaration of invalidity; or
14	(b) Entry of a decree of legal separation;
15	(5) "During marriage" means a period that begins at marriage and ends at
16	dissolution or the death of a spouse;
17	(6) "Qualified trustee" means either:
18	(a) A natural person who is a resident of this state; or
19	(b) A bank or trust company authorized to act as a trustee within the state; and
20	(7) "Settlor spouses" means a married couple that establishes a community property
21	<u>trust.</u>
22	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 386 IS CREATED TO
23	READ AS FOLLOWS:
24	(1) Any arrangement between spouses involving community property shall be
25	considered a community property trust if one (1) or both spouses transfer
26	property to a trust that:
27	(a) Expressly declares that the trust is a Kentucky community property trust

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1			that meets the requirements of Sections 1 to 3 of this Act;
2		<u>(b)</u>	Has at least one (1) trustee who is a qualified trustee whose powers include
3			or are limited to maintaining records for the trust, on an exclusive or a
4			nonexclusive basis, and preparing or arranging for the preparation of, on
5			an exclusive or a nonexclusive basis, any income tax returns that must be
6			filed by the trust. Both spouses or either spouse may be a trustee;
7		<u>(c)</u>	Is signed by both spouses; and
8		<u>(d)</u>	Contains the following language in capital letters at the beginning of the
9			trust:
10			THE CONSEQUENCES OF THIS TRUST MAY BE VERY EXTENSIVE,
11			INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO YOUR RIGHTS WITH YOUR
12			SPOUSE BOTH DURING THE COURSE OF YOUR MARRIAGE AND
13			AT THE TIME OF A DIVORCE. ACCORDINGLY, THIS AGREEMENT
14			SHOULD ONLY BE SIGNED AFTER CAREFUL CONSIDERATION. IF
15			YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS AGREEMENT, YOU
16			SHOULD SEEK COMPETENT ADVICE.
17	<u>(2)</u>	In th	he agreement establishing a community property trust, spouses may agree on
18		and	provide in writing:
19		<u>(a)</u>	The rights and obligations in the property transferred to the trust,
20			notwithstanding when and where the property is acquired or located;
21		<u>(b)</u>	The management and control of the property transferred to the trust;
22		<u>(c)</u>	The disposition of the property transferred to the trust on dissolution, death,
23			or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of another event;
24		<u>(d)</u>	The choice of law governing the interpretation of the trust; and
25		<u>(e)</u>	Any other matter that affects the property transferred to the trust and does
26			not violate public policy or any statute imposing a criminal penalty.
27	(3)	Eith	er spouse may amend a community property trust regarding the disposition

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1		of that spouse's one-half (1/2) share of the community property in the event of a
2		spouse's death.
3	<u>(4)</u>	Except as provided in subsection (2)(a) of this section, a community property
4		trust may not be amended or revoked unless the agreement itself provides for
5		amendment or revocation.
6	<u>(5)</u>	Whether or not both, one (1), or neither spouse is domiciled in this state, spouses
7		may classify any or all of their property as community property by transferring
8		property to a community property trust and providing in the trust that the
9		property is community property.
10	<u>(6)</u>	A community property trust shall be enforceable without consideration.
11	<u>(7)</u>	All property owned by a community property trust shall be considered community
12		property during marriage and the right to manage and control property that is
13		transferred to a community property trust shall be determined by the terms of the
14		<u>trust.</u>
15	<u>(8)</u>	When property is distributed from a community property trust, it shall no longer
16		constitute community property.
17		→ SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 386 IS CREATED TO
18	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
19	<u>(1)</u>	An obligation incurred by only one (1) spouse before or during marriage may be
20		satisfied from that spouse's one-half (1/2) share of a community property trust.
21	<u>(2)</u>	An obligation incurred by both spouses during marriage may be satisfied from a
22		community property trust of the spouses.
23	<u>(3)</u>	Upon the death of a spouse, one-half (1/2) of the aggregate value of the property
24		owned by a community property trust established by the spouses shall reflect the
25		share of the surviving spouse and the other one-half (1/2) shall reflect the share
26		of the decedent. Unless provided otherwise in the trust agreement, the trustee
27		shall have the power to distribute assets of the trust in divided or undivided

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1		<u>inter</u>	rests and to adjust resulting differences in valuation. A distribution in kind					
2		may	be made on the basis of a non pro rata division of the aggregate value of the					
3		trust assets, on the basis of a pro rata division of each individual asset, or by						
4		<u>usin</u>	g both methods.					
5	<u>(4)</u>	Upo	n the dissolution of the marriage of the settlor spouses, the community					
6		<u>prop</u>	perty trust shall terminate and the trustee shall distribute one-half (1/2) of the					
7		trusi	t assets to each spouse, with each spouse receiving one-half (1/2) of each					
8		asse	t, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by both spouses.					
9		<b>→</b> S	ection 4. Sections 1 to 3 of this Act shall be known as the Kentucky					
10	Con	nmuni	ty Property Trust Act.					
11		<b>→</b> S	ection 5. KRS 141.019 is amended to read as follows:					
12	For	taxab	le years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of taxpayers other					
13	than	corpo	prations:					
14	(1)	Adjı	asted gross income shall be calculated by subtracting from the gross income of					
15		thos	e taxpayers the deductions allowed individuals by Section 62 of the Internal					
16		Reve	enue Code and adjusting as follows:					
17		(a)	Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky					
18			Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;					
19		(b)	Exclude income from supplemental annuities provided by the Railroad					
20			Retirement Act of 1937 as amended and which are subject to federal income					
21			tax by Pub. L. No. 89-699;					
22		(c)	Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political					
23			subdivisions thereof;					
24		(d)	Exclude employee pension contributions picked up as provided for in KRS					
25			6.505, 16.545, 21.360, 61.523, 61.560, 65.155, 67A.320, 67A.510, 78.610,					
26			and 161.540 upon a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service or the federal					
27			courts that these contributions shall not be included as gross income until such					

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1		time a	is the	e contributions are distributed or made available to the employee;
2	(e)	Exclu	de S	Social Security and railroad retirement benefits subject to federal
3		incom	ne ta	x;
4	(f)	Exclu	de a	ny money received because of a settlement or judgment in a lawsuit
5		broug	ht ag	gainst a manufacturer or distributor of "Agent Orange" for damages
6		result	ing	from exposure to Agent Orange by a member or veteran of the
7		Arme	d Fo	orces of the United States or any dependent of such person who
8		serve	d in '	Vietnam;
9	(g)	1.	a.	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, but before
10				January 1, 2018, exclude up to forty-one thousand one hundred ten
11				dollars (\$41,110) of total distributions from pension plans, annuity
12				contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee
13				savings plans; and
14			b.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, exclude
15				up to thirty-one thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$31,110) of
16				total distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-
17				sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings plans.
18		2.	As u	sed in this paragraph:
19			a.	"Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section
20				1035 of the Internal Revenue Code;
21			b.	"Distributions" includes but is not limited to any lump-sum
22				distribution from pension or profit-sharing plans qualifying for the
23				income tax averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal
24				Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement
25				account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
26				and any disability pension distribution; and
27			c.	"Pension plans, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee

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1			savings plans" means any trust or other entity created or organized
2			under a written retirement plan and forming part of a stock bonus,
3			pension, or profit-sharing plan of a public or private employer for
4			the exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries and
5			includes plans qualified or unqualified under Section 401 of the
6			Internal Revenue Code and individual retirement accounts as
7			defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
8	(h)	1. a	a. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
9			income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed
10			under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
11			136.300; and
12		1	b. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
13			income from an S corporation related to a qualified subchapter S
14			subsidiary subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS
15			136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.
16		2.	The shareholder's basis of stock held in an S corporation where the S
17		(	corporation or its qualified subchapter S subsidiary is subject to the
18		1	franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax
19		i	imposed under KRS 136.300 shall be the same as the basis for federal
20		i	income tax purposes;
21	(i)	Exclu	de income received for services performed as a precinct worker for
22		electio	on training or for working at election booths in state, county, and local
23		prima	ries or regular or special elections;
24	(j)	Exclu	de any capital gains income attributable to property taken by eminent
25		domai	n;
26	(k)	1.	Exclude all income from all sources for members of the Armed Forces
27		•	who are on active duty and who are killed in the line of duty, for the year

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1				during which the death occurred and the year prior to the year during
2				which the death occurred.
3			2.	For the purposes of this paragraph, "all income from all sources" shall
4				include all federal and state death benefits payable to the estate or any
5				beneficiaries;
6		(l)	Exc	lude all military pay received by members of the Armed Forces while on
7			activ	ve duty;
8		(m)	1.	Include the amount deducted for depreciation under 26 U.S.C. sec. 167
9				or 168; and
10			2.	Exclude the amounts allowed by KRS 141.0101 for depreciation; [and]
11		(n)	Incl	ude the amount deducted under 26 U.S.C. sec. 199A; and
12		<u>(0)</u>	Igno	ore any change in the cost basis of the surviving spouse's share of
13			<u>prop</u>	perty owned by a Kentucky community property trust occurring for
14			<u>fede</u>	ral income tax purposes as a result of the death of the predeceasing
15			spoi	use; and
16	(2)	Net	incon	ne shall be calculated by subtracting from adjusted gross income all the
17		dedu	iction	s allowed individuals by Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
18		mod	ified	by KRS 141.0101, except:
19		(a)	Any	deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 164 for taxes;
20		(b)	Any	deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 165 for losses, except wagering
21			loss	es allowed under Section 165(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
22		(c)	Any	deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 213 for medical care expenses;
23		(d)	Any	deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 217 for moving expenses;
24		(e)	Any	deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 67 for any other miscellaneous
25			dedı	action;
26		(f)	Any	deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for amounts allowable
27			unde	er KRS 140.090(1)(h) in calculating the value of the distributive shares of

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		the estate of a decedent, unless there is filed with the income return a
		statement that the deduction has not been claimed under KRS 140.090(1)(h);
	(g)	Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 151 for personal exemptions and
		any other deductions in lieu thereof;
	(h)	Any deduction allowed for amounts paid to any club, organization, or
		establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency
		established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the civil
		rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal membership
		and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services, facilities, privileges,
		advantages, or accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion,
		national origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a deduction
		for amounts paid to any religious or denominational club, group, or
		establishment or any organization operated solely for charitable or educational
		purposes which restricts membership to persons of the same religion or
		denomination in order to promote the religious principles for which it is
		established and maintained; and
	(i)	A taxpayer may elect to claim the standard deduction allowed by KRS
		141.081 instead of itemized deductions allowed pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 63
		and as modified by this section.
	<b>→</b> Se	ection 6. KRS 386.175 is amended to read as follows:
(1)	For t	he purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
	(a)	"Current beneficiary" means a person who is a permissible distributee of trust
		income or principal;
	(1)	(i)  (i)  →Se (1) For t

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beneficiaries of the trust; and

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(b)

"Original trust" means a trust established under an irrevocable trust instrument

pursuant to the terms of which a trustee has discretionary power to distribute

principal or income of the trust to or for the benefit of one (1) or more current

1		(c) "Second trust" means a trust established under an irrevocable trust instrument
2		the current beneficiaries of which are one (1) or more of the current
3		beneficiaries of the original trust. The second trust may be a trust created
4		under the same trust instrument as the original trust or under a different trust
5		instrument or the original trust whose terms have been modified under this
6		section.
7	(2)	A trustee of an original trust may, without authorization by the court, exercise the
8		discretionary power to distribute principal or income to or for the benefit of one (1)
9		or more current beneficiaries of the original trust by appointing all or part of the
10		principal or income of the original trust subject to the power in favor of the trustee
11		of a second trust or by modifying the terms of the original trust. The trustee of the
12		original trust may exercise this power whether or not there is a current need to
13		distribute principal or income under any standard provided in the terms of the
14		original trust. The trustee's special power to appoint trust principal or income in
15		further trust under this section includes the power to create the second trust.
16	(3)	The second trust may be a trust created or administered under the laws of any
17		jurisdiction, within or without the United States.
18	(4)	The terms of the second trust shall be subject to all of the following:
19		(a) The beneficiaries of the second trust may include only beneficiaries of the
20		original trust;
21		(b) A beneficiary who has only a future beneficial interest, vested or contingent
22		in the original trust cannot have the future beneficial interest accelerated to a
23		present interest in the second trust;
24		(c) The terms of the second trust may not reduce any fixed income, annuity, or
25		unitrust interest of a beneficiary in the assets of the original trust, including ar
26		interest which is to take effect in the future;

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(d) If any contribution to the original trust qualified for a marital or charitable

deduction for federal income, gift, or estate tax purposes under the Internal
Revenue Code, then the second trust shall not contain any provision that, if
included in the original trust, would have prevented the original trust from
qualifying for the deduction or that would have reduced the amount of the
deduction;

- (e) If contributions to the original trust have been excluded from the gift tax by the application of Sections 2503(b) and 2503(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, then the second trust shall provide that the beneficiary's remainder interest in the contributions shall vest and become distributable no later than the date upon which the interest would have vested and become distributable under the terms of the original trust;
- (f) If any beneficiary of the original trust has a currently exercisable power of withdrawal over trust property, then either:
  - a. The terms of the second trust shall provide a power of withdrawal in the second trust identical to the power of withdrawal in the original trust; or
  - b. Sufficient trust property shall remain in the original trust to satisfy the currently exercisable power of withdrawal;
- (g) If the original trust holds stock of an S corporation, the terms of the second trust shall not prevent or eliminate an election to be a qualified subchapter S trust or an electing small business trust or result in the termination of the S election of such corporation;
- (h) If the power to distribute principal or income in the original trust is subject to an ascertainable standard, then the power to distribute income or principal in the second trust shall be subject to the same or a more restrictive ascertainable standard as in the original trust when the trustee exercising the power described in subsection (2) of this section is a possible beneficiary under the standard; and

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(	(i)	The second trust may confer a power of appointment upon a beneficiary of the
		original trust to whom or for the benefit of whom the trustee has the power to
		distribute principal or income of the original trust. The permissible appointees
		of the power of appointment conferred upon a beneficiary may include
		persons who are not beneficiaries of the original or second trust. The power of
		appointment conferred upon a beneficiary shall be subject to KRS 381.224,
		381.225, and 381.226 covering the time at which the permissible period of the
		rule against perpetuities and suspension of power of alienation begins and the
		law that determines the permissible period of the rule against perpetuities and
		suspension of power of alienation of the original trust.

- 11 (5) The court may appoint a special fiduciary with the authority to exercise the power to 12 appoint principal or income under subsection (2) of this section.
- 13 (6) The exercise of the power to appoint principal or income under subsection (2) of this section:
  - (a) Shall be considered an exercise of a power of appointment, other than a power to appoint to the trustee, the trustee's creditors, the trustee's estate, or the creditors of the trustee's estate;
  - (b) Shall be subject to KRS 381.224, 381.225, and 381.226 covering the time at which the permissible period of the rule against perpetuities and suspension of power of alienation begins and the law that determines the permissible period of the rule against perpetuities and suspension of power of alienation of the original trust; and
- 23 (c) Is not prohibited by a spendthrift provision or by a provision in the original 24 trust instrument that prohibits amendment or revocation of the trust.
- (7) To effect the exercise of the power to appoint principal or income under subsection
   (2) of this section, all of the following shall apply:
- 27 (a) The exercise of the power to appoint shall be made by an instrument in

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writing, signed and acknowledged by the trustee, setting forth the manner of the exercise of the power, including the terms of the second trust and the effective date of the exercise of the power. The instrument shall be filed with the records of the original trust;

- (b) The trustee shall give written notice of the trustee's intention to exercise the power to all current beneficiaries of the original trust and all beneficiaries of the oldest generation of remainder beneficiaries of the *original*[first] trust, by certified mail with restricted delivery and return receipt, at least sixty (60) days prior to the effective date of the exercise of the power to appoint. The notice shall include a copy of the instrument described in paragraph (a) of this subsection;
- (c) If all beneficiaries entitled to notice have received the notice as evidenced by the certified mail return receipt and waive the notice period by a signed written instrument delivered to the trustee, the trustee's power to appoint principal or income shall be exercisable after notice is waived by all such beneficiaries, notwithstanding the effective date of the exercise of the power;
- (d) A current beneficiary or a beneficiary who is not a current beneficiary but is a member of the oldest generation of the remainder beneficiaries of the original trust may, no later than thirty (30) days from the date of receiving notice under paragraph (b) of this subsection, commence a judicial proceeding pursuant to KRS 386B.2-010 to object to the proposed exercise of the power under subsection (2) of this section. In such case the proposed exercise of the power shall require consent of the court; and
- (e) In the event that a beneficiary did not receive the notice as evidenced by the certified mail return receipt, and no other beneficiary has commenced a proceeding under paragraph (d) of this subsection, the trustee may seek the approval of the District Court to exercise the power.

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1	(8)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or imply a duty of the trustee to
2		exercise the power to distribute principal or income, and no inference of
3		impropriety shall be made as a result of a trustee not exercising the power to appoint
4		principal or income conferred under subsection (2) of this section. Nothing in this
5		section shall be construed to abridge the right of any trustee who has the power to
6		appoint property in further trust that arises under the terms of the original trust or
7		under any provision of law or under common law.
8	(9)	This section shall not apply to any charitable remainder trust as defined in 26 U.S.C.
9		sec. 664(d).
10	(10)	A trustee or beneficiary may commence a judicial proceeding pursuant to KRS
11		386B.2-010 to approve or disapprove of a proposed exercise of the trustee's special
12		power to appoint to a second trust pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.
13		→ SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 396 IS CREATED TO
14	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
15	<u>(1)</u>	Upon the appointment of a personal representative, the clerk of the probate court
16		shall publish notice to creditors as provided in KRS 424.340. The notice shall
17		state that creditors must present their claims within six (6) months after the
18		appointment of the personal representative or be forever barred.
19	<u>(2)</u>	A personal representative may give actual notice in writing by mail or other
20		delivery to a creditor, notifying the creditor to present his or her claim within
21		sixty (60) days after the mailing or other delivery of the notice or be forever
22		<u>barred.</u>
23	<u>(3)</u>	The personal representative is not liable to a creditor or to a successor of the

Section 8. KRS 396.011 is amended to read as follows:

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section.

27 (1) All claims against a decedent's estate which arose before the death of the decedent,

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decedent for giving or failing to give notice pursuant to subsection (2) of this

1		excluding claims of the United States, the State of Kentucky and any subdivision
2		thereof, whether due or to become due, absolute or contingent, liquidated or
3		unliquidated, founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis, if not barred earlier by
4		other statute of limitations or non-claim statutes, are barred against the estate, the
5		personal representative, and the heirs and devisees and non-probate transferees of
6		the decedent, unless presented within the earlier of the following:
7		(a) Eight (8) months after the decedent's death;
8		(b) The time period provided in subsection (2) of Section 7 of this Act for
9		creditors who are given actual notice; or
10		(c) The time period provided in subsection (1) of Section 7 of this Act for
11		creditors who are barred by publication. [ within six (6) months after the
12		appointment of the personal representative, or where no personal
13		representative has been appointed, within two (2) years after the decedent's
14		<del>death.]</del>
15	(2)	Nothing in this section shall affect or prevent:
16		(a) To the extent of the security only, any proceeding to enforce any mortgage,
17		pledge, lien or other security interest securing an obligation of the decedent or
18		upon property of the estate; or
19		(b) To the limits of the insurance protection only, any proceeding to establish
20		liability of the decedent or the personal representative for which he is
21		protected by liability insurance.

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