Local Government Mandate Statement Kentucky Legislative Research Commission 2024 Regular Session

Part I: Measure Information

Bill Request #: 1390
Bill #: HB 207
Document ID #: 2869
Bill Title: AN ACT relating to crimes and punishments
Sponsor: Representative Stephanie Dietz
Unit of Government: X City X County X Urban-County Unified Local
X Charter County X Consolidated Local X Government
Office(s) Impacted: Law Enforcement, Jails
Requirement: X Mandatory Optional
Effect on Powers & Duties: X Modifies Existing X Adds New Eliminates Existing

Part II: Bill Provisions and the Estimated Fiscal Impact Relating to Local Government

HB 207 would create new sections of KRS 531.310 to 531.370 to establish new crimes regarding child sex dolls, as defined in Section 1. Section 2 makes it a Class D felony to possess a child sex doll. Section 3 makes it a Class C felony to knowingly traffic a child sex doll. Section 4 makes it a Class C felony to import a child sex doll. Section 5 would make advancing child sex dolls a Class C felony.

HB 207 would have a presently indeterminable but minimal negative fiscal impact on local jails and law enforcement. HB 207 would create three new Class C felonies and one new Class D felony and there would be some increase in Class C and Class D felony convictions and incarcerations. Since there is no conviction or incarceration history for these felonies it is not possible to estimate law enforcement or incarceration expenses to local governments as a result of HB 207. Each person arrested, convicted, and incarcerated for violation of HB 207 would represent an additional expense to local law enforcement and jails.

When a court denies bail to a Class D felony defendant, the local government is responsible for incarcerating the defendant until disposition of the case in one of Kentucky's 74 full service jails or three life safety jails. While the expense of housing inmates varies by jail, each additional inmate increases facility costs by an average cost to incarcerate of \$44.97, which includes the \$35.34 per diem and medical expenses that the Department of Corrections pays jails to house felony offenders. Upon sentencing, a Class D felon is housed in one of Kentucky's full service jails for the duration of his or her sentence. The Department of Corrections pays a jail \$35.34 per day to house a Class D felon. The per diem may be less than, equal to, or greater than the actual housing cost.

When a court denies bail to a Class C felony defendant, the local government is responsible for incarcerating the defendant until disposition of the case in one of Kentucky's 74 full service jails or three life safety jails. While the expense of housing inmates varies by jail, each additional inmate increases facility costs by an average cost to incarcerate of \$44.97, which includes the \$35.34 per diem and medical expenses that the Department of Corrections pays jails to house felony offenders. Class C felons are ineligible for placement in local jails until they are classified at the lowest custody level with 24 months or less to their minimum expiration date or parole eligibility date. The Department of Corrections pays local jails \$35.34 per day to house these Class C felons. The per diem may be less than, equal to, or greater than the actual housing cost.

Data Source(s): LRC Staff; Department of Corrections

Preparer: Ryan Brown (BL) **Reviewer:** KHC **Date:** 1/24/24