House Substitute for SENATE BILL No. 7

AN ACT concerning education; relating to the financing and instruction thereof; making and concerning appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2017, for the department of education; creating the classroom learning assuring student success act; amending K.S.A. 12-1677, 12-1775a, 72-1414, 72-6622, 72-6757, 72-8189, 72-8230, 72-8233, 72-8236, 72-8239, 72-8309, 72-8310, 72-8909, 72-8910 and 78-5105 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 10-1116a, 12-1770a, 12-1776a, 72-978, 72-1046b, 72-1398, 72-1923, 72-3007, 72-3711, 72-3712, 72-3713, 72-5303a, 72-6434, 72-6460, 72-6463, 72-6465, 72-6467, 72-6469, 72-6715, 72-7535, 72-8157, 72-8237, 72-8309, 72-8251, 72-8302, 72-8316, 72-8415b, 72-8425, 72-8489, 72-8501, 72-8804, 72-8814, as amended by section 54 of 2015 House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 4, 72-9509, 72-9609, 72-99a02, 74-32,141, 74-4939a, 74-8925, 74-99b43, 75-2319, 79-201x, 79-213 and 79-2925b and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 72-6406, 72-6408, 72-6411, 72-6415, 72-6418, 72-641a, 72-6422, 72-6427, 72-6429, 72-6437, 72-6444, 72-6446 and 72-6447 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 46-3401, 46-3402, 72-3719, 72-4605, 72-4607, 72-6409, 72-6410, 72-6412, 72-6413, 72-6414, 72-6414a, 72-6415b, 72-6416, 72-6417, 72-6420, 72-6423, 72-6425, 72-6429, 72-6430, 72-6431, 72-6433, 72-6435, 72-6437, 72-6439, 72-6439a, 72-6441, 72-6442b, 72-6443, 72-6444, 72-6446, 72-6448, 72-6449, 72-6450, 72-6451, 72-6452, 72-6453, 72-6454, 72-6456, 72-6458, 72-6460, as amended by section 38 of this act, 72-6461, 72-8801a, 72-8815, as amended by section 63 of this act, 72-8814b, 72-8815 and 79-213f.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

(a) There is appropriated for the above agency from the state general fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the following:

General state aid ........................................................ $27,346,783
Supplemental general state aid ..................................... $1,803,566

(b) There is appropriated for the above agency from the following special revenue fund or funds for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, all moneys now or hereafter lawfully credited to and available in such fund or funds, except that expenditures other than refunds authorized by law shall not exceed the following:

School district extraordinary need fund.......................... $4,000,000

(c) On the effective date of this act, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $4,000,000 from the state general fund to the school district extraordinary need fund of the department of education.

Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

(a) There is appropriated for the above agency from the state general fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the following:

Operating expenditures (including official hospitality)....... $12,792,999
Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the operating expenditures (including official hospitality) account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2015, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2016.
Special education services aid....................................... $424,902,949
Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the special education services aid account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2015, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2016.

And provided further, That expenditures shall not be made from the special education services aid account for the provision of instruction for any homebound or hospitalized child unless the categorization of such child as exceptional is conjoined with the categorization of the child within one or more of the other categories of exceptionality:

And provided further, That expenditures shall be made from this account for grants to school districts in amounts determined pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8983, and amendments thereto:

And provided further, That expenditures shall be made from the amount remaining in this account, after deduction of the expenditures specified in the foregoing proviso, for payments to school districts in amounts determined pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-975, and amendments thereto.
Block grants to USDs ................................................ $2,751,326,659
Information technology education opportunities ............... $500,000
Discretionary grants.................................................... $832,457
Provided, That the above agency shall make expenditures from the discretionary grants account during the fiscal year 2016, in the amount not less than $125,000 for after school programs for middle school students in the sixth, seventh and eighth grades: Provided further, That the after school programs may also include fifth and ninth grade students, if they
attend a junior high: And provided further, That such discretionary grants shall be awarded to after school programs that operate for a minimum of two hours a day, every day that school is in session, and a minimum of six hours a day for a minimum of five weeks during the summer: And provided further, That the discretionary grants awarded to after school programs shall require a $1 for $1 local match: And provided further, That the aggregate amount of discretionary grants awarded to any one after school program shall not exceed $25,000: And provided further, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, expenditures shall be made by the above agency from the discretionary grants fund for fiscal year 2016 to establish a pilot program for communities in school programming in three school districts in Kansas: And provided further, That communities in schools shall conduct an outcomes based study of its programming during fiscal year 2016: And provided further, That the Kansas department of education is hereby authorized and directed to provide to communities in schools such student or other data as shall be necessary to permit communities in schools to conduct such study of outcomes regarding the students assisted with such communities in schools programming: And provided further, That such data shall include data regarding demographically similar students at peer institutions not involved in communities in schools programs, to permit the research study to compare outcomes of students receiving communities in schools services versus students not receiving such services: And provided further, That upon providing the Kansas department of education with the names of students participating in the communities in schools program, the Kansas department of education shall provide the current status of students identified as participating in the program.

School food assistance ................................................. $2,510,486
State match for Fort Riley school construction ............... $409,541
School safety hotline ................................................... $10,000

KPERS — employer contributions................................. $17,646,253

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the KPERS — employer contributions account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2015, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2016: Provided further, That all expenditures from the KPERS — employer contributions account shall be for payment of participating employers’ contributions to the Kansas public employees retirement system as provided in K.S.A. 74-4939, and amendments thereto: And provided further, That expenditures from this account for the payment of participating employers’ contributions to the Kansas public employees retirement system may be made regardless of when the liability was incurred.

Educable deaf-blind and severely handicapped children’s programs aid......................................................... $810,000
School district juvenile detention facilities and Flint Hills job center grants ........................................ $4,971,500

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the school district juvenile detention facilities and Flint Hills job corps center grants account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2015, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2016: Provided further, That expenditures shall be made from the school district juvenile detention facilities and Flint Hills job corps center grants account for grants to school districts in amounts determined pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8187, and amendments thereto.

Governor’s teaching excellence scholarships and awards... $327,500

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships and awards account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2015, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2016: Provided further, That all expenditures from the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships and awards account for teaching excellence scholarships shall be made in accordance with K.S.A. 72-1398, and amendments thereto: And provided further, That each such grant shall be required to be matched on a $1 for $1 basis from nonstate sources: And provided further, That award of each such grant shall be conditioned upon the recipient entering into an agreement requiring the grant to be repaid if the recipient fails to complete the course of training under the national board for professional teaching standards certification program: And provided further,
That all moneys received by the department of education for repayment of grants for governor’s teaching excellence scholarships shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund.

(b) There is appropriated for the above agency from the following special revenue fund or funds for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, all moneys now or hereafter lawfully credited to and available in such fund or funds, except that expenditures other than refunds authorized by law and transfers to other state agencies shall not exceed the following:

State school district finance fund .................................. No limit
School district capital improvements fund ...................... No limit
Provided, That expenditures from the school district capital improvements fund shall be made only for the payment of general obligation bonds approved by voters under the authority of K.S.A. 72-6761, and amendments thereto.

Mineral production education fund .................................. No limit
Conversion of materials and equipment fund .................... No limit
State safety fund ...................................................... No limit
School bus safety fund ............................................. No limit
Motorcycle safety fund ............................................. No limit
Federal indirect cost reimbursement fund ...................... No limit
Teacher and administrator fee fund .............................. No limit
Food assistance — federal fund ................................... No limit
Education jobs fund — federal ..................................... No limit
Food assistance — school breakfast program — federal fund .................................................. No limit
Food assistance — national school lunch program — federal fund .................................................. No limit
Food assistance — child and adult care food program —

Provided, That expenditures from the school district capital improvements fund shall be made only for the payment of general obligation bonds approved by voters under the authority of K.S.A. 72-6761, and amendments thereto.

that the state board of education is hereby authorized to fix, charge and collect fees for inservice workshops and conferences: Provided further, That such fees shall be fixed in order to recover all or part of such operating expenditures incurred for inservice workshops and con-

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund —

Education of handicapped children fund — federal fund .............................. No limit
Education of handicapped children fund — state operations —

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund —

Provided, That expenditures may be made from the inservice education workshop fee fund for operating expenditures, including official hospitality, incurred for inservice workshops and conferences: Provided further, That the state board of education is hereby authorized to fix, charge and collect fees for inservice workshops and conferences: And provided further, That such fees shall be fixed in order to recover all or part of such operating expenditures incurred for inservice workshops and con-

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund —

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund —

Vocational education amendments of 1968 — federal fund .................................................. No limit
Vocational education title II — federal fund ....................... No limit
Vocational education title II — federal fund — state operations .................................................. No limit
Educational research grants and projects fund .................. No limit
Drug abuse fund — department of education —

Drug abuse funds — federal — state operations fund .... No limit
Federal K-12 fiscal stabilization fund ............................. No limit
Inservice education workshop fee fund ........................ No limit
Provided, That expenditures may be made from the inservice education workshop fee fund for operating expenditures, including official hospitality, incurred for inservice workshops and conferences: Provided further, That the state board of education is hereby authorized to fix, charge and collect fees for inservice workshops and conferences: And provided further, That such fees shall be fixed in order to recover all or part of such operating expenditures incurred for inservice workshops and con-
ferences; And provided further, That all fees received for inservice workshops and conferences shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the inservice education workshop fee fund.

Private donations, gifts, grants and bequests fund ........... No limit
Interactive video fee fund............................................ No limit
Provided, That expenditures may be made from the interactive video fee fund for operating expenditures incurred in conjunction with the operation and use of the interactive video conference facility of the department of education; And provided further, That the state board of education is hereby authorized to fix, charge and collect fees for the operation and use of such interactive video conference facility; And provided further, That all fees received for the operation and use of such interactive video conference facility shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the interactive video fee fund.

Reimbursement for services fund ................................. No limit
Governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund.................................................... No limit
Provided, That all expenditures from the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund shall be made in accordance with K.S.A. 72-1398, and amendments thereto; Provided further, That each such grant shall be required to be matched on a $1 for $1 basis from nonstate sources; And provided further, That award of each such grant shall be conditioned upon the recipient entering into an agreement requiring the grant to be repaid if the recipient fails to complete the course of training under the national board for professional teaching standards certification program; And provided further, That all moneys received by the department of education for repayment of grants made under the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund.

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund — reading first.............................................. ............. No limit
Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund — reading first — state operations ................................ No limit
State grants for improving teacher quality — federal fund ................................................................. No limit
State grants for improving teacher quality — federal fund — state operations.............................................. .... No limit
21st century community learning centers — federal fund ................................................................. No limit
State assessments — federal fund .................................................. ................... No limit
Rural and low-income schools program — federal fund .................................................. ................... No limit
Language assistance state grants — federal fund................ No limit
Service clearing fund .................................................. ................... No limit
Helping schools license plate program fund ................... No limit
General state aid transportation weighting — state highway fund ................................................................. No limit
Provided, That on July 1, 2015, October 1, 2015, January 1, 2016, and April 1, 2016, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $24,150,000 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the general state aid transportation weighting — state highway fund of the department of education.

Special education transportation weighting — state highway fund ................................................................. No limit
Provided, That on July 1, 2015, October 1, 2015, January 1, 2016, and April 1, 2016, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $2,500,000 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the special education transportation weighting — state highway fund of the department of education.

Career and technical education transportation — state highway fund ................................................................. No limit
Provided, That on July 1, 2015, the director of accounts and reports shall
transfer $650,000 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the career and technical education transportation — state highway fund of the department of education.

Educational technology coordinator fund ....................... No limit

Provided, That expenditures shall be made by the above agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, from the educational technology coordinator fund of the department of education to provide data on the number of school districts served and cost savings for those districts in fiscal year 2016 in order to assess the cost effectiveness of the position of educational technology coordinator.

School district extraordinary need fund ......................... $12,292,000

(c) There is appropriated for the above agency from the children’s initiatives fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the following:
Pre-K program ........................................................... $4,799,812
Parent education program ............................................. $7,237,635

Provided, That expenditures from the parent education program account for each such grant shall be matched by the school district in an amount which is equal to not less than 65% of the grant.

(d) On July 1, 2015, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 8-1,148 or 38-1808, and amendments thereto, or any other statute, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $50,000 from the family and children trust account of the family and children investment fund of the Kansas department for children and families to the communities in schools program fund of the department of education.

(e) On March 30, 2016, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 8-267 or 8-272, and amendments thereto, or any other statute, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $550,000 from the state safety fund to the state general fund:
Provided, That the transfer of such amount shall be in addition to any other transfer from the state safety fund to the state general fund as prescribed by law: Provided further, That the amount transferred from the state safety fund to the state general fund pursuant to this subsection is to reimburse the state general fund for accounting, auditing, budgeting, legal, payroll, personnel and purchasing services and any other governmental services which are performed on behalf of the department of education by other state agencies which receive appropriations from the state general fund to provide such services.

(f) On June 30, 2016, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 8-267 or 8-272, and amendments thereto, or any other statute, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $550,000 from the state safety fund to the state general fund:
Provided, That the transfer of such amount shall be in addition to any other transfer from the state safety fund to the state general fund as prescribed by law: Provided further, That the amount transferred from the state safety fund to the state general fund pursuant to this subsection is to reimburse the state general fund for accounting, auditing, budgeting, legal, payroll, personnel and purchasing services and any other governmental services which are performed on behalf of the department of education by other state agencies which receive appropriations from the state general fund to provide such services.

(g) On July 1, 2015, and quarterly thereafter, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $63,326 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the school bus safety fund of the department of education.

(h) On June 1, 2015, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer an amount certified by the commissioner of education from the motorcycle safety fund of the department of education to the motorcycle safety fund of the state board of regents:
Provided, That the amount to be transferred shall be determined by the commissioner of education based on the amounts required to be paid pursuant to K.S.A. 8-272(b)(2), and amendments thereto.

(i) There is appropriated for the above agency from the expanded lottery act revenues fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the following:
KPERS — school employer contribution ......................... $36,158,948
(j) On July 1, 2015, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $85,811 from the USAC E-rate program federal fund of the state board of regents to the education technology coordinator fund of the department of education: Provided, That the department of education shall provide information and data regarding the number of school districts served and cost savings attained by such school districts in order to assess the cost effectiveness of having this education technology coordinator position: Provided further, That such information and data shall be available by the department of education by the end of the fiscal year 2016.

Sec. 3.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

(a) There is appropriated for the above agency from the state general fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the following:

Operating expenditures (including official hospitality)...... $13,073,604

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the operating expenditures (including official hospitality) account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2016, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2017.

Special education services aid................................. $423,980,455

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the special education services aid account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2016, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2017: Provided further, That expenditures shall not be made from the special education services aid account for the provision of instruction for any homebound or hospitalized child unless the categorization of such child as exceptional is conjoined with the categorization of the child within one or more of the other categories of exceptionality: And provided further, That expenditures shall be made from this account for grants to school districts in amounts determined pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-983, and amendments thereto: And provided further, That expenditures shall be made from the amount remaining in this account, after deduction of the expenditures specified in the foregoing proviso, for payments to school districts in amounts determined pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-978, and amendments thereto.

Block grants to USDs................................................. $2,760,946,624

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the block grants to USDs account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2016, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2017.

Information technology education opportunities ............ $500,000

Discretionary grants.................................................... $322,457

Provided, That the above agency shall make expenditures from the discretionary grants account during the fiscal year 2017, in the amount not less than $125,000 for after school programs for middle school students in the sixth, seventh and eighth grades: Provided further, That the after school programs may also include fifth and ninth grade students, if they attend a junior high: And provided further, That such discretionary grants shall be awarded to after school programs that operate for a minimum of two hours a day, every day that school is in session, and a minimum of six hours a day for a minimum of five weeks during the summer: And provided further, That the discretionary grants awarded to after school programs shall require a $1 for $1 local match: And provided further, That the aggregate amount of discretionary grants awarded to any one after school program shall not exceed $25,000: And provided further, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, expenditures shall be made by the above agency from the discretionary grants fund for fiscal year 2017 to establish a pilot program for communities in schools programming in three school districts in Kansas: And provided further, That communities in schools shall conduct an outcomes based study of its programming during fiscal year 2017: And provided further, That the Kansas department of education is hereby authorized and directed to provide to communities in schools such student or other data as shall be necessary to permit communities in schools to conduct such study of outcomes regarding the students assisted with such communities in schools programming: And provided further, That such data shall include data regarding demographically similar students at peer institutions not involved in communities in schools programs, to permit the research study to com-
pare outcomes of students receiving communities in schools services versus students not receiving such services: And provided further. That upon providing the Kansas department of education with the names of students participating in the communities in schools program, the Kansas department of education shall provide the current status of students identified as participating in the program.

School food assistance................................................. $2,510,486
School safety hotline......................................................... $100,000
KPERS — employer contributions....................................... $23,109,684

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the KPERS — employer contributions account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2016, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2017: Provided further. That all expenditures from the KPERS — employer contributions account shall be for payment of participating employers’ contributions to the Kansas public employees retirement system as provided in K.S.A. 74-4939, and amendments thereto: And provided further, That expenditures from this account for the payment of participating employers’ contributions to the Kansas public employees retirement system may be made regardless of when the liability was incurred.

Educable deaf-blind and severely handicapped children’s programs aid................................................................. $110,000
School district juvenile detention facilities and Flint Hills job corps center grants............................................. $4,971,500

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the school district juvenile detention facilities and Flint Hills job corps center grants account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2016, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2017: Provided further. That expenditures shall be made from the school district juvenile detention facilities and Flint Hills job corps center grants account for grants to school districts in amounts determined pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8187, and amendments thereto.

Governor’s teaching excellence scholarships and awards... $327,500

Provided, That any unencumbered balance in the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships and awards account in excess of $100 as of June 30, 2016, is hereby reappropriated for fiscal year 2017: Provided further, That all expenditures from the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships and awards account for teaching excellence scholarships shall be made in accordance with K.S.A. 72-1398, and amendments thereto: And provided further, That each such grant shall be required to be matched on a $1 for $1 basis from nonstate sources: And provided further, That the award of each such grant shall be conditioned upon the recipient entering into an agreement requiring the grant to be repaid if the recipient fails to complete the course of training under the national board for professional teaching standards certification program: And provided further, That all moneys received by the department of education for repayment of grants for governor’s teaching excellence scholarships shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund.

(b) There is appropriated for the above agency from the following special revenue fund or funds for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, all moneys now or hereafter lawfully credited to and available in such fund or funds, except that expenditures other than refunds authorized by law and transfers to other state agencies shall not exceed the following:

State school district finance fund......................................... No limit
School district capital improvements fund............................... No limit

Provided, That expenditures from the school district capital improvements fund shall be made only for the payment of general obligation bonds approved by voters under the authority of K.S.A. 72-6761, and amendments thereto.

Mineral production education fund........................................ No limit
Conversion of materials and equipment fund.............................. No limit
State safety fund........................................................................ No limit
School bus safety fund............................................................ No limit
Motorcycle safety fund............................................................ No limit
Federal indirect cost reimbursement fund................................ No limit
Teacher and administrator fee fund........................................... No limit
Provided, That expenditures may be made from the inservice education workshop fee fund for operating expenditures, including official hospitality, incurred for inservice workshops and conferences: Provided further, That the state board of education is hereby authorized to fix, charge and collect fees for inservice workshops and conferences: And provided further, That all fees received for inservice workshops and conferences shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the inservice education workshop fee fund.

Private donations, gifts, grants and bequests fund ........ No limit
Interactive video fee fund......................... No limit

Provided, That expenditures may be made from the interactive video fee fund for operating expenditures incurred in conjunction with the operation and use of the interactive video conference facility of the department of education: Provided further, That the state board of education is hereby authorized to fix, charge and collect fees for the operation and use of such interactive video conference facility: And provided further, That all fees received for the operation and use of such interactive video conference facility shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the interactive video fee fund.

Reimbursement for services fund .................. No limit
Communities in schools program fund .......... No limit
Governor's teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund .......... No limit

Provided, That all expenditures from the governor's teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund shall be made in accordance with
K.S.A. 72-1398, and amendments thereto: Provided further. That each such grant shall be required to be matched on a $1 for $1 basis from nonstate sources: And provided further, That award of each such grant shall be conditioned upon the recipient entering into an agreement requiring the grant to be repaid if the recipient fails to complete the course of training under the national board for professional teaching standards certification program: And provided further, That all moneys received by the department of education for repayment of grants made under the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the governor’s teaching excellence scholarships program repayment fund.

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund —
  reading first ................................................................. No limit

Elementary and secondary school aid — federal fund —
  reading first — state operations ........................................ No limit

State grants for improving teacher quality — federal fund —
  state operations .......................................................... No limit

State grants for improving teacher quality — federal fund —
  21st century community learning centers — federal fund —
  state operations .......................................................... No limit

State assessments — federal fund ........................................ No limit

State assessments — federal fund —
  state operations ......................................................... No limit

Rural and low-income schools program — federal fund —
  state operations .......................................................... No limit

Language assistance state grants — federal fund .............. No limit

Service clearing fund ........................................................ No limit

Helping schools license plate program fund .................. No limit

General state aid transportation weighting — state highway
  fund ................................................................. No limit

Provided, That on July 1, 2016, October 1, 2016, January 1, 2017, and April 1, 2017, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $24,150,000 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the general state aid transportation weighting — state highway fund of the department of education.

Special education transportation weighting — state
  highway fund .......................................................... No limit

Provided, That on July 1, 2016, October 1, 2016, January 1, 2017, and April 1, 2017, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $2,500,000 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the special education transportation weighting — state highway fund of the department of education.

Career and technical education transportation — state
  highway fund .......................................................... No limit

Provided, That on July 1, 2016, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $650,000 from the state highway fund of the department of transportation to the career and technical education transportation — state highway fund of the department of education.

Educational technology coordinator fund ..................... No limit

School district extraordinary need fund ....................... $17,521,425

(c) There is appropriated for the above agency from the children’s initiatives fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the following:

Pre-K program .......................................................... $4,799,812

Parent education program ........................................... $7,237,635

Provided, That expenditures from the parent education program account for each such grant shall be matched by the school district in an amount which is equal to not less than 65% of the grant.

(d) On July 1, 2016, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 8-1,148 or 38-1808, and amendments thereto, or any other statute, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $30,000 from the family and children trust account of the family and children investment fund of the Kansas department for children and families to the communities in schools program fund of the department of education.

(e) On March 30, 2017, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 8-267 or 8-272, and amendments thereto, or any other statute, the director of accounts and reports shall
transfer $550,000 from the state safety fund to the state general fund: 
Provided, That the transfer of such amount shall be in addition to any 
other transfer from the state safety fund to the state general fund as 
prescribed by law: Provided further, That the amount transferred from 
the state safety fund to the state general fund pursuant to this subsection 
is to reimburse the state general fund for accounting, auditing, budgeting, 
legal, payroll, personnel and purchasing services and any other govern-
mental services which are performed on behalf of the department of 
education by other state agencies which receive appropriations from the 
state general fund to provide such services.

(f) On June 30, 2017, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, 
notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 8-267 or 8-272, and amendments 
thereto, or any other statute, the director of accounts and reports shall 
transfer $550,000 from the state safety fund to the state general fund: 
Provided, That the transfer of such amount shall be in addition to any 
other transfer from the state safety fund to the state general fund as 
prescribed by law: Provided further, That the amount transferred from 
the state safety fund to the state general fund pursuant to this subsection 
is to reimburse the state general fund for accounting, auditing, budgeting, 
legal, payroll, personnel and purchasing services and any other govern-
mental services which are performed on behalf of the department of 
education by other state agencies which receive appropriations from the 
state general fund to provide such services.

(g) On July 1, 2016, and quarterly thereafter, the director of accounts 
and reports shall transfer $63,951 from the state highway fund of the 
department of transportation to the school bus safety fund of the de-
partment of education.

(h) On July 1, 2016, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer 
an amount certified by the commissioner of education from the motor-
cycle safety fund of the department of education to the motorcycle safety 
fund of the state board of regents: Provided, That the amount to be 
transferred shall be determined by the commissioner of education based 
on the amounts required to be paid pursuant to K.S.A. 8-272(b)(2), and 
amendments thereto.

(i) There is appropriated for the above agency from the expanded 
lottery act revenues fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the 
following:

KPERS — school employer contribution ....................... $35,430,948

(j) On July 1, 2016, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, the 
director of accounts and reports shall transfer $85,811 from the USAC 
E-rate program federal fund of the state board of regents to the education 
technology coordinator fund of the department of education: Provided, 
That the department of education shall provide information and data 
regarding the number of school districts served and cost savings attained 
by such school districts in order to assess the cost effectiveness of having 
this education technology coordinator position: Provided further, That 
such information and data shall be available by the department of edu-
cation by the end of the fiscal year 2017.

New Sec. 4. (a) The provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amend-
ments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the classroom learning 
assuring student success act.

(b) The legislature hereby declares that the intent of this act is to 
 lessen state interference and involvement in the local management of 
school districts and to provide more flexibility and increased local control 
for school district boards of education and administrators in order to:

(1) Enhance predictability and certainty in school district funding 
 sources and amounts;

(2) allow school district boards of education and administrators to 
 best meet their individual school district’s financial needs; and

(3) maximize opportunities for more funds to go to the classroom.

To meet this legislative intent, state financial support for elementary 
and secondary public education will be met by providing a block grant 
for school years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 to each school district. Each 
school district’s block grant will be based in part on, and be at least equal 
to, the total state financial support as determined for school year 2014- 
2015 under the school district finance and quality performance act, prior
to its repeal. All school districts will be held harmless from any decreases to the final school year 2014-2015 amount of total state financial support.

(c) The legislature further declares that the guiding principles for the development of subsequent legislation for the finance of elementary and secondary public education should consist of the following:

(1) Ensuring that students’ educational needs are funded;

(2) providing more funding to classroom instruction;

(3) maximizing flexibility in the use of funding by school district boards of education and administrators; and

(4) achieving the goal of providing students with those education capacities established in K.S.A. 72-1127, and amendments thereto.

(d) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 5. (a) As used in sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto:

(1) (A) “At-risk pupils” means pupils who are eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who are enrolled in a district which maintains an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan.

(B) The term “at-risk pupils” shall not include any pupil: (i) Enrolled in any of the grades one through 12 who is in attendance less than full time; or (ii) who is over 19 years of age. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any pupil who has an individualized education program.

(2) “Board” means the board of education of a school district.

(3) “Current school year” means the school year during which general state aid is determined by the state board under section 6, and amendments thereto.

(4) “Enrollment” means: (A) (i) Subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(4)(A)(ii), for school districts scheduling the school days or school hours of the school term on a trimestral or quarterly basis, the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 plus the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the school district on February 20 less the number of pupils regularly enrolled on February 20 who were counted in the enrollment of the school district on September 20; (ii) for school districts not described in subsection (a)(4)(A)(i), the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the school district on September 20; and (iii) a pupil who is a foreign exchange student shall not be counted unless such student is regularly enrolled in the school district on September 20 and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the school district for at least one semester or two quarters or the equivalent thereof;

(B) if enrollment in a school district in any school year has decreased from enrollment in the preceding school year, enrollment of the school district in the current school year means whichever is the greater of: (i) Enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled, plus enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled; or (ii) the sum of enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and the average of the sum of:

(a) Enrollment of the school district in the current school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled;

(b) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled; and

(c) enrollment in the school year next preceding the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled.

(5) “February 20” has its usual meaning, except that in any year in which February 20 is not a day on which school is maintained, it shall mean the first day after February 20 on which school is maintained.

(6) “Preceding school year” means the school year immediately before the current school year.

(7) “Preschool-aged at-risk pupil” means an at-risk pupil who has attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance
at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance with guidelines consonant with guidelines governing the selection of pupils for participation in head start programs.

(8) "Preschool-aged exceptional children" means exceptional children, except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten.

(9) "Pupil" means any person who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district, or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 in another district in accordance with an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending special education services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the district.

(10) "School district" means a unified school district organized and operated under the laws of this state.

(11) "School year" means the 12-month period ending June 30.

(12) "September 20" has its usual meaning, except that in any year in which September 20 is not a day on which school is maintained, it shall mean the first day after September 20 on which school is maintained.

(13) "State board" means the state board of education.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 6. (a) For school year 2015-2016 and school year 2016-2017, the state board shall disburse general state aid to each school district in an amount equal to:

(1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (b) through (e), the amount of general state aid such school district received for school year 2014-2015, if any, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6416, prior to its repeal, as prorated in accordance with K.S.A. 72-6410, prior to its repeal, less:

(A) The amount directly attributable to the ancillary school facilities weighting as determined for school year 2014-2015 under K.S.A. 72-6443, prior to its repeal;

(B) the amount directly attributable to the cost of living weighting as determined for school year 2014-2015 under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6450, prior to its repeal;

(C) the amount directly attributable to declining enrollment state aid as determined for school year 2014-2015 under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6452, prior to its repeal;

(D) the amount directly attributable to virtual school state aid as determined for school year 2014-2015 under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3715, prior to its repeal;

(2) the amount of supplemental general state aid such school district received for school year 2014-2015, if any, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6434, prior to its repeal, as prorated in accordance with K.S.A. 72-6434, prior to its repeal;

(3) the amount of capital outlay state aid such school district received for school year 2014-2015, if any, pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6450, prior to its repeal;

(4) (A) an amount that is directly attributable to the proceeds of the tax levied by the school district pursuant to section 14, and amendments thereto, provided, the school district has levied such tax;

(B) an amount that is directly attributable to the proceeds of the tax levied by the school district pursuant to section 15, and amendments thereto, provided, the school district has levied such tax;

(C) an amount that is directly attributable to the proceeds of the tax levied by the school district pursuant to section 16, and amendments thereto, provided, the school district has levied such tax;

(5) the amount of virtual school state aid such school district is to receive under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3715, and amendments thereto, plus;

(6) an amount certified by the board of trustees of the Kansas public employees retirement system which is equal to the participating employer’s obligation of such school district to the system, less;

(7) an amount equal to 0.4% of the amount determined under subsection (a)(1); (b) For any school district whose school financing sources exceeded its state financial aid for school year 2014-2015 as calculated under the
school district finance and quality performance act, prior to its repeal, the
amount such school district is entitled to receive under subsection (a)(1)
shall be the proceeds of the tax levied by the school district pursuant to
section 11, and amendments thereto, less the difference between such
school district’s school financing sources and its state financial aid for
school year 2014-2015 as calculated under the school district finance and
quality performance act, prior to its repeal.
(c) For any school district formed by consolidation in accordance with
article 87 of chapter 72 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amend-
ments thereto, prior to the effective date of this act, and whose state
financial aid for school year 2014-2015 was determined under K.S.A. 72-
6445a, prior to its repeal, the amount of general state aid for such school
district determined under subsection (a)(1) shall be determined as if such
school district was not subject to K.S.A. 72-6445a, prior to its repeal, for
school year 2014-2015.
(d) For any school district that consolidated in accordance with article
87 of chapter 72 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments
thereto, and such consolidation becomes effective on or after July 1, 2015,
the amount of general state aid for such school district determined under
subsection (a)(1) shall be the sum of the general state aid each of the
former school districts would have received under subsection (a)(1).
(e) (1) For any school district that was entitled to receive school fa-
cilities weighting for school year 2014-2015 under K.S.A. 72-6415b, prior
to its repeal, and which would not have been eligible to receive such
weighting for school year 2015-2016 under K.S.A. 72-6415b, prior to its
repeal, an amount directly attributable to the school facilities weighting
as determined under K.S.A. 72-6415, prior to its repeal, for school year 2014-2015 shall be added to the amount of general state aid for such school district determined under subsection (a)(1).
(2) For any school district that was entitled to receive school facilities weighting for school year 2015-2016 under K.S.A. 72-
6415b, prior to its repeal, and which would not have been eligible to receive such
weighting for school year 2015-2016 under K.S.A. 72-6415b, prior to its
repeal, an amount directly attributable to the school facilities weighting as determined under K.S.A. 72-6415, prior to its repeal, for school year 2015-2016 shall be subtracted from the amount of general state aid for such school district determined under subsection (a)(1).
(3) For any school district which would have been eligible to receive
school facilities weighting for school year 2015-2016 under K.S.A. 72-
6415b, prior to its repeal, and which would not have been eligible to receive such
weighting for school year 2016-2017 under K.S.A. 72-6415b, prior to its repeal, an amount directly attributable to the school facilities weighting as determined under K.S.A. 72-6415, prior to its repeal, for school year 2016-2017 shall be added to the amount of general state aid for such school district determined under subsection (a)(1).
(f) The general state aid for each school district shall be disbursed in
accordance with appropriation acts. In the event the appropriation for
general state aid exceeds the amount determined under subsection (a)
for any school year, then the state board shall disburse such excess amount
to each school district in proportion to such school district’s enrollment.
(g) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July
1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.
New Sec. 7. (a) The distribution of general state aid determined pur-
suant to section 6, and amendments thereto, shall be made in accordance
with appropriation acts each year as provided in this section.
(b) (1) In the months of July through May of each school year, the
state board shall determine the amount of general state aid which will be
required by each district to maintain operations in each such month. In
making such determination, the state board shall take into consideration
the district’s access to school financing sources and the obligations of the
general fund which must be satisfied during the month. The amount
determined by the state board under this provision is the amount of gen-
eral state aid which will be distributed to the district in the months of
July through May;
(2) in the month of June of each school year, subject to the provisions
of subsection (d), payment shall be made of the full amount of the general state aid entitlement determined for the school year, less the sum of the monthly payments made in the months of July through May.

(c) The state board of education shall prescribe the dates upon which the distribution of payments of general state aid to school districts shall be due. Payments of general state aid shall be distributed to districts once each month on the dates prescribed by the state board. The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due as general state aid to each district in each of the months of July through June. Such certification, and the amount of general state aid payable from the state general fund, shall be approved by the director of the budget. The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants on the state treasurer payable to the district treasurer of each district entitled to payment of general state aid, pursuant to vouchers approved by the state board. Upon receipt of such warrant, each district treasurer shall deposit the amount of general state aid in the general fund.

(d) If any amount of general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year pursuant to the other provisions of this section is not paid on or before June 30 of such school year, then such payment shall be paid on or after the ensuing July 1, as soon as moneys are available therefor. Any payment of general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year and that is paid to school districts on or after the ensuing July 1 shall be recorded and accounted for by school districts as a receipt for the school year ending on the preceding June 30.

(e) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 8. (a) In the event any district is paid more than it is entitled to receive under any distribution made under the provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto, or under any statute repealed by this act, the state board shall notify the district of the amount of such overpayment, and such district shall remit the same to the state board. The state board shall remit any moneys so received to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund. If any district fails so to remit, the state board shall deduct the excess amounts so paid from future payments becoming due to the district. In the event any district is paid less than the amount to which it is entitled under any distribution made under the provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto, the state board shall pay the additional amount due at any time within the school year in which the underpayment was made or within 60 days after the end of such school year.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 9. (a) On or before October 10 of each school year, the clerk or superintendent of each district shall certify under oath to the state board a report showing the total enrollment of the district by grades maintained in the schools of the district and such other reports as the state board may require. Upon receipt of such report, the state board shall examine the report, and if the state board finds any errors in any such report, the state board shall consult with the district officer furnishing the report and make such corrections in the report as are necessary. One of such district officers shall also certify to the state board, on or before August 25 of each year, a copy of the budget adopted by the district.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 10. (a) The state school district finance fund, established by K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 72-7081, prior to its repeal, is hereby continued in existence and shall consist of: (1) All moneys credited to such fund under K.S.A. 72-6418, 72-6431, 72-6441 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6449 and 72-6451, prior to their repeal; and (2) all amounts transferred to such fund pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto.

(b) The state school district finance fund shall be used for the purpose
of school district finance and for no other governmental purpose. It is the
intent of the legislature that the fund shall remain intact and inviolate for
such purpose, and moneys in the fund shall not be subject to the provi-
sions of K.S.A. 75-3722, 75-3725a and 75-3726a, and amendments thereto.

(c) Amounts in the state school district finance fund shall be allocated
and distributed to school districts as a portion of general state aid enti-
tlements provided for under section 6, and amendments thereto.

(d) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July
1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 11. (a) The board of education of each school district shall
levy an ad valorem tax upon the taxable tangible property of the district
at a rate of 20 mills in school year 2015-2016 and school year 2016-2017
for the purpose of:

(1) Paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public
schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the legis-
lature to finance the educational interests of the state; and

(2) with respect to any redevelopment district established prior to
July 1, 1997, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, pay-
ing a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under
authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing
of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district.

(b) Except for that portion of the proceeds used for the purpose spec-
cified in subsection (a)(2), the proceeds from the tax levied by a school
district under authority of this section shall be remitted to the state trea-
surer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amend-
ments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer
shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and shall credit the
same to the state school finance fund.

(c) All moneys remitted to the state treasurer pursuant to subsection
(b) shall be used for paying a portion of the costs of operating and main-
taining public schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation
of the legislature to finance the educational interests of the state.

(d) No school district shall proceed under K.S.A. 79-1964, 79-1964a
or 79-1964b, and amendments thereto.

(e) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July
1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 12. (a) For school year 2015-2016 and school year 2016-
2017, the board of any school district may adopt a local option budget
which does not exceed the greater of: (1) The local option budget adopted
by such school district for school year 2014-2015 pursuant to K.S.A. 72-
6433, prior to its repeal; or (2) the local option budget such school district
would have adopted for school year 2015-2016 pursuant to K.S.A. 72-
6433, prior to its repeal.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (e), the adoption of a resolution
pursuant to this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members
of the board. Such resolution shall be effective upon adoption and shall
require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(c) Unless specifically stated otherwise in the resolution, the authority
to adopt a local option budget shall be continuous and permanent. The
board of any school district that has adopted a local option budget in a
prior school year may choose not to adopt such a budget or may adopt a
budget in an amount less than the amount authorized. If the board of any
school district whose authority to adopt a local option budget is not con-
tinuous and permanent refrains from adopting a local option budget, the
authority of such district to adopt a local option budget shall not be ex-
tended by such refrainment beyond the period specified in the resolution
authorizing adoption of such budget.

(d) The board of any district may initiate procedures to renew the
authority to adopt a local option budget at any time during a school year
after the tax levied pursuant to section 13, and amendments thereto, is
certified to the county clerk under any existing authorization.

(e) The board of any school district that has adopted a local option
budget prior to July 1, 2015, under a resolution which authorized the
adoption of such budget in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-
6433, prior to its repeal, may continue to operate under such resolution
for the period of time specified in the resolution or may abandon the
resolution and operate under the provisions of this section. Any such school district shall operate under the provisions of this section after the period of time specified in the resolution has expired.

(f) Any resolution adopted pursuant to this section may revoke or repeal any resolution previously adopted by the board. If the resolution does not revoke or repeal previously adopted resolutions, all resolutions which are in effect shall expire on the same date. The maximum amount of the local option budget of a school district under all resolutions in effect shall not exceed the limitation set forth in subsection (a) in any school year.

(g) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 13. (a) For school year 2015-2016 and school year 2016-2017, the board of each school district that has adopted a local option budget may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district for the purpose of:

(1) Financing that portion of the school district’s local option budget which is not financed from any other source provided by law; and
(2) paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district.

(b) Except the proceeds of such tax levied for the purpose specified in subsection (a)(2), the proceeds from the tax levied by a school district under authority of this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the district.

(c) No school district shall proceed under K.S.A. 79-1964, 79-1964a or 79-1964b, and amendments thereto.

(d) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 14. (a) The board of any school district to which the provisions of this subsection apply may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the school district for school years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state court of tax appeals for school year 2014-2015 pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6451, prior to its repeal, for the purpose set forth in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6451, prior to its repeal. The provisions of this subsection apply to any school district that imposed a levy pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6451, prior to its repeal, for school year 2014-2015.

(b) The board of education of any school district which would have been eligible to levy an ad valorem tax pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6451, prior to its repeal, for school year 2015-2016 or 2016-2017, may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the school district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state board of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the school district directly attributable to the school district's declining enrollment. The state board of tax appeals may authorize the school district to make a levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount of revenues lost as a result of the declining enrollment of the school district. Such amount shall not exceed 5% of the general fund budget of the school district in the school year in which the school district applies to the state board of tax appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(c) The state board of tax appeals shall certify to the state board the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under this section. The state board shall prescribe guidelines for the data that school districts shall include in cases before the state board of tax appeals pursuant to this section. The state board shall provide to the state board of tax appeals such school data and information requested by the state board of tax appeals and any other information deemed necessary by the state board.

(d) The proceeds from any tax levied by a school district under authority of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and shall credit the same to the state school finance fund. All moneys remitted to the state treasurer pursuant to this section.
subsection shall be used for paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the legislature to finance the educational interests of the state.

(e) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 15. (a) The board of any school district to which the provisions of this subsection apply may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the school district for school years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state court of tax appeals for school year 2014-2015 pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6441, prior to its repeal, for the purpose set forth in K.S.A. 72-6441, prior to its repeal. The provisions of this subsection apply to any school district that imposed a levy pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6441, prior to its repeal, for school year 2014-2015.

(b) The board of any school district which would have been eligible to levy an ad valorem tax pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6441, prior to its repeal, for school year 2015-2016 or 2016-2017, may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the school district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state board of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the school district that are directly attributable to ancillary school facilities. The state board of tax appeals may authorize the school district to make a levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the difference between the amount of costs directly attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities and the amount that is financed from any other source provided by law for such purpose.

(c) The state board of tax appeals shall certify to the state board of education the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under subsection (a). The state board of tax appeals may adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section, including rules and regulations relating to the evidence required in support of a school district’s claim that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities are in excess of the amount that is financed from any other source provided by law for such purpose.

(d) The board of any school district that has levied an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the school district each year for a period of two years under authority of subsection (b) may continue to levy such tax under authority of this subsection each year for an additional period of time not to exceed six years in an amount not to exceed the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection if the board of education of the school district determines that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities are significantly greater than the costs attributable to the operation of other school facilities in the school district. The tax authorized under this subsection may be levied at a rate which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. In computing such amount, the state board shall:

1. Determine the amount produced by the tax levied by the school district under authority of subsection (b) in the second year for which such tax was levied;
2. Compute 90% of the amount of the sum obtained under subsection (d)(1), which computed amount is the amount the school district may levy in the first year of the six-year period for which the school district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection;
3. Compute 75% of the amount of the sum obtained under subsection (d)(1), which computed amount is the amount the school district may levy in the second year of the six-year period for which the school district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection;
4. Compute 60% of the amount of the sum obtained under subsection (d)(1), which computed amount is the amount the school district may levy in the third year of the six-year period for which the school district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection;
5. Compute 45% of the amount of the sum obtained under subsection (d)(1), which computed amount is the amount the school district may
levy in the fourth year of the six-year period for which the school district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection;
(6) compute 30% of the amount of the sum obtained under subsection (d)(1), which computed amount is the amount the school district may levy in the fifth year of the six-year period for which the school district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection; and
(7) compute 15% of the amount of the sum obtained under subsection (d)(1), which computed amount is the amount the school district may levy in the sixth year of the six-year period for which the school district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection.
(e) The proceeds from any tax levied by a school district under authority of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and shall credit the same to the state school finance fund. All moneys remitted to the state treasurer pursuant to this subsection shall be used for paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the legislature to finance the educational interests of the state.
(f) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 16. (a) The board of education of any school district to which the provisions of this subsection apply may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property within the school district for school years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized for school year 2014-2015 pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6449, prior to its repeal, for the purpose set forth in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6449, prior to its repeal. The provisions of this subsection apply to any school district that imposed a levy pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6449, prior to its repeal, for school year 2014-2015.
(b) The board of education of any school district which would have been eligible to levy an ad valorem tax pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6449, prior to its repeal, for school year 2015-2016 or 2016-2017, may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property within the school district for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the school district that are attributable directly to the cost of paying cost-of-living salaries and wages in an amount not to exceed the amount such school district would have been authorized to levy under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6449, prior to its repeal.
(c) No tax may be levied under this section unless the board of education adopts a resolution authorizing such a tax levy and publishes the resolution at least once in a newspaper having general circulation in the school district. The resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No. __________ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:
The board of education of the above-named school district shall be authorized to levy an ad valorem tax in an amount not to exceed the amount necessary to finance the costs attributable directly to the cost of paying cost-of-living salaries and wages. The ad valorem tax authorized by this resolution may be levied unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after the publication of this resolution. If a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether the levy of such a tax shall be authorized in accordance with the provisions of this resolution to the electors of the school district at the next general election of the school district, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of Unified School District No. __________ County, Kansas, on the ______ day of ______ (year).

Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be filled. If no petition as specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the resolution authorizing the ad valorem tax levy shall become effective. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the county election officer to submit the question of whether such tax levy shall be authorized. If the board fails to notify the county election officer, the resolution authorizing the ad valorem tax levy shall become effective.
officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and of no force and effect and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution. If a majority of the votes cast in an election conducted pursuant to this provision are in favor of the resolution, such resolution shall be effective on the date of such election. If a majority of the votes cast are not in favor of the resolution, the resolution shall be deemed of no effect and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following such election.

(d) The proceeds from any tax levied by a school district under authority of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and shall credit the same to the state school finance fund. All moneys remitted to the state treasurer pursuant to this subsection shall be used for paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the legislature to finance the educational interests of the state.

(e) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 17. (a) Each school district may submit an application to the state finance council for approval of extraordinary need state aid. Such application shall be submitted in such form and manner as prescribed by the state finance council, and shall include a description of the extraordinary need of the school district that is the basis for the application.

(b) The state finance council shall review all submitted applications and approve or deny such application based on whether the applicant school district has demonstrated extraordinary need. As part of its review if an application, the state finance council may conduct a hearing and provide the applicant school district an opportunity to present testimony as to such school district’s extraordinary need. In determining whether a school district has demonstrated extraordinary need, the state finance council shall consider: (1) Any extraordinary increase in enrollment of the applicant school district for the current school year; (2) any extraordinary decrease in the assessed valuation of the applicant school district for the current school year; and (3) any other unforeseen acts or circumstances which substantially impact the applicant school district’s general fund budget for the current school year.

(c) If the state finance council approves an application it shall certify to the state board of education that such application was approved and the amount of extraordinary need state aid to be disbursed to the applicant school district from the school district extraordinary need fund. In approving any application for extraordinary need state aid, the state finance council may approve an amount of extraordinary need state aid that is less than the amount the school district requested in the application. If the state finance council denies an application, then within 15 days of such denial it shall send written notice of such denial to the superintendent of such school district. The decision of the state finance council shall be final.

(d) There is hereby established in the state treasury the school district extraordinary need fund which shall be administered by the state department of education. All expenditures from the school district extraordinary need fund shall be used for the disbursement of extraordinary need state aid as approved by the state finance council under this section. All expenditures from the school district extraordinary need fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the state board of education, or the designee of the state board of education. At the end of each fiscal year, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer to the state general fund any moneys in the school district extraordinary need fund on such date in excess of the amount required to pay all amounts of extraordinary need state aid approved by the state finance council for the current school year.

(e) For school year 2015-2016 and school year 2016-2017, the state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports an amount equal to the aggregate of the amount determined under section 6(a)(7), and amendments thereto, for all school districts. Upon receipt of
such certification, the director shall transfer the certified amount from the state general fund to the school district extraordinary need fund. All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund.

(f) The approvals by the state finance council required by this section are hereby characterized as matters of legislative delegation and subject to the guidelines prescribed in K.S.A. 75-3711c(c), and amendments thereto. Such approvals may be given by the state finance council when the legislature is in session.

(g) The provisions of this section shall expire on July 1, 2017.

New Sec. 18. (a) Any fund established in a school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6409, 72-6420 through 72-6424 or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6414a or 72-6414b, and amendments thereto, prior to their repeal, shall continue in existence in such school district, subject to the provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 19. (a) Except for the bond and interest fund, the board of any school district may transfer moneys from the general fund to any other fund of the school district in any school year. Except for the bond and interest fund, special education fund and special retirement contributions fund, the board of any school district may transfer moneys from any fund of the school district to the general fund of the school district.

(b) The board of any school district may transfer moneys from any other fund to the special education fund or special retirement contributions fund of the school district, but no transfers shall be authorized from the bond and interest fund, special education fund or special retirement contributions fund. Moneys in the bond and interest fund, special education fund and special retirement contributions fund shall only be expended for such purposes as permitted by law.

(c) The aggregate amount of money transferred pursuant to this section from the capital outlay fund of a school district to the general fund of the school district, or to any other fund of the school district for any school year shall not exceed the aggregate amount of money held in the capital outlay fund that is not directly attributable to any tax levied under the authority of K.S.A. 72-5801, and amendments thereto.

(d) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 20. (a) In order to accomplish the mission for Kansas education, the state board of education shall design and adopt a school performance accreditation system based upon improvement in performance that reflects high academic standards and is measurable.

(b) The state board shall establish curriculum standards which reflect high academic standards for the core academic areas of mathematics, science, reading, writing and social studies. The curriculum standards shall be reviewed at least every seven years. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed in any manner so as to impinge upon any district’s authority to determine its own curriculum.

(c) The state board shall provide for statewide assessments in the core academic areas of mathematics, science, reading, writing and social studies. The board shall ensure compatibility between the statewide assessments and the curriculum standards established pursuant to subsection (b). Such assessments shall be administered at three grade levels, as determined by the board. The state board shall determine performance levels on the statewide assessments, the achievement of which represents high academic standards in the academic area at the grade level to which the assessment applies. The state board shall specify high academic standards both for individual performance and school performance on the assessments.

(d) Each school in every district shall establish a school site council composed of the principal and representatives of teachers and other school personnel, parents of pupils attending the school, the business community, and other community groups. School site councils shall be responsible for providing advice and counsel in evaluating state, school district, and school site performance goals and objectives and in determining the methods that should be employed at the school site to meet these goals and objectives. Site councils may make recommendations and
proposals to the school board regarding budgetary items and school district matters, including, but not limited to, identifying and implementing the best practices for developing efficient and effective administrative and management functions. Site councils also may help school boards analyze the unique environment of schools, enhance the efficiency and maximize limited resources, including outsourcing arrangements and cooperative opportunities as a means to address limited budgets.

(e) Whenever the state board of education determines that a school has failed either to meet the accreditation requirements established by rules and regulations or standards adopted by the state board or provide the curriculum required by state law, the state board shall so notify the school district in which the school is located. Such notice shall specify the accreditation requirements that the school has failed to meet and the curriculum that the school has failed to provide. Upon receipt of such notice, the board of education of such school district is encouraged to reallocate the resources of the school district to remedy all deficiencies identified by the state board. When making such reallocation, the board of education shall take into consideration the resource strategies of highly resource-efficient districts as identified in phase III of the Kansas education resource management study conducted by Standard and Poor’s (March 2006).

(f) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 21. (a) The state board may adopt rules and regulations for the administration of the provisions of the classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

New Sec. 22. (a) The provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto, shall not be severable. If any provision of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto, is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by court order, all provisions of sections 4 through 22, and amendments thereto, shall be null and void.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be effective from and after July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017.

Sec. 23. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 10-1116a is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1116a. The limitations on expenditures imposed under the cash-basis law shall not apply to:

(a) Expenditures in excess of current revenues made for municipally owned and operated utilities out of the fund of such utilities caused by, or resulting from the meeting of, extraordinary emergencies including drought emergencies. In such cases expenditures in excess of current revenues may be made by declaring an extraordinary emergency by resolution adopted by the governing body and such resolution shall be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in such city. Thereupon, such governing body may issue interest bearing no-fund warrants on such utility fund in an amount, including outstanding previously issued no-fund warrants, not to exceed 25% of the revenues from sales of service of such utility for the preceding year. Such warrants shall be redeemed within three years from date of issuance and shall bear interest at a rate of not to exceed the maximum rate of interest prescribed by K.S.A. 10-1009, and amendments thereto. Upon the declaration of a drought emergency, the governing body may issue such warrants for water system improvement purposes in an amount not to exceed 50% of the revenue received from the sale of water for the preceding year. Such warrants shall be redeemed within five years from the date of issuance and shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate of interest prescribed by K.S.A. 10-1009, and amendments thereto.

(b) Expenditures in any month by school districts which are in excess of current revenues if the deficit or shortage in revenues is caused by, or a result of, the payment of state aid after the date prescribed for the payment of state aid during such month under K.S.A. 72-6417 or 72-6424 section 7, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 24. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 12-1677 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1677. (a) Except as otherwise required by state or federal law, all moneys earned and collected from investments by counties, area vocational-technical schools and quasi-municipal cor-
porations authorized in this act shall be credited to the general fund of such county, area vocational-technical school or quasi-municipal corpo-
ration by the treasurer thereof, and all moneys earned and collected from investments by school districts authorized in this act shall be credited in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6427, and amendments thereto to the general fund of the school district.

(b) The treasurer of each county, school district, area vocational-tech-
nical school or quasi-municipal corporation shall maintain a complete rec-
ord of all investments authorized in this act and shall make a quarterly written report of such record to the governing body of such county, school district, area vocational-technical school or quasi-municipal corporation.

Sec. 25. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 12-1770a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1770a. As used in this act, and amendments thereto, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

(a) “Auto race track facility” means: (1) An auto race track facility and facilities directly related and necessary to the operation of an auto race track facility, including, but not limited to, grandstands, suites and viewing areas, concessions, souvenir facilities, catering facilities, visitor and retail centers, signage and temporary hospitality facilities, but excluding (2) hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities, not directly related to or necessary to the operation of such facility.

(b) “Base year assessed valuation” means the assessed valuation of all real property within the boundaries of a redevelopment district on the date the redevelopment district was established.

(c) “Blighted area” means an area which:

(1) Because of the presence of a majority of the following factors, substantially impair or arrests the development and growth of the municipality or constitutes an economic or social liability or is a menace to the public health, safety, morals or welfare in its present condition and use:

(A) A substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures;
(B) predomiance of defective or inadequate street layout;
(C) unsanitary or unsafe conditions;
(D) deterioration of site improvements;
(E) tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair market value of the real property;
(F) defective or unusual conditions of title including but not limited to cloudy or defective titles, multiple or unknown ownership interests to the property;

(G) improper subdivision or obsolete platting or land uses;

(H) the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire or other causes; or

(1) conditions which create economic obsolescence; or

(2) has been identified by any state or federal environmental agency as being environmentally contaminated to an extent that requires a remedial investigation; feasibility study and remediation or other similar state or federal action; or

(3) a majority of the property is a 100-year floodplain area; or

(4) previously was found by resolution of the governing body to be a slum or a blighted area under K.S.A. 17-4742 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(d) “Conservation area” means any improved area comprising 15% or less of the land area within the corporate limits of a city in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more, which area is not yet blighted, but may become a blighted area due to the existence of a combination of two or more of the following factors:

(1) Dilapidation, obsolescence or deterioration of the structures;

(2) illegal use of individual structures;

(3) the presence of structures below minimum code standards;

(4) building abandonment;

(5) excessive vacancies;

(6) overcrowding of structures and community facilities; or

(7) inadequate utilities and infrastructure.

(e) “De minimus” means an amount less than 15% of the land area within a redevelopment district.
(f) “Developer” means any person, firm, corporation, partnership or limited liability company, other than a city and other than an agency, political subdivision or instrumentality of the state or a county when relating to a bioscience development district.

(g) “Eligible area” means a blighted area, conservation area, enterprise zone, intermodal transportation area, major tourism area or a major commercial entertainment and tourism area or bioscience development area.

(h) “Enterprise zone” means an area within a city that was designated as an enterprise zone prior to July 1, 1992, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-17,107 through 12-17,113, and amendments thereto, prior to its repeal and the conservation, development or redevelopment of the area is necessary to promote the general and economic welfare of such city.

(i) “Environmental increment” means the increment determined pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 12-1771a(b), and amendments thereto.

(j) “Environmentally contaminated area” means an area of land having contaminated groundwater or soil which is deemed environmentally contaminated by the department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency.

(k) (1) “Feasibility study” means:

(A) A study which shows whether a redevelopment project’s or bioscience development project’s benefits and tax increment revenue and other available revenues under subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 12-1774(a)(1), and amendments thereto, are expected to exceed or be sufficient to pay for the redevelopment or bioscience development project costs; and

(B) the effect, if any, the redevelopment project costs or bioscience development project will have on any outstanding special obligation bonds payable from the revenues described in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774(a)(1)(D), and amendments thereto.

(2) For a redevelopment project or bioscience project financed by bonds payable from revenues described in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774(a)(1)(D), and amendments thereto, the feasibility study must also include:

(A) A statement of how the taxes obtained from the project will contribute significantly to the economic development of the jurisdiction in which the project is located;

(B) a statement concerning whether a portion of the local sales and use taxes are pledged to other uses and are unavailable as revenue for the redevelopment project. If a portion of local sales and use taxes is so committed, the applicant shall describe the following:

(i) The percentage of sales and use taxes collected that are so committed; and

(ii) the date or dates on which the local sales and use taxes pledged to other uses can be pledged for repayment of special obligation bonds;

(C) an anticipated principal and interest payment schedule on the bonds;

(D) following approval of the redevelopment plan, the feasibility study shall be supplemented to include a copy of the minutes of the governing body meeting or meetings of any city whose bonding authority will be utilized in the project, evidencing that a redevelopment plan has been created, discussed, and adopted by the city in a regularly scheduled open public meeting; and

(E) the failure to include all information enumerated in this subsection in the feasibility study for a redevelopment or bioscience project shall not affect the validity of bonds issued pursuant to this act.

(l) “Major tourism area” means an area for which the secretary has made a finding the capital improvements costing not less than $100,000,000 will be built in the state to construct an auto race track facility.

(m) “Real property taxes” means all taxes levied on an ad valorem basis upon land and improvements thereon, except that when relating to a bioscience development district, as defined in this section, “real property taxes” does not include property taxes levied for schools, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431-11, and amendments thereto.

(n) “Redevelopment project area” means an area designated by a city within a redevelopment district or, if the redevelopment district is estab-
lished for an intermodal transportation area, an area designated by a city within or outside of the redevelopment district.

(o) "Redevelopment project costs" means: (1) Those costs necessary to implement a redevelopment project plan or a bioscience development project plan, including costs incurred for:
(A) Acquisition of property within the redevelopment project area;
(B) Payment of relocation assistance pursuant to a relocation assistance plan as provided in K.S.A. 12-1777, and amendments thereto;
(C) Site preparation including utility relocations;
(D) Sanitary and storm sewers and lift stations;
(E) Drainage conduits, channels, levees and river walk canal facilities;
(F) Street grading, paving, graveling, macadamizing, curbing, guttering and surfacing;
(G) Street light fixtures, connection and facilities;
(H) Underground gas, water, heating and electrical services and connections located within the public right-of-way;
(I) Sidewalks and pedestrian underpasses or overpasses;
(J) Drives and driveway approaches located within the public right-of-way;
(K) Water mains and extensions;
(L) Plazas and arcades;
(M) Major multi-sport athletic complex;
(N) Museum facility;
(O) Parking facilities including multilevel parking facilities;
(P) Landscaping and plantings, fountains, shelters, benches, sculptures, lighting, decorations and similar amenities;
(Q) Related expenses to redevelop and finance the redevelopment project;
(R) For purposes of an incubator project, such costs shall also include wet lab equipment including hoods, lab tables, heavy water equipment and all such other equipment found to be necessary or appropriate for a commercial incubator wet lab facility by the city in its resolution establishing such redevelopment district or a bioscience development district;
(S) Costs for the acquisition of land for and the construction and installation of publicly-owned infrastructure improvements which serve an intermodal transportation area and are located outside of a redevelopment district; and
(T) Costs for infrastructure located outside the redevelopment district but contiguous to any portion of the redevelopment district and such infrastructure is necessary for the implementation of the redevelopment plan as determined by the city.

(2) Redevelopment project costs shall not include: (A) Costs incurred in connection with the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned by or leased to a developer, however, the "redevelopment project costs" shall include costs incurred in connection with the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned or leased to a developer which includes an auto race track facility or a multilevel parking facility.
(B) In addition, for a redevelopment project financed with special obligation bonds payable from the revenues described in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774(a)(1)(D), and amendments thereto, redevelopment project costs shall not include:
(i) Fees and commissions paid to developers, real estate agents, financial advisors or any other consultants who represent the developers or any other businesses considering locating in or located in a redevelopment district;
(ii) Salaries for local government employees;
(iii) Moving expenses for employees of the businesses locating within the redevelopment district;
(iv) Property taxes for businesses that locate in the redevelopment district;
(v) Lobbying costs;
(vi) A bond origination fee charged by the city pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1742, and amendments thereto;
(vii) Any personal property, as defined in K.S.A. 79-102, and amendments thereto; and
(viii) Travel, entertainment and hospitality.
(p) "Redevelopment district" means the specific area declared to be
an eligible area in which the city may develop one or more redevelopment projects.

(q) “Redevelopment district plan” or “district plan” means the preliminary plan that identifies all of the proposed redevelopment project areas and identifies in a general manner all of the buildings, facilities and improvements in each that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each redevelopment project area or, if the redevelopment district is established for an intermodal transportation area, in or outside of the redevelopment district.

(r) “Redevelopment project” means the approved project to implement a project plan for the development of the established redevelopment district.

(s) “Redevelopment project plan” means the plan adopted by a municipality for the development of a redevelopment project or projects which conforms with K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, in a redevelopment district.

(t) “Substantial change” means, as applicable, a change wherein the proposed plan or plans differ substantially from the intended purpose for which the district plan or project plan was approved.

(u) “Tax increment” means that amount of real property taxes collected from real property located within the redevelopment district that is in excess of the amount of real property taxes which is collected from the base year assessed valuation.

(v) “Taxing subdivision” means the county, city, unified school district and any other taxing subdivision levying real property taxes, the territory or jurisdiction of which includes any currently existing or subsequently created redevelopment district including a bioscience development district.

(w) “River walk canal facilities” means a canal and related water features which flows through a redevelopment district and facilities related or contiguous thereto, including, but not limited to pedestrian walkways and promenades, landscaping and parking facilities.

(x) “Major commercial entertainment and tourism area” may include, but not be limited to, a major multi-sport athletic complex.

(y) “Major multi-sport athletic complex” means an athletic complex that is utilized for the training of athletes, the practice of athletic teams, the playing of athletic games or the hosting of events. Such project may include playing fields, parking lots and other developments including grandstands, suites and viewing areas, concessions, souvenir facilities, catering facilities, visitor centers, signage and temporary hospitality facilities, but excluding hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities, not directly related to or necessary to the operation of such facility.

(z) “Bioscience” means the use of compositions, methods and organisms in cellular and molecular research, development and manufacturing processes for such diverse areas as pharmaceuticals, medical therapeutics, medical diagnostics, medical devices, medical instruments, biochemistry, microbiology, veterinary medicine, plant biology, agriculture, industrial environmental and homeland security applications of bioscience and future developments in the biosciences. Bioscience includes biotechnology and life sciences.

(aa) “Bioscience development area” means an area that:

(1) Is or shall be owned, operated, or leased by, or otherwise under the control of the Kansas bioscience authority;

(2) is or shall be used and maintained by a bioscience company; or

(3) includes a bioscience facility.

(bb) “Bioscience development district” means the specific area, created under K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, where one or more bioscience development projects may be undertaken.

(cc) “Bioscience development project” means an approved project to implement a project plan in a bioscience development district.

(dd) “Bioscience development project plan” means the plan adopted by the authority for a bioscience development project pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, in a bioscience development district.

(ee) “Bioscience facility” means real property and all improvements thereof used to conduct bioscience research, including, without limitation, laboratory space, incubator space, office space and any and all facilities directly related and necessary to the operation of a bioscience facility.
(ff) “Bioscience project area” means an area designated by the authority within a bioscience development district.

(gg) “Biotechnology” means those fields focusing on technological developments in such areas as molecular biology, genetic engineering, genomics, proteomics, physics, nanotechnology, biodefense, bioinformatics and future developments associated with biotechnology.

(hh) “Board” means the board of directors of the Kansas bioscience authority.

(ii) “Life sciences” means the areas of medical sciences, pharmaceutical sciences, biological sciences, zoology, botany, horticulture, ecology, toxicology, organic chemistry, physical chemistry, physiology and any future advances associated with life sciences.

(jj) “Revenue increase” means that amount of real property taxes collected from real property located within the bioscience development district that is in excess of the amount of real property taxes which is collected from the base year assessed valuation.

(kk) “Taxpayer” means a person, corporation, limited liability company, S corporation, partnership, registered limited liability partnership, foundation, association, nonprofit entity, sole proprietorship, business trust, group or other entity that is subject to the Kansas income tax act, K.S.A. 79-3201 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(ll) “Floodplain increment” means the increment determined pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 12-1771e(b), and amendments thereto.

(mm) “100-year floodplain area” means an area of land existing in a 100-year floodplain as determined by either an engineering study of a Kansas certified engineer or by the United States federal emergency management agency.

(nn) “Major motorsports complex” means a complex in Shawnee county that is utilized for the hosting of competitions involving motor vehicles, including, but not limited to, automobiles, motorcycles or other self-propelled vehicles other than a motorized bicycle or motorized wheelchair. Such project may include racetracks, all facilities directly related and necessary to the operation of a motorsports complex, including, but not limited to, parking lots, grandstands, suites and viewing areas, concessions, souvenir facilities, catering facilities, visitor and retail centers, signage and temporary hospitality facilities, but excluding hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities not directly related to or necessary to the operation of such facility.

(oo) “Intermodal transportation area” means an area of not less than 800 acres to be developed primarily to handle the transfer, storage and distribution of freight through railway and trucking operations.

(pp) “Museum facility” means a separate newly-constructed museum building and facilities directly related and necessary to the operation thereof, including gift shops and restaurant facilities, but excluding hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities not directly related to or necessary to the operation of such facility. The museum facility shall be owned by the state, a city, county, other political subdivision of the state or a non-profit corporation, shall be managed by the state, a city, county, other political subdivision of the state or a non-profit corporation and may not be leased to any developer and shall not be located within any retail or commercial building.

Sec. 26. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 12-1775a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1775a. (a) Prior to December 31, 1996, the governing body of each city which, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, has established a redevelopment district prior to July 1, 1996, shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to the amount of revenue realized from ad valorem taxes imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431 section 11, and amendments thereto, within such redevelopment district. Prior to February 1, 1997, and annually on that date thereafter, the governing body of each such city shall certify to the director of accounts and reports an amount equal to the amount by which revenues realized from such ad valorem taxes imposed in such redevelopment district are estimated to be reduced for the ensuing calendar year due to legislative changes in the statewide school finance formula. Prior to March 1 of each year, the director of accounts
and reports shall certify to the state treasurer each amount certified by
the governing bodies of cities under this section for the ensuing calendar
year and shall transfer from the state general fund to the city tax incre-
ment financing revenue fund the aggregate of all amounts so certified.
Prior to April 15 of each year, the state treasurer shall pay from the city
tax increment financing revenue fund to each city certifying an amount
to the director of accounts and reports under this section for the ensuing
calendar year the amount so certified.

(b) There is hereby created the tax increment financing revenue re-
placement fund which shall be administered by the state treasurer. All
expenditures from the tax increment financing revenue replacement fund
shall be made in accordance with appropriations acts upon warrants of
the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved
by the state treasurer or a person or persons designated by the state
treasurer.

Sec. 27. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 12-1776a is
hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1776a. (a) As used in this section:

(1) ‘‘School district’’ means any school district in which is located a
redevelopment district for which bonds have been issued pursuant to
K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(2) ‘‘Base year assessed valuation,’’ ‘‘redevelopment district’’ and ‘‘re-
development project’’ shall have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A.
12-1770a, and amendments thereto.

(b) No later than November 1 of each year, the county clerk of each
county shall certify to the state board of education the assessed valuation
of any school district located within a redevelopment district in such
county. For the purposes of this section and for determining the amount
of state aid for school districts under K.S.A. 72-6434 and
75-2319, and
amendments thereto, the base year assessed valuation of property within
the boundaries of a redevelopment district shall be used when determin-
ing the assessed valuation of a school district until the bonds issued pur-
suant to K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, to finance
redevelopment projects in the redevelopment district have been retired.

Sec. 28. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-978 is
hereby amended to read as follows: 72-978. (a) Each year, the state board
of education shall determine the amount of state aid for the provision of
special education and related services each school district shall receive
for the ensuing school year. The amount of such state aid shall be com-
puted by the state board as provided in this section. The state board shall:

(1) Determine the total amount of general fund and local option
budgets of all school districts;

(2) subtract from the amount determined in paragraph subsection (a)(1) the total amount attributable to assignment of transportation weightings, program weighting, special education weightings, and at-risk pupil weighting, as those weightings were calculated under the school district finance and quality performance act, prior to its repeal, to en-
rollment of all school districts;

(3) divide the remainder obtained in paragraph subsection (a) by the total number of full-time equivalent pupils enrolled in all school dis-
tricts on September 20;

(4) determine the total full-time equivalent enrollment of exceptional children receiving special education and related services provided by all school districts;

(5) multiply the amount of the quotient obtained in paragraph subsection (a)(2) by the full-time equivalent enrollment determined in paragraph subsection (a)(4);

(6) determine the amount of federal funds received by all school dis-
tricts for the provision of special education and related services;

(7) determine the amount of revenue received by all school districts rendered under contracts with the state institutions for the provisions of special education and related services by the state institution;

(8) add the amounts determined under paragraphs subsections (a)(6) and (a)(7) to the amount of the product obtained under paragraph subsection (a)(5);

(9) determine the total amount of expenditures of all school districts for the provision of special education and related services;

(10) subtract the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph sub-
(8) from the amount determined under paragraph subsection (a); and
(11) multiply the remainder obtained under paragraph subsection (a)(10) by 92%.

The computed amount is the amount of state aid for the provision of special education and related services aid a school district is entitled to receive for the ensuing school year.

(b) Each school district shall be entitled to receive:
(1) Reimbursement for actual travel allowances paid to special teachers at not to exceed the rate specified under K.S.A. 75-3203, and amendments thereto, for each mile actually traveled during the school year in connection with duties in providing special education or related services for exceptional children; such reimbursement shall be computed by the state board by ascertaining the actual travel allowances paid to special teachers by the school district for the school year and shall be in an amount equal to 80% of such actual travel allowances;
(2) reimbursement in an amount equal to 80% of the actual travel expenses incurred for providing transportation for exceptional children to special education or related services; such reimbursement shall not be paid if such child has been counted in determining the transportation weighting of the district under the provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act;
(3) reimbursement in an amount equal to 80% of the actual expenses incurred for the maintenance of an exceptional child at some place other than the residence of such child for the purpose of providing special education or related services; such reimbursement shall not exceed $600 per exceptional child per school year; and
(4) (A) except for those school districts entitled to receive reimbursement under subsection (c) or (d), after subtracting the amounts of reimbursement under paragraphs subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3) of subsection (a) from the total amount appropriated for special education and related services under this act, an amount which bears the same proportion to the remaining amount appropriated as the number of full-time equivalent special teachers who are qualified to provide special education or related services to exceptional children and are employed by the school district for approved special education or related services bears to the total number of such qualified full-time equivalent special teachers employed by all school districts for approved special education or related services.
(B) Each special teacher who is qualified to assist in the provision of special education or related services to exceptional children shall be counted as $2/5 full-time equivalent special teacher who is qualified to provide special education or related services to exceptional children.
(C) For purposes of this paragraph subsection (b)(4), a special teacher, qualified to assist in the provision of special education and related services to exceptional children, who assists in providing special education and related services to exceptional children at either the state school for the blind or the state school for the deaf and whose services are paid for by a school district pursuant to K.S.A. 76-1006 or 76-1102, and amendments thereto, shall be considered a special teacher of such school district.
(c) Each school district which has paid amounts for the provision of special education and related services under an interlocal agreement shall be entitled to receive reimbursement under subsection (b)(4). The amount of such reimbursement for the district shall be the amount which bears the same relation to the aggregate amount available for reimbursement for the provision of special education and related services under the interlocal agreement, as the amount paid by such district in the current school year for provision of such special education and related services bears to the aggregate of all amounts paid by all school districts in the current school year who have entered into such interlocal agreement for provision of such special education and related services.
(d) Each contracting school district which has paid amounts for the provision of special education and related services as a member of a cooperative shall be entitled to receive reimbursement under subsection (b)(4). The amount of such reimbursement for the district shall be the amount which bears the same relation to the aggregate amount available for reimbursement for the provision of special education and related serv-
ices by the cooperative, as the amount paid by such district in the current school year for provision of such special education and related services bears to the aggregate of all amounts paid by all contracting school districts in the current school year by such cooperative for provision of such special education and related services.

(c) No time spent by a special teacher in connection with duties performed under a contract entered into by the Kansas juvenile correctional complex, the Atchison juvenile correctional facility, the Larned juvenile correctional facility, or the Topeka juvenile correctional facility and a school district for the provision of special education services by such state institution shall be counted in making computations under this section.

(f) There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the special education fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the school district from whatever source for special education shall be deposited in the special education fund established by this section, except that: (1) Amounts of payments received by a school district under K.S.A. 72-979, and amendments thereto, and amounts of grants, if any, received by a school district under K.S.A. 72-983, and amendments thereto, shall be deposited in the general fund of the district and transferred to the special education fund; and (2) moneys received by a school district pursuant to lawful agreements made under K.S.A. 72-968, and amendments thereto, shall be credited to the special education fund established under the agreements.

(g) The expenses of a school district directly attributable to special education shall be paid from the special education fund and from special funds established under K.S.A. 72-968, and amendments thereto.

(h) Obligations of a school district pursuant to lawful agreements made under K.S.A. 72-968, and amendments thereto, shall be paid from the special education fund established by this section.

Sec. 29. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1046b is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-1046b. (a) As used in this section:

(1) “School district” means a school district organized and operating under the laws of this state and no part of which is located in Johnson county, Sedgwick county, Shawnee county or Wyandotte county.

(2) “Non-resident pupil” or “pupil” means a pupil who is enrolled and in attendance at a school located in a district in which such pupil is not a resident and is not a resident of Johnson county, Sedgwick county, Shawnee county or Wyandotte county; or (B) is a member of the family of a pupil meeting the condition prescribed in subpart (A).

(3) “Member of the family” means a brother or sister of the whole or half blood or by adoption, a stepbrother or stepsister, and a foster brother or foster sister.

(b) The board of education of any school district may allow any pupil who is not a resident of the district to enroll in and attend school in such district. The board of education of such district may furnish or provide transportation to any non-resident pupil who is enrolled in and attending school in the district pursuant to this section. If the district agrees to furnish or provide transportation to a non-resident pupil, such transportation shall be furnished or provided until the end of the school year. Prior to providing or furnishing transportation to a non-resident pupil, the district shall notify the board of education of the district in which the pupil resides that transportation will be furnished or provided.

(c) Pupils attending school in a school district in which the pupil does not reside pursuant to this section shall be counted as regularly enrolled in and attending school in the district where the pupil is enrolled for the purpose of computations, except computation of transportation weighting, under the school district finance and quality performance act under the classroom learning ensuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, and for the purposes of the statutory provisions contained in article 83 of chapter 72 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Such non-resident pupil shall not be charged for the costs of attendance at school.

Sec. 30. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1398 is
hereby amended to read as follows: 72-1398. (a) The national board for professional teaching standards certification incentive program is hereby established for the purpose of rewarding teachers who have attained certification from the national board. Teachers who have attained certification from the national board shall be issued a master teacher’s license by the state board of education. A master teacher’s license shall be valid for 10 years and renewable thereafter every 10 years through compliance with continuing education and professional development requirements prescribed by the state board. Teachers who have attained certification from the national board and who are employed by a school district shall be paid an incentive bonus in the amount of $1,000 each school year that the teacher remains employed by a school district and retains a valid master teacher’s license.

(b) The board of education of each school district employing one or more national board certified teachers shall pay the incentive bonus to each such teacher in each school year that the teacher retains eligibility for such payment. Each board of education which has made payments of incentive bonuses to national board certified teachers under this subsection may file an application with the state board of education for state aid and shall certify to the state board the amount of such payments. The application and certification shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the state board, shall contain such information as the state board shall require and shall be filed at the time specified by the state board.

(c) In each school year, each school district employing one or more national board certified teachers is entitled to receive from appropriations for the national board for professional teaching standards certification incentive program an amount which is equal to the amount certified to the state board of education in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b). The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district. The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of each school district entitled to payment under this section upon vouchers approved by the state board.

(d) Moneys received by a board of education under this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district and shall be considered reimbursements to the district for the purpose of the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, and may be expended whether the same have been budgeted or not.

(e) The state board of education is authorized to provide scholarships of $1,100 each to teachers who are accepted to participate in the national board for professional teaching standards program for initial certification. The state board of education is authorized to provide scholarships of $500 each to teachers who are accepted to participate in the national board for professional teaching standards program for renewal of certification. Any teacher who has been accepted to participate in such program may file an application with the state board of education for a scholarship. The application shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the state board, shall contain such information as the state board shall require and shall be filed at the time specified by the state board.

(f) As used in this section, the term “school district” means any school district organized and operating under the laws of this state.

Sec. 31. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-1414 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-1414. (a) On or before January 1, 2001, the state board of education shall adopt rules and regulations for the administration of mentor teacher programs and shall:

(1) establish standards and criteria for evaluating and approving mentor teacher programs and applications of school districts for grants;
(2) evaluate and approve mentor teacher programs;
(3) establish criteria for determination of exemplary teaching ability of certificated teachers for qualification as mentor teachers;
(4) prescribe guidelines for the selection by boards of education of mentor teachers and for the provision by boards of education of training programs for mentor teachers;
(5) be responsible for awarding grants to school districts; and
(6) request of and receive from each school district which is awarded
(b) Subject to the availability of appropriations for mentor teacher programs maintained by school districts, and within the limits of any such appropriations, the state board of education shall determine the amount of grants to be awarded school districts by multiplying an amount not to exceed $1,000 by the number of mentor teachers participating in the program maintained by a school district. The product is the amount of the grant to be awarded to the district. Upon receipt of a grant of state moneys for maintenance of a mentor teacher program, the amount of the grant shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district. Moneys deposited in the general fund of a school district under this subsection shall be considered reimbursements for the purpose of the school district finance and quality performance act classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto. The full amount of the grant shall be allocated among the mentor teachers employed by the school district so as to provide a mentor teacher with an annual stipend in an amount not to exceed $1,000. Such annual stipend shall be over and above the regular salary to which the mentor teacher is entitled for the school year.

Sec. 32. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1923 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-1923. (a) Except as provided in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1925, and amendments thereto, the board of education of any school district may apply to the state board for a grant of authority to operate such school district as a public innovative district. The application shall be submitted in the form and manner prescribed by the state board, and shall be submitted not later than December 1 of the school year preceding the school year in which the school district intends to operate as a public innovative district.

(b) The application shall include the following:

1. A description of the educational programs of the public innovative district;
2. A description of the interest and support for partnerships between the public innovative district, parents and the community;
3. The specific goals and the measurable pupil outcomes to be obtained by operating as a public innovative district; and
4. An explanation of how pupil performance in achieving the specified outcomes will be measured, evaluated and reported.

(c) (1) Within 90 days from the date such application is submitted, the state board shall review the application to determine compliance with this section, and shall approve or deny such application on or before the conclusion of such 90-day period. If the application is determined to be in compliance with this section, the state board shall approve such application and grant the school district authority to operate as a public innovative district. Notification of such approval shall be sent to the board of education of such school district within 10 days after such decision.

(2) If the state board determines such application is not in compliance with either this section, or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1925, and amendments thereto, the state board shall deny such application. Notification of such denial shall be sent to the board of education of such school district within 10 days after such decision and shall specify the reasons therefor. Within 30 days from the date such notification is sent, the board of education of such school district may submit a request to the state board for reconsideration of the application and may submit an amended application with such request. The state board shall act on the request for reconsideration within 60 days of receipt of such request.

(d) A public innovative district shall:

1. Not charge tuition for any of the pupils residing within the public innovative district;
2. Participate in all Kansas math and reading assessments applicable to such public innovative district, or an alternative assessment program for measuring student progress as determined by the board of education;
3. Abide by all financial and auditing requirements that are applicable to school districts, except that a public innovative district may use generally accepted accounting principles;
4. Comply with all applicable health, safety and access laws; and
(5) comply with all statements set forth in the application submitted pursuant to subsection (a).

(e) (1) Except as otherwise provided in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1921 through 72-1930, and amendments thereto, or as required by the board of education of the public innovative district, a public innovative district shall be exempt from all laws and rules and regulations that are applicable to school districts.

(2) A public innovative district shall be subject to the special education for exceptional children act, the virtual school act, the school district finance and quality performance act, the classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto, all laws governing the issuance of general obligation bonds by school districts, the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto, and all laws governing the election of members of the board of education, the open meetings act as provided in K.S.A. 75-4317 et seq., and amendments thereto, and the open records act as provided in K.S.A. 45-215 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 33. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3607 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-3607. (a) There is hereby established in every school district which has developed and is operating a parent education program for which grants are awarded under this act a fund which shall be called the parent education program fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the school district from whatever source for a parent education program operated under this act shall be credited to the fund established by this section. Amounts deposited in the parent education program fund shall be used exclusively for the payment of expenses directly attributable to the program or may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.

(b) Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the parent education program fund of a school district on June 30 of the current school year, may be expended in the school year that immediately succeeds such date by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.

Sec. 34. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3711 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-3711. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3711 through 72-3715, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the virtual school act.

Sec. 35. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3712 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-3712. As used in the virtual school act:

(a) "Virtual school" means any school or educational program that:
   (1) Is offered for credit; (2) uses distance-learning technologies which predominately use internet-based methods to deliver instruction; (3) involves instruction that occurs asynchronously with the teacher and pupil in separate locations; (4) requires the pupil to make academic progress toward the next grade level and matriculation from kindergarten through high school graduation; (5) requires the pupil to demonstrate competence in subject matter for each class or subject in which the pupil is enrolled as part of the virtual school; and (6) requires age-appropriate pupils to complete state assessment tests.

(b) "School district" means any school district which offers a virtual school.

(c) Except as provided by the virtual school act, words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the school district finance and quality performance act section 5, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 36. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3715 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-3715. (a) In order to be included in the full-time equivalent enrollment of a virtual school, a pupil shall be in attendance at the virtual school on: (1) A single school day on or before September 19 of each school year; and (2) on a single school day on or after September 20, but before October 4 of each school year.

(b) A school district which offers a virtual school shall determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of each pupil enrolled in the virtual school on September 20 of each school year as follows:
(1) Determine the number of hours the pupil was in attendance on a single school day on or before September 19 of each school year;
(2) determine the number of hours the pupil was in attendance on a single school day on or after September 20, but before October 4 of each school year;
(3) add the numbers obtained under paragraphs (1) and (2);
(4) divide the sum obtained under paragraph (3) by 12. The quotient is the full-time equivalent enrollment of the pupil.
(c) The school days on which a district determines the full-time equivalent enrollment of a pupil under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsections (b)(1) and (2) shall be the school days on which the pupil has the highest number of hours of attendance at the virtual school. No more than six hours of attendance may be counted in a single school day. Attendance may be shown by a pupil’s online activity or entries in the pupil’s virtual school journal or log of activities.
(d) Subject to the availability of appropriations for virtual school state aid and within the limits of any such appropriations, each school year a school district which offers a virtual school shall be entitled to receive virtual school state aid.
(1) The state board of education shall determine the amount of virtual school state aid a school district is entitled to receive as follows:
(A) Multiply the full-time equivalent enrollment of the virtual school by an amount equal to 105% of the amount of base state aid per pupil;
(B) multiply the full-time equivalent enrollment of nonproficient at-risk pupils enrolled in an approved at-risk program offered by the virtual school by an amount equal to 25% of the amount of base state aid per pupil;
(C) add any amount determined under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-3716, and amendments thereto; and
(D) add the amounts obtained under subparagraphs (A) through (C). The sum is the amount of virtual school state aid to which the school district is entitled.
(2) For school year 2015-2016:
(A) Determine the number of pupils enrolled in virtual school on a full-time basis, excluding those pupils who are over 18 years of age, and multiply the total number of such pupils by $5,000;
(B) determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of pupils enrolled in virtual school on a part-time basis, excluding those pupils who are over 18 years of age, and multiply the total full-time equivalent enrollment of such pupils by $4,045;
(C) for pupils enrolled in a virtual school who are over 18 years of age, determine the number of one-hour credit courses such pupils have passed and multiply the total number of such courses by $933; and
(D) add the amounts calculated under subsections (d)(1)(A) through (d)(1)(C). The resulting sum is the amount of virtual school state aid the school district shall receive.
(3) For school year 2016-2017:
(A) Determine the number of pupils enrolled in virtual school on a full-time basis, excluding those pupils who are over 18 years of age, and multiply the total number of such pupils by $5,600;
(B) determine the full-time equivalent enrollment of pupils enrolled in virtual school on a part-time basis, excluding those pupils who are over 18 years of age, and multiply the total full-time equivalent enrollment of such pupils by $1,700;
(C) for pupils enrolled in a virtual school who are over 18 years of age, determine the number of one-hour credit courses such pupils have passed and multiply the total number of such courses by $933; and
(D) add the amounts calculated under subsections (d)(2)(A) through (d)(2)(C). The resulting sum is the amount of virtual school state aid the school district shall receive.
(3) For purposes of this subsection:
(A) "Full-time" means attendance in a virtual school for no less than six hours as determined pursuant to subsection (b).
(B) "Part-time" means attendance in a virtual school for less than six hours as determined pursuant to subsection (b).
(e) There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the virtual school fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law.
ey received as virtual school state aid shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district and transferred to the virtual school fund of the district. The expenses of a school district directly attributable to virtual schools offered by a school district shall be paid from the virtual school fund. The cost of an advance placement course provided to a pupil described in subsection (4)(2)(D) by a virtual school shall be paid by the virtual school. Amounts deposited in the virtual school fund may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.

Any balance remaining in the virtual school fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the virtual school fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the virtual school fund of a school district on June 30 of the current school year may be expended in the school year that immediately succeeds such date by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.

In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the virtual school fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

For the purposes of this section, a pupil enrolled in a virtual school who is not a resident of the state of Kansas shall not be counted in the full-time equivalent enrollment of the virtual school.

Sec. 37. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-5333b is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5333b. (a) The unified school district maintaining and operating a school on the Fort Leavenworth military reservation, being unified school district No. 207 of Leavenworth county, state of Kansas, shall have a governing body, which shall be known as the “Fort Leavenworth school district board of education” and which shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of the commanding general of Fort Leavenworth. One member of the board shall be the president and one member shall be the vice-president. The commanding general, when making any appointment to the board, shall designate which of the offices the member so appointed shall hold. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, the district board and the officers thereof shall have and may exercise all the powers, authority and jurisdiction imposed or conferred by law on unified school districts and boards of education thereof, except such school district shall not offer or operate any of grades 10 through 12.

(b) The board of education of the school district shall not have the power to issue bonds.
(c) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, the provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, apply to the school district. As applied to the school district, the terms school financing sources and federal impact aid shall not include any moneys received by the school district under subsection (3)(d)(2)(b) of public law 81-574. Any such moneys received by the school district shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district or, at the discretion of the board of education, in the capital outlay fund of the school district.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6434 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6434. (a) In each school year For school year 2014-2015, each district that has adopted a local option budget is eligible for entitlement to an amount of supplemental general state aid. Except as provided by K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6434b, and amendments thereto, entitlement of a district to supplemental general state aid shall be determined by the state board as provided in this subsection. The state board shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil in the preceding school year of each district in the state;
(2) rank the districts from low to high on the basis of the amounts of assessed valuation per pupil determined under subsection (a)(1);
(3) identify the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil located at the 81.2 percentile of the amounts ranked under subsection (a)(2);
(4) divide the assessed valuation per pupil of the district in the preceding school year as determined under subsection (a)(1) by the amount identified under subsection (a)(3);

(5) (A) subtract the ratio obtained under (4) from 1.0. If the resulting ratio equals or exceeds 1.0, the eligibility of the district for entitlement to supplemental general state aid shall lapse. If the resulting ratio is less than 1.0, the district is entitled to receive supplemental general state aid in an amount which shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the amount of the local option budget of the district by such ratio. The product is the amount of supplemental general state aid to which the district is entitled to receive for the school year. If the quotient obtained under subsection (a)(4) is less than one, subtract the quotient obtained under subsection (a)(4) from one, and multiply such difference by the amount of the local option budget of the school district; or

(B) if the quotient obtained under subsection (a)(4) equals or exceeds one, the school district shall not be entitled to receive supplemental general state aid; and

(6) determine the amount of supplemental general state aid for each school district eligible to receive such state aid as follows:

(A) For those school districts ranked in the lowest quintile of those school districts eligible to receive supplemental general state aid under subsection (a)(5), multiply the product calculated under subsection (a)(5)(A) by 97%;

(B) for those school districts ranked in the second lowest quintile of those school districts eligible to receive supplemental general state aid under subsection (a)(5), multiply the product calculated under subsection (a)(5)(A) by 95%;

(C) for those school districts ranked in the third lowest quintile of those school districts eligible to receive supplemental general state aid under subsection (a)(5), multiply the product calculated under subsection (a)(5)(A) by 92%;

(D) for those school districts ranked in the second highest quintile of those school districts eligible to receive supplemental general state aid under subsection (a)(5), multiply the product calculated under subsection (a)(5)(A) by 82%; and

(E) for those school districts ranked in the highest quintile of those school districts eligible to receive supplemental general state aid under subsection (a)(5), multiply the product calculated under subsection (a)(5)(A) by 72%.

(b) If the amount of appropriations for supplemental general state aid is less than the amount each district is entitled to receive for the school year, the state board shall prorate the amount appropriated among the districts in proportion to the amount each district is entitled to receive.

(c) The state board shall prescribe the dates upon which the distribution of payments of supplemental general state aid to school districts shall be made. Payments of supplemental general state aid shall be distributed to districts on the dates prescribed by the state board. The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each district, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the district shall credit the amount thereof to the supplemental general fund of the district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

(d) If any amount of supplemental general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year pursuant to the other provisions of this section is not paid on or after the ensuing July 1, as soon as moneys are available therefor. Any payment of supplemental general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year and that is paid to school districts on or after the ensuing July 1 shall be recorded and accounted for by school districts as a receipt for the school year ending on the preceding June 30.

(e) (1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), moneys received as supplemental general state aid shall be used to meet the requirements under the school performance accreditation system adopted by the state board, to provide programs and services required by law and to improve student performance.

(2) Amounts of supplemental general state aid attributable to any
percentage over 25% of state financial aid determined for the current school year may be transferred to the capital improvements fund of the district and the capital outlay fund of the district if such transfers are specified in the resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25%.

(f) For the purposes of determining the total amount of state moneys paid to school districts, all moneys appropriated as supplemental general state aid shall be deemed to be state moneys for educational and support services for school districts.

(g) For school year 2014-2015, for those school districts whose total assessed valuation for school year 2015-2016 is less than such district’s total assessed valuation for school year 2014-2015, and the difference in total assessed valuation between school year 2014-2015 and school year 2015-2016 is an amount that is greater than 25% of the total assessed valuation of such district for school year 2014-2015, and such reduction in total assessed valuation is the direct result of the classification of tangible personal property within such district for property tax purposes pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-507, and amendments thereto, the assessed valuation per pupil for purposes of determining supplemental general state aid shall be based on such district’s total assessed valuation for school year 2015-2016.

Sec. 39. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6460 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6460. (a) For school year 2013-2014 2014-2015, and each school year thereafter, subject to any limitations as provided in this act, any school district may expend the unencumbered balance of the moneys held in the at-risk education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 76-6414a, and amendments thereto, bilingual education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-9509, and amendments thereto, contingency reserve fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-6426, and amendments thereto, driver training fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-6423, and amendments thereto, parent education program fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-3607, and amendments thereto, preschool-aged at-risk education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-6414b, and amendments thereto, professional development fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-9609, and amendments thereto, summer program fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-8237, and amendments thereto, textbook and student materials revolving fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-8250, and amendments thereto, special education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-965 and 72-6420, and amendments thereto, virtual school fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-3715, and amendments thereto, and vocational education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-6421, and amendments thereto, to pay for general operating expenses of the district out of the general fund as approved by the board of education of such district.

The board of education of a school district shall consider the use of such funds in the following order of priority:

(1) At-risk education fund, bilingual education fund, contingency reserve fund, driver training fund, parent education program fund, preschool-aged at-risk education fund, professional development fund, summer program fund, virtual school fund and vocational education fund;

(2) textbook and student materials revolving fund; and

(3) special education fund.

The board of education of a school district shall not be limited to the order of priority as listed in this subsection if the board so chooses. The board of education of a school district shall not be required to use the total amount of the unencumbered balance of moneys in a fund before using the unencumbered balance of moneys in another fund.

(b) The amount of money expended by a school district in school year 2013-2014, and each school year thereafter, from the unencumbered balance of moneys in the funds under subsection (a) of this section shall not exceed, in the aggregate, an amount determined by the state board of education. Such amount shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(1) Determine the adjusted enrollment of the district, excluding special education and related services weighting, for the current school year;

(2) multiply the adjusted enrollment determined under paragraph (1) by $250. The product is the aggregate amount of moneys that may be expended by a school district in the current school year from the unencumbered balance of moneys in the funds under subsection (a) of this section.
It is the public policy goal of the state of Kansas that at least 65% of the aggregate of all unencumbered balances authorized to be expended for general operating expenses pursuant to subsection (a) shall be expended in the classroom or for instruction, as provided in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-64b01, and amendments thereto.

The superintendent appointed by the board of education of each school district under K.S.A. 72-8202b, and amendments thereto, shall report the unencumbered balance of moneys in each fund listed in subsection (a) to the board of education in July of each year at the meeting described in K.S.A. 72-8205, and amendments thereto, and to the state board of education on or before July 15 of such year.

Sec. 40. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-64b01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-64b01. (a) No school district shall expend, use or transfer any moneys from the general fund of the district for the purpose of engaging in or supporting in any manner any litigation by the school district or any person, association, corporation or other entity against the state of Kansas, the state board of education, the state department of education, other state agency or any state officer or employee regarding the school district finance and quality performance act or any other law concerning school finance. No such moneys shall be paid, donated or otherwise provided to any person, association, corporation or other entity and used for the purpose of any such litigation.

(b) Nothing in K.S.A. 72-6433 or this section, and amendments thereto, shall be construed as prohibiting the expenditure, use or transfer of moneys from the supplemental general fund proceeds of any tax levied by a school district pursuant to section 13, and amendments thereto, for the purposes specified in subsection (a).

Sec. 41. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-64c03 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-64c03. The appropriation of moneys necessary to pay general state aid and supplemental general state aid under the school district finance and quality performance act classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, and state aid for the provision of special education and related services under the special education for exceptional children act shall be given first priority in the legislative budgeting process and shall be paid first from existing state revenues.

Sec. 42. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-64c05 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-64c05. Article 6 of the constitution of the state of Kansas states that the legislature shall provide for intellectual, educational, vocational and scientific improvement by establishing and maintaining public schools; provide for a state board of education having general supervision of public schools, educational institutions and the educational interests of the state, except those delegated by law to the state board of regents; and make suitable provision for finance of the educational interests of the state. It is the purpose and intention of the legislature to provide a financing system for the education of kindergarten and grades one through 12 which provides students with the capacities set forth in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1127, and amendments thereto. Such financing system shall be sufficiently flexible for the legislature to consider and utilize financing methods from all available resources in order to satisfy the constitutional requirements under article 6. Such financing methods shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Federal funding to unified school districts or public schools, including any grants or federal assistance;
(b) subject to appropriations by the legislature, appropriations of state moneys for the improvement of public education, including, but not limited to, the following:
(1) Financing to unified school districts through the school district finance and quality performance act pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6405 et seq., classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto;
(2) financing to unified school districts through any provisions which provide state aid, such as capital improvements state aid, capital outlay state aid and any other state aid paid, distributed or allocated to school districts on the basis of the assessed valuation of school districts;
(3) employer contributions to the Kansas public employees retirement system for public schools;
(4) appropriations to the Kansas children’s cabinet for programs serving students enrolled in unified school districts in meeting the goal specified in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1127, and amendments thereto;

(5) appropriations to any programs which provide early learning to four-year-old children with the purpose of preparing them for success in public schools;

(6) appropriations to any programs, such as communities in schools, which provide individualized support to students enrolled in unified school districts in meeting the goal specified in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-1127, and amendments thereto;

(7) transportation financing, including any transfers from the state general fund and state highway fund to the state department of education to provide technical education transportation, special education transportation or school bus safety;

(8) financing to other facilities providing public education to students, such as the Kansas state school for the blind, the Kansas state school for the deaf, school district juvenile detention facilities and the Flint Hills job corps center;

(9) appropriations relating to the Kansas academy of mathematics and science;

(10) appropriations relating to teaching excellence, such as scholarships, awards, training or in-service workshops;

(11) appropriations to the state board of regents to provide technical education incentives to unified school districts and tuition costs to postsecondary institutions which provide career technical education to secondary students; and

(12) appropriations to any postsecondary educational institution which provides postsecondary education to a secondary student without charging tuition to such student;

(c) any provision which authorizes the levying of local taxes for the purpose of financing public schools; and

(d) any transfer of funds or appropriations from one object or fund to another approved by the legislature for the purpose of financing public schools.

Sec. 43. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-6622 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6622. In the event that all of the property acquired by any two cities under the provisions of K.S.A. 3-404 et seq., and amendments thereto, is included within the territory of a unified school district in which only one of such cities is located:

(a) One-half of the assessed valuation of such property shall be assigned to each of the two school districts in which such cities are located for the purposes of determining the assessed valuation of each district for (1) entitlement to supplemental general state aid under the school district finance and quality performance act, and (2) entitlement to payment from the school district capital improvements fund;

(b) The revenue to be received by each district under subsection (c) shall be used as a receipt by such district in computing its ad valorem tax requirement for each tax levy fund; and

(c) Such property shall be subject to taxation for school purposes at a rate equal to the aggregate of all rates imposed for school purposes upon property located within the school district in which such property is located, but one-half of the proceeds derived from such levy shall be allocated to each of the two school districts in which such cities are located.

Sec. 44. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6624 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6624. (a) As used in this section:

(1) “School district” means unified school district No. 404, unified school district No. 493, unified school district No. 499 and unified school district No. 508.

(2) “Property” means any property, and improvements thereon, comprising a racetrack gaming facility or lottery gaming facility under the Kansas expanded lottery act located in Cherokee county.

(3) “State aid” means general state aid, supplemental general state aid, capital improvements state aid, capital outlay state aid and any other state aid paid, distributed or allocated to school districts under the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, or other
law, and any other state aid paid, distributed or allocated to school districts on the basis of the assessed valuation of school districts.

(b) For the purposes of computing the assessed valuation of school districts for the payment, distribution or allocation of state aid and the levying of school taxes, \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the assessed valuation of such property shall be assigned to each of the school districts.

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the property is not or ceases to be used as a racetrack gaming facility or lottery gaming facility under the Kansas expanded lottery act.

Sec. 45. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6625 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6625. (a) As used in this section:

(1) “School district” means unified school district No. 507 and unified school district No. 374.

(2) “Property” means the following described property, and improvements thereon, comprised of 1,120 acres, more or less, located in Haskell county; All of Section 34, Township 29 South, Range 33 West and the West Half of Section 3, Township 30 South, Range 33 West and the Northeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 30 South, Range 33 West.

(3) “State aid” means general state aid, supplemental general state aid, capital improvements state aid, capital outlay state aid and any other state aid paid, distributed or allocated to school districts under the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, or other law, and any other state aid paid, distributed or allocated to school districts on the basis of the assessed valuation of school districts.

(b) For the purposes of computing the assessed valuation of school districts for the payment, distribution or allocation of state aid and the levying of school taxes, \( \frac{1}{4} \) of the assessed valuation of such property shall be assigned to each of the school districts.

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the property is not or ceases to be used for the production of ethanol.

Sec. 46. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-6757 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6757. (a) As used in this section:

(1) “Receiving school district” means a school district of nonresidence of a pupil who attends school in such school district.

(2) “Sending school district” means a school district of residence of a pupil who attends school in a school district not of the pupil’s residence.

(b) The board of education of any school district may make and enter into contracts with the board of education of any receiving school district located in this state for the purpose of providing for the attendance of pupils at school in the receiving school district.

(c) The board of education of any school district may make and enter into contracts with the governing authority of any accredited school district located in another state for the purpose of providing for the attendance of pupils from this state at school in such other state.

(d) Pupils attending school in a receiving school district in accordance with a contract authorized by this section and made and entered into by such receiving school district with a sending school district located in this state shall be counted as regularly enrolled in and attending school in the sending school district for the purpose of computations under the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(e) Any contract made and entered into under authority of this section is subject to the following conditions:

(1) The contract shall be for the benefit of pupils who reside at inconvenient or unreasonable distances from the schools maintained by the sending school district or for pupils who, for any other reason deemed sufficient by the board of education of the sending school district, should attend school in a receiving school district.

(2) The contract shall make provision for the payment of tuition by the sending school district to the receiving school district.

(3) If a sending school district is located in this state and the receiving school district is located in another state, the amount of tuition provided to be paid for the attendance of a pupil or pupils at school in the receiving school district shall not exceed \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the amount of the budget per pupil of the sending school district under the school district finance and quality performance act.
(4) Amounts received pursuant to contracts made and entered into under authority of this section by a school district located in this state for enrollment and attendance of pupils at school in regular educational programs shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district.

(g) The provisions of subsection (e)(3) do not apply to unified school district No. 104, Jewell county.

(h) The provisions of this section do not apply to contracts made and entered into under authority of the special education for exceptional children act.

(i) The provisions of this section are deemed to be alternative to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, and no procedure or authorization under K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, shall be limited by the provisions of this section.

Sec. 47. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-67,115 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-67,115. (a) The board of education of any school district may:

(1) Offer and teach courses and conduct preschool programs for children under the age of eligibility to attend kindergarten.

(2) Enter into cooperative or interlocal agreements with one or more other boards for the establishment, operation and maintenance of such preschool programs.

(3) Contract with private, nonprofit corporations or associations or with any public or private agency or institution, whether located within or outside the state, for the establishment, operation and maintenance of such preschool programs.

(4) Prescribe and collect fees for providing such preschool programs.

(b) Fees for providing preschool programs shall be prescribed and collected only to recover the costs incurred as a result of and directly attributable to the establishment, operation and maintenance of the preschool programs. Revenues from fees collected by a board under this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district and shall be considered reimbursements to the district for the purpose of the school district finance and quality performance act classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 48. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-7535 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-7535. (a) In order to equip students with the knowledge and skills needed to become self-supporting and to enable students to make critical decisions regarding personal finances, the state board of education shall authorize and assist in the implementation of programs on teaching personal financial literacy.

(b) The state board of education shall develop a curriculum, materials and guidelines that local boards of education and governing authorities of accredited nonpublic schools may use in implementing the program of instruction on personal financial literacy. The state board of education shall adopt a glossary of personal financial literacy terms which shall be used by school districts when implementing the program on personal financial literacy.

(c) The state board of education shall develop state curriculum standards for personal financial literacy, for all grade levels, within the existing mathematics curriculum or another appropriate subject-matter curriculum.

(d) The state board of education shall encourage school districts when selecting textbooks for mathematics, economics, family and consumer science, accounting or other appropriate courses, to select those textbooks which contain substantive provisions on personal finance, including personal budgeting, credit, debt management and other topics concerning personal financial literacy.

(e) The state board of education shall include questions relating to personal financial literacy in the statewide assessments for mathematics or social studies required under K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-7535, and amendments thereto. When the statewide assessments for mathematics or social
studies are reviewed or rewritten, the state board of education shall ex-
amine the questions relating to personal financial literacy and rewrite such
questions in order to determine if programs on personal financial literacy
are equipping students with the knowledge and skills needed to become
self-supporting and enabling students to make critical decisions regarding
personal finances.

Sec. 49. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8187 is
hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8187. (a) In each school year, to
the extent that appropriations are available, each school district which has
provided educational services for pupils residing at the Flint Hills job
corps center, for pupils housed at a psychiatric residential treatment fa-
cility or for pupils confined in a juvenile detention facility is eligible to
receive a grant of state moneys in an amount to be determined by the
state board of education.

(b) In order to be eligible for a grant of state moneys provided for by
this section, each school district which has provided educational services
for pupils residing at the Flint Hills job corps center, for pupils housed
at a psychiatric residential treatment facility or for pupils confined in a
juvenile detention facility shall submit to the state board of education an
application for a grant and shall certify the amount expended, and not
reimbursed or otherwise financed, in the school year for the services
provided. The application and certification shall be prepared in such form
and manner as the state board shall require and shall be submitted at a
time to be determined and specified by the state board. Approval by the
state board of applications for grants of state moneys is prerequisite to
the award of grants.

(c) Each school district which is awarded a grant under this section
shall make such periodic and special reports of statistical and financial
information to the state board as it may request.

(d) All moneys received by a school district under authority of this
section shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district and
shall be considered reimbursement of the district for the purpose of the
school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning
assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(e) The state board of education shall approve applications of school
districts for grants, determine the amount of grants and be responsible
for payment of grants to school districts. In determining the amount of a
grant which a school district is eligible to receive, the state board shall
compute the amount of state financial aid the district would have received
on the basis of enrollment of pupils residing at the Flint Hills job corps
center, housed at a psychiatric residential treatment facility or confined
in a juvenile detention facility if such pupils had been counted as two
pupils under the school district finance and quality performance act and
compare such computed amount to the amount certified by the district
under subsection (b). The amount of the grant the district is eligible to
receive shall be an amount equal to the lesser of the amount computed
under this subsection or the amount certified under subsection (b). If the
amount of appropriations for the payment of grants under this section is
insufficient to pay in full the amount each school district is determined
to be eligible to receive for the school year, the state board shall prorate
the amount appropriated among all school districts which are eligible to
receive grants of state moneys in proportion to the amount each school
district is determined to be eligible to receive.

(f) On or before July 1 of each year, the secretary for aging and dis-
ability services shall submit to the Kansas department of education a list
of facilities which have been certified and licensed as psychiatric residen-
tial treatment facilities.

(g) As used in this section:

(1) "Enrollment" means the number of pupils who are: (A) Residing
at the Flint Hills job corps center, confined in a juvenile detention facility
or residing at a psychiatric residential treatment facility; and (B) for whom
a school district is providing educational services on September 20, on
November 20, or on April 20 of a school year, whichever is the greatest
number of pupils;

(2) "juvenile detention facility" means any public or private facility
which is used for the lawful custody of accused or adjudicated juvenile
offenders and which shall not be a jail; and
(3) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means a facility which provides psychiatric services to individuals under the age of 21 and which conforms with the regulations of the centers for Medicare/Medicaid services, is licensed and certified by the Kansas department for aging and disability services pursuant to subsection (f).

Sec. 50. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-8190 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8190. (a) For the purpose of determination of supplemental general state aid under K.S.A. 72-6434, and amendments thereto, and payments from the school district capital improvements fund under K.S.A. 75-2319, and amendments thereto, notwithstanding any provision of either such statutory section to the contrary, the term assessed valuation per pupil, as applied to unified school district No. 203, Wyandotte county, shall not include within its meaning the assessed valuation of property which is owned by Sunflower Racing, Inc. and operated as a racetrack facility known as the Woodlands. The meaning of assessed valuation per pupil as provided in this subsection, for the purposes specified in this subsection, and as applied to the unified school district designated in this subsection, shall be in force and effect for the 1994-95 and 1995-96 school years.

(b) (1) In the event unified school district No. 203, Wyandotte county, receives in any school year the proceeds from any taxes which may be paid upon the Woodlands for the 1994-95 school year or the 1995-96 school year or for both such school years, the state board of education shall deduct an amount equal to the amount of such tax proceeds from future payments of state aid to which the district is entitled.

(2) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "state aid" means supplemental general state aid and payments from the school district capital improvements fund.

Sec. 51. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-8230 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8230. (a) In the event the boards of education of any two or more school districts enter into a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the purpose of jointly and cooperatively performing any of the services, duties, functions, activities, obligations or responsibilities which are authorized or required by law to be performed by school districts of this state, the following conditions shall apply:

(1) A school district interlocal cooperation agreement shall establish a board of directors which shall be responsible for administering the joint or cooperative undertaking. The agreement shall specify the organization and composition of and manner of appointment to the board of directors. Only members of boards of education of school districts party to the agreement shall be eligible for membership on the board of directors. The terms of office of members of the board of directors shall expire concurrently with their terms as board of education members. Vacancies in the membership of the board of directors shall be filled within 30 days from the date of the vacancy in the manner specified in the agreement.

(2) A school district interlocal cooperation agreement may provide for the establishment and composition of an executive board. The members of the executive board, if established, shall be selected by the board of directors from its membership. The executive board shall exercise the powers, have the responsibilities, and perform the duties and functions of the board of directors to the extent authority to do so is delegated by the board of directors.

(3) A school district interlocal cooperation agreement shall be effective only after approval by the state board of education.

(4) A school district interlocal cooperation agreement shall be subject to change or termination by the legislature.

(5) The duration of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for joint or cooperative action in performing any of the services, duties, functions, activities, obligations or responsibilities, other than the provision of special education services, which are authorized or required by law to be performed by school districts of this state, shall be for a term of at least three years but not exceeding five years.

(6) (A) The duration of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for joint or cooperative action in providing special education services shall be perpetual unless the agreement is partially or completely terminated in accordance with this provision. This provision applies to
every school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the provision of special education services entered into under authority of this section after the effective date of this act and to every such agreement entered into under this section prior to the effective date of this act, and extant on the effective date of this act, regardless of any provisions in such an agreement to the contrary.  

(B) Partial termination of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the provision of special education services made and entered into by the boards of three or more school districts may be accomplished only upon petition for withdrawal from the agreement by a contracting school district to the other contracting school districts and approval by the state board of written consent to the petition by such other school districts or upon order of the state board after appeal to it by a school district from denial of consent to a petition for withdrawal and hearing thereon conducted by the state board. The state board shall consider all the testimony and evidence brought forth at the hearing and issue an order approving or disapproving withdrawal by the school district from the agreement.  

(C) Complete termination of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the provision of special education services made and entered into by the boards of two school districts may be accomplished upon approval by the state board of a joint petition made to the state board for termination of the agreement by both of the contracting school districts after adoption of a resolution to that effect by each of the contracting school districts or upon petition for withdrawal from the agreement made by a contracting school district to the other contracting school district and approval by the state board of written consent to the petition by such other school district or upon order of the state board after appeal to it by a school district from denial of consent to a petition for withdrawal and hearing thereon conducted by the state board. The state board shall consider all the testimony and evidence brought forth at the hearing and issue an order approving or disapproving withdrawal by the school district from the agreement.  

(D) Complete termination of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the provision of special education services made and entered into by the boards of three or more school districts may be accomplished only upon approval by the state board of a joint petition made to the state board for termination of the agreement by not less than \( \frac{2}{3} \) of the contracting school districts after adoption of a resolution to that effect by each of the contracting school districts seeking termination of the agreement. The state board shall consider the petition and approve or disapprove termination of the agreement.  

(E) The state board shall take such action in approving or disapproving the complete or partial termination of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the provision of special education services as the state board deems to be in the best interests of the involved school districts and of the state as a whole in the provision of special education services for exceptional children. Whenever the state board has disapproved the complete or partial termination of such an agreement, no further action with respect to such agreement shall be considered or taken by the state board for a period of not less than three years.  

(7) A school district interlocal cooperation agreement shall specify the method or methods to be employed for disposing of property upon partial or complete termination.  

(8) Within the limitations provided by law, a school district interlocal cooperation agreement may be changed or modified by affirmative vote of not less than \( \frac{2}{3} \) of the contracting school districts.  

(b) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection, any power or powers, privileges or authority exercised or capable of exercise by any school district of this state, or by any board of education thereof, may be jointly exercised pursuant to the provisions of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement. No power or powers, privileges or authority with respect to the levy and collection of taxes, the issuance of bonds, or the purposes and provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, or title I of public law 574 shall be created or effectuated for joint exercise pursuant to the provisions of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement.
(c) Payments from the general fund of each school district which enters into any school district interlocal cooperation agreement for the purpose of financing the joint or cooperative undertaking provided for by the agreement shall be operating expenses.

(d) Upon partial termination of a school district interlocal cooperation agreement, the board of directors established under a renegotiated agreement thereof shall be the successor in every respect to the board of directors established under the former agreement.

(e) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to abrogate, interfere with, impair, qualify or affect in any manner the exercise and enjoyment of all of the powers, privileges and authority conferred upon school districts and boards of education thereof by the provisions of the interlocal cooperation act, except that boards of education and school districts are required to comply with the provisions of this section when entering into an interlocal cooperation agreement that meets the definition of school district interlocal cooperation agreement.

(f) As used in this section:

(1) "School district interlocal cooperation agreement" means an agreement which is entered into by the boards of education of two or more school districts pursuant to the provisions of the interlocal cooperation act.

(2) "State board" means the state board of education.

Sec. 52. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-8233 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8233. (a) In accordance with the provisions of this section, the boards of education of any two or more unified school districts may make and enter into agreements providing for the attendance of pupils residing in one school district at school in kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by any such other school district. The boards of education may also provide by agreement for the combination of enrollments for kindergarten or one or more grades, courses or units of instruction.

(b) Prior to entering into any agreement under authority of this section, the board of education shall adopt a resolution declaring that it has made a determination that such an agreement should be made and that the making and entering into of such an agreement would be in the best interests of the educational system of the school district. Any such agreement is subject to the following conditions:

(1) The agreement may be for any term not exceeding a term of five years.

(2) The agreement shall be subject to change or termination by the legislature.

(3) Within the limitations provided by law, the agreement may be changed or terminated by mutual agreement of the participating boards of education.

(4) The agreement shall make provision for transportation of pupils to and from the school attended on every school day, for payment or sharing of the costs and expenses of pupil attendance at school, and for the authority and responsibility of the participating boards of education.

(c) Provision by agreements entered into under authority of this section for the attendance of pupils at school in a school district of nonresidence of such pupils shall be deemed to be compliance with the kindergarten, grade, course and units of instruction requirements of law.

(d) The board of education of any school district which enters into an agreement under authority of this section for the attendance of pupils at school in another school district may discontinue kindergarten or any or all of the grades, courses and units of instruction specified in the agreement for attendance of pupils enrolled in kindergarten or any such grades, courses and units of instruction at school in such other school district. Upon discontinuing kindergarten or any grade, course or unit of instruction under authority of this subsection, the board of education may close any school building or buildings operated or used for attendance by pupils enrolled in such discontinued kindergarten, grades, courses or units of instruction. The closing of any school building under authority of this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members of the board of education and shall require no other procedure or approval.

(e) Pupils attending school in a school district of nonresidence of such pupils in accordance with an agreement made and entered into under
authority of this section shall be counted as regularly enrolled in and attending school in the school district of residence of such pupils for the purpose of computations under the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(f) Pupils who satisfactorily complete grade 12 while in attendance at school in a school district of nonresidence of such pupils in accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered into under authority of this section shall be certified as having graduated from the school district of residence of such pupils unless otherwise provided for by the agreement.

Sec. 53. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-8236 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8236. (a) The board of education of any school district may: (1) Establish, operate and maintain a child care facility; (2) enter into cooperative or interlocal agreements with one or more other boards for the establishment, operation and maintenance of a child care facility; (3) contract with private, nonprofit corporations or associations or with any public or private agency or institution, whether located within or outside the state, for the establishment, operation and maintenance of a child care facility; and (4) prescribe and collect fees for providing care at a child care facility.

(b) Fees for providing care at a child care facility established under authority of this section shall be prescribed and collected only to recover the costs incurred as a result of and directly attributable to the establishment, operation and maintenance of the child care facility. Revenues from fees collected by a board under this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district and shall be considered reimbursements to the district for the purpose of the school district finance and quality performance act, classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto, and may be expended whether the same have been budgeted or not and amounts so expended shall not be considered operating expenses.

(c) Every school district which establishes, operates and maintains a child care facility shall be subject to the provisions contained in article 5 of chapter 65 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(d) As used in this section, the term “child” means any child who is three years of age or older, and any infant or toddler whose parent or parents are pupils or employees of a school district which establishes, operates and maintains, or cooperates in the establishment, operation and maintenance of, a child care facility under authority of this act.

Sec. 54. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8237 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8237. (a) The board of education of any school district may: (1) Establish, operate and maintain a summer program for pupils; (2) enter into cooperative or interlocal agreements with one or more other boards of education for the establishment, operation and maintenance of a summer program for pupils; and (3) prescribe and collect fees for providing a summer program for pupils or provide such program without charge.

(b) Fees for providing a summer program for pupils shall be prescribed and collected only to recover the costs incurred as a result of and directly attributable to the establishment, operation and maintenance of the program.

(c) No school district may collect fees for providing a summer program for pupils required to attend such a program in accordance with the provisions of law, rules and regulations of the state board of education, policy of the board of education, or an individualized education plan developed for an exceptional child.

(d) There is hereby established in every district which establishes, operates and maintains a summer program a fund which shall be called the summer program fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. All moneys received by a district from fees collected under this section or from any other source for summer programs shall be credited to the summer program fund. Amounts deposited in the summer program fund may be used for the payment of expenses directly attributable to the program or may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.
Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the summer program fund of a school district on June 30 of the current school year, may be expended in the school year that immediately succeeds such date by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.

(e) As used in this section, the term “summer program” means a program which is established by the board of education of a school district and operated during the summer months for the purpose of giving remedial instruction to pupils or for the purpose of conducting special projects and activities designed to enrich and enhance the educational experience of pupils, or for both such purposes.

Sec. 55. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8249 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8249. (a) There is hereby established in every school district a special reserve fund. Moneys in such fund shall be used to:

(1) Pay claims, judgments, expenses and other purposes relating to health care services, disability income benefits and group life insurance benefits as authorized by K.S.A. 72-8415a, and amendments thereto;
(2) pay costs relating to uninsured losses; and
(3) pay the cost of workers compensation insurance and workers compensation claims, awards, expenses and other purposes authorized by the workers compensation act.

Moneys in such fund may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.

(b) Any balance remaining in the special reserve fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into that reserve fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the special reserve fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

Sec. 56. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8250 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8250. (a) There is hereby established in every school district a textbook and student materials revolving fund. Moneys in such fund shall be used to:

(1) Purchase any items designated in K.S.A. 72-5389, and amendments thereto;
(2) pay the cost of materials or other items used in curricular, extracurricular or other school-related activities; and
(3) purchase textbooks as authorized by K.S.A. 72-4141, and amendments thereto.

Moneys in such fund may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.

(b) Any balance remaining in the textbook and student materials revolving fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into that fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the textbook and student materials revolving fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the textbook and student materials revolving fund of a school district on June 30 of the current school year, may be expended in the school year that immediately succeeds such date by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education in an amount not to exceed 1/3 of the unencumbered balance of the school district’s textbook and student materials revolving fund.

Sec. 57. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8251 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8251. Whenever a school district is required by law to make any payment during the month of June and there is insufficient revenue to make such payment as a result of the payment of state aid after the date prescribed by the state board of ed-
ucation pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6417 or 72-6434 section 7, and amendments thereto, the school district shall make such payment as soon as moneys are available.

Sec. 58. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8302. (a) The board of education of a school district may provide or furnish transportation for pupils who are enrolled in the school district to or from any school of the school district or to or from any school of another school district attended by such pupils in accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto.

(b) (1) When any or all of the conditions specified in this provision exist, the board of education of a school district shall provide or furnish transportation for pupils who reside in the school district and who attend any school of the school district or who attend any school of another school district in accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto. The conditions which apply to the requirements of this provision are as follows:

(A) The residence of the pupil is inside or outside the corporate limits of a city, the school building attended is outside the corporate limits of a city and the school building attended is more than 2 1/2 miles by the usually traveled road from the residence of the pupil; or

(B) the residence of the pupil is outside the corporate limits of a city, the school building attended is inside the corporate limits of a city and the school building attended is more than 2 1/2 miles by the usually traveled road from the residence of the pupil; or

(C) the residence of the pupil is inside the corporate limits of one city, the school building attended is inside the corporate limits of a different city and the school building attended is more than 2 1/2 miles by the usually traveled road from the residence of the pupil.

(2) The provisions of this subsection are subject to the provisions of subsections (c) and (d).

(c) The board of education of every school district is authorized to adopt rules and regulations to govern the conduct, control, and discipline of all pupils while being transported in school buses. The board may suspend or revoke the transportation privilege or entitlement of any pupil who violates any rules and regulations adopted by the board under authority of this subsection.

(d) The board of education of every school district may suspend or revoke the transportation privilege or entitlement of any pupil who is detained at school at the conclusion of the school day for violation of any rules and regulations governing pupil conduct or for disobedience of an order of a teacher or other school authority. Suspension or revocation of the transportation privilege or entitlement of any pupil specified in this subsection shall be limited to the school day or days on which the pupil is detained at school. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any pupil who has been determined to be an exceptional child, except gifted children, under the provisions of the special education for exceptional children act.

(e) (1) Subject to the limitations specified in this subsection, the board of education of any school district may prescribe and collect fees to offset, totally or in part, the costs incurred for the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils. The limitations which apply to the authorization granted by this subsection are as follows:

(A) Fees for the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils shall be prescribed and collected only to recover the costs incurred as a result of and directly attributable to the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils and only to the extent that such costs are not reimbursed from any other source provided by law.

(B) fees for the provision or furnishing of transportation may not be assessed against or collected from any pupil who is counted in determining the transportation weighting of the school district under the provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act or any pupil who is determined to be a child with disabilities under the provisions of the special education for exceptional children act or any pupil who is entitled to transportation under the provisions of
subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-8306(a), and amendments thereto, and who resides 2½ miles or more by the regular route of a school bus from the school attended;

(C) fees for the provision or furnishing of transportation for pupils in accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233 or 72-8307, and amendments thereto, shall be controlled by the provisions of the agreement.

(2) All moneys received by a school district from fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the general fund of the district.

Sec. 59. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-8309 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8309. (a) The board of education of a school district shall not furnish or provide transportation for pupils or students who reside in another school district except in accordance with the written consent of the board of education of the school district in which such pupil or student resides, or in accordance with an order issued by a board of education under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-1046b, and amendments thereto, or in accordance with the provisions of an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto.

(b) A school district may transport a nonresident pupil or student if such pupil or student boards the school bus within the boundaries or on the boundary of the transporting school district. To the extent that the provisions of this subsection conflict with the provisions of subsection (a), the provisions of subsection (a) shall control.

(c) No pupil or student who is furnished or provided transportation by a school district which is not the school district in which the pupil or student resides shall be counted in the computation of the school district’s transportation weighting under article 64 of chapter 72 of Kansas Statutes Annotated.

Sec. 60. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8316 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8316. (a) Any board of education, pursuant to a policy developed and adopted by it, may provide for the use of district-owned or leased school buses when such buses are not being used for regularly required school purposes. The policy may provide for:

(1) (A) Transporting parents and other adults to or from school-related functions or activities, (B) transporting pupils to or from functions or activities sponsored by organizations, the membership of which is principally composed of children of school age, and (C) transporting persons engaged in field trips in connection with their participation in an adult education program maintained by the transporting school district or by any other school district, within or outside the boundaries of the transporting school district; and

(2) contracting with: (A) The governing body of any township, city or county for transportation of individuals, groups or organizations; (B) the governing authority of any nonpublic school for transportation of pupils attending such nonpublic school to or from interschool or intraschool functions or activities; (C) the board of trustees of any community college for transportation of students enrolled in such community college to or from attendance at class at the community college or to and from functions or activities of the community college; (D) a public recreation commission established and operated under the laws of this state, for any purposes related to the operation of the recreation commission and all programs and services thereof; (E) the board of education of any other school district for transportation, on a cooperative and shared-cost basis, of pupils, school personnel, parents and other adults to or from school-related functions or activities; or (F) a four-year college or university, area vocational school or area vocational-technical school for transportation of students to or from attendance at class at the four-year college or university, area vocational school or area vocational-technical school or for transportation of students, alumni and other members of the public to or from functions or activities of the four-year college or university, area vocational school or area vocational-technical school.

(b) The costs related to the use of school buses under authority of this section shall not be considered in determining the transportation weighting of a school district under article 64 of chapter 72 of Kansas Statutes Annotated.
Transportation fees may be charged by the board to offset, totally or in part, the costs incurred for the use of school buses under authority of this section.

Any revenues received by a board of education as transportation fees or under any contract entered into pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the school district and shall be considered reimbursements to the school district for the purpose of the school district finance and quality performance act classroom learning assuring student success act, section 4 et seq., and amendments thereto. Such revenues may be expended whether the same have been budgeted or not.

The provisions of subsection (c) of K.S.A. 8-1556e, and amendments thereto, apply to the use of school buses under authority of this section.

Sec. 61. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8415b is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8415b. (a) Any school district that elects to become a self-insurer under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8414, and amendments thereto, may transfer moneys from its general fund to the special reserve fund of the district as provided by K.S.A. 72-8428, section 19, and amendments thereto.

(b) Any community college that elects to become a self-insurer under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8414, and amendments thereto, may transfer such amounts from its general fund to the health care services reserve fund or the disability income benefits reserve fund, or the group life benefit reserve fund, or all three, as may be deemed necessary to meet the cost of health care services or disability income benefits, or group life insurance claims, whichever is applicable.

Sec. 62. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8804. (a) Any moneys in the capital outlay fund of any school district and any moneys received from issuance of bonds under K.S.A. 72-8805 or 72-8810, and amendments thereto, may be used for the purpose of the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, remodeling, additions to, furnishing, maintaining and equipping of school district property and equipment necessary for school district purposes, including: (1) Acquisition of computer software; (2) acquisition of performance uniforms; (3) housing and boarding pupils enrolled in an area vocational school operated under the board of education; (4) architectural expenses; (5) acquisition of building sites; (6) undertaking and maintenance of asbestos control projects; (7) acquisition of school buses; and (8) acquisition of other fixed assets, and, for school years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017, subject to the provisions of section 19, and amendments thereto, may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.

(b) The board of education of any school district is hereby authorized to invest any portion of the capital outlay fund of the school district which is not currently needed in investments authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675, and amendments thereto, in the manner prescribed therein, or may invest the same in direct obligations of the United States government maturing or redeemable at par and accrued interest within three years from date of purchase, the principal and interest whereof is guaranteed by the government of the United States. All interest received on any such investment shall upon receipt thereof be credited to the capital outlay fund.

Sec. 63. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8814, as amended by section 54 of 2015 House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 4, is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8814. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the school district capital outlay state aid fund. Such fund shall consist of all amounts transferred thereto under the provisions of subsection (c).

(b) In each school year 2014-2015, each school district which levies a tax pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be entitled to receive payment from the school district capital outlay state aid fund in an amount determined by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. The state board of education shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil (AVPP) of each school district in the state and round such amount to the nearest $1,000. The rounded amount is the AVPP of a school district for the purposes of this section;
(2) determine the median AVPP of all school districts;
(3) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the median AVPP of all school districts as the point of beginning. The schedule of dollar amounts shall range upward in equal $1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the highest AVPP of all school districts and shall range downward in equal $1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all school districts;
(4) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district by assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the median AVPP shown on the schedule and decreasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each $1,000 interval above the amount of the median AVPP; Except as provided by K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8814b, and amendments thereto, the state aid percentage factor of a school district is the percentage assigned to the schedule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district except that the state aid percentage factor of a school district shall not exceed 100%. The state aid computation percentage is 75%;
(5) determine the amount levied by each school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto; and
(6) multiply the amount computed under (5) subsection (b)(4), but not to exceed 8 mills, by the applicable state aid percentage factor for the school district. The product is the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the school district capital outlay state aid fund in the school year.
(c) The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the entitlements of school districts determined under the provisions of subsection (b), and except as provided further, an amount equal thereto shall be transferred by the director from the state general fund to the school district capital outlay state aid fund for distribution to school districts.
(d) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015:
(1) On February 20, 2015, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $25,300,000 from the state general fund to the school district capital outlay state aid fund. The state board of education shall distribute such moneys to pay the proportionate share of the entitlements to each school district as determined under the provisions of subsection (b); and
(2) On June 20, 2015, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer the remaining amount of moneys to which the school districts are entitled to receive from the state general fund to the school district capital outlay state aid fund pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b). Such transferred amount shall not exceed $2,202,500. The state board of education shall distribute such moneys to pay the remaining proportionate share of the entitlement to each school district as determined under the provisions of subsection (b).
(e) Payments from the school district capital outlay state aid fund shall be distributed to school districts at times determined by the state board of education. The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district entitled to payment from the fund, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the school district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the school district shall credit the amount thereof to the capital outlay fund of the school district to be used for the purposes of such fund.
(f) For school year 2014-2015, for those school districts whose total assessed valuation for school year 2015-2016 is less than such district’s total assessed valuation for school year 2014-2015, and the difference in
total assessed valuation between school year 2014-2015 and school year 2015-2016 is an amount that is greater than 25% of the total assessed valuation of such district for school year 2014-2015, and such reduction in total assessed valuation is the direct result of the classification of tangible personal property within such district for property tax purposes pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-507, and amendments thereto, the assessed valuation per pupil for purposes of determining capital outlay state aid shall be based on such school district's total assessed valuation for school year 2015-2016.

Sec. 64. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 72-8908 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8908. As used in this act:
(a) “Juvenile” means a person who is less than 18 years of age;
(b) “adult” means a person who is 18 years of age or older;
(c) “felony” means any crime designated a felony by the laws of Kansas or the United States;
(d) “misdemeanor” means any crime designated a misdemeanor by the laws of Kansas or the United States;
(e) “school day” means any day on which school is maintained;
(f) “school year” has the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 72-6408 section 5, and amendments thereto;
(g) “counsel” means any person a pupil selects to represent and advise the pupil at all proceedings conducted pursuant to the provisions of this act; and
(h) “principal witness” means any witness whose testimony is of major importance in support of the charges upon which a proposed suspension or expulsion from school is based, or in determination of material questions of fact.

Sec. 65. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-9509 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-9509. (a) There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the bilingual education fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The expenses of a district directly attributable to bilingual education programs shall be paid from the bilingual education fund. Amounts deposited in the bilingual education fund may be used for the payment of expenses directly attributable to bilingual education or may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.
(b) Any balance remaining in the bilingual education fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the bilingual education fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the bilingual education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.
Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the bilingual education fund of a school district on June 30 of the current school year may be expended in the school year that immediately succeeds such date by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.
(c) Each year the board of education of each school district shall prepare and submit to the state board a report on the bilingual education program and assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include information specifying the number of pupils who were served or provided assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed, the results of providing such service or assistance and any other information required by the state board.

Sec. 66. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-9609 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-9609. There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the professional development fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. All moneys received by the school district from whatever source for professional development programs established under this act shall be credited to the fund established by this section. The expenses of a school district directly attributable to profes
sional development programs shall be paid from the professional development fund. Amounts deposited in the professional development fund may be used for the payment of expenses directly attributable to professional development or may be transferred to the general fund of the school district as approved by the board of education.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the professional development fund of a school district on June 30 of the current school year, may be expended in the school year that immediately succeeds such date by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.

Sec. 67. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-99a02 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-99a02. As used in the tax credit for low income students scholarship program act:

(a) "Contributions" means monetary gifts or donations and in-kind contributions, gifts or donations that have an established market value.

(b) "Department" means the Kansas department of revenue.

(c) "Educational scholarship" means an amount not to exceed $8,000 provided to eligible students to cover all or a portion of the costs of tuition, fees and expenses of a qualified school and, if applicable, the costs of transportation to a qualified school if provided by such qualified school.

(d) "Eligible student" means a child who:

1. (A) Qualifies as an at-risk pupil as defined in K.S.A. 72-6407, and amendments thereto prior to its repeal, and who is attending a school that would qualify as either a title I focus school or a title I priority school as described by the state board under the elementary and secondary education act flexibility waiver as amended in January 2013; or (B) has received an educational scholarship under this program and has not graduated from high school or reached 21 years of age;

2. resides in Kansas while receiving an educational scholarship; and

3. (A) was enrolled in any public school in the previous school year in which an educational scholarship is first sought for the child; or (B) is eligible to be enrolled in any public school in the school year in which an educational scholarship is first sought for the child and the child is under the age of six years.

(e) "Parent" includes a guardian, custodian or other person with authority to act on behalf of the child.

(f) "Program" means the tax credit for low income students scholarship program established in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-99a01 through 72-99a07, and amendments thereto.

(g) "Public school" means a school that would qualify as either a title I focus school or a title I priority school as described by the state board under the elementary and secondary education act flexibility waiver as amended in January 2013 and is operated by a school district.

(h) "Qualified school" means any nonpublic school that provides education to elementary or secondary students, has notified the state board of its intention to participate in the program and complies with the requirements of the program.

(i) "Scholarship granting organization" means an organization that complies with the requirements of this program and provides educational scholarships to students attending qualified schools of their parents’ choice.

(j) "School district" or "district" means any unified school district organized and operating under the laws of this state.

(k) "School year" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 72-6408, and amendments thereto.

(l) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue.

(m) "State board" means the state board of education.

Sec. 68. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 74-32,141 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-32,141. (a) On July 1, 1999, the technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools established and existing under the laws of this state shall be and hereby are transferred from the supervision of the state board of education to supervision and coordination by the state board of regents. The technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools shall continue to be operated, managed and controlled by governing boards as provided for in article 44 of chapter 72 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The state board of regents shall
exercise such supervision and coordination of the operation, management and control of technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools as may be prescribed by law.

(b) On July 1, 1999, all of the powers, duties, functions, records and property of the state board of education relating to operations of technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools shall be and are hereby transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the state board of regents.

(c) On July 1, 1999, all of the powers, duties, functions, records and property of the state board of education relating to operations of technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools shall be and are hereby transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the state board of regents.

(d) On July 1, 1999, whenever the state board of education, or words of like effect, is referred to or designated by a statute, contract or other document relating to operations of technical colleges, area vocational schools or area vocational-technical schools, such reference or designation shall be deemed to apply to the state board of regents established.

(e) All rules and regulations, and all orders and directives of the state board of education relating to operations of technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools which are in existence on July 1, 1999, shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be the duly adopted rules and regulations or orders and directives of the state board of regents until revised, amended, revoked or nullified pursuant to law.

(f) The unexpended balance of any appropriation for and any funds available to the state board of education for purposes relating to operations of the same shall be transferred to the state board of regents on July 1, 1999.

(g) On July 1, 1999, all books, records and papers of the governing boards of technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools shall be open and available, at all reasonable times, to the state board of regents and its designated officers, employees and agents.

(h) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this act, the transfer of supervision of the technical colleges, area vocational schools and area vocational-technical schools from the state board of education to supervision and coordination by the state board of regents shall not be construed in any manner so as to change or affect the operation, management and control of any technical college, area vocational school or area vocational-technical school or to change or affect any existing power, duty or function of the governing board of any technical college, area vocational school or area vocational-technical school or to change or affect any existing power, duty or function of the governing board of any technical college, area vocational school or area vocational-technical school with respect to such operation, management and control.

(i) For the purposes of the school district finance and quality performance act, the term approved “career technical” education program means in the case of career technical education programs offered and provided in the area vocational schools, the area vocational-technical schools and the technical colleges, approved by the state board of regents; and in the case of career technical education programs offered and provided in the high schools of a school district, approved by the state board of education.

Sec. 69. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 74-4939a is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4939a. On and after the effective date of this act for each fiscal year commencing with fiscal year 2005, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4939, and amendments thereto or any other statute, all moneys appropriated for the department of education from the state general fund commencing with fiscal year 2005, and each ensuing fiscal year thereafter, by appropriation act of the legislature, in the KPERS – employer contributions account and all moneys appropriated for the department of education from the state general fund or any special revenue fund for each fiscal year commencing with
fiscal year 2005, and each ensuing fiscal year thereafter, by any such appropriation act in that account or any other account for payment of employer contributions for school districts, shall be distributed by the department of education to school districts in accordance with this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4939, and amendments thereto, the department of education shall disburse to each school district that is an eligible employer as specified in subsection (1) of K.S.A. 74-4931(1), and amendments thereto, an amount certified by the board of trustees of the Kansas public employees retirement system which is equal to the participating employer’s obligation of such school district to the system in accordance with policies and procedures which are hereby authorized and directed to be adopted by the department of education for the purposes of this section and in accordance with any requirements presented by the board of trustees of the Kansas public employees retirement system in accordance with section 6(a)(6), and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such disbursement of moneys, the school district shall deposit the entire amount thereof into a special retirement contributions fund of the school district, which shall be established by the school district in accordance with such policies and procedures and which shall be used for the sole purpose of receiving such disbursements from the department of education and making the remittances to the system in accordance with this section and such policies and procedures. Upon receipt of each such disbursement of moneys from the department of education, the school district shall remit, in accordance with the provisions of such policies and procedures and in the manner and on the date or dates prescribed by the board of trustees of the Kansas public employees retirement system, an equal amount to the Kansas public employees retirement system from the special retirement contributions fund of the school district to satisfy such school district’s obligation as a participating employer. Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4939, and amendments thereto, each school district that is an eligible employer as specified in subsection (1) of K.S.A. 74-4931(1), and amendments thereto, shall show within the budget of such school district all amounts received from disbursements into the special retirement contributions fund of such school district. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute, no official action of the school board of such school district shall be required to approve a remittance to the system in accordance with this section and such policies and procedures. All remittances of moneys to the system by a school district in accordance with this subsection and such policies and procedures shall be deemed to be expenditures of the school district.

Sec. 70. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 74-8925 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8925. (a) For the purposes of this act, the term “taxing subdivision” shall include the county, the city, the unified school district and any other taxing subdivision levying real property taxes, the territory or jurisdiction of which includes any currently existing or subsequently created redevelopment district. The term “real property taxes” includes all taxes levied on an ad valorem basis upon land and improvements thereon, other than the property tax levied pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6431 section 11, and amendments thereto, or any other property tax levied by or on behalf of a school district.

(b) All tangible taxable property located within a redevelopment district shall be assessed and taxed for ad valorem tax purposes pursuant to law in the same manner that such property would be assessed and taxed if located outside such district, and all ad valorem taxes levied on such property shall be paid to and collected by the county treasurer in the same manner as other taxes are paid and collected. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the county treasurer shall distribute such taxes as may be collected in the same manner as if such property were located outside a redevelopment district. Each redevelopment district established under the provisions of this act shall constitute a separate taxing unit for the purpose of the computation and levy of taxes.

(c) Beginning with the first payment of taxes which are levied following the date of approval of any redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, real property taxes received by the county treasurer resulting from taxes which are levied
subject to the provisions of this act by and for the benefit of a taxing subdivision, as herein defined, on property located within such redevelopment district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section, shall be divided as follows:

(1) From the taxes levied each year subject to the provisions of this act by or for each of the taxing subdivisions upon property located within a redevelopment district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this act, the county treasurer first shall allocate and pay to each such taxing subdivision all of the real property taxes collected which are produced from that portion of the current assessed valuation of such real property located within such separate taxing unit which is equal to the total assessed value of such real property on the date of the establishment of the redevelopment district.

(2) Any real property taxes produced from that portion of the current assessed valuation of real property within the redevelopment district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section in excess of an amount equal to the total assessed value of such real property on the effective date of the establishment of the district shall be allocated and paid by the county treasurer according to specified percentages of the tax increment expressly agreed upon and consented to by the governing bodies of the county and school district in which the redevelopment district is located. The amount of the real property taxes allocated and payable to the authority under the agreement shall be paid by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the state. The remaining amount of the real property taxes not payable to the authority shall be allocated and paid in the same manner as other ad valorem taxes. Any real property taxes paid to the state treasurer under this section shall be deposited in the redevelopment bond finance fund of the authority which is created pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8927, and amendments thereto, to pay the costs of any approved redevelopment project, including the payment of principal of and interest on any bonds issued by the authority to finance, in whole or in part, such project. When such bonds and interest thereon have been paid, all moneys thereafter received from real property taxes within such redevelopment district shall be allocated and paid to the respective taxing subdivisions in the same manner as are other ad valorem taxes. If such bonds and interest thereon have been paid before the completion of a project, the authority may continue to use such moneys for any purpose authorized by the redevelopment agreement until such time as the project costs are paid or reimbursed, but for a period not to exceed the final scheduled maturity of the bonds.

(d) In any redevelopment plan or in the proceedings for the issuing of any bonds by the authority to finance a project, the property tax increment portion of taxes provided for in subsection (c)(2) may be irrevocably pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds. The authority may adopt a redevelopment plan in which only a specified percentage of the tax increment realized from taxpayers in the redevelopment district is pledged to the payment of costs.

Sec. 71. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 74-99b43 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-99b43. (a) The Kansas development finance authority is hereby authorized to issue special obligation bonds pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8901 et seq., and amendments thereto, in one or more series to finance the undertaking of any bioscience development project in accordance with the provisions of this act. No special obligation bonds may be issued pursuant to this section unless the Kansas development finance authority has received a resolution of the board of the authority requesting the issuance of such bonds. Such special obligation bonds shall be made payable, both as to principal and interest from one or more of the following, as directed by the authority:

(1) From ad valorem tax increments allocated to, and paid into the bioscience development bond fund for the payment of the project costs of a bioscience development project under the provisions of this section;
(2) from any private sources, contributions or other financial assistance from the state or federal government;
(3) from a pledge of a portion or all of the revenue received from transient guest, sales and use taxes collected pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1696 et seq., 79-3001 et seq., 79-3701 et seq., and 12-187 et seq., and amendments thereto, and which are collected from taxpayers doing business...
within that portion of the bioscience development district and paid into the bioscience development bond fund;

(4) from a pledge of a portion or all increased revenue received by any city from franchise fees collected from utilities and other businesses using public right-of-way within the bioscience development district; or

(5) by any combination of these methods.

(b) All tangible taxable property located within a bioscience development district shall be assessed and taxed for ad valorem tax purposes pursuant to law in the same manner that such property would be assessed and taxed if located outside such district, and all ad valorem taxes levied on such property shall be paid to and collected by the county treasurer in the same manner as other taxes are paid and collected. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the county treasurer shall distribute such taxes as may be collected in the same manner as if such property were located outside a bioscience development district. Each bioscience development district established under the provisions of this act shall constitute a separate taxing unit for the purpose of the computation and levy of taxes.

(c) Beginning with the first payment of taxes which are levied following the date of the establishment of the bioscience development district real property taxes received by the county treasurer resulting from taxes which are levied subject to the provisions of this act by and for the benefit of a taxing subdivision, as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, on property located within such bioscience development district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section, shall be divided as follows:

(1) From the taxes levied each year subject to the provisions of this act by or for each of the taxing subdivisions upon property located within a bioscience development district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this act, the county treasurer first shall allocate and pay to each such taxing subdivision all of the real property taxes collected which are produced from the base year assessed valuation.

(2) Any real property taxes, except for property taxes levied for schools pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto, produced from that portion of the current assessed valuation of real property within the bioscience development district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section in excess of the base year assessed valuation shall be allocated and paid by the county treasurer to the bioscience development bond fund to pay the bioscience development project costs including the payment of principal and interest on any special obligation bonds to finance, in whole or in part, such bioscience development projects.

(d) The authority may pledge the bioscience development bond fund or other available revenue to the repayment of such special obligation bonds prior to, simultaneously with, or subsequent to the issuance of such special obligation bonds.

(e) Any bonds issued under the provisions of this act and the interest paid thereon, unless specifically declared to be taxable in the authorizing resolution of the Kansas development finance authority, shall be exempt from all state, county and municipal taxes, and the exemption shall include income, estate and property taxes.

Sec. 72. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-2319 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-2319. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the school district capital improvements fund. The fund shall consist of all amounts transferred thereto under the provisions of subsection (c).

(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (f), in each school year, each school district which is obligated to make payments from its capital improvements fund shall be entitled to receive payment from the school district capital improvements fund in an amount determined by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. The state board of education shall:

(1) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held prior to July 1, 2015, the state board of education shall:

(A) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil (AVPP) of each school district in the state and round such amount to the
nearest $1,000. The rounded amount is the AVPP of a school district for
the purposes of this section subsection (b)(1);:

(B) determine the median AVPP of all school districts;

(C) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the
median AVPP of all school districts as the point of beginning. The sched-
ule of dollar amounts shall range upward in equal $1,000 intervals from
the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the
amount of the AVPP of the school district with the highest AVPP of all
school districts and shall range downward in equal $1,000 intervals from
the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the
amount of the AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all
school districts;

(D) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district
by assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the
median AVPP shown on the schedule, decreasing the state aid compu-
tation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one
percentage point for each $1,000 interval above the amount of the median
AVPP, and increasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to
the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each $1,000
interval below the amount of the median AVPP. Except as provided by
K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-2319c, and amendments thereto, the state aid per-
centage factor of a school district is the percentage assigned to the sched-
ule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district.
The state aid percentage factor of a school district shall not exceed 100%.
The state aid computation percentage is 5% for contractual bond obli-
gations incurred by a school district prior to the effective date of this act,
and 25% for contractual bond obligations incurred by a school district on
or after the effective date of this act;

(E) determine the amount of payments in the aggregate that a
school district is obligated to make from its bond and interest fund and,
of such amount, compute the amount
attributable to contractual bond
obligations incurred by the school district prior to the effective date of
this act and the amount attributable to contractual bond obligations in-
curred by the school district on or after the effective date of this act July
1, 2015; and

(F) multiply each of the amounts computed
the amount deter-
mined under (E) subsection (b)(1)(E) by the applicable state aid percent-
age factor;

(7) add the products obtained under (6). The amount of the sum is
the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the
school district capital improvements fund in the school year.

(2) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election
held on or after July 1, 2015, but prior to July 1, 2017, the state board of
education shall:

(A) Determine the amount of the AVPP of each school district in the
state and round such amount to the nearest $1,000. The rounded
amount is the AVPP of a school district for the purposes of this
subsection (b)(2);

(B) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the
AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all school districts as
the point of beginning. The schedule of dollar amounts shall range upward
in equal $1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an
amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with
the highest AVPP of all school districts;

(C) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district by
assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the lowest
AVPP shown on the schedule and decreasing the state aid computation
percentage assigned to the amount of the lowest AVPP by one percentage
point for each $1,000 interval above the amount of the lowest AVPP. Except
as provided by K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-2319c, and amendments thereto, the state aid percentage factor of a school district is the percentage
assigned to the schedule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP
of the school district. The state aid computation percentage is 75%.

(D) determine the amount of payments that a school district is obli-
gated to make from its bond and interest fund attributable to contractual
bond obligations incurred by the school district on or after July 1, 2015;

(E) multiply the amount determined under subsection (b)(2)(D) by the applicable state aid percentage factor.
(3) The sum of the amount determined under subsection (b)(1)(F) and the amount determined under subsection (b)(2)(E) is the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the school district capital improvements fund in the school year.

(c) The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the entitlements of school districts determined under the provisions of subsection (b), and an amount equal thereto shall be transferred by the director from the state general fund to the school district capital improvements fund for distribution to school districts. All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund, except that all such transfers during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2013, June 30, 2014, June 30, 2015, and June 30, 2016, shall be considered to be revenue transfers from the state general fund.

(d) Payments from the school district capital improvements fund shall be distributed to school districts at times determined by the state board of education to be necessary to assist school districts in making scheduled payments pursuant to contractual bond obligations. The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district entitled to payment from the fund, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the school district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the school district shall credit the amount thereof to the bond and interest fund of the school district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

(e) The provisions of this section apply only to contractual obligations incurred by school districts pursuant to general obligation bonds issued upon approval of a majority of the qualified voters of the school district voting at an election upon the question of the issuance of such bonds.

(f) Amounts transferred to the capital improvements fund of a school district as authorized by K.S.A. 72-6433, and amendments thereto, shall not be included in the computation when determining the amount of state aid to which a district is entitled to receive under this section.

Sec. 73. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-201x is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-201x. For taxable years 2013 and 2014, the following described property, to the extent herein specified, shall be and is hereby exempt from the property tax levied pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto: Property used for residential purposes to the extent of $20,000 of its appraised valuation.

Sec. 74. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-213 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-213. (a) Any property owner requesting an exemption from the payment of ad valorem property taxes assessed, or to be assessed, against their property shall be required to file an initial request for exemption, on forms approved by the state court board of tax appeals and provided by the county appraiser.

(b) The initial exemption request shall identify the property for which the exemption is requested and state, in detail, the legal and factual basis for the exemption claimed.

(c) The request for exemption shall be filed with the county appraiser of the county where such property is principally located.

(d) After a review of the exemption request, and after a preliminary examination of the facts as alleged, the county appraiser shall recommend that the exemption request either be granted or denied, and, if necessary, that a hearing be held. If a denial is recommended, a statement of the controlling facts and law relied upon shall be included on the form.

(e) The county appraiser, after making such written recommendation, shall file the request for exemption and the recommendations of the county appraiser with the state court board of tax appeals. With regard to a request for exemption from property tax pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-201g and 82a-409, and amendments thereto, not filed with the state court board of tax appeals by the county appraiser on or before the effective date of this act, if the county appraiser recommends the exemption request be granted, the exemption shall be provided in the amount recommended by the county appraiser and the county appraiser shall not file the request for exemption and recommendations of the county appraiser with the state court board of tax appeals. The county clerk or
county assessor shall annually make such adjustment in the taxes levied against the real property as the owner may be entitled to receive under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-201g, and amendments thereto, as recommended by the county appraiser, beginning with the first period, following the date of issue of the certificate of completion on which taxes are regularly levied, and during the years which the landowner is entitled to such adjustment.

(f) Upon receipt of the request for exemption, the court shall docket the same and notify the applicant and the county appraiser of such fact.

(g) After examination of the request for exemption and the county appraiser's recommendation related thereto, the court may fix a time and place for hearing, and shall notify the applicant and the county appraiser of the time and place so fixed. A request for exemption pursuant to: (1) Section 13 of article 11 of the constitution of the state of Kansas; or (2) K.S.A. 79-201a Second, and amendments thereto, for property constructed or purchased, in whole or in part, with the proceeds of revenue bonds under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and amendments thereto, prepared in accordance with instructions and assistance which shall be provided by the department of commerce, shall be deemed approved unless scheduled for hearing within 30 days after the date of receipt of all required information and data relating to the request for exemption, and such hearing shall be conducted within 90 days after such date. Such time periods shall be determined without regard to any extension or continuance allowed to either party to such request. In any case where a party to such request for exemption requests a hearing thereon, the same shall be granted. Hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

In all instances where the court sets a request for exemption for hearing, the county shall be represented by its county attorney or county counselor.

(h) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (g), in the event of a hearing, the same shall be originally set not later than 90 days after the filing of the request for exemption with the court.

(i) During the pendency of a request for exemption, no person, firm, unincorporated association, company or corporation charged with real estate or personal property taxes pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2004 and 79-2004a, and amendments thereto, on the tax books in the hands of the county treasurer shall be required to pay the tax from the date the request is filed with the county appraiser until the expiration of 30 days after the court issued its order thereon and the same becomes a final order. In the event that taxes have been assessed against the subject property, no interest shall accrue on any unpaid tax for the year or years in question nor shall the unpaid tax be considered delinquent from the date the request is filed with the county appraiser until the expiration of 30 days after the court issued its order thereon. In the event the court determines an application for exemption is without merit and filed in bad faith to delay the due date of the tax, the tax shall be considered delinquent as of the date the tax would have been due pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2004 and 79-2004a, and amendments thereto, and interest shall accrue as prescribed therein.

(j) In the event the court grants the initial request for exemption, the same shall be effective beginning with the date of first exempt use except that, with respect to property the construction of which commenced not to exceed 24 months prior to the date of first exempt use, the same becomes a final order.

(k) In conjunction with its authority to grant exemptions, the court shall have the authority to abate all unpaid taxes that have accrued from and since the effective date of the exemption. In the event that taxes have been paid during the period where the subject property has been determined to be exempt, the court shall have the authority to order a refund of taxes for the year immediately preceding the year in which the exemption application is filed in accordance with subsection (a).

(l) The provisions of this section shall not apply to: (1) Farm machinery and equipment exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201j, and amendments thereto; (2) personal property exempted from ad val-
orem taxation by K.S.A. 79-215, and amendments thereto; (3) wearing apparel, household goods and personal effects exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201c, and amendments thereto; (4) livestock; (5) all property exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201d, and amendments thereto; (7) grain exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201n, and amendments thereto; (8) property exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201a Seventeenth, and amendments thereto, including all property previously acquired by the secretary of transportation or a predecessor in interest, which is used in the administration, construction, maintenance or operation of the state system of highways. The secretary of transportation shall at the time of acquisition of property notify the county appraiser in the county in which the property is located that the acquisition occurred and provide a legal description of the property acquired; (9) property exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201a Ninth, and amendments thereto, including all property previously acquired by the Kansas turnpike authority which is used in the administration, construction, maintenance or operation of the Kansas turnpike. The Kansas turnpike authority shall at the time of acquisition of property notify the county appraiser in the county in which the property is located that the acquisition occurred and provide a legal description of the property acquired; (10) aquaculture machinery and equipment exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201j, and amendments thereto; and (11) Christmas tree machinery and equipment exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201j, and amendments thereto; (12) property owned by the state or any municipality or political subdivision of the state for right-of-way purposes. The state agency or the governing body of the municipality or political subdivision shall at the time of acquisition of property for right-of-way purposes notify the county appraiser in the county in which the property is located that the acquisition occurred and provide a legal description of the property acquired; (13) machinery, equipment, and supplies exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201w, and amendments thereto; (14) vehicles owned by the state or by any political or taxing subdivision thereof and used exclusively for governmental purposes; (15) property used for residential purposes which is exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201x, and amendments thereto, from the property tax levied pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-5107, and amendments thereto; (16) from and after July 1, 1998, vehicles which are owned by an organization having as one of its purposes the assistance by the provision of transit services to the elderly and to disabled persons and which are exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201 Ninth, and amendments thereto; (17) from and after July 1, 1998, motor vehicles exempted from taxation by subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-5107, and amendments thereto; (18) commercial and industrial machinery and equipment exempted from property or ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-224, and amendments thereto; and (19) property exempted from property or ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-234, and amendments thereto.

(m) The provisions of this section shall apply to property exempt pursuant to the provisions of section 13 of article 11 of the constitution of the state of Kansas.

(n) The provisions of subsection (k) as amended by this act shall be applicable to all exemption applications filed in accordance with subsection (a) after December 31, 2001.

Sec. 75. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 79-2001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2001. (a) As soon as the county treasurer receives the tax roll of the county, the treasurer shall enter in a column opposite the description of each tract or parcel of land the amount of unpaid taxes and the date of unredeemed sales, if any, for previous years on such land. The treasurer shall cause a notice to be published in the official county paper once each week for three consecutive weeks, stating
in the notice the amount of taxes charged for state, county, township, school, city or other purposes for that year, on each $1,000 of valuation.

(b) Each year after receipt of the tax roll from the county clerk and before December 15, the treasurer shall mail to each taxpayer, as shown by the rolls, a tax statement which indicates the taxing unit, assessed value of real and personal property, the mill levy and tax due. In addition, with respect to land devoted to agricultural use, such statement shall indicate the acreage and description of each parcel of such land. The tax statement shall also indicate separately each parcel of real property which is separately classified for property tax purposes. The county appraiser shall provide the information necessary for the county treasurer to comply with the provisions of this section. The tax statement also may include the intangible tax due the county. All items may be on one statement or may be shown on separate statements and may be on a form prescribed by the county treasurer. The statement shall be mailed to the last known address of the taxpayer or to a designee authorized by the taxpayer to accept the tax statement, if the designee has an interest in receiving the statement. When any statement is returned to the county treasurer for failure to find the addressee, the treasurer shall make a diligent effort to find a forwarding address of the taxpayer and mail the statement to the new address. All tax statements mailed pursuant to this section shall be mailed by first-class mail. The requirement for mailing a tax statement shall extend only to the initial statement required to be mailed in each year and to any follow-up required by this section.

(c) For tax year 1998, and all tax years thereafter, after receipt of the tax roll from the county clerk and before December 15, the treasurer shall mail to each taxpayer, as shown by the tax rolls, a tax information form which indicates the taxing unit, assessed value of real property for the current and next preceding taxable year, the mill levy for the current and next preceding taxable year and, in the case of unified school districts, the mill levy required by K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto, shall be separately indicated, the tax due and an itemization of each taxing unit’s mill levy for the current and next preceding taxable year and the percentage change in the amount of revenue produced therefrom, if any. In addition, with respect to land devoted to agricultural use, such form shall indicate the acreage and description of each parcel of such land. The tax information form shall also indicate separately each parcel of real property which is separately classified for property tax purposes. The county appraiser shall provide the information necessary for the county treasurer to comply with the provisions of this section. The tax information form may be separate from the tax statement or a part of the tax statement. The tax information form shall be in a format prescribed by the director of property valuation. The tax information form shall be mailed to the last known address of the taxpayer. When a tax information form is returned to the county treasurer for failure to find the addressee, the treasurer shall make a diligent effort to find a forwarding address of the taxpayer and mail the tax information form to the new address. All tax information forms mailed pursuant to this section shall be mailed by first class mail.

Sec. 76. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 79-2925b is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2925b. (a) Without a majority vote so providing, the governing body of any municipality shall not approve any appropriation or budget, as the case requires, which may be funded by revenue produced from property taxes, and which provides for funding with such revenue in an amount exceeding that of the next preceding year, adjusted to reflect changes in the consumer price index for all urban consumers as published by the United States department of labor for the preceding calendar year. If the total tangible property valuation in any municipality increases from the next preceding year due to increases in the assessed valuation of existing tangible property and such increase exceeds changes in the consumer price index, the governing body shall lower the amount of ad valorem tax to be levied to the amount of ad valorem tax levied in the next preceding year, adjusted to reflect changes in the consumer price index. This subsection shall not apply to ad valorem taxes levied under K.S.A. 72-4414, 76-6b01 and 76-6b04 and section 11, and amendments thereto, and any other ad valorem tax levy which was previously approved by the voters of such municipality. Notwithstanding
the requirements of this subsection, nothing herein shall prohibit a municipality from increasing the amount of ad valorem tax to be levied if the municipality approves the increase with a majority vote of the governing body and publishes such vote as provided in subsection (c).

(b) Revenue that, in the current year, is produced and attributable to the taxation of:

(1) New improvements to real property;
(2) increased personal property valuation, other than increased valuation of oil and gas leaseholds and mobile homes;
(3) property located within added jurisdictional territory; or
(4) property which has changed in use shall not be considered when determining whether revenue produced from property has increased from the next preceding year.

(c) In the event the governing body votes to approve any appropriation or budget, as the case requires, which may be funded by revenue produced from property taxes, and which provides for funding with such revenue in an amount exceeding that of the next preceding year as provided in subsection (a), notice of such vote shall be published in the official county newspaper of the county where such municipality is located.

(d) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to all fiscal and budget years commencing on and after the effective date of this act.

(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to revenue received from property tax levied for the sole purpose of repayment of the principal of and interest upon bonded indebtedness, temporary notes and no-fund warrants.

(f) For purposes of this section, “municipality” means any political subdivision of the state which levies an ad valorem tax on property and includes, but is not limited to, any county, township, municipal university, school district, community college, drainage district or other taxing district. “Municipality” shall not include any such political subdivision or taxing district which receives $1,000 or less in revenue from property taxes in the current year.

Sec. 77. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 79-5105 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-5105. (a) A tax is hereby levied upon every motor vehicle, as the same is defined by K.S.A. 79-5101, and amendments thereto, in an amount which shall be determined in the manner herein-after prescribed, except that: (1) (A) For 1995, the tax on any motorcycle shall not be less than $6 and the tax on any other motor vehicle shall not be less than $12; and (B) the tax on each motor vehicle the age of which is 15 years or older shall not be more than $12; and (2) for 1996, and each year thereafter: (A) The tax on any motorcycle shall not be less than $12 and the tax on any other motor vehicle shall not be less than $24, except as otherwise provided by clause (B) and (C); (B) the tax on any motorcycle the model year of which is 1980 or earlier shall be $6 and the tax on any other motor vehicle the model year of which is 1980 or earlier shall be $12; and (C) if the tax on any motorcycle in 1995 was more than $6 but less than $12, the tax shall be determined for 1996 and each year thereafter in the manner hereinafter prescribed but shall not be less than $6, and if the tax on any other motor vehicle in 1995 was more than $12 but less than $24, the tax shall be determined for 1996 and each year thereafter in the manner hereinafter prescribed but shall not be less than $12.

(b) The amount of such tax on a motor vehicle shall be computed by:

(1) Determining the amount representing the midpoint of the values included within the class in which such motor vehicle is classified under K.S.A. 79-5102 or 79-5103, and amendments thereto, except that the midpoint of class 20 shall be $21,000 plus $2,000 for each $2,000 or portion thereof by which the trade-in value of the vehicle exceeds $22,000; (2) if the model year of the motor vehicle is a year other than the year for which the tax is levied, by reducing such midpoint amount by an amount equal to 16% in 1995, and all years prior thereto, and 15% in 1996, and all years thereafter, of the remaining balance for each year of difference between the model year of the motor vehicle and the year for which the tax is levied if the amount of such tax on a motor vehicle shall be computed by:

(1) Determining the amount representing the midpoint of the values included within the class in which such motor vehicle is classified under K.S.A. 79-5102 or 79-5103, and amendments thereto, except that the midpoint of class 20 shall be $21,000 plus $2,000 for each $2,000 or portion thereof by which the trade-in value of the vehicle exceeds $22,000; (2) if the model year of the motor vehicle is a year other than the year for which the tax is levied, by reducing such midpoint amount by an amount equal to 16% in 1995, and all years prior thereto, and 15% in 1996, and all years thereafter, of the remaining balance for each year of difference between the model year of the motor vehicle and the year for which the tax is levied if the
model year of the motor vehicle is 1980 or any year prior thereto; (3) by multiplying the amount determined after application of clause (2) above by 30% during calendar year 1995, 28.5% during the calendar year 1996, 26.5% during the calendar year 1997, 24.5% during the calendar year 1998, 22.5% during the calendar year 1999, and 20% during all calendar years thereafter, which shall constitute the taxable value of the motor vehicle; and (4) by multiplying the taxable value of the motor vehicle produced under clause (3) above by the county average tax rate.

(c) The "county average tax rate" means the total amount of general property taxes levied within the county by the state, county and all other taxing subdivisions levying such taxes within such county in the second calendar year before the calendar year in which the owner's full registration year begins divided by the total assessed tangible valuation of property within such county as of November 1 of such second calendar year before the calendar year in which the owner's full registration year begins as certified by the secretary of revenue, except that:

(1) as of November 1, 1994, such rate shall be computed without regard to 11.429% of the general property taxes levied by school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto;

(2) as of November 1, 1995, such rate shall be computed without regard to 31.429% of the general property taxes levied by school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto;

(3) as of November 1, 1996, such rate shall be computed without regard to 54.286% of the general property taxes levied by school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto;

(4) as of November 1, 1997, such rate shall be computed without regard to 70.36% of the general property taxes levied by school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto; and

(5) as of November 1, 1998, and such date in all years thereafter, such rate shall be computed without regard to the general property taxes levied by school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto law.

New Sec. 78. Nothing in this act shall affect or invalidate any resolution adopted by a board of education of any school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 or 72-8809, and amendments thereto, on and after May 1, 2014, but prior to July 1, 2015.

Sec. 79. On and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-8801 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8801. (a) The board of education of any school district may make an annual tax levy at a mill rate not to exceed the statutorily prescribed mill rate for a period of not to exceed five years upon the taxable tangible property in the school district for the purposes specified in this act and for the purpose of paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the school district. No levy shall be made under this act until a resolution is adopted by the board of education in the following form:

Unified School District No. __________ Count County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The above-named school board shall be authorized to make an annual tax levy for a period not to exceed ______ years in an amount not to exceed ____ mills upon the taxable tangible property in the school district for the purpose of acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, remodeling, additions to, furnishing, maintaining and equipping of school district property and equipment necessary for school district purposes, including: (1) acquisition of computer software; (2) acquisition of performance uniforms; (3) housing and boarding pupils enrolled in an area vocational school operated under the board; (4) architectural expenses; (5) acquisition of building sites; (6) undertaking and maintenance of asbestos control projects; (7) acquisition of school buses; and (8) acquisition of other fixed assets, and for the purpose of paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the school district. The tax levy authorized by this resolution may be made, unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 10% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 40 calendar days after the last publication of this resolution. In the event a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether the tax levy shall be authorized to the electors in the school district at an election called for that purpose or at the next general election, as is specified by the board of education of the above school district.
CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of Unified School District No ______ County, Kansas, on the ______ day of ______.

All of the blanks in the above resolution shall be appropriately filled.

The blank preceding the word “years” shall be filled with a specific number, and the blank preceding the word “mills” shall be filled with a specific number, and no word shall be inserted in either of the blanks. The resolution shall be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in the school district. If no petition as specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the board of education may make the tax levy specified in the resolution. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board of education may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether the tax levy shall be authorized. If the board of education fails to notify the county election officer within 60 calendar days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board of education within the nine months following the first publication of the resolution.

(b) As used in this act:

(1) “Unconditionally authorized to make a capital outlay tax levy” means that the school district has adopted a resolution under this section, has published the same, and either that the resolution was not protested or that it was protested and an election has been held by which the tax levy specified in the resolution was approved;

(2) “statutorily prescribed mill rate” means: (A) Eight mills; (B) the mill levy rate in excess of eight mills if the resolution fixing such rate was approved at an election prior to the effective date of this act; or (C) the mill levy rate in excess of eight mills if no petition or no sufficient petition was filed in protest to a resolution fixing such rate in excess of eight mills and the protest period for filling such petition has expired;

(3) “asbestos control project” means any activity which is necessary or incidental to the control of asbestos-containing material in buildings of school districts and includes, but not by way of limitation, any activity undertaken for the removal or encapsulation of asbestos-containing material, for any remodeling, renovation, replacement, rehabilitation or other restoration necessitated by such removal or encapsulation, for conducting inspections, re-inspections and periodic surveillance of buildings, performing response actions, and developing, implementing and updating operations and maintenance programs and management plans;

(4) “asbestos” means the asbestiform varieties of chrysotile (serpentine), crocidolite (riebeckite), amosite (cummingtonite-grunerite), anthophyllite, tremolite, and actinolite; and

(5) “asbestos-containing material” means any material or product which contains more than 1% asbestos.

Sec. 80. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-6434, 72-6460 and 72-8814, as amended by section 54 of 2015 House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 4 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 81. From and after July 1, 2015, K.S.A. 12-1677, 12-1775a, 72-1414, 72-6406, 72-6408, 72-6411, 72-6415, 72-6418, 72-6419, 72-6424, 72-6427, 72-6429, 72-6432, 72-6436, 72-6437, 72-6444, 72-6446, 72-6447, 72-6622, 72-6757, 72-8190, 72-8230, 72-8233, 72-8236, 72-8309, 72-8909, 79-2001 and 79-5105 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 10-1116a, 12-1775a, 46-3401, 46-3402, 72-978, 72-1046b, 72-1398, 72-1925, 72-3607, 72-3711, 72-3712, 72-3715, 72-3716, 72-5333b, 72-6405, 72-6407, 72-6409, 72-6410, 72-6411, 72-6412, 72-6413, 72-6414, 72-6414a, 72-6414b, 72-6415b, 72-6416, 72-6417, 72-6420, 72-6421, 72-6423, 72-6425, 72-6426, 72-6428, 72-6430, 72-6431, 72-6432, 72-6433, 72-6433c, 72-6434, as amended by section 38 of this act, 72-6434b, 72-6435, 72-6438, 72-6439, 72-6439a, 72-6441, 72-6444b, 72-6445a, 72-6445b, 72-6448, 72-6449, 72-6450, 72-6451, 72-6452, 72-6453, 72-6455, 72-6456, 72-6457, 72-6458, 72-6460, as amended by section 39 of this act, 72-6461, 72-6460, 72-6461, 72-6461, 72-6465, 72-6624, 72-6625, 72-67115, 72-7535, 72-8187, 72-8237, 72-8249, 72-8250, 72-8251, 72-8302, 72-8316, 72-8413b, 72-8801, 72-8801a, 72-8804, 72-8814, as amended by section 63 of this
act, 72-8814b, 72-8815, 72-9509, 72-9609, 72-99a02, 74-32,141, 74-4939a, 74-6925, 74-99b43, 75-2319, 79-201x, 79-213, 79-213f and 79-2925b are hereby repealed.

Sec. 82. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

I hereby certify that the above Bill originated in the Senate, and passed that body

________________________________________________________________________

SENATE concurred in
HOUSE amendments _______________________

________________________________________________________________________

President of the Senate

Secretary of the Senate

Passed the HOUSE
as amended _______________________

________________________________________________________________________

Speaker of the House

Chief Clerk of the House

APPROVED _______________________

________________________________________________________________________

Governor