

**HOUSE BILL No. 2675**

By Committee on Judiciary

Requested by Laura Nordgren on behalf of the Kansas Judicial Council

2-1

1 AN ACT concerning children and minors; enacting the uniform nonparent  
2 visitation act; removing provisions related to grandparent and  
3 stepparent visitation rights; repealing K.S.A. 23-3301, 23-3302, 23-  
4 3303 and 23-3304.

5  
6 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

7 Section 1. Sections 1 through 20, and amendments thereto, shall be  
8 known and may be cited as the uniform nonparent visitation act.

9 Sec. 2. As used in this act:

10 (a) "Child" means an unemancipated individual who is less than 18  
11 years of age.

12 (b) "Compensation" means wages or other remuneration paid in  
13 exchange for care of a child. "Compensation" does not include  
14 reimbursement of expenses for care of the child, including payment for  
15 food, clothing and medical expenses.

16 (c) "Consistent caretaker" means a nonparent who meets the  
17 requirements of section 4(b), and amendments thereto.

18 (d) "Custody" means physical custody, legal custody or both.

19 (e) "Harm to a child" means significant adverse effect on a child's  
20 physical, emotional or psychological well-being.

21 (f) "Legal custody" means the right to make significant decisions  
22 regarding a child, including decisions regarding a child's education,  
23 healthcare and scheduled activity.

24 (g) "Nonparent" means an individual, other than a parent or person  
25 acting as a parent of a child. "Nonparent" includes a grandparent, sibling  
26 or stepparent of a child.

27 (h) "Parent" means an individual recognized as a parent under the  
28 laws of Kansas.

29 (i) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity,  
30 public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency,  
31 instrumentality or other legal entity.

32 (j) "Person acting as a parent" means a person, other than a parent,  
33 who:

34 (1) Has physical custody of the child or has had physical custody for  
35 a period of six consecutive months, including any temporary absence,

1 within one year immediately preceding the commencement of a child  
2 custody proceeding; and

3 (2) has been awarded legal custody by a court or claims a right to  
4 legal custody under the laws of Kansas.

5 (k) "Physical custody" means living with a child and exercising day-  
6 to-day care of the child.

7 (l) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible  
8 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is  
9 retrievable in perceivable form.

10 (m) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of  
11 Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands or any territory or  
12 insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. "State"  
13 includes a federally recognized Indian tribe.

14 (n) "Substantial relationship with the child" means a relationship  
15 between a nonparent and child that meets the requirements of section 4(c),  
16 and amendments thereto.

17 (o) "Visitation" means the right to spend time with a child who is  
18 living with another person and may include an overnight stay.

19 Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this act applies to a  
20 proceeding in which a nonparent seeks visitation, including proceedings in  
21 which the child has a guardian pursuant to article 30 of chapter 59 of the  
22 Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or a permanent  
23 custodian pursuant to article 22 of chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes  
24 Annotated, and amendments thereto.

25 (b) This act does not apply to a proceeding:

26 (1) Between nonparents, unless a parent or person acting as a parent  
27 is a party to the proceeding;

28 (2) pertaining to visitation with an Indian child as defined in the  
29 Indian child welfare act of 1978, 25 U.S.C. § 1903(4), to the extent the  
30 proceeding is governed by the Indian child welfare act of 1978, 25 U.S.C.  
31 §§ 1901 through 1963; and

32 (3) pertaining to a child who is the subject of an ongoing proceeding  
33 under article 22 of chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and  
34 amendments thereto, or a substantially similar proceeding in another state.

35 (c) A nonparent shall not maintain a proceeding under this act for  
36 visitation with a child solely because the nonparent served as a foster  
37 parent of the child.

38 (d) An individual whose parental rights concerning a child have been  
39 terminated shall not maintain a proceeding under this act concerning such  
40 child.

41 (e) Relief under this act is not available during the period of a  
42 visitation order entered under K.S.A. 23-3217, and amendments thereto, or  
43 other order related to visitation with a child of a deployed parent. A

1 visitation order entered before a parent was deployed remains in effect  
2 unless modified by the court.

3 Sec. 4. (a) A court may order visitation to a nonparent only if the  
4 nonparent proves that:

5 (1) The denial of visitation would result in harm to the child;

6 (2) the nonparent:

7 (A) Is or has been a consistent caretaker as described in subsection  
8 (b) within one year of the initiation of the action; or

9 (B) has a substantial relationship with the child as described in  
10 subsection (c); and

11 (3) an order of visitation to the nonparent is in the best interest of the  
12 child applying the factors in section 11, and amendments thereto.

13 (b) A nonparent is a consistent caretaker if the nonparent, without  
14 expectation of compensation:

15 (1) Lived with the child for not less than 12 months, unless the court  
16 finds good cause to accept a shorter period;

17 (2) regularly exercised care of the child;

18 (3) made day-to-day decisions regarding the child solely or in  
19 cooperation with an individual having physical custody of the child; and

20 (4) established a bonded and dependent relationship with the child  
21 with the express or implied consent of a parent of the child or without the  
22 consent of a parent if no parent has been able or willing to perform  
23 parenting functions.

24 (c) A nonparent has a substantial relationship with the child if:

25 (1) The nonparent:

26 (A) Is an individual with a familiar relationship with the child by  
27 blood or law; or

28 (B) formed a relationship with the child without expectation of  
29 compensation;

30 (2) a significant emotional bond exists between the nonparent and the  
31 child from the child's point of view; and

32 (3) the nonparent:

33 (A) Regularly exercised care of the child; and

34 (B) established a bonded and dependent relationship with the child  
35 with the express or implied consent of a parent of the child or without the  
36 consent of a parent if no parent has been able or willing to perform  
37 parenting functions.

38 Sec. 5. (a) In an initial proceeding under this act, there is a rebuttable  
39 presumption that a decision by a parent regarding a request for visitation  
40 by a nonparent is in the best interest of the child.

41 (b) Subject to section 13, and amendments thereto, a nonparent has  
42 the burden to rebut the presumption described in subsection (a) by clear  
43 and convincing evidence of the facts required by section 4(a), and

1 amendments thereto. Proof of unfitness of a parent is not required to rebut  
2 the presumption described in subsection (a).

3 Sec. 6. A nonparent may commence a proceeding by filing a petition  
4 under section 7, and amendments thereto, in the court having jurisdiction  
5 to determine visitation under the uniform child custody jurisdiction and  
6 enforcement act, K.S.A. 23-37,101 through 23-37,405, and amendments  
7 thereto.

8 Sec. 7. (a) A nonparent shall verify a petition for visitation under  
9 penalty of perjury and allege facts showing that the nonparent:

10 (1) Meets the requirements of a consistent caretaker of the child as  
11 described in section 4(b), and amendments thereto; or

12 (2) has a substantial relationship with the child as described in section  
13 4(c), and amendments thereto, and denial of visitation would result in  
14 harm to the child.

15 (b) A petition under subsection (a) shall state the relief sought and  
16 allege specific facts showing:

17 (1) The duration and nature of the relationship between the nonparent  
18 and the child, including the period, if any, the nonparent lived with the  
19 child and the care provided;

20 (2) the content of any agreement between the parties to the  
21 proceeding regarding care of the child and custody of or visitation or other  
22 contact with the child;

23 (3) a description of any previous attempt by the nonparent to obtain  
24 visitation or other contact with the child;

25 (4) the extent to which the parent is willing to permit the nonparent to  
26 have visitation or other contact with the child;

27 (5) information about compensation or expectation of compensation  
28 provided to the nonparent in exchange for care of the child;

29 (6) information required to establish the jurisdiction of the court  
30 under the uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act, K.S.A.  
31 23-37,101 through 23-37,405, and amendments thereto;

32 (7) the reason the requested visitation is in the best interest of the  
33 child, applying the factors in section 11, and amendments thereto; and

34 (8) if the nonparent alleges a substantial relationship with the child,  
35 the reason denial of visitation to the nonparent would result in harm to the  
36 child.

37 (c) If an agreement described in subsection (b)(2) is in a record, the  
38 nonparent shall attach a copy of the agreement to the petition.

39 Sec. 8. (a) Based on the petition described in section 7, and  
40 amendments thereto, the court shall determine whether the nonparent has  
41 pleaded a prima facie case that:

42 (1) A denial of visitation would result in harm to the child;

43 (2) the nonparent:

1 (A) Is or has been a consistent caretaker, as described in section 4(b),  
2 and amendments thereto, during the year immediately preceding filing of  
3 the action; or

4 (B) has a substantial relationship with the child, as described in  
5 section 4(c), and amendments thereto; and

6 (3) an order of visitation to the nonparent is in the best interest of the  
7 child applying the factors in section 11, and amendments thereto.

8 (b) If the court determines that the nonparent has not pleaded a prima  
9 facie case, the court shall dismiss the petition.

10 Sec. 9. On commencement of a proceeding under the act, the  
11 nonparent shall give notice as described in article 3 of chapter 60 of the  
12 Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, to each:

13 (a) Parent of the child who is the subject of the proceeding;

14 (b) person having custody of the child;

15 (c) individual having court-ordered visitation with the child; and

16 (d) attorney, guardian ad litem or similar representative appointed for  
17 the child.

18 Sec. 10. In the manner and to the extent authorized by chapter 23 of  
19 the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the court may do  
20 one or more of the following:

21 (a) Appoint a guardian ad litem for the child;

22 (b) interview the child if such child is of sufficient age and maturity;

23 (c) require the parties to participate in mediation or another form of  
24 alternative dispute resolution, except that a party who has been the victim  
25 of a domestic violence offense, as defined in K.S.A. 21-5111, and  
26 amendments thereto, a sex offense described in article 55 of chapter 21 of  
27 the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, stalking as  
28 described in K.S.A. 21-5427, and amendments thereto, or other offense  
29 committed by another party to the proceeding shall not be required to  
30 participate unless reasonable procedures are in place to protect the party  
31 from a risk of harm, harassment or intimidation; or

32 (d) order an evaluation, investigation or other assessment of the  
33 child's circumstances and the effect on the child of ordering or denying the  
34 requested visitation or modifying a visitation order.

35 Sec. 11. (a) When determining whether an order of visitation to a  
36 nonparent is in the best interest of a child, the court shall consider:

37 (1) The nature and extent of the relationship between the child and  
38 the parent;

39 (2) the nature and extent of the relationship between the child and the  
40 nonparent;

41 (3) past or present conduct by a party or individual living with a party  
42 that poses a risk to the physical, emotional or psychological well-being of  
43 the child;

1 (4) the likely impact of the requested order on the relationship  
2 between the child and the parent;

3 (5) the applicable factors in K.S.A. 23-3203, and amendments  
4 thereto; and

5 (6) any other factor affecting the best interest of the child.

6 (b) The court may consider the views of the child, taking into account  
7 the age and maturity of the child.

8 Sec. 12. (a) The court shall presume that ordering visitation to a  
9 nonparent is not in the best interest of the child if the court finds that the  
10 nonparent or an individual living with the nonparent has:

11 (1) Committed abuse of a child as described in K.S.A. 21-5602, and  
12 amendments thereto;

13 (2) committed abandonment of a child or aggravated abandonment of  
14 a child as described in K.S.A. 21-5605, and amendments thereto;

15 (3) committed a domestic violence offense as defined in K.S.A. 21-  
16 5111, and amendments thereto;

17 (4) committed a sex offense described in article 55 of chapter 21 of  
18 the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;

19 (5) committed stalking as described in K.S.A. 21-5427, and  
20 amendments thereto;

21 (6) been subject to registration requirements under the Kansas  
22 offender registration act, K.S.A. 22-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto;  
23 or

24 (7) committed an offense or been subjected to a registration  
25 requirement in another state that is comparable to those described in  
26 paragraphs (1) through (6).

27 (b) A finding that conduct described in subsection (a) occurred shall  
28 be based on:

29 (1) Evidence of a conviction in a criminal proceeding or final  
30 judgment in a civil proceeding; or

31 (2) proof by a preponderance of the evidence.

32 (c) A nonparent may rebut the presumption described in subsection  
33 (a) by proving by clear and convincing evidence that ordering visitation to  
34 the nonparent will not endanger the health, safety or welfare of the child  
35 and is in the best interest of the child.

36 Sec. 13. (a) On verified motion subject to subsection (c), the court  
37 may modify a final visitation order on a showing by a preponderance of  
38 the evidence that:

39 (1) A material change in circumstance has occurred relevant to the  
40 visitation with the child; and

41 (2) modification is in the best interest of the child.

42 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if a nonparent has rebutted  
43 the presumption described in section 5, and amendments thereto, in an

1 initial proceeding, the presumption remains rebutted.

2 (c) On agreement of the parties, the court may modify a visitation  
3 order unless the court finds that the agreement is not in the best interest of  
4 the child.

5 Sec. 14. When issuing a final order of visitation, the court shall make  
6 findings of fact and conclusions of law as required by K.S.A. 60-252, and  
7 amendments thereto, in support of its decision or, if the petition is  
8 dismissed pursuant to section 8, and amendments thereto, or a motion for  
9 modification is denied pursuant to section 13, and amendments thereto,  
10 state the reasons for the dismissal or denial.

11 Sec. 15. (a) (1) A nonparent who is entitled to visitation with a child  
12 under this act shall give written notice to the parent if the nonparent:

13 (A) Is subject to the registration requirements of the Kansas offender  
14 registration act, K.S.A. 22-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto, or any  
15 comparable registration requirements of another jurisdiction;

16 (B) has been convicted of abuse of a child as described in K.S.A. 21-  
17 5602, and amendments thereto; or

18 (C) is residing with an individual who is known by the nonparent to  
19 be subject to the registration requirements or convicted as described in  
20 subparagraphs (A) or (B).

21 (2) The notice described in this subsection shall be sent by restricted  
22 mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the parent  
23 within 14 days following knowledge of an event described in paragraph  
24 (1).

25 (b) Failure to give notice as required in this section is an indirect civil  
26 contempt punishable as provided by law. The court may order the  
27 nonparent required to give notice to pay reasonable attorney fees and any  
28 other expenses incurred by the parent as a result of the failure to give  
29 notice.

30 (c) An event described in subsection (a)(1) may be considered a  
31 material change of circumstances that justifies modification of a prior  
32 order of visitation.

33 Sec. 16. (a) The expense of facilitating visitation, including the  
34 expense of transportation, shall be paid by the nonparent unless the court  
35 determines justice and equity require otherwise.

36 (b) The nonparent shall pay for services ordered under section 10,  
37 and amendments thereto, unless the court determines that justice and  
38 equity require otherwise.

39 (c) Costs and reasonable attorney fees shall be awarded to the parent  
40 or person acting as a parent unless the court determines that justice and  
41 equity require otherwise.

42 Sec. 17. In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration  
43 shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to

1 its subject matter among states that enact it.

2 Sec. 18. This act modifies, limits or supersedes the electronic  
3 signatures in global and national commerce act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001 et seq.,  
4 but does not modify, limit or supersede section 101(c) of that act, 15  
5 U.S.C. § 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices  
6 described in section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7003(b).

7 Sec. 19. This act applies to a proceeding:

8 (a) Commenced before July 1, 2024, in which a final order has not  
9 been entered; and

10 (b) commenced on or after July 1, 2024.

11 Sec. 20. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or  
12 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions  
13 of applications of this act that can be given effect without the invalid  
14 provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are  
15 severable.

16 Sec. 21. K.S.A. 23-3301, 23-3302, 23-3303 and 23-3304 are hereby  
17 repealed.

18 Sec. 22. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its  
19 publication in the statute book.