Introduced Version

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 16

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED RESOLUTION

Citations Affected: Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

Confirmation of judicial appointments. Renames the Synopsis: judicial nominating commission as the commission on judicial nominations and qualifications. Provides that one commission member is selected by attorneys licensed in Indiana, one commission member is appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, and one commission member is appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate. Requires that, of the three members appointed by the governor, at least one commission member must be an attorney. Prohibits a person who is a lobbyist from serving on the commission. Provides for the governor to fill a vacancy on the supreme court or the court of appeals from nominees recommended by the commission, subject to confirmation by the senate. Provides that a justice of the supreme court or a judge of the court of appeals serves until July 1 of the tenth year after the justice's or judge's appointment is confirmed by the senate or the justice's or judge's retention in office is confirmed by the house of representatives. Provides that if a justice or judge wants to serve a new term, the justice or judge must apply to the house of representatives for retention. Specifies that a judge or justice will be retained, unless: (1) the judge or justice does not apply to the house of representatives for (Continued next page)

Effective: This proposed amendment must be agreed to by two consecutive general assemblies and ratified by a majority of the state's voters voting on the question to be effective.

Houchin, Young M, Garten, Gaskill

January 19, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



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Digest Continued

retention; or (2) at least 60% of the members of the house of representatives vote against retention. Amends the provisions concerning impeachment proceedings for a justice or judge. Provides a transition for justices and judges serving at the time of the adoption of these amendments to the constitution. This proposed amendment has not been previously agreed to by a general assembly.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 16

A JOINT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana concerning courts and court officers.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Indiana is proposed and agreed to by this, the One Hundred Twenty-Second General Assembly of the State of Indiana, and is referred to the next General Assembly for reconsideration and agreement.

SECTION 2. ARTICLE 7, SECTION 3 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Section 3. Chief Justice. (a) The Commission on Judicial Nominations and Qualifications shall select the Chief Justice of the State shall be selected by the judicial nominating commission from the members of the Supreme Court. and he shall retain

(b) The Chief Justice may hold that office for a period of five
years, subject to reappointment in the same manner. except that a



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Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

1 member of the Court The Chief Justice may resign the office of Chief 2 Justice without resigning from the Court. 3 (c) During a vacancy in the office of Chief Justice caused by 4 absence, illness, incapacity, or resignation all powers and duties of that 5 the office shall devolve upon the member of the Supreme Court who 6 is senior in length of service and if equal in length of service the 7 determination shall be by lot until such time as the cause of the vacancy 8 is terminated or the vacancy is filled. 9 (d) The Chief Justice of the State shall appoint such persons as the 10 General Assembly by law may provide for the administration of his the 11 Chief Justice's office. 12 (e) The Chief Justice shall have prepared and submit to the General 13 Assembly regular reports on the condition of the courts and such other 14 reports as may be requested by the General Assembly. 15 SECTION 3. ARTICLE 7, SECTION 9 OF THE CONSTITUTION 16 OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS 17 FOLLOWS: Section 9. Judicial Nominating Commission. (a) There 18 shall be one judicial nominating commission for the Supreme Court 19 and Court of Appeals. This commission shall, in addition, be the a 20 Commission on Judicial Nominations and Qualifications. for the 21 Supreme Court and Court of Appeals. 22 (b) The judicial nominating Commission shall consist consists of 23 the following seven members: a majority of whom shall form a 24 quorum, one of whom shall be 25 (1) The Chief Justice of the State or a Justice of the Supreme 26 Court whom he may designate, designated by the Chief Justice, 27 who shall act as chairman. Those the Commission's chair. 28 (2) One individual admitted to the practice of law shall elect 29 three of their number to serve as members of said commission. 30 All elections shall be in such manner as the General Assembly 31 may provide. in Indiana, elected by those admitted to the 32 practice of law in Indiana. 33 (3) Three citizens of Indiana appointed by the Governor. shall 34 appoint to the commission three eitizens, not At least one of the 35 citizens appointed by the Governor must be admitted to the 36 practice of law. The terms of office and compensation for 37 members of a judicial nominating commission shall be fixed by 38 the General Assembly. No 39 (4) One citizen of Indiana appointed by the President Pro 40 Tempore of the Senate. (5) One citizen of Indiana appointed by the Speaker of the 41 42 House of Representatives.



1 (c) A member of a judicial nominating the Commission other than 2 the Chief Justice or his the Chief Justice's designee shall may not 3 hold any other salaried public office. No A Commission member shall 4 hold an office in a political party or organization. No may not: 5 (1) hold an office in a political party or organization; or 6 (2) be a lobbyist (as defined by law). 7 A Commission member of the judicial nominating commission shall 8 be is not eligible for appointment to a judicial office so long as he 9 while the individual is a member of the Commission and for a period 10 of three years thereafter. after the individual leaves the Commission. (d) The General Assembly shall provide by law for the 11 12 following: 13 (1) The term of office of Commission members. 14 (2) The compensation of Commission members. 15 (3) The manner of election of the elected Commission 16 member. 17 (e) Four Commission members constitute a quorum of the 18 Commission. The affirmative vote of at least four members is 19 necessary for the Commission to take action. 20 SECTION 4. ARTICLE 7. SECTION 10 OF THE CONSTITUTION 21 OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS 22 FOLLOWS: Section 10. Selection of Justices of the Supreme Court and 23 Judges of the Court of Appeals. (a) The Governor shall fill a vacancy 24 in a judicial office in the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals, shall be 25 filled by the Governor, without regard to political affiliation, by 26 appointing an individual from a list of three nominees presented to 27 him recommended by the judicial nominating Commission If the 28 Governor shall fail to make an appointment from the list within sixty 29 days from the day it is presented to him, the appointment shall be made 30 by the Chief Justice or the acting Chief Justice from the same list. on 31 Judicial Nominations and Qualifications. 32 (b) To be eligible for nomination as a Justice of the Supreme Court 33 or Judge of the Court of Appeals, a person: (1) must be domiciled within the geographic district; 34 35 (2) must be a citizen of the United States; and 36 (3) must have been admitted to the practice of law in the courts 37 of the State Indiana for a period of not less than ten (10) years or must have served as a judge of a circuit, superior, or criminal 38 39 court of the State of Indiana for a period of not less than five (5) 40 years. 41 (c) Before an individual appointed as a Justice or Judge under 42 this section may take office, the individual's appointment must be



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confirmed by the Senate by the affirmative vote of a majority of 1 2 the members elected to the Senate under rules adopted by the 3 Senate. The Governor may call the General Assembly into a special 4 session to confirm an appointment to a judicial office under this 5 section. 6 (d) If the Governor does not make an appointment not later 7 than sixty days after the Commission makes a recommendation to 8 fill the vacancy, the Senate may fill the vacancy by confirming any 9 of the nominees recommended by the Commission to the Governor. 10 (e) If the Senate does not confirm a nominee before the sine die 11 adjournment of the session of the General Assembly that occurs 12 immediately after the names of nominees are submitted to the 13 **Governor:** 14 (1) a nominee may not take the judicial office; and 15 (2) the office shall be filled as a vacancy by a nominee 16 recommended to the Governor after the sine die adjournment, 17 as provided in this section. 18 SECTION 5. ARTICLE 7 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE 19 STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED BY ADDING A NEW 20 SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Section 10.5. (a) A Justice of 21 the Supreme Court or Judge of the Court of Appeals may serve 22 until July 1 of the tenth year after the Justice's or Judge's: 23 (1) appointment is confirmed under Section 10 of this article; 24 or 25 (2) retention is confirmed under this section. 26 (b) To serve an additional term, a Justice or Judge must apply 27 to the House of Representatives for retention as provided by law. 28 (c) A Justice or Judge shall be retained in office unless at least 29 sixty percent of the members of the House of Representatives vote 30 not to retain the Judge or Justice in office under rules adopted by 31 the House of Representatives. 32 (d) If a Judge or Justice fails to apply to the House of 33 Representatives for retention as provided by law, or if at least sixty 34 percent of the members of the House of Representatives vote not 35 to retain the Justice or Judge in office: 36 (1) the term of the Judge or Justice expires as provided in 37 subsection (a); 38 (2) the Judge or Justice may not continue in office; and 39 (3) the office shall be filled as a vacancy by another individual 40 as provided in Section 10 of this article. 41 SECTION 6. ARTICLE 7, SECTION 11 OF THE CONSTITUTION

42 OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS

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1 FOLLOWS: Section 11. Tenure of Justices of Supreme Court and 2 Judges of the Court of Appeals. A Justice of the Supreme Court or 3 Judge of the Court of Appeals shall serve until the next general election 4 following the expiration of two years from the date of appointment, and 5 subject to approval or rejection by the electorate, shall continue to 6 serve for terms of ten years, so long as he retains his office. In the case 7 of a justice of the Supreme Court, the electorate of the entire state shall 8 vote on the question of approval or rejection. In the case of judges of the Court of Appeals the electorate of the geographic district in which 9 10 he serves shall vote on the question of approval or rejection. Every such (a) A Justice or Judge may be removed from office under this 11 12 section, Article 6, Section 7, or Article 6, Section 8. 13 (b) A Justice and or Judge shall retire at the age specified by statute 14 in effect at the commencement of his the Justice's or Judge's current 15 term. 16 Every such (c) A Justice or Judge is disqualified from acting as a 17 judicial officer, without loss of salary, while there is pending: 18 (1) an indictment or information charging him the Justice or 19 Judge in any court in the United States with a crime punishable 20 as a felony under the laws of Indiana or the United States; or 21 (2) a recommendation to the Supreme Court by the Commission 22 on Judicial Nominations and Qualifications for his the Justice's 23 or Judge's removal or retirement. 24 (d) On recommendation of the Commission on Judicial 25 Nominations and Qualifications or on its own motion, the Supreme 26 Court may suspend such a Justice or Judge from office without salary 27 when in any court in the United States he the Justice or Judge: 28 (1) pleads guilty or to; 29 (2) pleads no contest to; or 30 (3) is found guilty of; 31 a crime punishable as a felony under the laws of Indiana or the United 32 States, or of any other crime that involves moral turpitude under that 33 law. If his the Justice's or Judge's conviction is reversed, the 34 suspension terminates, and he the Justice or Judge shall be paid his 35 the Justice's or Judge's salary for the period of suspension. If he the 36 Justice or Judge is suspended and his the conviction becomes final, 37 the Supreme Court shall remove him the Justice or Judge from office. 38 (e) On recommendation of the Commission on Judicial 39 Nominations and Qualifications the Supreme Court may: 40 (1) retire such a Justice or Judge for disability that seriously 41 interferes with the performance of his judicial duties and is or is 42 likely to become permanent; and



| 1 | (2) censure or remove such a Justice or Judge for action occurring |
|-------------|---|
| | not more than six years prior to before the commencement of his |
| 3 | the Justice's or Judge's current term, when such action |
| 2 3 4 | constitutes: |
| 5 | (A) willful misconduct in office; |
| 6 | (B) willful and persistent failure to perform his judicial duties; |
| 7 | (C) habitual intemperance; or |
| 8 | (D) conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice that |
| 9 | brings the judicial office into disrepute. |
| 10 | (f) A Justice or Judge so retired by the Supreme Court shall be |
| 11 | considered to have retired voluntarily. A Justice or Judge so removed |
| 12 | by the Supreme Court is ineligible for judicial office and pending |
| 13 | further order of the Court he is suspended from practicing law in this |
| 14 | State. Indiana. |
| 15 | (g) Upon receipt by the Supreme Court of any such |
| 16 | recommendation, the Court shall: |
| 17 | (1) hold a hearing, at which such the Justice or Judge is entitled |
| 18 | to be present; and |
| 19 | (2) make such any determinations as shall be required. No the |
| 20 | Court considers necessary. |
| 21 | A Justice shall may not participate in the determination of such a |
| 22 | hearing when it concerns himself. the Justice's own case. |
| 23 | (h) The Supreme Court shall make rules implementing this section |
| 24 | and provide for convening of hearings. Hearings and proceedings shall |
| 25 | be public upon request of the Justice or Judge whom it concerns. |
| 26 | No such (i) A Justice or Judge shall, may not during his the |
| 27 | Justice's or Judge's term of office do any of the following: |
| 28 | (1) Engage in the practice of law. |
| 29 | (2) Run for elective office other than a judicial office. |
| 30 | (3) Directly or indirectly make any contribution to, or hold any |
| 31 | office in, a political party or organization. or |
| 32 | (4) Take part in any political campaign. |
| 33 | SECTION 7. ARTICLE 7 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE |
| 34 | STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED BY ADDING THE |
| 35 | FOLLOWING SCHEDULE: |
| 36 | SCHEDULE |
| 37 | (a) An individual who serves as a Justice of the Indiana |
| 38 | Supreme Court or a Judge of the Indiana Court of Appeals on the |
| 39 40 | date the amendments to Article 7 of the Constitution of the State |
| 40 | of Indiana, as amended by the joint resolution finally agreed to by |
| 41 42 | the One Hundred Twenty-Third General Assembly, are approved by the veters of Indiana may continue in office until the date the |
| 42 | by the voters of Indiana may continue in office until the date the |



Justice's or Judge's term would have expired under Article 7 of the
Constitution of the State of Indiana before its amendment by the
joint resolution finally agreed to by the One Hundred
Twenty-Third General Assembly.

5 (b) A Justice or Judge described in subsection (a) may seek a 6 new term of office before the Justice's or Judge's term expires, 7 subject to confirmation by the Senate as if the Justice or Judge had 8 been nominated to fill a vacancy as provided in Article 7, Section 9 10 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana, as amended by the 10 joint resolution finally agreed to by the One Hundred 11 Twenty-Third General Assembly. The successors of such Justices 12 of the Supreme Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals shall be 13 chosen as provided in Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of 14 Indiana, as amended by the joint resolution finally agreed to by the 15 One Hundred Twenty-Third General Assembly.

16 (c) This SCHEDULE expires January 1, 2033.

