

February 5, 2019

SENATE BILL No. 571

DIGEST OF SB 571 (Updated February 4, 2019 12:19 pm - DI 133)

Citations Affected: IC 3-5; IC 3-6; IC 3-7; IC 3-8; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5; IC 3-12; IC 3-13.

Synopsis: Political parties and ballot access. Reduces the minimum number of votes cast at an election required for certain purposes from 2% of the votes cast in the last election for secretary of state to 0.5% of the votes cast at the most recent election for secretary of state. Defines "standard political party" as any of the following political parties: (1) A major political party. (2) A political party whose nominee for secretary of state received at least 0.5% of the total vote cast for secretary of state at the most recent election for secretary of state. (3) A political party that has obtained at least 4,500 signatures of voters in the state, including at least 500 signatures of voters from each congressional district, on a petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-3. Permits a standard political party to nominate candidates by convention. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: January 1, 2020.

Walker, Spartz, Crane

January 14, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections. February 4, 2019, reported favorably — Do Pass.



February 5, 2019

First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 571

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-5.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5.5. "Bona fide
3	political party" means any of the following:
4	(1) A major standard political party. or
5	(2) A political party that has:
6	(A) nominated at least one (1) candidate for political office
7	during the preceding five (5) years;
8	(B) held a convention; or
9	(C) raised money and filed the financial reports required by
10	law.
11	SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-48.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 48.9. "Standard political party" means
14	any of the following:
15	(1) A major political party.
16	(2) A political party whose nominee for secretary of state
17	received at least one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the total



1	votes cast for secretary of state at the most recent election for
2	secretary of state.
3	(3) A political party that obtained at least four thousand five
4	hundred (4,500) signatures of voters in Indiana, including at
5	least five hundred (500) signatures of voters from each
6	congressional district, on a petition of nomination under
7	IC 3-8-6-3.
8	SECTION 3. IC 3-5-4-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
9	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e),
11	but notwithstanding any other statute, whenever the election division
12	acts under IC 3-6-4.2-12 to approve a uniform election or registration
13	form for use throughout Indiana or to approve a revision to an existing
14	form, a person must use the most recent version of the form approved
15	by the election division to comply with this title after the effective date
16	of the election division's order approving the form.
17	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d) or (f), before an order
18	approving a form takes effect under this section, the election division
19	shall transmit a copy of each form or revised form approved by the
20	order to the following:
21	(1) Each circuit court clerk, if the election division determines
22	that the form is primarily used by a candidate, a county election
23	board member, a county or town political party, or for absentee or
24	provisional ballot purposes.
25	(2) Each county voter registration office, if the election division
26	determines that the form is primarily used in voter registration.
27	(3) The state chairman of each major standard political party.
28	(4) The state chairman of any other political party who has filed
29	a written request with the election division during the preceding
30	twelve (12) months to be furnished with copies of forms.
31	(c) The election division, an election board, a circuit court clerk, a
32	county voter registration office, or any other official responsible for
33	receiving a filing under this title shall reject a filing that does not
34	comply with this section.
35	(d) The election division shall specify the effective date of the form
36	or revised form and may do any of the following:
37	(1) Delay the effective date of the approval of a form or revised
38	form.
39	(2) Permit an earlier approved version of the form or an
40	alternative form to be used before the effective date of the form.
41	(3) Provide for a retroactive effective date for the approval of the
42	form.



1 (e) The election division may allow an earlier approved version of 2 the form to be used if the: 3 (1) earlier version of the form complies with all other 4 requirements imposed under federal law or this title; and 5 (2) election division determines that the existing stock of the form 6 should be exhausted to prevent waste and unnecessary expense. 7 (f) This subsection applies to a form that the election division 8 determines is used primarily by the election division. The election 9 division may provide that an order concerning a form described by this 10 subsection is effective immediately upon adoption, without any requirement to distribute the form to other persons. 11 (g) A form approved by the commission under this section before 12 13 July 1, 2015, is considered to be approved by the election division without any further action by the election division being required. 14 15 SECTION 4. IC 3-6-2-10.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013, SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 17 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10.5. (a) This section applies to all counties 18 after June 30, 2013. 19 (b) The county chairman of a major standard political party shall, 20 upon the request of a person who is serving in an elected office (as defined in IC 3-5-2-17), provide to that person the name and address 21 22 of the precinct committeeman and vice committeeman of that party for 23 each precinct in the county. 24 SECTION 5. IC 3-6-5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.258-2013, 25 SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 26 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. (a) Each county election board, in 27 addition to duties otherwise prescribed by law, shall do the following: 28 (1) Conduct all elections and administer the election laws within 29 the county, except as provided in IC 3-8-5 and IC 3-10-7 for town 30 conventions and municipal elections in certain small towns. 31 (2) Prepare all ballots. 32 (3) Distribute all ballots to all of the precincts in the county. (b) Not later than the Monday before distributing ballots and voting 33 34 systems to the precincts in the county, the county election board shall 35 notify the county chairman of: 36 (1) each major standard political party; and (2) upon request, the chairman of any other bona fide political 37 38 party in the county; 39 that sample ballots are available for inspection. 40 SECTION 6. IC 3-6-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 41 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) A county election board 42 shall adopt a written resolution not later than twenty-eight (28) days



1	before election day designating the precincts for which assistant clerks
2	are to be appointed.
3	(b) The county election board shall file a copy of the resolution in
4	the office of the circuit court clerk and shall mail copies to the county
5	chairmen of the major standard political parties of the county.
6	SECTION 7. IC 3-6-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017,
0 7	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) Each political party or independent
9	candidate may appoint challengers and pollbook holders for each
10	precinct in which the political party or independent candidate is on the
11	ballot.
12	(b) This subsection applies to a public question that is submitted to
12	the electorate. A county election board may appoint challengers and
13	pollbook holders if a petition requesting the appoint enaltergets and
15	the board. The petition must be signed by:
16	(1) the chairman of a political action committee organized under
17	IC 3-9 to support or oppose the approval of the public question;
18	and
19	(2) at least the number of voters equal to two percent (2%)
20	one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the votes cast in the last most
20	recent election for secretary of state in the county.
21	(c) A challenger must be at least eighteen (18) years of age.
23	(d) The county election board, county chairman, other local
23	chairman of the party, or independent candidate:
25	(1) must make the appointments in writing; and
26	(2) shall issue one (1) identification card for each person
20	appointed under this section.
28	(e) Except as provided in subsections (f) and (g), each political party
29 29	or independent candidate described in subsection (a) or a political
30	action committee described in subsection (b) may have only one (1)
31	challenger and one (1) pollbook holder present at each precinct's polls
32	at any time during election day.
33	(f) If more than one (1) precinct votes at the same polling place, the
34	number of challengers and pollbook holders of each political party or
35	independent candidate described in subsection (a) or a political action
36	committee described in subsection (b) entitled to be present at the
37	polling place equals the number of precincts voting at the polling place.
38	(g) In a county designated as a vote center county under
39	IC 3-11-18.1, the number of challengers and pollbook holders of each
40	political party or independent candidate described in subsection (a) or
41	a political action committee described in subsection (b) entitled to be
42	present at the vote center is one (1) challenger and one (1) pollbook
	1 (-) point out



1	holder for:
2	(1) each electronic poll book station present at the vote center; or
3	(2) the number of electronic poll book stations specified in the
4	county vote center plan for the vote center;
5	whichever is greater.
6	(h) The challenger and pollbook holder present at the polls must
7	possess an identification card issued under subsection (d).
8	(i) The identification card issued under subsection (d) must clearly
9	state the following:
10	(1) The status of the individual as an appointed challenger or
11	pollbook holder.
12	(2) The name of the individual serving as a challenger or pollbook
13	holder.
14	(3) The name of the person who appointed the individual as a
15	challenger or pollbook holder, and whether the person is a
16	political party, an independent candidate, or a county election
17	board.
18	(4) If the challenger or pollbook holder has been appointed by a
19	political party, the name of the political party.
20	SECTION 8. IC 3-6-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017,
21	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) The state chairman and county
23	chairman of each bona fide political party or an independent candidate
24	for a federal or a state office are entitled to appoint watchers at each
25	precinct in which the political party or independent candidate is on the
26	ballot.
27	(b) This subsection applies to a public question that is submitted to
28	the electorate. A county election board may appoint watchers if a
29	petition requesting the appointment is filed with the board. The petition
30	must be signed by:
31	(1) the chairman of a political action committee organized under
32	IC 3-9 to support or oppose the approval of the public question;
33	and
34	(2) at least the number of voters equal to two percent (2%)
35	one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the votes cast in the last most
36	recent election for secretary of state in the county.
37	(c) Except as provided in subsections (d), (e), and (f), at any time
38	during election day, each political action committee, each political
39	party, or an independent candidate for a federal or a state office may
40	have only one (1) watcher present at each precinct's polls.
41	(d) If both the state chairman and the county chairman of a political
42	party have appointed watchers within the county, the political party



1 may have two (2) watchers present at the polls of each precinct of the 2 county or at each electronic poll book station at any time during 3 election day. 4 (e) If more than one (1) precinct votes at the same polling place, the 5 number of watchers of each political party, an independent candidate 6 for federal or state office, or each political action committee described 7 in subsection (b) entitled to be present at the polling place equals the 8 number of precincts voting at the polling place. 9 (f) In a county designated as a vote center county under 10 IC 3-11-18.1, the number of watchers of each political party, an 11 independent candidate for federal or state office, or each political action committee described in subsection (b) entitled to be present at 12 13 the vote center is one (1) watcher for: 14 (1) each electronic poll book station present at the vote center; or 15 (2) the number of electronic poll book stations specified in the county vote center plan for the vote center; 16 17 whichever is greater. 18 SECTION 9. IC 3-7-26.4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2014, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 19 20 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. Upon request, and not later than five (5) days after the request is filed with the election division, the election 21 22 division shall provide a complete compilation of the voter registration 23 information contained in the computerized list, including any format 24 information or other information necessary to decode the data, to any 25 of the following entities: 26 (1) The state committee of a major standard political party. 27 (2) The state organization of a bona fide political party that is not 28 a major standard political party if the party has at least two (2) 29 candidates on the ballot in the next election. 30 (3) The committee of an independent candidate for federal or state 31 office if the candidate is on the ballot in the next general election. 32 (4) A member of the media for publication in a news broadcast or 33 newspaper. 34 (5) The chief justice of the supreme court, for purposes of state administration of a jury management system. 35 (6) The clerk of the: 36 37 (A) United States District Court for the Northern District of 38 Indiana: and 39 (B) United States District Court for the Southern District of 40 Indiana; 41 for purposes of administration of a jury management system. 42 (7) Each of the following:



1 (A) The speaker of the house of representatives. 2 (B) The minority leader of the house of representatives. 3 (C) The president pro tempore of the senate. 4 (D) The minority leader of the senate. 5 SECTION 10. IC 3-7-28-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.258-2013, 6 SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 7 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to 8 confidential information included on a voter registration application. 9 (b) A report containing information regarding all registration 10 applications executed under this article during that part of a registration 11 period ending sixty-five (65) days before a primary, general, or municipal election shall be forwarded not later than sixty (60) days 12 13 before the election to the following upon request: (1) Each of the county chairmen of the major standard political 14 15 parties of the county. 16 (2) The chairman of the following: 17 (A) A bona fide political party that has at least one (1) 18 candidate on the ballot of the election. 19 (B) An independent candidate's committee if the candidate is 20 on the ballot at the election. 21 SECTION 11. IC 3-7-28-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.258-2013, 22 SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 23 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) This section does not apply to 24 confidential information included on a voter registration application. 25 (b) A report containing information regarding all registration applications executed under this article during that part of a registration 26 27 period beginning sixty-five (65) days before a primary, general, or 28 municipal election and ending twenty-nine (29) days before the 29 election shall be forwarded daily and within forty-eight (48) hours of 30 the date on which the report was originally made to the following upon 31 request: 32 (1) Each of the county chairmen of the major standard political 33 parties of the county. 34 (2) The chairman of the following: (A) A bona fide political party that has at least one (1) 35 candidate on the ballot of the election. 36 37 (B) An independent candidate's committee if the candidate is 38 on the ballot at the election. 39 SECTION 12. IC 3-7-28-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 40 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. After the 41 county election board receives a written request from the county 42 chairman of a major political party, under section 3 of this chapter,

SB 571—LS 7295/DI 75



7

1	one (1) copy of the registered voter list prepared for the inspector of
2	each precinct under IC 3-7-29-1 shall be furnished to the county
3	chairman making the request. The copy shall be furnished to the county
4	chairman as soon as the lists are prepared.
5	SECTION 13. IC 3-7-28-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. The circuit
7	court clerk or board of registration shall send a list of voters who are
8	mailed voter list maintenance notices under this article to the following
9	upon request:
10	(1) The county chairmen of the major standard political parties
11	of the county.
12	(2) The chairman of the following:
12	(A) A bona fide political party of the county.
14	(B) An independent candidate's committee, if the independent
15	candidate is on the ballot for the next election to be conducted
16	in the county.
17	SECTION 14. IC 3-7-28-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10. The circuit
19	court clerk or board of registration shall furnish copies of the master
20	list, as described in section 9 of this chapter, to the following upon
20	request:
22	(1) The county chairmen of the major standard political parties
23	of the county.
23	(2) The chairman of the following:
25	(A) A bona fide political party of the county.
26	(B) An independent candidate's committee if the candidate is
20	on the ballot for the next general election to be conducted in
28	the county.
20	SECTION 15. IC 3-7-28-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011,
30	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) Each county voter registration office
32	shall send a list of the deceased persons whose registrations have been
33	canceled to the following upon request:
34	(1) The county chairman of each major standard political party
35	of the county.
36	(2) The chairman of the following:
37	(A) A bona fide political party of the county.
38	(B) An independent candidate's committee, if the candidate is
38 39	on the ballot for the next election to be conducted in the
40	county.
40 41	(b) A request filed under this section may state that the list is to
41	include only cancellations made by the county voter registration office
74	menute only cancenations made by the county voter registration onnee



1 within a period specified in the request. 2 SECTION 16. IC 3-7-28-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, 3 SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 4 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 13. (a) Each county voter registration office 5 shall send a list of disfranchised voters whose registrations have been 6 canceled to the following upon request: (1) The county chairmen of the major standard political parties 7 8 of the county. 9 (2) The chairman of the following: 10 (A) A bona fide political party of the county. (B) An independent candidate's committee, if the candidate is 11 12 on the ballot for the next general election to be conducted in 13 the county. 14 (b) A request filed under this section may state that the list is to 15 include only cancellations made by the county voter registration office 16 within a period specified in the request. 17 SECTION 17. IC 3-7-28-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013, 18 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 19 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. (a) Each county voter registration office 20 shall provide a list of the names and addresses of all voters whose 21 registrations have been canceled under this article to the following 22 upon request: 23 (1) The county chairmen of the major standard political parties 24 of the county. 25 (2) The chairman of the following: 26 (A) A bona fide political party of the county. 27 (B) An independent candidate's committee participating in a 28 primary, general, or municipal election. 29 Upon request the county voter registration office shall report 30 cancellations daily and within forty-eight (48) hours after the day on 31 which the cancellations were made, until election day. 32 (b) A request filed under this section may state that the list is to 33 include only cancellations made by the county voter registration office 34 within a period specified in the request. SECTION 18. IC 3-8-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017, 35 SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 36 37 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to a 38 candidate challenged under IC 3-8-8. 39 (b) The commission, a county election board, or a town election 40 board shall act if a candidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate in accordance with state law) has filed any of the following: 41 42 (1) A declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-5.

2IC 3-8-3.3(3) A petition of nomination or candidate's consent to nomination4under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6.5(4) A certificate of nomination under IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-7,6IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.7(5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or8IC 3-13-2.9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction to act under this16section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a contry chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the26election district is located must file a sworn s	1	(2) A request for ballot placement in a presidential primary under
4under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6.5(4) A certificate of nomination under IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-7,6IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.7(5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or10IC 3-13-2.9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this16section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was17section with regard to any filing the was made with the18county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act10under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the11county election board, the county voter registration office,12or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act13(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or14election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election15district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a16major standard political party of a county in which any part of the17election board:18(1) questioning the eligibility of th		IC 3-8-3.
5(4) A certificate of nomination under IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-7, IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.7(5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2.9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, a county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county concerning this question.24(e) Steting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question.25(f) The eligibility of the candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the commission or board cond		(3) A petition of nomination or candidate's consent to nomination
6IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.7(5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or8IC 3-13-2.9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit22county election board, the county voter registration office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a26major standard political party of a county concerning this question.27(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate to seek the office;31and32(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;34by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this		under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6.
7(5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or8IC 3-13-2.9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this16section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board has jurisdiction to act under this19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21count clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county concerning this question.26(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and27(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question.28(e) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section if the commission or board determines t	5	(4) A certificate of nomination under IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-7,
8IC 3-13-2.9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction to act under this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office,22or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a26major standard political party of a county in which any part of the27election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election28and29(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;30and31(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman33of a major political party of a county concerning this question. <t< td=""><td>6</td><td>IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.</td></t<>	6	IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.
9(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction to act under this16election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.22(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or23election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election24election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election25district is located must file a sworn statement with the election26and27election if the facts known to the voter or county chairman28of a major political party of a county concerning this question.29(f) the eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated31(g) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman33of a major political party of a county concerning this question.	7	(5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or
10IC 3-8-2-2.5.11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction to act under this16election with regard to any filing described in subsection to bart due this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection to act under this18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit22court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25division or election board:26major standard political party of a county in which any part of the27election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election28division or election board29(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;30and31(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman32of a major political party of a county concerning this question.33(e) The eligibility of	8	IC 3-13-2.
11(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction to act under this16section board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act10under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the11county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit12court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.13(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or14election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election15district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a16major standard political party of a county concerning this question.16(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;11and12(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman16of a major political party of a county concerning this question.17(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated18by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this	9	(6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under
12IC 3-8-6-12.13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town16election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit22court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a26major standard political party of a county in which any part of the27election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election28add31(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman32of a major political party of a county concerning this question.33(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated34by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this35section if the commission or board determines that all of the following <tr< td=""><td>10</td><td>IC 3-8-2-2.5.</td></tr<>	10	IC 3-8-2-2.5.
13(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same	11	(7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or
14regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the15election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town16election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this17section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit22court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a26major standard political party of a county in which any part of the27election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election28division or election board:29(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;30and31(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman32of a major political party of a county concerning this question.33(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated34by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this35section if the commission or board conducted a hearing on the affid	12	IC 3-8-6-12.
 election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	13	(c) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with
 election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit by a convention, petition, or point candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	14	regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the
 section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	15	election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town
18made with the county election board, county voter registration office,19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit22court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a26major standard political party of a county in which any part of the27election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election28division or election board:29(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;30and31(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman32of a major political party of a county concerning this question.33(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated34by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this35section before the candidate was nominated.36(2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit37(3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same	16	election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this
19or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act20under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the21county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit22court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.23(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or24election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election25district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a26major standard political party of a county in which any part of the27election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election28(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;30and31(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman32of a major political party of a county concerning this question.33(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated34by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this35section if the commission or board determines that all of the following36occurred:37(1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this38section before the candidate was nominated.39(2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit40before the nomination.41(3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same	17	section with regard to any filing described in subsection (b) that was
 under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	18	made with the county election board, county voter registration office,
 county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	19	or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act
 county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	20	under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the
 court clerk for nomination or election to a town office. (d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	21	- · · ·
 election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. 	22	
 district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. 	23	(d) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the commission or
 district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a major standard political party of a county in which any part of the election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. 	24	election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election
 election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	25	district that a candidate seeks to represent or a county chairman of a
 division or election board: (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	26	major standard political party of a county in which any part of the
 (1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office; and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	27	election district is located must file a sworn statement with the election
 and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	28	division or election board:
 and (2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman of a major political party of a county concerning this question. (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	29	(1) questioning the eligibility of the candidate to seek the office;
 32 of a major political party of a county concerning this question. 33 (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated 34 by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this 35 section if the commission or board determines that all of the following 36 occurred: 37 (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this 38 section before the candidate was nominated. 39 (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit 40 before the nomination. 41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	30	and
 (e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	31	(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter or county chairman
 by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	32	of a major political party of a county concerning this question.
 section if the commission or board determines that all of the following occurred: (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this section before the candidate was nominated. (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit before the nomination. (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	33	(e) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated
 36 occurred: 37 (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this 38 section before the candidate was nominated. 39 (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit 40 before the nomination. 41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	34	by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this
 37 (1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this 38 section before the candidate was nominated. 39 (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit 40 before the nomination. 41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	35	section if the commission or board determines that all of the following
 38 section before the candidate was nominated. 39 (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit 40 before the nomination. 41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	36	occurred:
 39 (2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit 40 before the nomination. 41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	37	(1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this
 40 before the nomination. 41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same 	38	section before the candidate was nominated.
41 (3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same	39	(2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit
	40	before the nomination.
42 grounds as the previous challenge to the candidate.	41	(3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same
	42	grounds as the previous challenge to the candidate.



1 (f) Before the commission or election board can consider a contest 2 to the denial of a certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6-12, a 3 candidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate in accordance 4 with state law) must file a sworn statement with the election division 5 or election board: 6 (1) stating specifically the basis for the contest; and 7 (2) setting forth the facts known to the candidate supporting the 8 basis for the contest. 9 (g) Upon the filing of a sworn statement under subsection (d) or (f), 10 the commission or election board shall determine the validity of the 11 questioned: 12 (1) declaration of candidacy; (2) declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate; 13 14 (3) request for ballot placement under IC 3-8-3; 15 (4) petition of nomination; 16 (5) certificate of nomination; (6) certificate of candidate selection issued under IC 3-13-1-15 or 17 18 IC 3-13-2-8: or 19 (7) denial of a certification under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6-12. 20 (h) The commission or election board shall deny a filing if the 21 commission or election board determines that the candidate has not 22 complied with the applicable requirements for the candidate set forth 23 in the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of 24 Indiana, or this title. 25 SECTION 19. IC 3-8-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013, 26 SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 27 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) A declaration of candidacy for a 28 primary election must be filed not later than noon eighty-eight (88) 29 days and not earlier than one hundred eighteen (118) days before the 30 primary election. The declaration must be subscribed and sworn to 31 before a person authorized to administer oaths. 32 (b) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate must be filed: 33 (1) not earlier than the first date specified in IC 3-8-6-10(b) for 34 the timely filing of a petition of nomination; and 35 (2) not later than noon on the date specified by IC 3-13-1-15(c)36 for a major standard political party to file a certificate of 37 candidate selection. 38 The declaration must be subscribed and sworn to before a person 39 authorized to administer oaths. 40 (c) During a year in which a federal decennial census, federal 41 special census, special tabulation, or corrected population count 42 becomes effective under IC 1-1-3.5, a declaration of:

1	(1) candidacy may be filed for an office that will appear on the
2	primary election ballot; or
3	(2) intent to be a write-in candidate may be filed for an office that
4	will appear on the general, municipal, or school board election
5	ballot;
6	that year as a result of the new tabulation of population or corrected
7	population count.
8	SECTION 20. IC 3-8-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies to each
10	standard political party in the state. whose nominee received at least
11	two percent (2%) of the total vote cast for secretary of state at the last
12	election.
13	SECTION 21. IC 3-8-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10. (a) This
15	section applies to a political party whose nominee received at least two
16	percent (2%) one-half of one percent (0.5%) but less than ten percent
17	(10%) of the votes cast for secretary of state at the last election for that
18	office.
19	(b) A political party subject to this section shall also nominate the
20	party's candidates for the following offices at the state convention of
21	the party:
22	(1) United States Senator.
23	(2) United States Representative.
24	(3) Governor.
25	(4) Legislative office.
26	(5) A local office listed in IC 3-8-2-5.
27	SECTION 22. IC 3-8-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) A petition of nomination
29	must be signed by the number of voters equal to two percent (2%)
30	one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the total vote cast at the last most
31	recent election for secretary of state in the election district that the
32	candidate seeks to represent.
33	(b) In determining the number of signatures required under this
34	section, any fraction in excess of a whole number must be disregarded.
35	SECTION 23. IC 3-8-7-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2014,
36	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) Not later than noon ten (10) days after
38	the certification of the canvass performed by the election division
39	under IC 3-10-1-34, the secretary of state shall furnish to the state
40	chairman of each major standard political party of the state a list,
41	certified under the secretary's hand and seal.
42	(b) The list described in subsection (a) must:



1 (1) contain the names of all candidates shown to be nominated by 2 the canvass of the election division conducted under 3 IC 3-10-1-34; and 4 (2) include the address of each candidate. 5 (c) No other form of certification of nomination for office is 6 necessary for an individual included on the list described by this 7 section. 8 SECTION 24. IC 3-8-7-6.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 9 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6.5. (a) Not later than noon ten (10) days after receipt of the delegate lists from each 10 circuit court clerk under section 5 of this chapter, the secretary of state 11 12 shall furnish to the state chairman of each major standard political party of the state a list of individuals elected as delegates to the 13 14 convention of the chairman's political party. 15 (b) The list described under subsection (a) must: 16 (1) contain the names of all delegates elected, as certified by the circuit court clerks under section 5 of this chapter; and 17 18 (2) include the address of each delegate. 19 (c) The delegate lists must be certified separately from the candidate 20 lists certified under section 6 of this chapter and may not contain the 21 name of an individual appointed to serve as a state convention delegate. 22 SECTION 25. IC 3-8-7-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, 23 SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 24 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 25. Each county election board shall have 25 printed on the respective general, special, or municipal election ballots 26 the names of the following candidates: 27 (1) Nominees chosen at a primary election under IC 3-10 and 28 certified as required by this chapter. 29 (2) Nominees chosen by a convention of a standard political party in the state whose candidate received at least two percent 30 31 (2%) of the total vote cast for secretary of state at the last election and certified under section 8 of this chapter. 32 33 (3) Nominees nominated by petition under IC 3-8-6. 34 (4) Nominees selected to fill a candidate vacancy under IC 3-13-1 35 or IC 3-13-2. 36 SECTION 26. IC 3-10-2-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 37 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 15. (a) This 38 section applies to a political party whose nominee received at least two percent (2%) one-half of one percent (0.5%) but less than ten percent 39 40 (10%) of the votes cast for secretary of state at the last most recent 41 election for that office. 42

(b) This section applies only to a local office that is:



(1) not listed in IC 3-8-2-5; and 1 2 (2) not a municipal office subject to IC 3-8-5-17 or IC 3-10-6-12. 3 (c) A political party subject to this section shall nominate the party's 4 candidate for a local office at a county convention of the party 5 conducted not later than noon on the date specified by 6 IC 3-13-1-7(a)(1) for a major standard political party to act to fill a 7 candidate vacancy. 8 (d) The chairman and secretary of the convention shall execute a 9 certificate of nomination in writing, setting out the following: 10 (1) The name of each nominee as: 11 (A) the nominee wants the nominee's name to appear on the 12 ballot: and 13 (B) the nominee's name is permitted to appear on the ballot 14 under IC 3-5-7. 15 (2) The residence address of each nominee. 16 (3) The office for which each nominee was nominated. 17 (4) That each nominee is legally qualified to hold office. 18 (5) The political party device or emblem by which the ticket will 19 be designated on the ballot. 20 Both the chairman and secretary shall acknowledge the certificate 21 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgment of deeds. 22 (e) Each candidate nominated under this section shall execute a 23 consent to the nomination in the same form as a candidate nominated 24 by petition under IC 3-8-6. 25 (f) The certificate required by subsection (d) and the consent 26 required by subsection (e) must be filed with the circuit court clerk of 27 the county containing the greatest percentage of population of the 28 election district for which the candidate has been nominated by the 29 convention not later than noon on the date specified by IC 3-13-1-15(c) 30 for a major standard political party to file a certificate of candidate 31 selection. 32 (g) A candidate's consent to the nomination must include a 33 statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter 34 registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the 35 consent to the nomination. If there is a difference between the name on 36 the candidate's consent to the nomination and the name on the 37 candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the consent 38 to the nomination is filed shall forward the information to the voter 39 registration officer of the appropriate county. The voter registration 40 officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the 41 candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the 42 candidate's consent to the nomination.



1	(h) A question concerning the validity of a candidate's nomination
2	under this section shall be determined by a county election board in
3	accordance with IC 3-13-1-16.5(b) and IC 3-13-1-16.5(c).
4	(i) A nominee who wants to withdraw must file a notice of
5	withdrawal in accordance with IC 3-8-7-28.
6	SECTION 27. IC 3-10-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2017,
7	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection applies to a major
9	standard political party. and to a political party subject to IC 3-8-4-10.
10	The state chairman of each political party shall certify to the election
11	division the names of the nominees of the party for President and Vice
12	President of the United States and the state of which each nominee is
13	a resident.
14	(b) If candidates for presidential electors and alternate presidential
15	electors are nominated by petitioners instead of by a convention of a
16	major standard political party, or a party subject to IC 3-8-4-10, the
17	petitioners shall certify with the list of names of the presidential
18	electors the following:
19	(1) The names of their nominees for President and Vice President
20	of the United States.
21	(2) The state of which each nominee is a resident.
22	(3) The name of the political party of the nominees, or that the
23	nominees are an independent ticket.
24	(c) This subsection applies to a political party described in
25	subsection (a) and to candidates nominated by petitioners under
26	subsection (b). The names of:
27	(1) all candidates for:
28	(A) presidential electors; and
29	(B) alternate presidential electors; and
30	(2) all nominees for President and Vice President of the United
31	States;
32	shall be certified to the election division not later than noon on the
33	second Tuesday in September before the general election. The election
34	division shall certify to each county election board not later than noon
35	on the next following Thursday in September before the general
36	election the names of the nominees for President and Vice President of
37	the United States certified to the election division under this
38	subsection.
39	(d) The names of all candidates for presidential electors and
40	alternate presidential electors for a write-in candidate shall be included
41	on the declaration for candidacy filed by a write-in candidate for the
42	office of President or Vice President of the United States filed under

1 IC 3-8-2.

SECTION 28. IC 3-10-6-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to a political party:

(1) not qualified to conduct a primary election under IC 3-10; and(2) not required to nominate candidates by a petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6.

(b) The political party may conduct a convention to nominate candidates for city or town office not later than noon on the date specified by IC 3-13-1-7(a)(1) for a major standard political party to act to fill a candidate vacancy.

(c) The chairman and secretary of the convention shall execute and acknowledge a certificate setting forth the nominees of the convention in accordance with IC 3-8-5-13. The certificate must be filed with the circuit court clerk of the county containing the greatest percentage of population of the municipality not later than noon on the date specified by IC 3-13-1-15(c) for a major standard political party to file a certificate of candidate selection.

(d) Each candidate nominated under this section shall execute a
consent to the nomination in the same form as a candidate nominated
by petition under IC 3-8-6. The consent must be filed with the
certificate under subsection (c).

(e) A candidate's consent to the nomination must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the consent to the nomination. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's consent to the nomination and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the consent to the nomination is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's consent to the nomination.

(f) A question concerning the validity of a candidate's nomination under this section shall be determined by a county election board in accordance with IC 3-13-1-16.5(b) and IC 3-13-1-16.5(c).

(g) A nominee who wants to withdraw must file a notice of withdrawal in accordance with IC 3-8-7-28.

SECTION 29. IC 3-10-6-12.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12.5. (a) This section applies to a candidate:

(1) of a political party that is not a major standard political party;



1	and
2	(2) nominated by a convention under section 12 of this chapter.
3	(b) A county election board may not include the name of a candidate
4	on the municipal election ballot if the person files a notice to withdraw
5	with the board. The notice must:
6	(1) be signed and acknowledged before an officer authorized to
7	take acknowledgments of deeds;
8	(2) have the certificate of acknowledgment appended to the
9	notice; and
10	(3) be filed with the board not later than noon three (3) days after
11	the adjournment of the convention.
12	SECTION 30. IC 3-11-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,
13	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. The nominees of a:
15	(1) major standard political party; or
16	(2) political party described by IC 3-8-4-10; or
17	(3) (2) group of petitioners under IC 3-8-6 who are identified by
18	the petition as the nominees of a political party;
19	shall be listed on the ballots under the name of the party or petitioners
20	as designated by them in their certificate or petition. If the same device
21	is selected by two (2) parties it shall be given to the party that first filed
22	the device under IC 3-8-7-11.
23	SECTION 31. IC 3-11-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) The device
25	named and list of nominees shall be placed on the ballots as follows:
26	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
27	greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the
28	last most recent election in the first column or row on the left
29	side of all ballots.
30	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
31	highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of
32	state at the last most recent election in the second column or row.
33	(3) Any other political party in the same order.
34	(b) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state
35	in the last most recent election or a nominee is an independent
36	candidate (or an independent ticket for President and Vice President of
37	the United States or for governor and lieutenant governor), the party or
38	independent candidate or ticket shall be placed on the ballot after the
39	parties described in subsection (a). If more than one (1) political party
40	or independent candidate or ticket that has qualified to be on the ballot
41	did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last most recent
42	election, those parties, candidates, or tickets shall be listed on the ballot



in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.

(c) Subject to subsection (e), a column or row for write-in voting shall be placed to the right of all party and independent columns on the ballot.

6 (d) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). If there is insufficient room on a row to list each candidate of a political party, a second or subsequent row may be 10 utilized. However, a second or subsequent row may not be utilized unless the first row, and all preceding rows, have been filled.

12 (e) A column or row for write-in voting for an office is not required 13 if there are no declared write-in candidates for that office. However, 14 procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for 15 candidates for federal offices.

16 SECTION 32. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016, 17 SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 18 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether 19 placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order 20 of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.

21 (b) Each county election board shall have the names of all 22 candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public 23 questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The 24 county may: 25

(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and

(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).

(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.

38 (e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot 39 must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, 40 IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), 41 IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), 42 IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). The offices and public questions

SB 571-LS 7295/DI 75



1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

11

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

1 may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally 2 and on a number of separate pages. 3 (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold 4 type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 5 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 6 first candidate: 7 (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be 8 elected to the office. 9 (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be 10 elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you 11 12 wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to 13 14 be elected to the office. 15 (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by 16 subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be 17 grouped together in the following order: 18 (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest 19 greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the 20 last at the most recent election for that office is listed first. 21 (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second 22 highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of 23 state is listed second. 24 (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' 25 candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent 26 election for that office are listed after the party listed in 27 subdivision (2). 28 (4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of 29 state in the last most recent election for that office or a nominee 30 is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in 31 IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties 32 described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3). (5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate 33 34 or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, 35 the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which 36 the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12. 37 (6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. 38 (7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the 39 40 ballot. 41 (h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by 42 subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and



1	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
2	political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
3	(1) candidate; or
4	(2) ticket of candidates for:
5	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
6	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
7	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
8	of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.
9	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
10	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
11	must be grouped together:
12	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
12	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking, (2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
13	•
	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
15 16	surname.
	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
17	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
18	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
19	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
20	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
21	of a school corporation must be grouped:
22	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
23	and
24	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
25	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
26	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
27	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
28	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
29	(k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot
30	before the first public question is listed:
31	(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.
32	(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),
33	and IC 3-11-2-10(e).
34	(1) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval,
35	or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an
36	independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as
37	required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable
38	arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a
39	straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:
40	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket
40	(described in IC 3-11-2-6); and
42	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or
<i>⊐∠</i>	(2) minimulatory below of beside the pointeal party's of

1 independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket 2 (described in IC 3-11-2-5). 3 The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must 4 be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by 5 subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions 6 described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the 7 statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 8 may be placed on the ballot beside or above the names and devices 9 within the voting booth in a location that permits the voter to easily 10 read the instructions. 11 (m) A public question must be in the form described in 12 IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable 13 arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board 14 15 may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute. 16 17 (n) The requirements in this section: (1) do not replace; and 18 19 (2) are in addition to; 20 any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots. 21 (o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a 22 ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or 23 contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or 24 mistakes by voters. 25 (p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not 26 list: 27 (1) the names of political parties or candidates; or 28 (2) the text of public questions; 29 on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance 30 with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle 31 or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question. 32 SECTION 33. IC 3-11-13-26.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 33 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 26.5. (a) Each 34 county election board may make available at convenient places 35 throughout the county ballot card voting systems for the instruction of 36 the voters. The board shall locate the systems at places where people 37 usually assemble, such as shopping centers. The board shall have the 38 systems attended at convenient hours designated by the board by 39 persons able to instruct others in their use. The county chairmen of the 40 major standard political parties of the state must approve the persons attending the systems under this section. 41 42 (b) Each ballot card voting system used for instructional purposes



1	must contain the names of all candidates and a description of all public
2	questions as they will appear on the official sample ballot for the
3	system on election day. However, the system may not be set to record
4	a tally or total.
5	SECTION 34. IC 3-11-13-44 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 44. (a) The county
7	chairman of each major standard political party of the county may
8	appoint one (1) person to observe:
9	(1) the ordering and the setting and adjustment of automatic
10	tabulating machines under section 6 of this chapter;
11	(2) the testing of automatic tabulating machines under section 22
12	of this chapter; and
13	(3) the determination of the cause of and correction of errors in
14	the counting of ballot cards under section 25 of this chapter.
15	(b) The county chairman shall file the name of a person appointed
16	under this section with the circuit court clerk.
17	(c) A person appointed under this section serves until:
18	(1) the county chairman notifies the circuit court clerk that the
19	person's appointment has been revoked;
20	(2) the county chairman notifies the clerk that the person has died;
21	or
22	(3) the person files a letter of resignation with the clerk.
23	(d) A person appointed under subsection (a):
24	(1) may attend the ordering and the setting and the adjustment of
25	the automatic tabulating machines only as a witness;
26	(2) shall remain silent and subject to the orders of the board; and
27	(3) may not obstruct or interfere with the ordering and setting and
28	adjustment of the automatic tabulating machines.
29	(e) A person appointed under subsection (a) is not entitled to
30	compensation for services except from the political party of the county
31	chairman making the appointment.
32	SECTION 35. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016,
33	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall
35	have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party
36	offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an
37	electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.
38	(b) The county may:
39	(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label;
40	and
41	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
42	version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.



3 (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate 4 or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by 5 petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device 6 set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the 7 device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the 8 device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not 9 include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) 10 or more parties or petitioners. 11 (e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the 12 general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, 13 IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), 14 IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), 15 IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be 16 17 listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally. 18 (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold 19 type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 20 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 21 first candidate: 22 (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be 23 elected to the office. 24 (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be 25 elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for 26 this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you 27 wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for 28 any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to 29 be elected to the office. 30 (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by 31 subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be 32 grouped together in the following order: 33 (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest 34 greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the 35 last most recent election for that office is listed first. 36 (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second 37 highest greatest number of votes in the county for secretary of 38 state at the most recent election for that office is listed second. 39 (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' 40 candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent 41 election for that office are listed after the party listed in

42 subdivision (2).



1

2

SB 571—LS 7295/DI 75

quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).

(c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same

1	
1	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
2	state in the last most recent election for that office or a nominee
3	is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in
4	IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties
5	described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
6	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
7	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
8	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
9	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
10	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
11	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
12	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
13	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures
14	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for
15	federal offices.
16	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
17	ballot.
18	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
19	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
20	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
21	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
22	(1) candidate; or
23	(2) ticket of candidates for:
24	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
25	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
26	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
27	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
28	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
29	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
30	must be grouped together:
31	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
32	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
33	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
34	surname.
35	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
36	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
37	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
38	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
39	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
40	of a school corporation must be grouped:
41	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
42	and
12	



1 (2) in alphabetical order according to surname. 2 A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 3 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 4 first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of 5 candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.". 6 (k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be 7 placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public 8 question is listed. 9 (1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and 10 IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be: (1) placed on the ballot label; or 11 (2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the 12 13 voter to easily read the instructions. (m) The ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or button 14 15 for voting a straight political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button 16 must be identified by: 17 18 (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and (2) immediately below or beside the political party's or 19 20 independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket 21 (described in IC 3-11-2-5). 22 The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size 23 and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for 24 listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in 25 IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be 26 27 placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth that 28 permits the voter to easily read the instructions. 29 (n) A public question must be in the form described in 30 IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive 31 point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly 32 authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print 33 a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question 34 other than the language authorized by a statute. 35 (o) The requirements in this section: (1) do not replace; and 36 (2) are in addition to; 37 38 any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic 39 voting systems. 40 (p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a 41 ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title 42 or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or

1 mistakes by voters.

1	mistakes by voters.
2	SECTION 36. IC 3-11-14-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,
3	SECTION 72, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) Each county election board may make
5	available at convenient places throughout the county electronic voting
6	systems for the instruction of the voters. The board shall locate the
7	systems at places where people usually assemble, such as shopping
8	centers. The board shall have the systems attended at convenient hours
9	designated by the board by persons able to instruct others in their use.
10	The county chairmen of the major standard political parties of the
11	state must approve the persons attending the systems under this section.
12	(b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more
13	than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred
14	thousand (700,000). At least ten (10) days before an election, each
15	county election board shall duplicate, distribute, and cause to be posted
16	copies of official sample ballots prepared by the county election board
17	to schools, fire stations, county courthouses, and other public buildings
18	in the county.
19	SECTION 37. IC 3-11.5-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
20	SECTION 135, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. The following apply for the
22	purposes of IC 3-6-8, IC 3-6-9, and IC 3-6-10:
23	(1) A central location for counting absentee ballots shall be
24	treated the same as a precinct poll.
25	(2) An absentee ballot counter shall be treated the same as a
26	precinct election official.
27	(3) A major standard political party of a county is entitled to
28	appoint the number of watchers equal to the number of teams of
29	absentee ballot counters.
30	SECTION 38. IC 3-12-4-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
31	SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 19. To inspect an electronic
33	voting system under section 18 of this chapter, the county election
34	board may proceed to any place in the county where the system is
35	located, kept, or stored. However, the board shall make the inspection
36	in the presence of an accredited representative of each of the major
37	standard political parties of the county.
38	SECTION 39. IC 3-13-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
39	SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. Except as provided in section 18 or 20 of
41	this chapter or IC 3-10-8-7.5, this chapter applies to the filling of a
42	candidate vacancy that arises for any reason if the vacancy leaves a



major standard political party without a candidate for the office and 1 2 occurs before the thirtieth day before a general, special, or municipal 3 election. 4 SECTION 40. IC 3-13-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2015, 5 SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "county 7 committee" refers to the precinct committeemen and vice 8 committeemen of a major standard political party representing a 9 precinct within the county. 10 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a candidate vacancy for a local office shall be filled by: 11 12 (1) a caucus comprised of the precinct committeemen who are eligible to participate under section 10 of this chapter; or 13 14 (2) the county chairman of the political party or a caucus comprised of the chairman, vice chairman, secretary, and 15 16 treasurer of the county committee of the party, if: (A) authorized to fill vacancies under this chapter by majority 17 18 vote of the county committee; 19 (B) the election district for the local office is entirely within 20 one (1) county; and (C) documentation of the authority given under clause (A) is 21 22 attached to the certification of candidate selection filed under 23 section 15 of this chapter. 24 (c) A candidate vacancy for the office of circuit court judge or 25 prosecuting attorney in a circuit having more than one (1) county shall 26 be filled by a caucus comprised of the precinct committeemen who 27 constitute the county committees of the political party for all of the 28 circuit. 29 SECTION 41. IC 3-13-1-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005, 30 SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 31 JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 20. (a) This section applies to a political 32 party subject to IC 3-8-4-10, IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12. 33 (b) A candidate vacancy that exists following the convention of the 34 party shall be filled by the state committee of the political party not 35 later than the date and time specified by section 7(a)(1) of this chapter 36 for a major standard political party to fill a candidate vacancy. The chairman of the state committee shall file a notice of intent to fill the 37 38 candidate vacancy with the official who is required to receive a 39 certificate of candidate selection under section 15 of this chapter. The 40 notice must be filed not later than ten (10) days before the chairman 41 fills the candidate vacancy. The chairman of the state committee shall 42 act in accordance with section 15 of this chapter to certify the candidate

1 selected to fill the vacancy.

(c) This subsection applies to a candidate vacancy resulting from a vacancy on the general election ballot resulting from the failure of the convention to nominate a candidate for an office. The certificate required by subsection (b) shall be filed not later than the date and time specified by section 15(c) of this chapter for a major standard political party to file a certificate of candidate selection.

(d) This subsection applies to all candidate vacancies not described by subsection (c). If a candidate vacancy occurs as a result of:

(1) the death of a candidate;

(2) the withdrawal of a candidate;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

(3) the disqualification of a candidate under IC 3-8-1-5; or

(4) a court order issued under IC 3-8-7-29(d);

the political party may fill the vacancy within the same period of time
that a major standard political party is permitted to fill a candidate
vacancy under section 7(b) of this chapter.

(e) The certificate required by subsection (b) shall be filed within
 the period of time required under section 15(d) of this chapter for a
 major standard political party to file the certificate after selection of
 the candidates.

SECTION 42. IC 3-13-5-0.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.164-2006,
SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 0.1. (a) This chapter applies
only to a vacancy in a legislative office that was last held by a person
elected or selected as a candidate of a major standard political party
of the state.

(b) A vacancy in a legislative office that was last held by a person
elected or selected as a candidate of a political party described by
IC 3-8-4-10 shall be filled by the state committee of the political party.
The state chairman of the party shall certify the selection of an
individual to fill the vacancy in the manner prescribed under section 6
of this chapter.
(c) A vacancy in a legislative office that was last held by a person

(c) A vacancy in a legislative office that was last held by a person not described in subsection (a) or (b) shall be filled by a special election held as provided in IC 3-10-8.

SECTION 43. IC 3-13-6-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) A vacancy that occurs, other than by resignation, in the office of prosecuting attorney shall be certified to the governor by the circuit court clerk of the county in which the prosecuting attorney resided.

41 (b) A vacancy in the office of prosecuting attorney that was last held
42 by a person elected or selected as a candidate of a major standard

1 political party of the state shall be filled by a caucus under IC 3-13-11. 2 (c) A vacancy in the office of prosecuting attorney not covered by 3 subsection (b) shall be filled by the governor. 4 (d) The person appointed or selected holds office for the remainder 5 of the unexpired term and until a successor is elected and qualified. 6 (e) If a vacancy in the office of the prosecuting attorney occurs 7 under subsection (b), the chief deputy prosecuting attorney appointed 8 under IC 33-39-6-2 shall be the acting prosecuting attorney until the 9 vacancy is filled by the caucus under IC 3-13-11. 10 SECTION 44. IC 3-13-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) A vacancy 11 in the office of clerk of the circuit court that was last held by a person 12 13 elected or selected as a candidate of a major standard political party of the state shall be filled by a caucus under IC 3-13-11. 14 15 (b) A vacancy that occurs in the office of clerk of the circuit court: (1) other than by resignation; and 16 (2) that is not covered by subsection (a); 17 18 shall be certified to the governor by the judge of the circuit court. 19 (c) A vacancy in the office of clerk of the circuit court not covered 20 by subsection (a) shall be filled by the governor. The person who is 21 appointed holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term and 22 until a successor is elected and qualified. 23 SECTION 45. IC 3-13-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. A vacancy in 25 a county office that was last held by a person elected or selected as a 26 candidate of a major standard political party of the state shall be filled 27 by a caucus under IC 3-13-11. SECTION 46. IC 3-13-8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 28 29 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. A vacancy in 30 a city office (other than judge of a city court) that was last held by a 31 person elected or selected as a candidate of a major standard political 32 party of the state shall be filled by a caucus under IC 3-13-11. 33 SECTION 47. IC 3-13-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 34 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. A vacancy in a town office that was last held by a person elected or selected as a 35 36 candidate of a major standard political party of the state shall be filled 37 by a caucus under IC 3-13-11. 38 SECTION 48. IC 3-13-9-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 39 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4.5. (a) This 40 section applies to a vacancy in the town council to be filled under 41 section 4 of this chapter when more than fifty percent (50%) of the 42 seats on the town council are vacant.

(b) The remaining member or a majority of the remaining members 1 2 of the town council shall fill the vacancies under this chapter as the 3 first item of business at a meeting of the town council even though a 4 quorum would not then exist to conduct other town council business. 5 (c) If there are no remaining members of the town council in office 6 or a tie vote occurs among the remaining members under subsection 7 (b), the vacancies shall be filled by the town clerk-treasurer. 8 (d) If there are no remaining members of the town council and no 9 clerk-treasurer in office, the vacancies in the office of clerk-treasurer 10 and town council shall be filled by the county chairman of the major 11 standard political party of the state whose candidate for secretary of 12 state received the most votes in the last election for that office in the 13 precincts in which the town is wholly or partially located. 14 SECTION 49. IC 3-13-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 15 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. A vacancy in 16 a township office that was last held by a person elected or selected as 17 a candidate of a major standard political party of the state shall be 18 filled by a caucus under IC 3-13-11.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Elections, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 571, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to SB 571 as introduced.)

WALKER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 5, Nays 2

