

Reprinted February 24, 2015

SENATE BILL No. 523

DIGEST OF SB 523 (Updated February 23, 2015 5:57 pm - DI 106)

Citations Affected: IC 33-34.

Synopsis: Marion County small claims. Establishes three small claims court districts within Marion County, each consisting of three township small claims courts. Provides that candidates for small claims court judge run at-large within each district, with the three candidates receiving the greatest number of votes within a district being elected. Establishes a procedure for assigning judges elected at-large within a district to a particular township small claims court, requires the judges to be full time judges, and fixes the judges' salary at 70% of the salary of the Marion County circuit court judge. Increases the small claims jurisdictional amount to \$8,000. Requires that two dollars of the township docket fee be transferred monthly to Decatur and Franklin township (each receiving one dollar). Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: Upon passage.

Young R Michael, Merritt, Taylor, Breaux

January 14, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 12, 2015, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. February 23, 2015, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Reprinted February 24, 2015

First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 523

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 33-34-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) There are
3	established township small claims courts in each county containing a
4	consolidated city.
5	(b) The name of each court shall be the " Township of
6	Marion County Small Claims Court" (insert the name of the township
7	in the blank).
8	(c) The township small claims courts are divided into the
9	following districts:
9 10	following districts: (1) The first district consists of Wayne Township, Decatur
-	8
10	(1) The first district consists of Wayne Township, Decatur
10 11	(1) The first district consists of Wayne Township, Decatur Township, and Perry Township.
10 11 12	(1) The first district consists of Wayne Township, Decatur Township, and Perry Township.(2) The second district consists of Pike Township, Washington
10 11 12 13	 (1) The first district consists of Wayne Township, Decatur Township, and Perry Township. (2) The second district consists of Pike Township, Washington Township, and Center Township.



1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. A division of the 2 Every small claims court must be a full-time division or a part-time 3 division as determined by the individual township boards following a 4 hearing conducted under section 7 of this chapter. court. 5 SECTION 3. IC 33-34-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006, 6 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 7 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A hearing must be conducted to obtain 8 evidence, opinions, advice, and suggestions from public officials and 9 the general public concerning: 10 (1) whether a small claims court should be established or abolished in the township, if the township has a population of less 11 12 than fifteen thousand (15,000) persons; 13 (2) whether the small claims court should be full time or part 14 time; 15 (3) (2) the location of the small claims court courtroom and 16 offices; and 17 (4) (3) other relevant matters. 18 (b) A township must conduct a hearing before changing the 19 location of the small claims court courtroom and offices. 20 SECTION 4. IC 33-34-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006, 21 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 22 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. Not more than two (2) weeks after a 23 hearing is conducted under section 7 of this chapter, the township 24 board shall, after considering the evidence, opinions, advice, and 25 suggestions presented at the hearing, enter an order concerning: 26 (1) whether a small claims court shall be established or abolished 27 in the township if the township has a population of less than 28 fifteen thousand (15,000) persons; 29 (2) whether the small claims court if any, shall function full time 30 or part time; 31 (3) (2) the location of the small claims court courtroom and 32 offices under IC 33-34-6-1; and 33 (4) (3) other relevant matters. 34 SECTION 5. IC 33-34-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006, 35 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 36 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A judge shall be elected at the general 37 election every four (4) years by the registered voters residing within the 38 township district in which the small claims court is located. 39 (b) Each candidate for judge runs as an at-large candidate 40 within the district. 41 (c) The three (3) candidates who receive the greatest number of 42 votes of all candidates are elected.



1 SECTION 6. IC 33-34-2-1.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 2 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 3 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.1. (a) The three (3) judges elected within 4 each small claims court division shall be assigned to a particular 5 township small claims court within the division as follows: 6 (1) Before the January 1 following the election, the 7 judges-elect shall meet to select which judge shall serve in 8 which township small claims court. The affirmative votes of 9 two (2) judges-elect are required to assign a judge to a particular township small claims court under this subdivision. 10 (2) If, before the January 1 following the election, one (1) or 11 12 more judges-elect do not receive the affirmative votes of two 13 (2) judges-elect for assignment to a particular township small 14 claims court, the circuit court judge shall assign to a 15 particular township small claims court those judges who did not receive the affirmative votes of two (2) judges-elect for 16 17 assignment to a particular township small claims court. 18 (b) The assignment of a judge to a particular township small 19 claims court runs until the judge's term expires. 20 SECTION 7. IC 33-34-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 21 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The annual 22 salary of a judge who serves full time must be in an amount determined by the township board of the township in which the small claims court 23 24 is located. is equal to seventy percent (70%) of the minimum salary 25 paid by the state to the Marion County circuit court judge. 26 (b) The salary of each judge who serves part time must be in an 27 amount determined by the township board and approved by the 28 city-county council. 29 (c) (b) The salary of a judge may not be reduced during the judge's 30 term of office. 31 (d) At any other time, salaries of any full-time or part-time judge 32 may be increased or decreased by the township board of the township 33 in which the small claims court is located. 34 SECTION 8. IC 33-34-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 35 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The annual 36 salary of a judge shall be paid in twelve (12) equal monthly 37 installments every two (2) weeks by the township trustee. 38 (b) The judge may not receive remuneration other than a salary set 39 under section 5 of this chapter for the performance of the judge's 40 official duties. except payments for performing marriage ceremonies. 41 SECTION 9. IC 33-34-2-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 42 PASSAGE]. Sec. 7. (a) A judge serving part-time may participate in



1	other gainful employment if the employment does not:
2	(1) interfere with the exercise of the judge's judicial office; or
3	(2) involve any conflict of interest in the performance of the
4	judge's judicial duties.
5	(b) A judge serving full time may practice law if the practice does
6	not conflict in any way with the judge's official duties and does not:
7	(1) cause the judge to be unduly absent from the court; or
8	(2) interfere with the ready and prompt disposal of the judge's
9	judicial duties.
10	SECTION 10. IC 33-34-2-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
11	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.1. All judges serve as
13	full-time judges. A judge:
14	(1) shall devote full time to judicial duties; and
15	(2) may not engage in the practice of law.
16	SECTION 11. IC 33-34-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) A vacation
18	of one (1) month per year shall be provided for a each judge. who
19	serves in a full-time capacity.
20	(b) The circuit court judge may authorize the appointment of a judge
21	pro tempore to handle the judicial business of the vacationing judge, if
22	the circuit court judge considers it necessary.
23	SECTION 12. IC 33-34-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) Except for a
25	claim between landlord and tenant A case within the jurisdiction of a
26	small claims court may be:
27	(1) venued;
28	(2) commenced; and
29	(3) decided;
30	in any township small claims court within the county. district.
31	However, upon a motion for change of venue filed by the defendant
32	within ten (10) days of service of the summons, the township small
33	claims court shall determine in accordance with subsection (b) whether
34	required venue lies with the court or with another small claims court in
35	the county or district in which the small claims court action was filed.
36	(b) The venue determination to be made under subsection (a) must
37	be made in the following order:
38	(1) In an action upon a debt or account, venue is in the district
39	township where any defendant has consented to venue in a writing
40	signed by the defendant.
41	(2) Venue is in the township district where a transaction or
42	occurrence giving rise to any part of the claim took place.

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1 (3) Venue is in the township district (in a county of the small 2 claims court) where the greater percentage of individual 3 defendants included in the complaint resides, or, if there is not a 4 greater percentage, the place where any individual named as a 5 defendant: 6 (A) resides: 7 (B) owns real estate; or 8 (C) rents an apartment or real estate or where the principal 9 office or place of business of any defendant is located. 10 (4) Venue is in the township district where the claim was filed if there is no other township district in the county in which the 11 12 small claims court sits in which required venue lies. 13 (c) Venue of any claim between landlord and tenant must be in the 14 township district where the real estate is located. 15 (d) If a written motion challenging venue is received by the small 16 claims court, the court shall rule whether required venue lies in the 17 township district of filing. 18 (e) Except as provided in subsection (c), if venue is proper in a 19 district, a person may file an action in any township small claims 20 court within the district. 21 SECTION 13. IC 33-34-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. The court has 23 original and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit and superior courts 24 in all civil cases founded on contract or tort in which the debt or 25 damage claimed does not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000), eight 26 thousand dollars (\$8,000), not including interest or attorney's fees. 27 SECTION 14. IC 33-34-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 28 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The court has 29 original and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit and superior courts 30 in possessory actions between landlord and tenant in which the past 31 due rent at the time of filing does not exceed six thousand dollars 32 (\$6,000). eight thousand dollars (\$8,000). The court also has original 33 and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit and superior courts in 34 actions for the possession of property where the value of the property 35 sought to be recovered does not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000). 36 eight thousand dollars (\$8,000). These jurisdictional limitations are 37 not affected by interest and attorney's fees. 38 SECTION 15. IC 33-34-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2012, 39 SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 40 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Payment for all costs made as a result 41 of proceedings in a small claims court shall be to the 42

Township of Marion County Small Claims Court (with the name of the

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township inserted). The court shall issue a receipt for all money received on a form numbered serially in duplicate.

3 (b) This subsection applies only to the Decatur and Franklin 4 township small claims courts. All township docket fees and late fees 5 received by the court shall be paid to the township trustee at the close 6 of each month. 7 (c) This subsection does not apply to the Decatur and Franklin 8 township small claims courts. This subsection applies to all other 9 township small claims courts in Marion County. One dollar (\$1) of 10 the township docket fee shall be paid to the Decatur Township 11 trustee at the end of each month. One dollar (\$1) of the township 12 docket fee shall be paid to the Franklin Township trustee at the 13 close of each month. The remaining township docket fees and late fees received by the court shall be paid to the township trustee at 14 15 the close of each month. 16 (b) (d) The court shall: 17 (1) semiannually distribute to the auditor of state: 18 (A) all automated record keeping fees (IC 33-37-5-21) 19 received by the court for deposit in the homeowner protection 20 unit account established by IC 4-6-12-9 and the state user fee 21 fund established under IC 33-37-9; 22 (B) all public defense administration fees collected by the 23 court under IC 33-37-5-21.2 for deposit in the state general 24 fund; 25 (C) sixty percent (60%) of all court administration fees 26 collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-27 for deposit in the 27 state general fund; 28 (D) all judicial insurance adjustment fees collected by the 29 court under IC 33-37-5-25 for deposit in the judicial branch 30 insurance adjustment account established by IC 33-38-5-8.2; 31 (E) seventy-five percent (75%) of all judicial salaries fees 32 collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-26 for deposit in the 33 state general fund; and

34 (F) one hundred percent (100%) of the pro bono legal services 35 fees collected before July 1, 2017, by the court under IC 33-37-5-31; and 36 37

(2) distribute monthly to the county auditor all document storage fees received by the court.

39 The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the judicial salaries fees 40 described in subdivision (1)(E) shall be deposited monthly in the 41 township general fund of the township in which the court is located.

42 The county auditor shall deposit fees distributed under subdivision (2)

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1 into the clerk's record perpetuation fund under IC 33-37-5-2.

2 (c) (e) The court semiannually shall pay to the township trustee of

3 the township in which the court is located the remaining forty percent

4 (40%) of the court administration fees described under subsection

5 (b)(1)(C) (d)(1)(C) to fund the operations of the small claims court in

6 the trustee's township.

7 SECTION 16. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 523, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

(SEE TEXT OF BILL)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 523 as introduced.)

STEELE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 523 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 33-34-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) There are established township small claims courts in each county containing a consolidated city.

(b) The name of each court shall be the "_____ Township of Marion County Small Claims Court" (insert the name of the township in the blank).

(c) The township small claims courts are divided into the following districts:

(1) The first district consists of Wayne Township, Decatur Township, and Perry Township.

(2) The second district consists of Pike Township, Washington Township, and Center Township.

(3) The third district consists of Lawrence Township, Warren Township, and Franklin Township.

SECTION 2. IC 33-34-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. A division of the Every small claims court must be a full-time division or a part-time division as determined by the individual township boards following a hearing conducted under section 7 of this chapter. court.



SECTION 3. IC 33-34-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A hearing must be conducted to obtain evidence, opinions, advice, and suggestions from public officials and the general public concerning:

(1) whether a small claims court should be established or abolished in the township, if the township has a population of less than fifteen thousand (15,000) persons;

(2) whether the small claims court should be full time or part time;

(3) (2) the location of the small claims court courtroom and offices; and

(4) (3) other relevant matters.

(b) A township must conduct a hearing before changing the location of the small claims court courtroom and offices.

SECTION 4. IC 33-34-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. Not more than two (2) weeks after a hearing is conducted under section 7 of this chapter, the township board shall, after considering the evidence, opinions, advice, and suggestions presented at the hearing, enter an order concerning:

(1) whether a small claims court shall be established or abolished in the township if the township has a population of less than fifteen thousand (15,000) persons;

(2) whether the small claims court if any, shall function full time or part time;

(3) (2) the location of the small claims court courtroom and offices under IC 33-34-6-1; and

(4) (3) other relevant matters.

SECTION 5. IC 33-34-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2006, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A judge shall be elected at the general election every four (4) years by the registered voters residing within the township district in which the small claims court is located.

(b) Each candidate for judge runs as an at-large candidate within the district.

(c) The three (3) candidates who receive the greatest number of votes of all candidates are elected.

SECTION 6. IC 33-34-2-1.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.1. (a) The three (3) judges elected within each small claims court division shall be assigned to a particular



township small claims court within the division as follows:

(1) Before the January 1 following the election, the judges-elect shall meet to select which judge shall serve in which township small claims court. The affirmative votes of two (2) judges-elect are required to assign a judge to a particular township small claims court under this subdivision. (2) If, before the January 1 following the election, one (1) or more judges-elect do not receive the affirmative votes of two (2) judges-elect for assignment to a particular township small claims court judge shall assign to a particular township small claims court those judges who did not receive the affirmative votes of two (2) judges-elect for assignment to a particular township small claims court those judges who did not receive the affirmative votes of two (2) judges-elect for assignment to a particular township small claims court.

(b) The assignment of a judge to a particular township small claims court runs until the judge's term expires.

SECTION 7. IC 33-34-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The annual salary of a judge who serves full time must be in an amount determined by the township board of the township in which the small claims court is located. is equal to seventy percent (70%) of the minimum salary paid by the state to the Marion County circuit court judge.

(b) The salary of each judge who serves part time must be in an amount determined by the township board and approved by the eity-county council.

(c) (b) The salary of a judge may not be reduced during the judge's term of office.

(d) At any other time, salaries of any full-time or part-time judge may be increased or decreased by the township board of the township in which the small claims court is located.

SECTION 8. IC 33-34-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The annual salary of a judge shall be paid in twelve (12) equal monthly installments every two (2) weeks by the township trustee.

(b) The judge may not receive remuneration other than a salary set under section 5 of this chapter for the performance of the judge's official duties. except payments for performing marriage ceremonies.

SECTION 9. IC 33-34-2-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 7. (a) A judge serving part-time may participate in other gainful employment if the employment does not:

(1) interfere with the exercise of the judge's judicial office; or

(2) involve any conflict of interest in the performance of the judge's judicial duties.



(b) A judge serving full time may practice law if the practice does not conflict in any way with the judge's official duties and does not:

(1) cause the judge to be unduly absent from the court; or

(2) interfere with the ready and prompt disposal of the judge's judicial duties.

SECTION 10. IC 33-34-2-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.1. All judges serve as full-time judges. A judge:

(1) shall devote full time to judicial duties; and

(2) may not engage in the practice of law.

SECTION 11. IC 33-34-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) A vacation of one (1) month per year shall be provided for **a each** judge. who serves in a full-time capacity.

(b) The circuit court judge may authorize the appointment of a judge pro tempore to handle the judicial business of the vacationing judge, if the circuit court judge considers it necessary.".

Page 1, line 2, strike "Except for a".

Page 1, line 3, strike "claim between landlord and tenant".

Page 1, line 3, delete "or an action to collect a debt, a" and insert "A".

Page 1, line 8, strike "county." and insert "district.".

Page 1, line 12, after "county" insert "or district".

Page 1, line 16, reset in roman "in the".

Page 1, line 16, after "the" insert "district".

Page 2, reset in roman line 1.

Page 2, line 2, reset in roman "by the defendant.".

Page 2, line 2, delete "determined under section 2.5 of this chapter.".

Page 2, line 3, strike "township" and insert "district".

Page 2, line 5, strike "township" and insert "district".

Page 2, line 13, strike "township" and insert "district".

Page 2, line 14, strike "township" and insert "district".

Page 2, line 17, strike "township" and insert "district".

Page 2, line 20, strike "township" and insert "district".

Page 2, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(e) Except as provided in subsection (c), if venue is proper in a district, a person may file an action in any township small claims court within the district.".

Page 2, line 22, delete "Except as".

Page 2, line 23, delete "provided in section 2.5 of this chapter, the" and insert "The".



Page 2, line 26, strike "six thousand dollars (\$6,000)," and insert "eight thousand dollars (\$8,000),".

Page 2, delete lines 28 through 42.

Delete page 3.

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 38, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 14. IC 33-34-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. The court has original and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit and superior courts in possessory actions between landlord and tenant in which the past due rent at the time of filing does not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000). eight thousand dollars (\$8,000). The court also has original and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit and superior courts in actions for the possession of property where the value of the property sought to be recovered does not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000). eight thousand dollars (\$8,000). These jurisdictional limitations are not affected by interest and attorney's fees.

SECTION 15. IC 33-34-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2012, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Payment for all costs made as a result of proceedings in a small claims court shall be to the ______ Township of Marion County Small Claims Court (with the name of the township inserted). The court shall issue a receipt for all money received on a form numbered serially in duplicate.

(b) This subsection applies only to the Decatur and Franklin township small claims courts. All township docket fees and late fees received by the court shall be paid to the township trustee at the close of each month.

(c) This subsection does not apply to the Decatur and Franklin township small claims courts. This subsection applies to all other township small claims courts in Marion County. One dollar (\$1) of the township docket fee shall be paid to the Decatur Township trustee at the end of each month. One dollar (\$1) of the township docket fee shall be paid to the Franklin Township trustee at the close of each month. The remaining township docket fees and late fees received by the court shall be paid to the township trustee at the close of each month.

(b) (d) The court shall:

(1) semiannually distribute to the auditor of state:

(A) all automated record keeping fees (IC 33-37-5-21) received by the court for deposit in the homeowner protection unit account established by IC 4-6-12-9 and the state user fee fund established under IC 33-37-9;



(B) all public defense administration fees collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-21.2 for deposit in the state general fund;

(C) sixty percent (60%) of all court administration fees collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-27 for deposit in the state general fund;

(D) all judicial insurance adjustment fees collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-25 for deposit in the judicial branch insurance adjustment account established by IC 33-38-5-8.2; (E) seventy-five percent (75%) of all judicial salaries fees collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-26 for deposit in the state general fund; and

(F) one hundred percent (100%) of the pro bono legal services fees collected before July 1, 2017, by the court under IC 33-37-5-31; and

(2) distribute monthly to the county auditor all document storage fees received by the court.

The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the judicial salaries fees described in subdivision (1)(E) shall be deposited monthly in the township general fund of the township in which the court is located. The county auditor shall deposit fees distributed under subdivision (2) into the clerk's record perpetuation fund under IC 33-37-5-2.

(c) (e) The court semiannually shall pay to the township trustee of the township in which the court is located the remaining forty percent (40%) of the court administration fees described under subsection (b)(1)(C) (d)(1)(C) to fund the operations of the small claims court in the trustee's township.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 523 as printed February 13, 2015.)

YOUNG R MICHAEL

