SENATE BILL No. 512

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-1.5-6.5-1; IC 5-28-15-14; IC 6-1.1; IC 36-1; IC 36-7.

Synopsis: Tax increment financing districts. Provides that if a redevelopment commission outside Marion County wishes to establish a tax increment financing (TIF) area after December 31, 2017, a unit (county, city, town, or township) or school corporation that is located wholly or partly within a proposed TIF area may elect whether to participate in the TIF area. Provides that after December 31, 2017, each taxing unit that is located wholly or partly in a TIF area is bound by the terms of the TIF area until the TIF area expires, except for those units and school corporations that do not elect to participate in the TIF area.

Effective: January 1, 2018.

Bassler

January 17, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



First Regular Session 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 512

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-1.5-6.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) The bank
3	shall establish and maintain:
4	(1) a capital principal fund, to be funded from appropriations
5	made to the fund by the general assembly and any other money
6	that the bank transfers to the fund; and
7	(2) a capital interest fund, to be funded from investment earnings
8	on the capital principal fund.
9	(b) The bank may use the funds only for programs for qualified
10	entities issuing securities for any of the following purposes:
11	(1) Sewage works.
12	(2) Waterworks.
13	(3) Parking facilities.
14	(4) Redevelopment projects financed with allocated property tax
15	proceeds under IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.8, or
16	IC 36-7-15.1-26.
17	SECTION 2. IC 5-28-15-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.4-2005,



1	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 14. (a) A U.E.A. shall do the following:
3	(1) Coordinate zone development activities.
4	(2) Serve as a catalyst for zone development.
5	(3) Promote the zone to outside groups and individuals.
6	(4) Establish a formal line of communication with residents and
7	businesses in the zone.
8	(5) Act as a liaison between residents, businesses, the
9	municipality, and the board for any development activity that may
10	affect the zone or zone residents.
11	(b) A U.E.A. may do the following:
12	(1) Initiate and coordinate any community development activities
13	that aid in the employment of zone residents, improve the
14	physical environment, or encourage the turnover or retention of
15	capital in the zone. These additional activities include but are not
16	limited to recommending to the municipality the manner and
17	purpose of expenditure of funds generated under
18	$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{36-7-14-39(g)} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{36-7-14-39(g)} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100$
19	IC 36-7-15.1-26(g).
20	(2) Recommend that the board modify a zone boundary or
21	disqualify a zone business from eligibility for one (1) or more
22	benefits or incentives available to zone businesses.
23	(3) Incorporate as a nonprofit corporation. Such a corporation
24	may continue after the expiration of the zone in accordance with
25	the general principles established by this chapter. A U.E.A. that
26	incorporates as a nonprofit corporation under this subdivision
27	may purchase or receive real property from a redevelopment
28	commission under IC 36-7-14-22.2 or IC 36-7-15.1-15.2.
29	(c) The U.E.A. may request, by majority vote, that the legislative
30	body of the municipality in which the zone is located modify or waive
31	any municipal ordinance or regulation that is in effect in the zone. The
32	legislative body may, by ordinance, waive or modify the operation of
33	the ordinance or regulation, if the ordinance or regulation does not
34	affect health (including environmental health), safety, civil rights, or
35	employment rights.
36	(d) The U.E.A. may request, by majority vote, that the board waive
37	or modify any state rule that is in effect in the zone. The board shall
38	review the request and may approve, modify, or reject the request.
39	Approval or modification by the board shall take place after review by
40	the appropriate state agency. A modification may include but is not
40	the appropriate state agency. A modification may include but is not

limited to establishing different compliance or reporting requirements,

timetables, or exemptions in the zone for a business or an individual,



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to the extent that the modification does not adversely affect health (including environment health), safety, employment rights, or civil rights. An approval or a modification of a state rule by the board takes effect upon the approval of the governor. In no case are the provisions of IC 22-2-2 and IC 22-7-1-2 mitigated by this chapter.

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-12.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) A designating body may find that a particular area within its jurisdiction is an economic revitalization area. However, the deduction provided by this chapter for economic revitalization areas not within a city or town shall not be available to retail businesses.

- (b) In a county containing a consolidated city or within a city or town, a designating body may find that a particular area within its jurisdiction is a residentially distressed area. Designation of an area as a residentially distressed area has the same effect as designating an area as an economic revitalization area, except that the amount of the deduction shall be calculated as specified in section 4.1 of this chapter and the deduction is allowed for not more than the number of years specified by the designating body under section 17 of this chapter. In order to declare a particular area a residentially distressed area, the designating body must follow the same procedure that is required to designate an area as an economic revitalization area and must make all the following additional findings or all the additional findings described in subsection (c):
 - (1) The area is comprised of parcels that are either unimproved or contain only one (1) or two (2) family dwellings or multifamily dwellings designed for up to four (4) families, including accessory buildings for those dwellings.
 - (2) Any dwellings in the area are not permanently occupied and are:
 - (A) the subject of an order issued under IC 36-7-9; or
 - (B) evidencing significant building deficiencies.
 - (3) Parcels of property in the area:
 - (A) have been sold and not redeemed under IC 6-1.1-24 and IC 6-1.1-25; or
 - (B) are owned by a unit of local government.

However, in a city in a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand (270,000), the designating body is only required to make one (1) of the additional findings described in this subsection or one (1) of the additional findings described in subsection (c).



1	(c) In a county containing a consolidated city or within a city or
2	town, a designating body that wishes to designate a particular area a
3	residentially distressed area may make the following additional
4	findings as an alternative to the additional findings described in
5	subsection (b):
6	(1) A significant number of dwelling units within the area are not
7	permanently occupied or a significant number of parcels in the
8	area are vacant land.
9	(2) A significant number of dwelling units within the area are:
10	(A) the subject of an order issued under IC 36-7-9; or
11	(B) evidencing significant building deficiencies.
12	(3) The area has experienced a net loss in the number of dwelling
13	units, as documented by census information, local building and
14	demolition permits, or certificates of occupancy, or the area is
15	owned by Indiana or the United States.
16	(4) The area (plus any areas previously designated under this
17	subsection) will not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total area
18	within the designating body's jurisdiction.
19	However, in a city in a county having a population of more than two
20	hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy
21	thousand (270,000), the designating body is only required to make one
22	(1) of the additional findings described in this subsection as an
23	alternative to one (1) of the additional findings described in subsection
24	(b).
25	(d) A designating body is required to attach the following conditions
26	to the grant of a residentially distressed area designation:
27	(1) The deduction will not be allowed unless the dwelling is
28	rehabilitated to meet local code standards for habitability.
29	(2) If a designation application is filed, the designating body may
30	require that the redevelopment or rehabilitation be completed
31	within a reasonable period of time.
32	(e) To make a designation described in subsection (a) or (b), the
33	designating body shall use procedures prescribed in section 2.5 of this
34	chapter.
35	(f) The property tax deductions provided by section 3, 4.5, or 4.8 of
36	this chapter are only available within an area which the designating
37	body finds to be an economic revitalization area.
38	(g) The designating body may adopt a resolution establishing
39	general standards to be used, along with the requirements set forth in
40	the definition of economic revitalization area, by the designating body
41	in finding an area to be an economic revitalization area. The standards

must have a reasonable relationship to the development objectives of



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1	the area in which the designating body has jurisdiction. The following
2	four (4) sets of standards may be established:
3	(1) One (1) relative to the deduction under section 3 of this
4	chapter for economic revitalization areas that are not residentially
5	distressed areas.
6	(2) One (1) relative to the deduction under section 3 of this
7	chapter for residentially distressed areas.
8	(3) One (1) relative to the deduction allowed under section 4.5 of
9	this chapter.
10	(4) One (1) relative to the deduction allowed under section 4.8 of
11	this chapter.
12	(h) A designating body may impose a fee for filing a designation
13	application for a person requesting the designation of a particular area
14	as an economic revitalization area. The fee may be sufficient to defray
15	actual processing and administrative costs. However, the fee charged
16	for filing a designation application for a parcel that contains one (1) or
17	more owner-occupied, single-family dwellings may not exceed the cost
18	of publishing the required notice.
19	(i) In declaring an area an economic revitalization area, the
20	designating body may:
21	(1) limit the time period to a certain number of calendar years
22	during which the economic revitalization area shall be so
23	designated;
24	(2) limit the type of deductions that will be allowed within the
25	economic revitalization area to the deduction allowed under
26	section 3 of this chapter, the deduction allowed under section 4.5
27	of this chapter, the deduction allowed under section 4.8 of this
28	chapter, or any combination of these deductions;
29	(3) limit the dollar amount of the deduction that will be allowed
30	with respect to new manufacturing equipment, new research and
31	development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment,
32	and new information technology equipment;
33	(4) limit the dollar amount of the deduction that will be allowed
34	with respect to redevelopment and rehabilitation occurring in
35	areas that are designated as economic revitalization areas;
36	(5) limit the dollar amount of the deduction that will be allowed
37	under section 4.8 of this chapter with respect to the occupation of
38	an eligible vacant building; or
39	(6) impose reasonable conditions related to the purpose of this
40	chapter or to the general standards adopted under subsection (g)
41	for allowing the deduction for the redevelopment or rehabilitation

of the property or the installation of the new manufacturing



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equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, or new information technology equipment.

To exercise one (1) or more of these powers, a designating body must include this fact in the resolution passed under section 2.5 of this chapter.

- (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a designating body limits the time period during which an area is an economic revitalization area, that limitation does not:
 - (1) prevent a taxpayer from obtaining a deduction for new manufacturing equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, or new information technology equipment installed on or before the approval deadline determined under section 9 of this chapter, but after the expiration of the economic revitalization area if the new manufacturing equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, or new information technology equipment was described in a statement of benefits submitted to and approved by the designating body in accordance with section 4.5 of this chapter before the expiration of the economic revitalization area designation; or
 - (2) limit the length of time a taxpayer is entitled to receive a deduction to a number of years that is less than the number of years designated under section 17 of this chapter.
- (k) In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, if property located in an economic revitalization area is also located in an allocation area (as defined in IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.8, or IC 36-7-15.1-26), a taxpayer's statement of benefits concerning that property may not be approved under this chapter unless a resolution approving the statement of benefits is adopted by the legislative body of the unit that approved the designation of the allocation area.

SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-20-1.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1.6. As used in this chapter, "property taxes" means a property tax rate or levy to pay debt service or to pay lease rentals, but does not include taxes allocated for an allocation area under IC 6-1.1-39-5, IC 8-22-3.5-9, IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-15.1-26, or IC 36-7-15.1-53.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-21.2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 232, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "base assessed value" means the base assessed value as that term is defined or used in:



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1
               (1) IC 6-1.1-39-5(h);
 2
               (2) IC 8-22-3.5-9(a);
 3
               (3) IC 8-22-3.5-9.5;
 4
               (4) <del>IC 36-7-14-39(a);</del> IC 36-7-14-39(b);
 5
               (5) IC 36-7-14-39.2;
 6
               (6) IC 36-7-14-39.3(c);
 7
               (7) IC 36-7-14-39.8(b);
 8
               <del>(7)</del> (8) IC 36-7-14-48;
 9
               (8) (9) IC 36-7-14.5-12.5;
10
               <del>(9)</del> (10) IC 36-7-15.1-26(a);
11
               <del>(10)</del> (11) IC 36-7-15.1-26.2(c);
12
               (11) (12) IC 36-7-15.1-35(a);
13
               <del>(12)</del> (13) IC 36-7-15.1-35.5;
14
               (13) (14) IC 36-7-15.1-53;
15
               <del>(14)</del> (15) IC 36-7-15.1-55(c);
16
               (15) (16) IC 36-7-30-25(a)(2);
17
               (16) (17) IC 36-7-30-26(c);
18
               <del>(17)</del> (18) IC 36-7-30.5-30; or
19
               (18) (19) IC 36-7-30.5-31.
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             SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-21.2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
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          SECTION 236, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
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          [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. As used in this chapter,
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          "property taxes" means:
24
               (1) property taxes, as defined in:
25
                  (A) IC 6-1.1-39-5(g);
26
                  (B) <del>IC 36-7-14-39(a);</del> IC 36-7-14-39(b);
27
                  (C) IC 36-7-14-39.2;
28
                  (D) IC 36-7-14-39.3(c);
29
                  (E) IC 36-7-14-39.8(b);
30
                  (E) (F) IC 36-7-14.5-12.5;
31
                  (F) (G) IC 36-7-15.1-26(a);
32
                  (G) (H) IC 36-7-15.1-26.2(c);
33
                  (H) (I) IC 36-7-15.1-53(a);
34
                  (I) (J) IC 36-7-15.1-55(c);
35
                  (J) (K) IC 36-7-30-25(a)(3);
36
                  (K) (L) IC 36-7-30-26(c);
37
                  (L) (M) IC 36-7-30.5-30; or
38
                  (M) (N) IC 36-7-30.5-31; or
39
               (2) for allocation areas created under IC 8-22-3.5, the taxes
40
               assessed on taxable tangible property in the allocation area.
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             SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-21.2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011,
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          SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
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1	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "special fund"
2	means:
3	(1) the special funds referred to in IC 6-1.1-39-5;
4	(2) the special funds referred to in IC 8-22-3.5-9(e);
5	(3) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-14-39(b)(3);
6	IC 36-7-14-39(c)(3);
7	(4) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-14-39.8(c)(3);
8	(4) (5) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-14.5-12.5(d);
9	(5) (6) the special fund referred to in IC 36-7-15.1-26(b)(3);
10	(6) (7) the special fund referred to in IC 36-7-15.1-53(b)(3);
11	(7) (8) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-30-25(b)(3); or
12	(8) (9) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-30.5-30(b)(3).
13	SECTION 8. IC 36-1-7-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,
14	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 15. (a) As used in this section, "economic
16	development entity" means any of the following:
17	(1) A department of redevelopment organized under IC 36-7-14.
18	(2) A department of metropolitan development under
19	IC 36-7-15.1.
20	(3) A port authority organized under IC 8-10-5.
21	(4) An airport authority organized under IC 8-22-3.
22	(5) The Indiana finance authority.
23	(b) Notwithstanding section 2 of this chapter, two (2) or more
24	economic development entities may enter into a written agreement
25	under section 3 of this chapter if the agreement is approved by each
26	entity's governing body.
27	(c) A party to an agreement under this section may do one (1) or
28	more of the following:
29	(1) Except as provided in subsection (d), grant one (1) or more of
30	its powers to another party to the agreement.
31	(2) Exercise any power granted to it by a party to the agreement.
32	(3) Pledge any of its revenues, including taxes or allocated taxes
33	under IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-15.1, or IC 8-22-3.5, to the bonds or
34	lease rental obligations of another party to the agreement under
35	IC 5-1-14-4.
36	(d) An economic development entity may not grant to another entity
37	the power to tax or to establish an allocation area under IC 8-22-3.5,
38	IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.8 , or IC 36-7-15.1.
39	(e) An agreement under this section does not have to comply with
40	section 3(a)(5) or 4 of this chapter.
41	(f) An action to challenge the validity of an agreement under this
42	section must be brought within thirty (30) days after the agreement has



been approved by all the parties to the agreement. After that period has
passed, the agreement is not contestable for any cause.

- SECTION 9. IC 36-1-10-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. (a) A political subdivision or agency that executes a lease under this chapter shall, subject to subsection (d), make an annual appropriation and tax levy at a rate to provide sufficient money to pay the rental payable from property taxes stipulated in the lease.
- (b) The appropriation and levy are subject to review by other bodies that have the authority to ascertain that the levy is sufficient to raise the amount required to pay the rental payable from property taxes under the lease.
- (c) The appropriation and levy may be reduced in any year to the extent other money or any reimbursement under IC 36-7-14-39 or IC 36-7-14-39.8 are pledged or available for the payment of the lease rental.
- (d) A political subdivision or agency that executes a lease for a transportation project may only levy a tax under this section for an amount necessary to restore debt service reserve funds and may not levy a tax for lease rental payments.
- SECTION 10. IC 36-7-14-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies whenever:
 - (1) a municipality with a redevelopment district is annexing an area in a county; or
- (2) a municipality establishes a redevelopment district; after the county in which the municipality is located has established a redevelopment district.
 - (b) This subsection applies whenever:
 - (1) the area to be annexed or to be included in the municipality's district includes all or part of an allocation area established by a county redevelopment commission for purposes of section 39 **or 39.8** of this chapter; and
 - (2) bonds or lease obligations are outstanding that are payable by the county redevelopment commission in whole or in part from property tax proceeds allocated from the allocation area under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter.

The county redevelopment commission shall continue to receive allocations of property tax proceeds from the area annexed or included in the municipality's district for the commission's allocation fund as if the annexation or establishment of the district had not occurred as long as any bonds or lease obligations payable by the county from allocated



property tax proceeds are outstanding. After the final effectiveness of the annexation or the establishment of the municipality's district, the county redevelopment commission may not issue bonds or enter into leases that are payable from allocated property tax proceeds from the part of the allocation area annexed or included unless the legislative body of the municipality adopts an ordinance approving the issuance and this use of allocated property tax proceeds from that part of the allocation area.

(c) This subsection applies whenever bonds or lease obligations are outstanding that are payable by the county redevelopment commission in whole or in part from the special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter. The county redevelopment commission shall continue to levy a special tax on property in the area annexed or included in the municipality's district as long as any bonds or lease obligations payable by the county are outstanding. After the final effectiveness of the annexation or the establishment of the municipality's district, the county redevelopment commission may not levy the special tax for new bonds or lease obligations in the annexed or included area unless the legislative body of the municipality adopts an ordinance approving the levy

SECTION 11. IC 36-7-14-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.204-2016, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) Not later than April 15 of each year, the redevelopment commissioners or their designees shall file with the unit's executive and fiscal body a report setting out their activities during the preceding calendar year.

- (b) The report of the commissioners of a municipal redevelopment commission must show the names of the then qualified and acting commissioners, the names of the officers of that body, the number of regular employees and their fixed salaries or compensation, the amount of the expenditures made during the preceding year and their general purpose, an accounting of the tax increment revenues expended by any entity receiving the tax increment revenues as a grant or loan from the commission, the amount of funds on hand at the close of the calendar year, and other information necessary to disclose the activities of the commissioners and the results obtained.
- (c) The report of the commissioners of a county redevelopment commission must show all the information required by subsection (b), plus the names of any commissioners appointed to or removed from office during the preceding calendar year.
- (d) A copy of each report filed under this section must be submitted to the department of local government finance in an electronic format.



1	(e) The report required under subsection (a) must also include the
2	following information set forth for each tax increment financing district
3	regarding the previous year:
4	(1) Revenues received.
5	(2) Expenses paid.
6	(3) Fund balances.
7	(4) The amount and maturity date for all outstanding obligations.
8	(5) The amount paid on outstanding obligations.
9	(6) A list of all the parcels included in each tax increment
10	financing district allocation area and the base assessed value and
11	incremental assessed value for each parcel in the list.
12	(7) For each tax increment financing district allocation area
13	to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies, a list of the
14	participating taxing units (as defined in section 39.8(b) of this
15	chapter).
16	(7) (8) To the extent that the following information has not
17	previously been provided to the department of local government
18	finance:
19	(A) The year in which the tax increment financing district was
20	established.
21	(B) The section of the Indiana Code under which the tax
22	increment financing district was established.
23	(C) Whether the tax increment financing district is part of an
24	area needing redevelopment, an economic development area,
25	a redevelopment project area, or an urban renewal project
26	area.
27	(D) If applicable, the year in which the boundaries of the tax
28	increment financing district were changed and a description of
29	those changes.
30	(E) The date on which the tax increment financing district will
31	expire.
32	(F) A copy of each resolution adopted by the redevelopment
33	commission that establishes or alters the tax increment
34	financing district.
35	(f) A redevelopment commission and a department of
36	redevelopment are subject to the same laws, rules, and ordinances of
37	a general nature that apply to all other commissions or departments of
38	the unit.
39	SECTION 12. IC 36-7-14-15.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012,
40	SECTION 206, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
41	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 15.5. (a) This section applies
42	to a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty



- thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand (270,000).
- (b) In adopting a declaratory resolution under section 15 of this chapter, a redevelopment commission may include a provision stating that the redevelopment project area is considered to include one (1) or more additional areas outside the boundaries of the redevelopment project area if the redevelopment commission makes the following findings and the requirements of subsection (c) are met:
 - (1) One (1) or more taxpayers presently located within the boundaries of the redevelopment project area are expected within one (1) year to relocate all or part of their operations outside the boundaries of the redevelopment project area and have expressed an interest in relocating all or part of their operations within the boundaries of an additional area.
 - (2) The relocation described in subdivision (1) will contribute to the continuation of the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 in the redevelopment project area.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, it will be of public utility and benefit to include the additional areas as part of the redevelopment project area.
- (c) Each additional area must be designated by the redevelopment commission as a redevelopment project area or an economic development area under this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding section 3 of this chapter, the additional areas shall be considered to be a part of the redevelopment special taxing district under the jurisdiction of the redevelopment commission. Any excess property taxes that the commission has determined may be paid to taxing units under section 39(b)(4) 39(c)(4) or 39.8(c)(4) of this chapter shall be paid to the taxing units from which the excess property taxes were derived. All powers of the redevelopment commission authorized under this chapter may be exercised by the redevelopment commission in additional areas under its jurisdiction.
- (e) The declaratory resolution must include a statement of the general boundaries of each additional area. However, it is sufficient to describe those boundaries by location in relation to public ways, streams, or otherwise, as determined by the commissioners.
- (f) The declaratory resolution may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes with respect to one (1) or more of the additional areas in the manner provided in section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter. If the redevelopment commission includes such a provision in the resolution, allocation areas in the redevelopment project area and in the additional areas considered to be part of the



1	redevelopment project area shall be considered a single allocation area
2	for purposes of this chapter.
3	(g) The additional areas must be located within the same county as
4	the redevelopment project area but are not otherwise required to be
5	within the jurisdiction of the redevelopment commission, if the
6	redevelopment commission obtains the consent by ordinance of:
7	(1) the county legislative body, for each additional area located
8	within the unincorporated part of the county; or
9	(2) the legislative body of the city or town affected, for each
10	additional area located within a city or town.
11	In granting its consent, the legislative body shall approve the plan of
12	development or redevelopment relating to the additional area.
13	(h) A declaratory resolution previously adopted may be amended to
14	include a provision to include additional areas as set forth in this
15	section and an allocation provision under section 39 or 39.8 of this
16	chapter with respect to one (1) or more of the additional areas in
17	accordance with sections 15, 16, and 17 of this chapter.
18	(i) The redevelopment commission may amend the allocation
19	provision of a declaratory resolution in accordance with sections 15,
20	16, and 17 of this chapter to change the assessment date that
21	determines the base assessed value of property in the allocation area to
22	any assessment date following the effective date of the allocation
23	provision of the declaratory resolution. Such a change may relate to the
24	assessment date that determines the base assessed value of that portion
25	of the allocation area that is located in the redevelopment project area
26	alone, that portion of the allocation area that is located in an additional
27	area alone, or the entire allocation area.
28	SECTION 13. IC 36-7-14-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
29	SECTION 728, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. (a) After receipt of the
31	written order of approval of the plan commission and approval of the
32	municipal legislative body or county executive, the redevelopment
33	commission shall publish notice of the adoption and substance of the
34	resolution in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The notice must:
35	(1) state that maps and plats have been prepared and can be
36	inspected at the office of the department; and
37	(2) name a date when the commission will:
38	(A) receive and hear remonstrances and objections from
39	persons interested in or affected by the proceedings pertaining
40	to the proposed project or other actions to be taken under the
41	resolution; and



(B) determine the public utility and benefit of the proposed

1	project or other actions.
2	All persons affected in any manner by the hearing, including all
3	taxpayers of the special taxing district, shall be considered notified of
4	the pendency of the hearing and of subsequent acts, hearings,
5	adjournments, and orders of the commission by the notice given under
6	this section.
7	(b) A copy of the notice of the hearing on the resolution shall be
8	filed in the office of the unit's plan commission, board of zoning
9	appeals, works board, park board, and building commissioner, and any
10	other departments, bodies, or officers of the unit having to do with unit
11	planning, variances from zoning ordinances, land use, or the issuance
12	of building permits. These agencies and officers shall take notice of the
13	pendency of the hearing and, until the commission confirms, modifies
14	and confirms, or rescinds the resolution, or the confirmation of the
15	resolution is set aside on appeal, may not:
16	(1) authorize any construction on property or sewers in the area
17	described in the resolution, including substantial modifications,
18	rebuilding, conversion, enlargement, additions, and major
19	structural improvements; or
20	(2) take any action regarding the zoning or rezoning of property,
21	or the opening, closing, or improvement of streets, alleys, or
22	boulevards in the area described in the resolution.
23	This subsection does not prohibit the granting of permits for ordinary
24	maintenance or minor remodeling, or for changes necessary for the
25	continued occupancy of buildings in the area.
26	(c) If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a
27	provision establishing or amending an allocation provision under
28	section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter, the redevelopment commission shall
29	file the following information with each taxing unit that is wholly or
30	partly located within the allocation area:
31	(1) A copy of the notice required by subsection (a).
32	(2) A statement disclosing the impact of the allocation area,
33	including the following:
34	(A) The estimated economic benefits and costs incurred by the
35	allocation area, as measured by increased employment and
36	anticipated growth of real property assessed values.
37	(B) The anticipated impact on tax revenues of each taxing unit.
38	If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a
39	provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to
40	which section 39 of this chapter applies, the redevelopment
41	commission shall file the information required by this subsection with
42	the officers of the taxing unit who are authorized to fix budgets, tax



rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 at least ten (10) days before the date of the hearing. If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies, the redevelopment commission shall file the information required by this subsection with the officers of the taxing unit who are authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 at least ninety (90) days before the date of the hearing. If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies, the redevelopment commission shall prepare the statement required under subdivision (2) assuming that each unit and school corporation wholly or partly located in the proposed allocation area will elect to be subject to the allocation provision as provided in subsection (d).

- (d) This subsection applies if the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies. If a unit or school corporation is wholly or partly located in a proposed allocation area that is referred to in an allocation provision of the resolution to be considered at the hearing scheduled under subsection (c), the fiscal body of the unit or school corporation may adopt a resolution electing to be subject to the allocation provision. If the fiscal body of the unit or school corporation adopts a resolution electing to be subject to the proposed allocation provision, the fiscal body shall deliver a copy of the resolution to the redevelopment commission before the hearing date specified in the notice given to the taxing unit under subsection (c)(1). A unit or school corporation that is wholly or partly located in a proposed allocation area is not subject to the proposed allocation provision unless:
 - (1) the fiscal body of the unit or school corporation adopts a resolution electing to be subject to the proposed allocation provision in the resolution to be considered at the hearing; and
 - (2) the allocation provision in the resolution to be considered at the hearing is adopted by the redevelopment commission as provided in subsection (e).

If the redevelopment commission adopts the resolution containing the allocation provision as provided in subsection (e) and the redevelopment commission's action becomes final, the allocation provision as amended from time to time applies until the allocation



provision terminates to each taxing unit wholly or partly located in the allocation area, except those units or school corporations that have not elected to be bound by the allocation provision.

(d) (e) At the hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time, the redevelopment commission shall hear all persons interested in the proceedings and shall consider all written remonstrances and objections that have been filed. After considering the evidence presented, the commission shall take final action determining the public utility and benefit of the proposed project or other actions to be taken under the resolution, and confirming, modifying and confirming, or rescinding the resolution. The final action taken by the commission shall be recorded and is final and conclusive, except that an appeal may be taken in the manner prescribed by section 18 of this chapter.

SECTION 14. IC 36-7-14-25.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 25.1. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a redevelopment project area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 27 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter, or other revenues of the district, or any combination of these sources, the redevelopment commission may, by bond resolution and subject to subsections (c) and (p), issue the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. The amount of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of the property, including:

- (1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to be acquired and redeveloped;
- (2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal, financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;
- (3) capitalized interest permitted by this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds to the extent the redevelopment commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required; and
- (4) expenses that the redevelopment commission is required or permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.
- (b) If the redevelopment commission plans to acquire different parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1) issue of bonds.



1	(c) The legislative body of the unit must adopt a resolution that
2	specifies the public purpose of the bond, the use of the bond proceeds.
3	the maximum principal amount of the bond, the term of the bond, and
4	the maximum interest rate or rates of the bond, any provision for
5	redemption before maturity, and any provision for the payment of
6	capitalized interest. The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond
7	resolution and negotiable, subject to the requirements of the bond
8	resolution for registering the bonds. The resolution authorizing the
9	bonds must state:
10	(1) the denominations of the bonds;
11	(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and
12	(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed:
13	(A) fifty (50) years, for bonds issued before July 1, 2008;
14	(B) thirty (30) years, for bonds issued after June 30, 2008, to
15	finance:
16	(i) an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in
17	IC 6-3.1-29-6);
18	(ii) a part of an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as
19	defined in IC 6-3.1-29-6); or
20	(iii) property used in the operation or maintenance of an
21	integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in
22	IC 6-3.1-29-6);
23	that received a certificate of public convenience and necessity
24	from the Indiana utility regulatory commission under
25	IC 8-1-8.5 et seq. before July 1, 2008; or
26	(C) twenty-five (25) years, for bonds issued after June 30,
27	2008, that are not described in clause (B).
28	The bond resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable
29	before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the
30	redevelopment commission.
31	(d) The redevelopment commission shall certify a copy of the
32	resolution authorizing the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal
33	officer, who shall then prepare the bonds, subject to subsections (c) and
34	(p). The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile
35	of the seal must be printed on the bonds.
36	(e) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the
37	unit and attested by the municipal or county fiscal officer.
38	(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.



(g) The municipal or county fiscal officer shall give notice of the sale of the bonds by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The municipal fiscal officer, or county fiscal officer or executive, shall sell the bonds to the highest bidder, but may not sell them for less than



1	ninety-seven percent (97%) of their par value. However, bonds payable
2	solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3)
3	39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter, or other revenues of the district
4	may be sold at a private negotiated sale.
5	(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment
6	commission may not issue the bonds when the total issue, including
7	bonds already issued and to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the
8	adjusted value of the taxable property in the special taxing district, as
9	determined under IC 36-1-15.
10	(i) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an
11	indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable,
12	as set forth in the bond resolution of the redevelopment commission:
13	(1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the taxing
14	district, as provided by section 27 of this chapter;
15	(2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3)
16	39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter;
17	(3) from other revenues available to the redevelopment
18	commission; or
19	(4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1)
20	through (3).
21	If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under
22	section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter, other revenues
23	of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources,
24	they may be issued in any amount not to exceed the maximum amount
25	approved by the legislative body in the resolution described in
26	subsection (c).
27	(j) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of
28	interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the
29	date of issuance.
30	(k) All laws relating to the giving of notice of the issuance of bonds,
31	the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds
32	of the bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the
33	proposed appropriation, and the approval of the appropriation by the
34	department of local government finance apply to all bonds issued under
35	this chapter that are payable from the special benefits tax levied
36	pursuant to section 27 of this chapter or from taxes allocated under
37	section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter.

- (1) All laws relating to:
 - (1) the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds; and
- (2) the right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by



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1	IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
2	(B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a
3	proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
4	apply to bonds issued under this chapter except for bonds payable
5	solely from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or
6	39.8(c)(3) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment
7	commission, or any combination of these sources.
8	(m) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds,
9	the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on
10	the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.
11	(n) Any amount remaining in the debt service reserve after all of the
12	bonds of the issue for which the debt service reserve was established
13	have matured shall be:
14	(1) deposited in the allocation fund established under section
15	$\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $39.8(c)(3)$ of this chapter; and
16	(2) to the extent permitted by law, transferred to the county or
17	municipality that established the department of redevelopment for
18	use in reducing the county's or municipality's property tax levies
19	for debt service.
20	(o) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or
21	in part from revenues to the redevelopment commission from a project
22	or projects, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution or
23	trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance
24	of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or
25	assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or
26	mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust
27	indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing
28	the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and
29	proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the
30	duties of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment
31	commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project
32	and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and
33	charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the
34	bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the redevelopment commission
35	that are payable solely from revenues of the commission shall contain
36	a statement to that effect in the form of bond.
37	(p) If the total principal amount of bonds authorized by a resolution
38	of the redevelopment commission adopted before July 1, 2008, is equal
39	to or greater than three million dollars (\$3,000,000), the bonds may not
40	be issued without the approval, by resolution, of the legislative body of
41	the unit. Bonds authorized in any principal amount by a resolution of

the redevelopment commission adopted after June 30, 2008, may not



be issued without the approval of the legislative body of the unit.

SECTION 15. IC 36-7-14-25.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 25.2. (a) Subject to the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit under subsection (c), a redevelopment commission may enter into a lease of any property that could be financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter with a lessor for a term not to exceed:

- (1) fifty (50) years, for a lease entered into before July 1, 2008; or (2) twenty-five (25) years, for a lease entered into after June 30, 2008.
- The lease may provide for payments to be made by the redevelopment commission from special benefits taxes levied under section 27 of this chapter, taxes allocated under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter, any other revenues available to the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.
- (b) A lease may provide that payments by the redevelopment commission to the lessor are required only to the extent and only for the period that the lessor is able to provide the leased facilities in accordance with the lease. The terms of each lease must be based upon the value of the facilities leased and may not create a debt of the unit or the district for purposes of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (c) A lease may be entered into by the redevelopment commission only after a public hearing by the redevelopment commission at which all interested parties are provided the opportunity to be heard. After the public hearing, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution authorizing the execution of the lease on behalf of the unit if it finds that the service to be provided throughout the term of the lease will serve the public purpose of the unit and is in the best interests of its residents. Any lease approved by a resolution of the redevelopment commission must also be approved by an ordinance or resolution of the fiscal body of the unit. The approving ordinance or resolution of the fiscal body must include the following:
 - (1) The maximum annual lease rental for the lease.
 - (2) The maximum interest rate or rates, any provisions for redemption before maturity, and any provisions for the payment of capitalized interest associated with the lease.
 - (3) The maximum term of the lease.
- (d) Upon execution of a lease providing for payments by the redevelopment commission in whole or in part from the levy of special benefits taxes under section 27 of this chapter and upon approval of the lease by the unit's fiscal body, the redevelopment commission shall



publish notice of the execution of the lease and its approval in accordance with IC 5-3-1. Fifty (50) or more taxpayers residing in the redevelopment district who will be affected by the lease and who may be of the opinion that no necessity exists for the execution of the lease or that the payments provided for in the lease are not fair and reasonable may file a petition in the office of the county auditor within thirty (30) days after the publication of the notice of execution and approval. The petition must set forth the petitioners' names, addresses, and objections to the lease and the facts showing that the execution of the lease is unnecessary or unwise or that the payments provided for in the lease are not fair and reasonable, as the case may be.

- (e) Upon the filing of the petition, the county auditor shall immediately certify a copy of it, together with such other data as may be necessary in order to present the questions involved, to the department of local government finance. Upon receipt of the certified petition and information, the department of local government finance shall fix a time and place for a hearing in the redevelopment district, which must be not less than five (5) or more than thirty (30) days after the time is fixed. Notice of the hearing shall be given by the department of local government finance to the members of the fiscal body, to the redevelopment commission, and to the first fifty (50) petitioners on the petition by a letter signed by the commissioner or deputy commissioner of the department and enclosed with fully prepaid postage sent to those persons at their usual place of residence, at least five (5) days before the date of the hearing. The decision of the department of local government finance on the appeal, upon the necessity for the execution of the lease, and as to whether the payments under it are fair and reasonable, is final.
- (f) A redevelopment commission entering into a lease payable from allocated taxes under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter or other available funds of the redevelopment commission may:
 - (1) pledge the revenue to make payments under the lease pursuant to IC 5-1-14-4; and
 - (2) establish a special fund to make the payments.
- (g) Lease rentals may be limited to money in the special fund so that the obligations of the redevelopment commission to make the lease rental payments are not considered debt of the unit or the district for purposes of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (h) Except as provided in this section, no approvals of any governmental body or agency are required before the redevelopment commission enters into a lease under this section.
 - (i) An action to contest the validity of the lease or to enjoin the



performance of any of its terms and conditions must be brought within thirty (30) days after the publication of the notice of the execution and approval of the lease. However, if the lease is payable in whole or in part from tax levies and an appeal has been taken to the department of local government finance, an action to contest the validity or enjoin the performance must be brought within thirty (30) days after the decision of the department.

(j) If a redevelopment commission exercises an option to buy a leased facility from a lessor, the redevelopment commission may subsequently sell the leased facility, without regard to any other statute, to the lessor at the end of the lease term at a price set forth in the lease or at fair market value established at the time of the sale by the redevelopment commission through auction, appraisal, or arms length negotiation. If the facility is sold at auction, after appraisal, or through negotiation, the redevelopment commission shall conduct a hearing after public notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 before the sale. Any action to contest the sale must be brought within fifteen (15) days of the hearing.

SECTION 16. IC 36-7-14-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 26. (a) All proceeds from the sale of bonds under section 25.1 of this chapter shall be kept as a separate and specific fund to pay the expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of property. The fund shall be known as the redevelopment district capital fund. Any surplus of funds remaining after all expenses are paid shall be paid into and become a part of the redevelopment district bond fund established under section 27 of this chapter.

- (b) All gifts or donations that are given or paid to the department of redevelopment or to the unit for redevelopment purposes shall be promptly deposited to the credit of the redevelopment district capital fund. The redevelopment commission may use these gifts and donations for the purposes of this chapter.
- (c) Before the eleventh day of each calendar month the fiscal officer shall notify the redevelopment commission and the officers of the unit who have duties in respect to the funds and accounts of the unit of the amount standing to the credit of the redevelopment district capital fund at the close of business on the last day of the preceding month.
- (d) A redevelopment commission shall deposit in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter of an allocation area the proceeds from the sale or leasing of property in the area under section 22 of this chapter if:



- 1 (1) there are outstanding bonds that were issued to pay costs of 2 redevelopment in the allocation area; and 3 (2) the bonds are payable solely or in part from tax proceeds 4 allocated under section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or 39.8(c)(3) of this 5 chapter. 6 SECTION 17. IC 36-7-14-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, 7
 - SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 27. (a) This section applies only to:
 - (1) bonds that are issued under section 25.1 of this chapter; and
 - (2) leases entered into under section 25.2 of this chapter; which are payable from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the special taxing district. This section does not apply to bonds or leases that are payable solely from tax proceeds allocated under section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $\frac{39.8(c)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.
 - (b) The redevelopment commission, with the prior approval of the legislative body, shall levy each year a special tax on all of the property of the redevelopment taxing district, in such a manner as to meet and pay the principal of the bonds as they mature, together with all accruing interest on the bonds or lease rental payments under section 25.2 of this chapter. The commission shall cause the tax levied to be certified to the proper officers as other tax levies are certified, and to the auditor of the county in which the redevelopment district is located, before the second day of October in each year. The tax shall be estimated and entered on the tax duplicate by the county auditor and shall be collected and enforced by the county treasurer in the same manner as other state and county taxes are estimated, entered, collected, and enforced. The amount of the tax levied to pay bonds or lease rentals payable from the tax levied under this section shall be reduced by any amount available in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter or other revenues of the redevelopment commission to the extent such revenues have been set aside in the redevelopment bond fund.
 - (c) As the tax is collected, it shall be accumulated in a separate fund to be known as the redevelopment district bond fund and shall be applied to the payment of the bonds as they mature and the interest on the bonds as it accrues, or to make lease payments and to no other purpose. All accumulations of the fund before their use for the payment of bonds and interest or to make lease payments shall be deposited with the depository or depositories for other public funds of the unit in accordance with IC 5-13, unless they are invested under IC 5-13-9.
 - (d) If there are no outstanding bonds that are payable solely or in



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part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or
39.8(c)(3) of this chapter and that were issued to pay costs of
redevelopment in an allocation area that is located wholly or in part in
the special taxing district, then all proceeds from the sale or leasing of
property in the allocation area under section 22 of this chapter shall be
paid into the redevelopment district bond fund and become a part of
that fund. In arriving at the tax levy for any year, the redevelopment
commission shall take into account the amount of the proceeds
deposited under this subsection and remaining on hand.

(e) The tax levies provided for in this section are reviewable by other bodies vested by law with the authority to ascertain that the levies are sufficient to raise the amount that, with other amounts available, is sufficient to meet the payments under the lease payable from the levy of taxes.

SECTION 18. IC 36-7-14-39, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2017 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 39. (a) This section applies only to an allocation area initially established before January 1, 2018, and all subsequent amendments to the allocation provision for the allocation area.

(a) (b) As used in this section:

"Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment project area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.

"Base assessed value" means the following:

- (1) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1995, in a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution establishing an economic development area:
 - (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); (i); plus
 - (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the effective date of the allocation provision.
- (2) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1997, in a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution establishing a redevelopment project area:



1	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
2	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding
3	the effective date of the allocation provision of the
4	declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); (i);
5	plus
6	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
7	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
8	property under the rules of the department of local government
9	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
10	effective date of the allocation provision.
11	(3) If:
12	(A) an allocation provision adopted before June 30, 1995, in
13	a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
14	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area expires
15	after June 30, 1997; and
16	(B) after June 30, 1997, a new allocation provision is included
17	in an amendment to the declaratory resolution;
18	the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for
19	the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of
20	the allocation provision adopted after June 30, 1997, as adjusted
21	under subsection (h). (i).
22	(4) Except as provided in subdivision (5), for all other allocation
23	areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally
24	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
25	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
26	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h). (i).
27	(5) If an allocation area established in an economic development
28	area before July 1, 1995, is expanded after June 30, 1995, the
29	definition in subdivision (1) applies to the expanded part of the
30	area added after June 30, 1995.
31	(6) If an allocation area established in a redevelopment project
32	area before July 1, 1997, is expanded after June 30, 1997, the
33	definition in subdivision (2) applies to the expanded part of the
34	area added after June 30, 1997.
35	Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter, "property taxes"
36	means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property. However, upon
37	approval by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted
38	before June 1, 1987, "property taxes" also includes taxes imposed
39	under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property. If a redevelopment
40	commission adopted before June 1, 1987, a resolution to include within
41	the definition of property taxes, taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on

depreciable personal property that has a useful life in excess of eight



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(8) years, the commission may by resolution determine the percentage of taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property that will be included within the definition of property taxes. However, the percentage included must not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property.

(b) (c) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) (j) may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) (i) in accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. A declaratory resolution or amendment that establishes an allocation provision must include a specific finding of fact, supported by evidence, that the adoption of the allocation provision will result in new property taxes in the area that would not have been generated but for the adoption of the allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2015, whichever is later. A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision after June 30, 1995, must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than thirty (30) years after the date on which the allocation provision is established. For an allocation area established after June 30, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first obligation was incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. However, with respect to bonds or other obligations that were issued before July 1, 2008, if any of the bonds or other obligations that were scheduled when issued to mature before the specified expiration date and that are payable only from allocated tax proceeds with respect to the allocation area remain outstanding as of the expiration date, the allocation provision does not expire until all of the bonds or other obligations are no longer outstanding. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:



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1	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of
2	the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
3	(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date
4	with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
5	or
6	(B) the base assessed value;
7	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of
8	the respective taxing units.
9	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for
0	the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and
1	distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after
2	being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public
3	question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included
4	in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid
5	into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local
6	public question was conducted.
7	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
8	proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
9	shall be allocated to the redevelopment district and, when
0.0	collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that
21	may be used by the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or
	more of the following:
22 23 24	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
24	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds which are incurred
25	by the redevelopment district for the purpose of financing or
2.5 2.6	refinancing the redevelopment of that allocation area.
.7	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
28	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
.9	that allocation area.
0	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
1	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and from the
2	special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
3	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
4	unit to pay for local public improvements that are physically
5	located in or physically connected to that allocation area.
6	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
7	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that
8	allocation area.
9	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
0	proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this
1	chapter.
2	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by it for local
_	(3) Remiourse the time for expenditures made by it for local



1	public improvements (which include buildings, parking
2	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this
3 4	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected to that allocation area.
5	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building or
6	parking facility that is physically located in or physically
7	connected to that allocation area under any lease entered into
8	under IC 36-1-10.
9	(I) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1,
10	2009, pay all or a part of a property tax replacement credit to
1	taxpayers in an allocation area as determined by the
12	redevelopment commission. This credit equals the amount
13	determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a
14	taxing district (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or
15	part of the allocation area:
16	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
17	under IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$,
18	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(3)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and
19	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to
20	the taxing district.
21	STEP TWO: Divide:
22	(i) that part of each county's eligible property tax
23	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its
24	repeal)) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4
25 26	(before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district;
26	by
27	(ii) the STEP ONE sum.
28	STEP THREE: Multiply:
29	(i) the STEP TWO quotient; times
30	(ii) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
31	IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its repeal)) levied in the taxing district
32	that have been allocated during that year to an allocation
33	fund under this section.
34	If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit
35	in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to
36	receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not
37	receive a credit under this section and a credit under section
38	39.5 of this chapter (before its repeal) in the same year.
39	(J) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment commission
10	for local public improvements that are in the allocation area or
1 1	serving the allocation area. Public improvements include
12	buildings, parking facilities, and other items described in



1	section 25.1(a) of this chapter.
2	(K) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
3	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
4	located:
5	(i) in the allocation area; and
6 7	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
8	industrial property under the rules of the department of local government finance.
9	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
10	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
11	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
12	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
13	reimbursements under this clause must be made within three
14	(3) years after the date on which the investments that are the
15	basis for the increment financing are made.
16	(L) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project
17	(as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that established
18	the redevelopment commission. However, property tax
19	proceeds may be used under this clause to pay the costs of
20	carrying out an eligible efficiency project only if those
21	property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary to do the
22	following:
23	(i) Make, when due, any payments required under clauses
24	(A) through (K), including any payments of principal and
25	interest on bonds and other obligations payable under this
26	subdivision, any payments of premiums under this
27	subdivision on the redemption before maturity of bonds, and
28	any payments on leases payable under this subdivision.
29	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
30	subdivision.
31	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
32	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service reserve
33	under this subdivision.
34	(M) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
35	authorized in section 12.2(a)(27) of this chapter.
36 37	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the commission.
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39	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), (h), before June 15 of
40	each year, the commission shall do the following: (A) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value
41	of the taxable property in the allocation area for the most
42	recent assessment date minus the base assessed value, when
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2	arranged the amount of aggregatively a model to made the
2 3	exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce the
3 4	property taxes necessary to make, when due, principal and
5	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3), plus
6	the amount necessary for other purposes described in
7	subdivision (3).
8	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fisca
9	body of the county or municipality that established the
10	department of redevelopment, the officers who are authorized
10	to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for
12	each of the other taxing units that is wholly or partly located
	within the allocation area, and (in an electronic format) the
13	department of local government finance. The notice must:
14	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that the
15	commission has determined may be allocated to the
16	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
17	subdivision (1); or
18	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there is no
19	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
20	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
21	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
22	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
23	commission. The commission may not authorize an allocation
24	of assessed value to the respective taxing units under this
25	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interests of the
26	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors under
27	section 25.3 of this chapter.
28	(C) If:
29	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
30	commission is expected to generate more than two hundred
31	percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds
32	necessary to make, when due, principal and interes
33	payments on bonds described in subdivision (3); plus
34	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
35	subdivision (3);
36	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the uni
37	its determination of the excess assessed value that the
38	commission proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units
39	in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1). The legislative
40	body of the unit may approve the commission's determination
41	or modify the amount of the excess assessed value that will be



allocated to the respective taxing units in the manner

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prescribed in subdivision (1).

- (e) (d) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the allocation area that is annexed by any taxing unit after the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
 - (2) the base assessed value.
- (d) (e) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district under subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), (c)(4), be irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as set forth in subsection (b)(3). (c)(3).
- (e) (f) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective on the next assessment date after the petition.
- (f) (g) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the lesser of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to this section; or
 - (2) the base assessed value.
- (g) (h) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(c)(3)}$ shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(c)(3)}$ and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection $\frac{(b)(1)}{(c)(1)}$ and $\frac{(b)(2)}{(c)(2)}$ from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(c)(3)}$ for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata portion of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that has no obligations, bonds,



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or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) (c)(1) and (b)(2) (c)(2) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection $\frac{b}{1}$ (c)(1) and $\frac{b}{2}$ (c)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), (c)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) to allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. Those programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(h) (i) The state board of accounts and department of local government finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment in an area under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection:

- (1) may not include the effect of phasing in assessed value due to property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1;
- (2) may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district under subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(c)(3)}$ than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, the reassessment under the reassessment plan, or the annual adjustment had not occurred; and
- (3) may decrease base assessed value only to the extent that assessed values in the allocation area have been decreased due to annual adjustments or the reassessment under the reassessment plan.



Assessed value increases attributable to the application of an abatement
schedule under IC 6-1.1-12.1 may not be included in the base assessed
value of an allocation area. The department of local government
finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to
follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

- (i) (j) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (b) (c) is determined in the following manner:
 - (1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2011.
 - (2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline and subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically extended in increments of five (5) years, so that allocation deadlines subsequent to the initial allocation deadline fall on December 31, 2016, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
 - (3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation deadline determined under subdivision (2), the general assembly may enact a law that:
 - (A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation deadlines under subdivision (2); and
 - (B) specifically designates a particular date as the final allocation deadline.

SECTION 19. IC 36-7-14-39.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012, SECTION 207, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 39.2. (a) This section applies to a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand (270,000).

- (b) As used in this section, "designated taxpayer" means any taxpayer designated by the commission in a declaratory resolution adopted or amended under section 15 or 17.5 of this chapter and with respect to which the commission finds that taxes to be derived from the taxpayer's depreciable personal property in the allocation area, in excess of the taxes attributable to the base assessed value of that personal property, are reasonably expected to exceed in one (1) or more future years the taxes to be derived from the taxpayer's real property in the allocation area in excess of the taxes attributable to the base assessed value of that real property.
- (c) The allocation provision of a declaratory resolution may modify the definition of "property taxes" under section 39(a) 39(b) of this chapter to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property of designated taxpayers, in accordance with the procedures and limitations set forth in this section and section 39 of this chapter. If such a modification is included in the resolution for



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purposes of section 39 of this chapter, the term "base assessed value" with respect to the depreciable personal property of designated taxpayers means the net assessed value of all the depreciable personal property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding:
(1) the effective date of the modification, for modifications adopted before July 1, 1995; and
(2) the adoption date of the modification for modifications adopted after June 30, 1995;
as adjusted under section 39(i) of this chapter. SECTION 20. IC 36-7-14-39.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012, SECTION 244, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

SECTION 244, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 39.3. (a) As used in this section, "depreciable personal property" refers to:

- (1) all of the designated taxpayer's depreciable personal property that is located in the allocation area; and
- (2) all other depreciable property located and taxable on the designated taxpayer's site of operations within the allocation area.
- (b) As used in this section, "designated taxpayer" means any taxpayer designated by the commission in a declaratory resolution adopted or amended under section 15 or 17.5 of this chapter, and with respect to which the commission finds that taxes to be derived from the depreciable personal property in the allocation area, in excess of the taxes attributable to the base assessed value of that personal property, are needed to pay debt service or to provide security for bonds issued under section 25.1 of this chapter or to make payments or to provide security on leases payable under section 25.2 of this chapter in order to provide local public improvements for a particular allocation area. However, a commission may not designate a taxpayer after June 30, 1992, unless the commission also finds that:
 - (1) the taxpayer's property in the allocation area will consist primarily of industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, research and development, processing, distribution, or transportation related projects or regulated amusement devices (as defined in IC 22-12-1-19.1) and related improvements; and
 - (2) the taxpayer's property in the allocation area will not consist primarily of retail, commercial, or residential projects, other than an amusement park or tourism industry project.
- (c) The allocation provision of a declaratory resolution may modify the definition of "property taxes" under section 39(a) 39(b) of this chapter to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property located and taxable on the site of operations of the



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1	designated taxpayers in accordance with the procedures and limitations
2	set forth in this section and section 39 of this chapter. If such a
3	modification is included in the resolution, for purposes of section 39 of
4	this chapter the term "base assessed value" with respect to the
5	depreciable personal property means the net assessed value of all the
6	depreciable personal property as finally determined for the assessment
7	date immediately preceding:
8	(1) the effective date of the modification, for modifications
9	adopted before July 1, 1995; and
10	(2) the adoption date of the modification for modifications
11	adopted after June 30, 1995;
12	as adjusted under section 39(h) 39(i) of this chapter.
13	(d) A declaratory resolution of a city redevelopment commission
14	that is adopted before March 20, 1990, is legalized and validated as if
15	it had been adopted under this section.

- (e) An action taken by a redevelopment commission before February 24, 1992, to designate a taxpayer, modify the definition of property taxes, or establish a base assessed value as described in this section, as in effect on February 24, 1992, is legalized and validated as if this section, as in effect on February 24, 1992, had been in effect on the date of the action.
- (f) The amendment made to this section by P.L.41-1992, does not affect actions taken pursuant to P.L.35-1990.
- (g) A declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution that was adopted by:
 - (1) a county redevelopment commission for a county; or
- (2) a city redevelopment commission for a city; before February 26, 1992, is legalized and validated as if the declaratory resolution or amendment had been adopted under this section as amended by P.L.147-1992.

SECTION 21. IC 36-7-14-39.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 39.8. (a) This section applies only to an allocation area initially established after December 31, 2017, and all subsequent amendments to the allocation provision for the allocation area.

- (b) The following definitions apply throughout this section:
 - (1) "Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment project area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.
 - (2) "Base assessed value", with respect to a specified



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1	participating taxing unit, means the following:
2	(A) If an allocation provision is adopted in a declaratory
3	resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution
4	establishing an economic development area:
5	(i) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
6	determined for the assessment date immediately
7	preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of
8	the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection
9	(i); plus
0	(ii) to the extent that it is not included in item (i), the net
11	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
12	property under the rules of the department of local
13	government finance, as finally determined for any
14	assessment date after the effective date of the allocation
15	provision.
16	(B) If an allocation provision is adopted in a declaratory
17	resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution
18	establishing a redevelopment project area:
9	(i) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
20	determined for the assessment date immediately
21	preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of
	the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection
22 23 24	(i); plus
24	(ii) to the extent that it is not included in item (i), the net
25	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
26	property under the rules of the department of local
27	government finance, as finally determined for any
28	assessment date after the effective date of the allocation
29	provision.
30	(C) For all other allocation areas, the net assessed value of
31	all the property as finally determined for the assessment
32	date immediately preceding the effective date of the
33	allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as
34	adjusted under subsection (i).
35	(3) "Participating taxing unit" for an allocation area means
36	the following taxing units that are wholly or partly located in
37	the allocation area:
38	(A) A unit or school corporation that elects to be subject to
39	an allocation provision under section 17(d) of this chapter.
10	(B) A taxing unit that is not a unit or school corporation.
11	(4) Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter,
12	"property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real



property.

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- (c) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (j) may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (j) in accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. A declaratory resolution or amendment that establishes an allocation provision must include a specific finding of fact, supported by evidence, that the adoption of the allocation provision will result in new property taxes in the area that would not have been generated but for the adoption of the allocation provision. A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision. The expiration date of an allocation area may not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first obligation is incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by a participating taxing unit for the benefit of the participating taxing unit or another public body be allocated and distributed as follows:
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for each participating taxing unit, the proceeds of the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
 - (A) the assessed value of the property in the participating taxing unit for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
 - (B) the base assessed value of the participating taxing unit; shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the participating taxing unit.
 - (2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public question not otherwise included in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the participating taxing unit for which the



1	referendum or local public question was conducted.
2	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
3	proceeds of participating taxing units in excess of those
4	described in subdivisions (1) and (2) shall be allocated to the
5	redevelopment district and, when collected, paid into an
6	allocation fund for that allocation area that may be used by
7	the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or more of the
8	following:
9	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
10	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds that are
11	incurred by the redevelopment district for the purpose of
12	financing or refinancing the redevelopment of that
13	allocation area.
14	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve
15	for bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax
16	proceeds in that allocation area.
17	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable
18	from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and
19	from the special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
20	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
21	unit to pay for local public improvements that are
22	physically located in or physically connected to that
23	allocation area.
24	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of
25	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds
26	in that allocation area.
27	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
28	proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this
29	chapter.
30	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by the unit
31	for local public improvements (including buildings,
32	parking facilities, and other items described in section
33	25.1(a) of this chapter) that are physically located in or
34	physically connected to that allocation area.
35	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by the unit for a
36	building or parking facility that is physically located in or
37	physically connected to that allocation area under any
38	lease entered into under IC 36-1-10.
39	(I) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment
40	commission for local public improvements that are in the
41	allocation area or serving the allocation area. Public
42	improvements include buildings, parking facilities, and



1	other items described in section 25.1(a) of this chapter.
2	(J) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
3	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that
4	are located:
5	(i) in the allocation area; and
6	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified
7	as industrial property under the rules of the department
8	of local government finance.
9	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose
10	in any year may not exceed the total amount of money in
11	the allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes
12	paid by the industrial facilities described in this clause. The
13	reimbursements under this clause must be made within
14	three (3) years after the date on which the investments that
15	are the basis for the increment financing are made.
16	(K) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency
17	project (as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that
18	established the redevelopment commission. However,
19	property tax proceeds may be used under this clause to pay
20	the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project only
21	if those property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary
22	to do the following:
23	(i) Make, when due, any payments required under
24	clauses (A) through (J), including any payments of
25	principal and interest on bonds and other obligations
26	payable under this subdivision, any payments of
27	premiums under this subdivision on the redemption
28	before maturity of bonds, and any payments on leases
29	payable under this subdivision.
30	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
31	subdivision.
32	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
33	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service
34	reserve under this subdivision.
35	(L) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
36	authorized in section 12.2(a)(27) of this chapter.
37	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of
38	the commission.
39	(4) Except as provided in subsection (h), before July 1 of each
40	year, the commission shall do the following:
41	(A) For each participating taxing unit, determine the
42	amount, if any, by which the assessed value of the taxable



1	property of the participating taxing unit in the allocation
2	area for the most recent assessment date minus the base
3	assessed value of the participating taxing unit, when
4	multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area,
5	will exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce
6	the property taxes necessary to make, when due, the
7	principal and interest payments on bonds described in
8	subdivision (3), plus the amount necessary for other
9	purposes described in subdivision (3).
10	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the
11	fiscal body of the county or municipality that established
12	the department of redevelopment, the officers who are
13	authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under
14	IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units that is
15	wholly or partly located within the allocation area, and (in
16	an electronic format) the department of local government
17	finance. The notice must:
18	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that
19	the commission has determined may be allocated to the
20	respective participating taxing units in the manner
21	prescribed in subdivision (1); or
22	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there
23	is no excess assessed value that may be allocated to the
24	respective participating taxing units in the manner
25	prescribed in subdivision (1).
26	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective
27	participating taxing units the amount, if any, of excess
28	assessed value determined by the commission. The
29	commission may not authorize an allocation of assessed
30	value to the respective participating taxing units under this
31	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interests of the
32	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors
33	under section 25.3 of this chapter.
34	(C) If:
35	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
36	commission is expected to generate more than two
37	hundred percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax
38	proceeds necessary to make, when due, principal and
39	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3);
40	plus
41	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
42	subdivision (3);



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the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the unit its determination of the excess assessed value that the commission proposes to allocate to the respective participating taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1). The legislative body of the unit may approve the commission's determination or modify the amount of the excess assessed value that will be allocated to the respective participating taxing units in the manner
prescribed in subdivision (1). (d) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any participating taxing unit or units, the assessed value of taxable
property in a territory in the allocation area that is annexed by any participating taxing unit after the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:
(1) the assessed value of the property in the participating taxing unit for the assessment date with respect to which the
allocation and distribution is made; or (2) the base assessed value of the participating taxing unit. (e) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district

- under subsection (c)(3) may, subject to subsection (c)(4), be irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as set forth in subsection (c)(3).

 (f) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the tayable
- petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective on the next assessment date after the petition.

 (g) Notwithstanding any other law, for each participating taxing
- (g) Notwithstanding any other law, for each participating taxing unit, the assessed value of all taxable property in the part of the participating taxing unit in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy, is the lesser of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the property in the part of the participating taxing unit in the allocation area as valued without regard to this section; or
 - (2) the base assessed value of the participating taxing unit.
- (h) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (c)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (c)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone



phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2)from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (c)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (c)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata portion of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that has no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (c)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (c)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (c)(3) to the allocation area it refers for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. Those programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(i) The state board of accounts and department of local government finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment in an area under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value of each participating taxing unit one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value of each participating taxing unit one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the



1	redevelopment district under this section. However, the
2	adjustments under this subsection:
3	(1) may not include the effect of phasing in assessed value due
4	to property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1;
5	(2) may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to
6	the redevelopment district under subsection (c)(3) than would
7	otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, the
8	reassessment under the reassessment plan, or the annual
9	adjustment had not occurred; and
10	(3) may decrease base assessed value of a participating taxing
11	unit only to the extent that assessed values in the allocation
12	area have been decreased due to annual adjustments or the
13	reassessment under the reassessment plan.
14	Assessed value increases attributable to the application of an
15	abatement schedule under IC 6-1.1-12.1 may not be included in the
16	base assessed value of a participating taxing unit. The department
17	of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county
18	and township officials to follow to assist the department in making
19	the adjustments.
20	(j) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (c) is
21	determined in the following manner:
22	(1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2021.
23	(2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline
24	and subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically
25	extended in increments of five (5) years, so that allocation
26	deadlines after the initial allocation deadline fall on December
27	31, 2026, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
28	(3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation
29	deadline determined under subdivision (2), the general
30	assembly may enact a law that:
31	(A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation
32	deadlines under subdivision (2); and
33	(B) specifically designates a particular date as the final
34	allocation deadline.
35	SECTION 22. IC 36-7-14-45, AS ADDED BY P.L.154-2006,
36	SECTION 73, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 45. (a) The commission may establish a
38	program for housing by resolution. The program, which may include
39	any relevant elements the commission considers appropriate, may be
40	adopted as part of a redevelopment plan or amendment to a
41	redevelopment plan, and must establish an allocation area for purposes

of sections section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter and section 48 of this



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1	chapter for the accomplishment of the program. The program must be
2	approved by the municipal legislative body or county executive as
3	specified in section 17 of this chapter.
4	(b) The notice and hearing provisions of sections 17 and 17.5 of this
5	chapter, including notice under section 17(c) of this chapter to a taxing
5	unit that is wholly or partly located within an allocation area, apply to
7	the resolution adopted under subsection (a). Judicial review of the
8	resolution may be made under section 18 of this chapter.
9	(c) Before formal submission of any housing program to the

- (c) Before formal submission of any housing program to the commission, the department of redevelopment:
 - (1) shall consult with persons interested in or affected by the proposed program;
 - (2) shall provide the affected neighborhood associations, residents, and township assessors with an adequate opportunity to participate in an advisory role in planning, implementing, and evaluating the proposed program; and
 - (3) shall hold public meetings in the affected neighborhood to obtain the views of neighborhood associations and residents.

SECTION 23. IC 36-7-14-46, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 46. All the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by the commission in blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by the commission in implementing its program for housing, including the following:

- (1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this chapter may be used to accomplish the housing program.
- (2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the housing program, but only one (1) issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any allocation area except for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to complete a housing program for which bonds were previously issued.
- (3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish the housing program.
- (4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are applicable.
- (5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 **or 39.8** of this chapter.

SECTION 24. IC 36-7-14-48, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2016, SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 48. (a) Notwithstanding section 39(a) 39(b)



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1	or 39.8(b) of this chapter, with respect to the allocation and
2	distribution of property taxes for the accomplishment of a program
3	adopted under section 45 of this chapter, "base assessed value" means
4	the net assessed value of all of the property, other than personal
5	property, as finally determined for the assessment date immediately
6	preceding the effective date of the allocation provision, as adjusted
7	under section 39(h) 39(i) or 39.8(i) of this chapter.
8	(b) The allocation fund established under section 39(b) 39(c) or
9	39.8(c) of this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted
10	under section 45 of this chapter may be used only for purposes related
11	to the accomplishment of the program, including the following:
12	(1) The construction, rehabilitation, or repair of residential units
13	within the allocation area.
14	(2) The construction, reconstruction, or repair of any
15	infrastructure (including streets, sidewalks, and sewers) within or
16	serving the allocation area.
17	(3) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property

- (3) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property within the allocation area.
- (4) The demolition of real property within the allocation area.
- (5) The provision of financial assistance to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential units within the allocation area. However, financial assistance may be provided only to those individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's median income for individuals and families, respectively.
- (6) The provision of financial assistance to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to provide financial assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (5).
- (7) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1, 2009, providing each taxpayer in the allocation area a credit for property tax replacement as determined under subsections (c) and (d). However, the commission may provide this credit only if the municipal legislative body (in the case of a redevelopment commission established by a municipality) or the county executive (in the case of a redevelopment commission established by a county) establishes the credit by ordinance adopted in the year before the year in which the credit is provided.
- (c) The maximum credit that may be provided under subsection (b)(7) to a taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of an allocation area established for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter shall be determined as follows:
 - STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts described in IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A) and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)



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1	through IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is
2	attributable to the taxing district.
3	STEP TWO: Divide:
4	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
5	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) for
6	that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4(a)(1) (before its
7	repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district; by
8	(B) the amount determined under STEP ONE.
9	STEP THREE: Multiply:
10	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by
11	(B) the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before
12	its repeal) levied in the taxing district allocated to the
13	allocation fund, including the amount that would have been
14	allocated but for the credit.
15	(d) The commission may determine to grant to taxpayers in an
16	allocation area from its allocation fund a credit under this section, as
17	calculated under subsection (c). Except as provided in subsection (g),
18	one-half (1/2) of the credit shall be applied to each installment of taxes
19	(as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) that under
20	IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable in a year. The commission must
21	provide for the credit annually by a resolution and must find in the
	resolution the following:
22 23 24 25	(1) That the money to be collected and deposited in the allocation
24	fund, based upon historical collection rates, after granting the
25	credit will equal the amounts payable for contractual obligations
26	from the fund, plus ten percent (10%) of those amounts.
27	(2) If bonds payable from the fund are outstanding, that there is
28	a debt service reserve for the bonds that at least equals the amount
29	of the credit to be granted.
30	(3) If bonds of a lessor under section 25.2 of this chapter or under
31	IC 36-1-10 are outstanding and if lease rentals are payable from
32	the fund, that there is a debt service reserve for those bonds that
33	at least equals the amount of the credit to be granted.
34	If the tax increment is insufficient to grant the credit in full, the
35	commission may grant the credit in part, prorated among all taxpayers.
36	(e) Notwithstanding section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter,
37	the an allocation fund established under section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c)
38	of this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under
39	section 45 of this chapter may only be used to do one (1) or more of the
10	following:
11	(1) Accomplish one (1) or more of the actions set forth in:
12	(A) section $\frac{39(b)(3)(A)}{39(c)(3)(A)}$ through $\frac{39(b)(3)(H)}{39(b)(3)(H)}$
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1	39(c)(3)(H) and 39(b)(3)(J) 39(c)(3)(J) of this chapter; or
2 3	(B) section $39.8(c)(3)(A)$ through $39.8(c)(3)(I)$ of this
	chapter;
4	for property that is residential in nature.
5	(2) Reimburse the county or municipality for expenditures made
6	by the county or municipality in order to accomplish the housing
7	program in that allocation area.
8	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
9	commission.
10	(f) Notwithstanding section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter,
11	the commission shall, relative to the allocation fund established under
12	section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter for an allocation area for
13	a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter, do the following
14	before June 15 of each year:
15	(1) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value of
16	the taxable property in the allocation area for the most recent
17	assessment date minus the base assessed value, when multiplied
18	by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will exceed the
19	amount of assessed value needed to produce the property taxes
20	necessary to:
21	(A) make the distribution required under section $\frac{39(b)(2)}{(2)}$
22	39(c)(2) or 39.8(c)(2) of this chapter;
23	(B) make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds
24	described in section $39(b)(3)$ 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this
25	chapter;
26	(C) pay the amount necessary for other purposes described in
27	section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter; and
28	(D) reimburse the county or municipality for anticipated
29	expenditures described in subsection (e)(2).
30	(2) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal body
31	of the county or municipality that established the department of
32	redevelopment, the officers who are authorized to fix budgets, tax
33	rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other
34	taxing units that is wholly or partly located within the allocation
35	area, and (in an electronic format) the department of local
36	government finance. The notice must:
37	(A) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
38	commission has determined may be paid to the respective
39	taxing units in the manner prescribed in section 39(b)(1)
40	39(c)(1) or 39.8(c)(1) of this chapter; or
41	(B) state that the commission has determined that there is no
42	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective



1	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
2	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units the
3	amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
4	commission.
5	(3) If:
6	(A) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
7	commission is expected to generate more than two hundred
8	percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds
9	necessary to make, when due, principal and interest payments
10	on bonds described in subdivision (1); plus
11	(B) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
12	subdivision (1);
13	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the unit its
14	determination of the excess assessed value that the commission
15	proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units in the manner
16	prescribed in subdivision (2). The legislative body of the unit may
17	approve the commission's determination or modify the amount of
18	the excess assessed value that will be allocated to the respective
19	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (2).
20	(g) This subsection applies to an allocation area only to the extent
21	that the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
22	property under the rules of the department of local government finance
23	is not included in the base assessed value. If property tax installments
24	with respect to a homestead (as defined in IC 6-1.1-12-37) are due in
25	installments established by the department of local government finance
26	under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an
27	allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (d)
28	for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) due in
29	installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each
30	installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal).
31	SECTION 25. IC 36-7-14-49, AS ADDED BY P.L.7-2013,
32	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JANUARY 1,2018]: Sec. 49. (a) A commission may adopt a resolution
34	to establish a program for age-restricted housing. The program:
35	(1) must be limited to age-restricted housing that satisfies the
36	requirements of 42 U.S.C. 3607 (the federal Housing for Older
37	Persons Act);
38	(2) may include any relevant elements the commission considers
39	appropriate;
40	(3) may be adopted as part of a redevelopment plan or an
41	amendment to a redevelopment plan; and



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(4) may establish an allocation area for purposes of sections

1	section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter and section 50 of this chapter
2	for the accomplishment of the program.
3	The program must be approved by the municipal legislative body or
4	county executive as specified in section 17 of this chapter.
5	(b) The notice and hearing provisions of sections 17 and 17.5 of this
6	chapter, including notice under section 17(c) of this chapter to a taxing
7	unit that is wholly or partly located within an allocation area, apply to
8	the resolution adopted under subsection (a). Judicial review of the
9	resolution may be made under section 18 of this chapter.
10	(c) Before formal submission of any age-restricted housing program
11	to the commission, the department of redevelopment:
12	(1) shall consult with persons interested in or affected by the
13	proposed program; and
14	(2) shall hold public meetings in the areas to be affected by the
15	proposed program to obtain the views of affected persons.
16	SECTION 26. IC 36-7-14-50, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014,
17	SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 50. (a) Except as provided in
19	subsection (b), all the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that
20	may be exercised by a commission in blighted, deteriorated, or
21	deteriorating areas may be exercised by a commission in implementing
22	its program for age-restricted housing, including the following:
23	(1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this
24	chapter may be used to accomplish the purposes of the
25	age-restricted housing program.
26	(2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the
27	purposes of the age-restricted housing program, but only one (1)
28	issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any
29	allocation area established under section 49 of this chapter, except
30	for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to
31	complete an age-restricted housing program for which bonds were
32	previously issued.
33	(3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish
34	the purposes of the age-restricted housing program.
35	(4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are
36	applicable.
37	(5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 or 39.8 of
38	this chapter.
39	(b) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain
40	in implementing its age-restricted housing program.
41	SECTION 27. IC 36-7-14-52, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2016,

SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 52. (a) Notwithstanding section 39(a) 39(b)
2	or 39.8(b) of this chapter, with respect to the allocation and
3	distribution of property taxes for the accomplishment of the purposes
4	of an age-restricted housing program adopted under section 49 of this
5	chapter, "base assessed value" means the net assessed value of all or
6	the property, other than personal property, as finally determined for the
7	assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the
8	allocation provision, as adjusted under section 39(h) 39(i) or 39.8(i) or
9	this chapter.
10	(b) The allocation fund established under section 39(b) 39(c) or
11	39.8(c) of this chapter for the allocation area for an age-restricted
12	housing program adopted under section 49 of this chapter may be used
13	only for purposes related to the accomplishment of the purposes of the
14	program, including, but not limited to, the following:
15	(1) The construction of any infrastructure (including streets
16	sidewalks, and sewers) or local public improvements in, serving
17	or benefiting the allocation area.
18	(2) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property
19	within the allocation area.
20	(3) The preparation of real property in anticipation of
21	development of the real property within the allocation area.
22	(4) To do any of the following:
23	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds or any other
23 24	obligations payable from allocated tax proceeds in the
25	allocation area that are incurred by the redevelopment distric
26	for the purpose of financing or refinancing the age-restricted
27	housing program established under section 49 of this chapter
28	for the allocation area.
29	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
30	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
31	the allocation area.
32	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
33	allocated tax proceeds in the allocation area and from the
34	special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
35	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
36	unit to pay for local public improvements that are physically
37	located in or physically connected to the allocation area.
38	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
39	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in the
10	allocation area



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(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax

proceeds in the allocation area under section 25.2 of this

1	chapter.
2	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by the unit for
3	local public improvements (which include buildings, parking
4	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this
5	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected
6	to the allocation area.
7	(c) Notwithstanding section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter,
8	the commission shall, relative to the allocation fund established under
9	section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter for an allocation area for
10	an age-restricted housing program adopted under section 49 of this
11	chapter, do the following before June 15 of each year:
12	(1) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value of
13	the taxable property in the allocation area for the most recent
14	assessment date minus the base assessed value, when multiplied
15	by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will exceed the
16	amount of assessed value needed to produce the property taxes
17	necessary to:
18	(A) make the distribution required under section $39(b)(2)$
19	39(c)(2) or 39.8(c)(2) of this chapter;
20	(B) make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds
21	described in section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this
22	chapter;
23	(C) pay the amount necessary for other purposes described in
24	section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $\frac{39.8(c)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ of this chapter; and
25	(D) reimburse the county or municipality for anticipated
26	expenditures described in subsection (b)(2).
27	(2) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal body
28	of the county or municipality that established the department of
29	redevelopment, the officers who are authorized to fix budgets, tax
30	rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other
31	taxing units that is wholly or partly located within the allocation
32	area, and (in an electronic format) the department of local
33	government finance. The notice must:
34	(A) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
35	commission has determined may be paid to the respective
36	taxing units in the manner prescribed in section $39(b)(1)$
37	39(c)(1) or 39.8(c)(1) of this chapter; or
38	(B) state that the commission has determined that there is no
39	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
40	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
41	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units the
42	amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
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1	commission.
2	SECTION 28. IC 36-7-14.2-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.80-2014,
3	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "property taxes"
5	means:
6	(1) property taxes, as described in:
7	(A) IC 6-1.1-39-5(g);
8	(B) IC 36-7-14-39(a); IC 36-7-14-39(b) ;
9	(C) IC 36-7-14-39.8(b);
10	(C) (D) IC 36-7-14-39.2;
11	(D) (E) IC 36-7-14-39.3(c);
12	(E) (F) IC 36-7-14.5-12.5;
13	(F) (G) IC 36-7-15.1-26(a);
14	(G) (H) IC 36-7-15.1-26.2(c);
15	(H) (I) IC 36-7-15.1-53(a);
16	(1) (J) IC 36-7-15.1-55(c);
17	(J) (K) IC 36-7-30-25(a)(3);
18	(K) (L) IC 36-7-30-26(c);
19	(L) (M) IC 36-7-30.5-30; or
20	(M) (N) IC 36-7-30.5-31; and
21	(2) for allocation areas created under IC 8-22-3.5, the taxes
22	assessed on taxable tangible property in the allocation area.
23	SECTION 29. IC 36-7-14.5-12.5, AS AMENDED BY
24	P.L.242-2015, SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12.5. (a) This
26	section applies only to an authority in a county having a United States
27	government military base that is scheduled for closing or is completely
28	or partially inactive or closed.
29	(b) In order to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 11 of this
30	chapter, an authority may create an economic development area:
31	(1) by following the procedures set forth in IC 36-7-14-41 for the
32	establishment of an economic development area by a
33	redevelopment commission; and
34	(2) with the same effect as if the economic development area was
35	created by a redevelopment commission.
36	The area established under this section shall be established only in the
37	area where a United States government military base that is scheduled
38	for closing or is completely or partially inactive or closed is or was
39	located.
40	(c) In order to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 11 of this
41	chapter, an authority may do the following in a manner that serves an
42	economic development area created under this section:



1	(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, condemnation, or
2	lease, or any combination of methods, any personal property or
3	interest in real property needed for the redevelopment of
4	economic development areas located within the corporate
5	boundaries of the unit.
6	(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or
7	other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, or otherwise dispose of
8	property acquired for use in the redevelopment of economic
9	development areas on the terms and conditions that the authority
10	considers best for the unit and the unit's inhabitants.
1	(3) Sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property
12	acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of
13	the unit or to any other governmental agency for public ways,
14	levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public
15	purposes on any terms that may be agreed on.
16	(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
17	(5) Repair and maintain structures acquired for redevelopment
18	purposes.
19	(6) Remodel, rebuild, enlarge, or make major structural
20	improvements on structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.
21	(7) Survey or examine any land to determine whether the land
22	should be included within an economic development area to be
23 24	acquired for redevelopment purposes and to determine the value
24	of that land.
25 26	(8) Appear before any other department or agency of the unit, or
26	before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter
27	affecting:
28	(A) real property acquired or being acquired for
29	redevelopment purposes; or
30	(B) any economic development area within the jurisdiction of
31	the authority.
32	(9) Institute or defend in the name of the unit any civil action, but
33	all actions against the authority must be brought in the circuit or
34	superior court of the county where the authority is located.
35	(10) Use any legal or equitable remedy that is necessary or
36	considered proper to protect and enforce the rights of and perform
37	the duties of the authority.
38	(11) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of and
39	within the corporate boundaries of the unit subject to the same
10	conditions and procedures that apply to the exercise of the power
11	of aminant domain by a radayalanment commission under



IC 36-7-14.

1	(12) Appoint an executive director, appraisers, real estate experts,
2	engineers, architects, surveyors, and attorneys.
3	(13) Appoint clerks, guards, laborers, and other employees the
4	authority considers advisable, except that those appointments
5	must be made in accordance with the merit system of the unit if
6	such a system exists.
7	(14) Prescribe the duties and regulate the compensation of
8	employees of the authority.
9	(15) Provide a pension and retirement system for employees of
10	the authority by using the public employees' retirement fund or a
11	retirement plan approved by the United States Department of
12	Housing and Urban Development.
13	(16) Discharge and appoint successors to employees of the
14	authority subject to subdivision (13).
15	(17) Rent offices for use of the department or authority, or accept
16	the use of offices furnished by the unit.
17	(18) Equip the offices of the authority with the necessary
18	furniture, furnishings, equipment, records, and supplies.
19	(19) Design, order, contract for, and construct, reconstruct,
20	improve, or renovate the following:
21	(A) Any local public improvement or structure that is
22	necessary for redevelopment purposes or economic
23	development within the corporate boundaries of the unit.
24	(B) Any structure that enhances development or economic
25	development.
26	(20) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of
27	pedestrian skyways (as defined in IC 36-7-14-12.2(c)).
28	(21) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial assistance
29	from, or contract with, the federal government, the state
30	government, a municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a
31	foundation, or any other source.
32	(22) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary
33	or incidental to the performance of the duties of the authority and
34	the execution of the powers of the authority under this chapter.
35	(23) Take any action necessary to implement the purpose of the
36	authority.
37	(24) Provide financial assistance, in the manner that best serves
38	the purposes set forth in section 11 of this chapter, including
39	grants and loans, to enable private enterprise to develop,
40	redevelop, and reuse military base property or otherwise enable
41	private enterprise to provide social and economic benefits to the



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citizens of the unit.

(d) An authority may designate all or a portion of an economic development area created under this section as an allocation area by following the procedures set forth in IC 36-7-14-39 or IC 36-7-14-39.8 for the establishment of an allocation area by a redevelopment commission. The allocation provision may modify the definition of "property taxes" under IC 36-7-14-39(a) **IC 36-7-14-39(b) or** IC 36-7-14-39.8(b) to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property located and taxable on the site of operations of designated taxpayers in accordance with the procedures applicable to a commission under IC 36-7-14-39.3. IC 36-7-14-39.3 applies to such a modification. An allocation area established by an authority under this section is a special taxing district authorized by the general assembly to enable the unit to provide special benefits to taxpayers in the allocation area by promoting economic development that is of public use and benefit. For allocation areas established for an economic development area created under this section after June 30, 1997, and to the expanded portion of an allocation area for an economic development area that was established before June 30, 1997, and that is expanded under this section after June 30, 1997, the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date, must be allocated. All of the provisions of IC 36-7-14-39 or IC 36-7-14-39.8 apply to an allocation area created under this section, except that the authority shall be vested with the rights and duties of a commission as referenced in those sections, except that the expiration date of any allocation provision for the allocation area is the later of July 1, 2016, or the expiration date determined under IC 36-7-14-39(b), IC 36-7-14-39(c) 36-7-14-39.8(c), and except that, notwithstanding IC 36-7-14-39(b)(3), IC 36-7-14-39(c)(3) or IC 36-7-14-39.8(c)(3), property tax proceeds paid into the allocation fund may be used by the authority only to do one (1) or more of the following:

- (1) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium on any obligations incurred by the special taxing district or any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing military base reuse activities in or serving or benefiting that allocation area.
- (2) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for obligations payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area or from other revenues of the authority (including lease rental revenues).
- (3) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.



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1	(4) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures
2	made by it that benefits or provides for local public improvements
3	or structures in or serving or benefiting that allocation area.
4	(5) Pay expenses incurred by the authority that benefit or provide
5	for local public improvements or structures that are in the
6	allocation area or serving or benefiting the allocation area.
7	(6) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses incurred in
8	training employees of industrial facilities that are located:
9	(A) in the allocation area; and
10	(B) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
11	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
12	government finance.
13	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in any
14	year may not exceed the total amount of money in the allocation
15	fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the industrial
16	facilities described in clause (B). The reimbursements under this
17	subdivision must be made within three (3) years after the date on
18	which the investments that are the basis for the increment
19	financing are made.
20	(e) In addition to other methods of raising money for property
21	acquisition, redevelopment, or economic development activities in or
22	directly serving or benefiting an economic development area created
23	by an authority under this section, and in anticipation of the taxes
24	allocated under subsection (d), other revenues of the authority, or any
25	combination of these sources, the authority may, by resolution, issue
26	the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. Bonds
27	issued under this section may be issued in any amount without
28	limitation. The following apply if such a resolution is adopted:
29	(1) The authority shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing
30	the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then
31	prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the
32	bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.
33	(2) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the
34	unit and attested by the unit's fiscal officer.
35	(3) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.
36	(4) Bonds issued under this section may be sold at public sale in
37	accordance with IC 5-1-11 or at a negotiated sale.
38	(5) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an
39	indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are
40	payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the authority:
41	(A) from the tax proceeds allocated under subsection (d);

(B) from other revenues available to the authority; or



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- 57 (C) from a combination of the methods stated in clauses (A) and (B). (6) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the date of issuance. (7) Laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and the right of taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds do not apply to bonds issued under this section. (8) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds, the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds as provided in the bond resolution. (9) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues to the authority from a project or projects, the authority may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the authority. The authority may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and
 - (f) Notwithstanding section 8(a) of this chapter, an ordinance adopted under section 11 of this chapter may provide, or be amended to provide, that the board of directors of the authority shall be composed of not fewer than three (3) nor more than eleven (11) members, who must be residents of or be employed at a place of employment located within the unit. The members shall be appointed by the executive of the unit.

statement to that effect in the form of bond.

covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and

charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of

the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the authority that are

payable solely from revenues of the authority shall contain a

- (g) The acquisition of real and personal property by an authority under this section is not subject to the provisions of IC 5-22, IC 36-1-10.5, IC 36-7-14-19, or any other statutes governing the purchase of property by public bodies or their agencies.
- (h) An authority may negotiate for the sale, lease, or other disposition of real and personal property without complying with the provisions of IC 5-22-22, IC 36-1-11, IC 36-7-14-22, or any other



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- (i) Notwithstanding any other law, utility services provided within an economic development area established under this section are subject to regulation by the appropriate regulatory agencies unless the utility service is provided by a utility that provides utility service solely within the geographic boundaries of an existing or a closed military installation, in which case the utility service is not subject to regulation for purposes of rate making, regulation, service delivery, or issuance of bonds or other forms of indebtedness. However, this exemption from regulation does not apply to utility service if the service is generated, treated, or produced outside the boundaries of the existing or closed military installation.
- SECTION 30. IC 36-7-30-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.95-2014, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 25. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:
 - (1) "Allocation area" means that part of a military base reuse area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 10 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.
 - (2) "Base assessed value" means:
 - (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the adoption date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
 - (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (C), the net assessed value of any and all parcels or classes of parcels identified as part of the base assessed value in the declaratory resolution or an amendment thereto, as finally determined for any subsequent assessment date; plus
 - (C) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (B), the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the effective date of the allocation provision.
 - Clause (C) applies only to allocation areas established in a military reuse area after June 30, 1997, and to the part of an allocation area that was established before June 30, 1997, and that is added to an existing allocation area after June 30, 1997.
 - (3) "Property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property.
 - (b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 10 of this chapter



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before the date set forth in IC 36-7-14-39(b) IC 36-7-14-39(c) or IC 36-7-14-39.8(c) pertaining to declaratory resolutions adopted under IC 36-7-14-15 may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 13 of this chapter. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the military base reuse area. The allocation provision must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows: (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of the taxes attributable to the lesser of: (A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
or

- (B) the base assessed value;
- shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the respective taxing units.
- (2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution are made that are attributable to taxes imposed after being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local public question was conducted.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2) shall be allocated to the military base reuse district and, when collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that may be used by the military base reuse district and only to do one (1) or more of the following:
 - (A) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium on any obligations incurred by the military base reuse district or any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing military base reuse activities in or directly serving or benefiting that allocation area.
 - (B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area or from other revenues of the reuse



1	authority, including lease rental revenues.
2	(C) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from
3	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.
4	(D) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures
5	made for local public improvements (or structures) in or
6	directly serving or benefiting that allocation area.
7	(E) Pay expenses incurred by the reuse authority, any other
8	department of the unit, or a department of another
9	governmental entity for local public improvements or
10	structures that are in the allocation area or directly serving or
11	benefiting the allocation area, including expenses for the
12	operation and maintenance of these local public improvements
13	or structures if the reuse authority determines those operation
14	and maintenance expenses are necessary or desirable to carry
15	out the purposes of this chapter.
16	(F) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
17	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
18	located:
19	(i) in the allocation area; and
20	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
21	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
22	government finance.
22 23 24	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
25 26	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
26 27	industrial facilities described in this clause. The reimbursements under this clause must be made not more than
28 29	three (3) years after the date on which the investments that are
30	the basis for the increment financing are made. (G) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
31	authorized in section 9(a)(25) of this chapter.
32	Except as provided in clause (E), the allocation fund may not be
33	used for operating expenses of the reuse authority.
34	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), before July 15 of each
35	year the reuse authority shall do the following:
36	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which property taxes
37	payable to the allocation fund in the following year will exceed
38	the amount of property taxes necessary to make, when due,
39	principal and interest payments on bonds described in
40	subdivision (3) plus the amount necessary for other purposes
41	described in subdivision (3).
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(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal

1	body of the unit that established the reuse authority, and the
2	officers who are authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax
3	levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units
4	that is wholly or partly located within the allocation area. The
5	notice must:
6	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
7	reuse authority has determined may be paid to the respective
8	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1); or
9	(ii) state that the reuse authority has determined that there
10	are no excess property tax proceeds that may be allocated to
11	the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
12	subdivision (1).
13	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
14	the amount, if any, of excess property tax proceeds determined
15	by the reuse authority. The reuse authority may not authorize
16	a payment to the respective taxing units under this subdivision
17	if to do so would endanger the interest of the holders of bonds
18	described in subdivision (3) or lessors under section 19 of this
19	chapter.
20	(c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
21	unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
22	allocation area that is annexed by a taxing unit after the effective date
23	of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:
24	(1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with
25	respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
26	(2) the base assessed value.
27	(d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the military base reuse district
28	under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be
29	irrevocably pledged by the military base reuse district for payment as
30	set forth in subsection (b)(3).
31	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon
32	petition of the reuse authority, reassess the taxable property situated
33	upon or in or added to the allocation area, effective on the next
34	assessment date after the petition.
35	(f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable
36	property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property
37	tax replacement, and the making of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy
38	for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the
39	lesser of:
40	(1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to
41	this section; or
42	(2) the base assessed value.



(g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata part of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that does not have obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) that are derived from property in the enterprise zone in the fund. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. The programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(h) After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1.1-4-4 or reassessment under the county's reassessment plan under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base reuse district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base reuse district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection may not include the



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effect of property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1, and these adjustments may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the military base reuse district under subsection (b)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, reassessment under the county's reassessment plan, or annual adjustment had not occurred. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

SECTION 31. IC 36-7-30.5-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.95-2014, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 30. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:

- (1) "Allocation area" means that part of a military base development area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 16 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.
- (2) "Base assessed value" means:
 - (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the adoption date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
 - (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (C), the net assessed value of any and all parcels or classes of parcels identified as part of the base assessed value in the declaratory resolution or an amendment to the declaratory resolution, as finally determined for any subsequent assessment date; plus (C) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (B), the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the effective date of the allocation provision.
- (3) "Property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property.
- (b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 16 of this chapter before the date set forth in IC 36-7-14-39(b) **IC** 36-7-14-39(c) or **IC** 36-7-14-39.8(c) pertaining to declaratory resolutions adopted under IC 36-7-14-15 may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 18 of this chapter. The allocation provision may apply to all or



1	part of the military base development area. The allocation provision
2	must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the
3	benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on
4	taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as
5	follows:
6	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of
7	the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
8	(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date
9	with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
10	or
11	(B) the base assessed value;
12	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of
13	the respective taxing units.
14	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for
15	the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and
16	distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after
17	being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public
18	question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included
19	in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid
20	into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local
21	public question was conducted.
22	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
23	proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
24	shall be allocated to the development authority and, when
25	collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that
26	may be used by the development authority and only to do one (1)
27	or more of the following:
28	(A) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium
29	on any obligations incurred by the development authority or
30	any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing
31	military base development or reuse activities in or directly
32	serving or benefiting that allocation area.
33	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
34	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
35	that allocation area or from other revenues of the development
36	authority, including lease rental revenues.
37	(C) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from
38	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.
39	(D) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures
40	made for local public improvements (or structures) in or
41	directly serving or benefiting that allocation area.
42	
42	(E) For property taxes first due and payable before 2009, pay



1	all or a part of a property tax replacement credit to taxpayers
2	in an allocation area as determined by the development
3	authority. This credit equals the amount determined under the
4	following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing district (as
5	defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or part of the
6	allocation area:
7	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
8	under IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$,
9	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(3)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and
10	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to
11	the taxing district.
12	STEP TWO: Divide:
13	(i) that part of each county's eligible property tax
14	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its
15	repeal)) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4
16	(before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district;
17	by
18	(ii) the STEP ONE sum.
19	STEP THREE: Multiply:
20	(i) the STEP TWO quotient; by
21	(ii) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
22	IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its repeal)) levied in the taxing district
23	that have been allocated during that year to an allocation
24	fund under this section.
25	If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit
26	in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to
27	receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not
28	receive a credit under this section and a credit under section
29	32 of this chapter (before its repeal) in the same year.
30	(F) Pay expenses incurred by the development authority for
31	local public improvements or structures that were in the
32	allocation area or directly serving or benefiting the allocation
33	area.
34	(G) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
35	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
36	located:
37	(i) in the allocation area; and
38	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
39	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
40	government finance.
41	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
42	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
74	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the



1	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
2	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
3	reimbursements under this clause must be made not more than
4	three (3) years after the date on which the investments that are
5	the basis for the increment financing are made.
6	(H) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
7	authorized in section 15(26) of this chapter.
8	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
9	development authority.
10	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), before July 15 of each
11	year the development authority shall do the following:
12	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which property taxes
13	payable to the allocation fund in the following year will exceed
14	the amount of property taxes necessary to make, when due,
15	principal and interest payments on bonds described in
16	subdivision (3) plus the amount necessary for other purposes
17	described in subdivisions (2) and (3).
18	(B) Provide a written notice to the appropriate county auditors
19	and the fiscal bodies and other officers who are authorized to
20	fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for
21	each of the other taxing units that is wholly or partly located
22	within the allocation area. The notice must:
23	(i) state the amount, if any, of the excess property taxes that
24	the development authority has determined may be paid to
25	the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
26	subdivision (1); or
27	(ii) state that the development authority has determined that
28	there is no excess assessed value that may be allocated to the
29	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
30	subdivision (1).
31	The county auditors shall allocate to the respective taxing units
32	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
33	development authority. The development authority may not
34	authorize a payment to the respective taxing units under this
35	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interest of the
36	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors under
37	section 24 of this chapter. Property taxes received by a taxing
38	unit under this subdivision before 2009 are eligible for the
39	property tax replacement credit provided under IC 6-1.1-21
40	(before its repeal).
41	(c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing

unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the



allocation area that is annexed by a taxing unit after the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:

- (1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
- (2) the base assessed value.

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- (d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the military base development district under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be irrevocably pledged by the military base development district for payment as set forth in subsection (b)(3).
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon petition of the development authority, reassess the taxable property situated upon or in or added to the allocation area, effective on the next assessment date after the petition.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property tax replacement, and the making of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the lesser of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to this section; or
 - (2) the base assessed value.
- (g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the development authority shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A development authority that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. The development authority shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata part of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A development authority that does not have obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) that are derived from property in the enterprise zone in the



fund. The development authority that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or for other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to an allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. The programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(h) After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1,1-4-4 or reassessment under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base development district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base development district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection may not include the effect of property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1, and these adjustments may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the military base development district under subsection (b)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, reassessment under the county's reassessment plan, or annual adjustment had not occurred. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

