# **SENATE BILL No. 465**

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-2-1-9.

**Synopsis:** Law enforcement training. Requires law enforcement officers to receive training in identifying, responding to, and reporting bias motivated crimes in which the person who committed a criminal offense selected the victim who was injured or whose property was damaged because of the individual's actual or perceived race, color, creed, disability, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, gender, or gender identity.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

# **Taylor G**

January 14, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.



## Introduced

#### First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

## **SENATE BILL No. 465**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

### Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,
2	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in accordance with
4	IC 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
5	The rules, which shall be adopted only after necessary and proper
6	investigation and inquiry by the board, shall include the establishment
7	of the following:
8	(1) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and
9	moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for
10	training by any law enforcement training school or academy
11	meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established
12	pursuant to this chapter.
13	(2) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools
14	administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training
15	centers, agencies, or departments of the state.
16	(3) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance
17	requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city,



1	county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer,
2	and conservation reserve officer training schools.
3	(4) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural diversity
4	awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa created
5	through the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence
6	Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be required for
7	each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training
8	school or academy. Cultural diversity awareness study must
9	include an understanding of cultural issues related to race,
10	religion, gender, age, domestic violence, national origin, and
11	physical and mental disabilities.
12	(5) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law
12	enforcement training schools.
13	(6) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
15	officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before
16	being eligible for continued or permanent employment.
10	(7) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
18	officers appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete
19	in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent
20	appointment.
20 21	(8) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
21	officers appointed on a permanent basis shall complete in order
22	to be eligible for continued employment.
23	
24	(9) Minimum basic training requirements for each person
25	accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or
20 27	academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with:
27 28	(A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders,
28 29	intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities;
29 30	(B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3); and
30	
31	(C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile dementia;
32 33	
	to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and
34	social services and the board. The training must include an
35	overview of the crisis intervention teams.
36	(10) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and
37	sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted
38	for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and
39 40	for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The
40	course must cover the following topics:
41	(A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws
42	(IC 35-42-3.5).



1 (B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking. 2 (C) Communicating with traumatized persons. 3 (D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques. 4 (E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials. 5 (F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims. 6 (G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of 7 Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons 8 (Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under 9 federal law. 10 (H) The availability of community resources to assist human and sexual trafficking victims. 11 (b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and 12 13 before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state 14 or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year 15 from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board. 16 17 If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training 18 requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the 19 officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer 20 involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising 21 the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the 22 training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law 23 enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30, 24 1993. 25 (c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law 26 enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6, 27 1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated 28 by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes 29 of this chapter. 30 (d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (m), (t), and (u), a law 31 enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or 32 agency after June 30, 1993, may not: 33 (1) make an arrest; 34 (2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or 35 (3) carry a firearm; 36 unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board 37 certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training 38 center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training 39 requirements established by the board under this chapter. 40 (e) This subsection does not apply to: 41 (1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the 42 Indiana gaming commission; or

3



1	(2) an:
2	(A) attorney; or
3	(B) investigator;
4	designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of
5	the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).
6	Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993,
7	completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer
8	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the
9	officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in
10	subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes
11	a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in
12	subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement
13	officer is appointed.
14	(f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
15	pre-basic course for the purpose of training:
16	(1) law enforcement officers;
17	(2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and
18	(3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27);
19	regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of
20	force, interacting with individuals with autism, and the operation of an
21	emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must be offered on a periodic
22	basis throughout the year at regional sites statewide. The pre-basic
23	course must consist of at least forty (40) hours of course work. The
24	board may prepare the classroom part of the pre-basic course using
25	available technology in conjunction with live instruction. The board
26	shall provide the course material, the instructors, and the facilities at
27	the regional sites throughout the state that are used for the pre-basic
28	course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic courses that may be
29	conducted by other public or private training entities, including
30	postsecondary educational institutions.
31	(g) Subject to subsection (h), the board shall adopt rules under
32	IC 4-22-2 to establish a mandatory inservice training program for
33	police officers and police reserve officers (as described in
34	IC 36-8-3-20). After June 30, 1993, a law enforcement officer who has
35	satisfactorily completed basic training and has been appointed to a law
36	enforcement department or agency on either a full-time or part-time
37	basis is not eligible for continued employment unless the officer
38	satisfactorily completes the mandatory inservice training requirements
39	established by rules adopted by the board. Inservice training must
40	include training in interacting with persons with mental illness,
41	addictive disorders, intellectual disabilities, autism, developmental
42	disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease or related senile dementia, to be



1 provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and social 2 services and the board, and training concerning human and sexual 3 trafficking and high risk missing persons (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1). 4 The board may approve courses offered by other public or private 5 training entities, including postsecondary educational institutions, as 6 necessary in order to ensure the availability of an adequate number of 7 inservice training programs. The board may waive an officer's inservice 8 training requirements if the board determines that the officer's reason 9 for lacking the required amount of inservice training hours is due to 10 either an emergency situation or the unavailability of courses.

(h) This subsection applies only to a mandatory inservice training
program under subsection (g). Notwithstanding subsection (g), the
board may, without adopting rules under IC 4-22-2, modify the course
work of a training subject matter, modify the number of hours of
training required within a particular subject matter, or add a new
subject matter, if the board satisfies the following requirements:

17 (1) The board must conduct at least two (2) public meetings on18 the proposed modification or addition.

19(2) After approving the modification or addition at a public20meeting, the board must post notice of the modification or21addition on the Indiana law enforcement academy's Internet web22site at least thirty (30) days before the modification or addition23takes effect.

If the board does not satisfy the requirements of this subsection, the
modification or addition is void. This subsection does not authorize the
board to eliminate any inservice training subject matter required under
subsection (g).

(i) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshalbasic training program, subject to the following:

30 (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class
31 attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the
32 mandated basic training program.

(2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a
candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements
of the program.

36 (3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the
37 requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in
38 towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having
39 not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies.

40 (4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an
41 officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic
42 training program.



1 (5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for 2 completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal 3 basic training program. 4 (6) The program must require training in interacting with 5 individuals with autism. 6 (j) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an 7 executive training program. The executive training program must 8 include training in the following areas: 9 (1) Liability. (2) Media relations. 10 (3) Accounting and administration. 11 12 (4) Discipline. (5) Department policy making. 13 14 (6) Lawful use of force. 15 (7) Department programs. (8) Emergency vehicle operation. 16 (9) Cultural diversity. 17 (k) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training 18 19 program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially 20 takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive 21 training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief 22 initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training 23 program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the 24 executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police 25 chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete 26 the next available executive training program that is offered after the 27 police chief initially takes office. 28 (1) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (k) may not 29 continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive 30 training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection 31 (k), "police chief" refers to: 32 (1) the police chief of any city; 33 (2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police 34 department; and 35 (3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement department 36 established under IC 36-3-1-5.1. 37 A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these 38 purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training 39 program. 40 (m) A fire investigator in the division of fire and building safety 41 appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the 42 basic training standards established under this chapter.



1	(n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
2	program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered
3	in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for
4	training probation officers in handgun safety as required by
5	IC 11-13-1-3.5(3).
6	(o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
7	refresher course for an officer who:
8	(1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency
9	as a law enforcement officer;
10	(2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for:
11	(A) at least two (2) years; and
12	(B) less than six (6) years before the officer is hired under
13	subdivision (1); and
14	(3) completed at any time a basic training course certified or
15	recognized by the board before the officer is hired under
16	subdivision (1).
17	(p) An officer to whom subsection (o) applies must successfully
18	complete the refresher course described in subsection (o) not later than
19	six (6) months after the officer's date of hire, or the officer loses the
20	officer's powers of:
21	(1) arrest;
22	(2) search; and
23	(3) seizure.
24	(q) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
25	refresher course for an officer who:
26	(1) is appointed by an Indiana law enforcement department or
27	agency as a reserve police officer; and
28	(2) has not worked as a reserve police officer for at least two (2)
29	years after:
30	(A) completing the pre-basic course; or
31	(B) leaving the individual's last appointment as a reserve
32	police officer.
33	An officer to whom this subsection applies must successfully complete
34	the refresher course established by the board in order to work as a
35	reserve police officer.
36	(r) This subsection applies to an individual who, at the time the
37	individual completes a board certified or recognized basic training
38	course, has not been appointed as a law enforcement officer by an
39 40	Indiana law enforcement department or agency. If the individual is not
40 41	employed as a law enforcement officer for at least two (2) years after
41 42	completing the basic training course, the individual must successfully
42	retake and complete the basic training course as set forth in subsection



1	(d).
2	(s) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
3	refresher course for an individual who:
4	(1) is appointed as a board certified instructor of law enforcement
5	training; and
6	(2) has not provided law enforcement training instruction for
7	more than one (1) year after the date the individual's instructor
8	certification expired.
9	An individual to whom this subsection applies must successfully
10	complete the refresher course established by the board in order to
11	renew the individual's instructor certification.
12	(t) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as a
13	law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming
14	agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police powers
15	described in subsection (d) if:
16	(1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course
17	established in subsection (f); and
18	(2) the agent successfully completes any other training courses
19	established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction
20	with the board.
21	(u) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement officer
22	designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities
23	commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police
24	powers described in subsection (d) if:
25	(1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the
26	pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and
27	(2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any
28	other training courses established by the securities commissioner
29	in conjunction with the board.
30	(v) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position"
31	refers to the following:
32	(1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
33	system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the
34	position held by the police chief or town marshal.
35	(2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
36	system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51)
37	members, the term refers to:
38	(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
39 40	(B) each position held by the members of the police
40 41	department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay
41 42	grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal.
4 <i>2</i>	(3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal

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1	system is more than fifty $(50)$ members, the term refers to:
2	(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
3	(B) each position held by the members of the police
4	department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks
5	and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town
6	marshal.
7	(w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer
8	employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer
9	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if:
10	(1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course
11	described in subsection (f); and
12	(2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses
12	established by the department of correction in conjunction with
14	the board.
15	(x) This subsection applies to the following:
16	(1) Minimum basic training program required under
17	subsection (d).
18	(2) Mandatory inservice training program required under
19	subsection (g).
20	(3) Town marshal basic training program required under
21	subsection (i).
22	(4) Police chief executive training program required under
${23}$	subsection (k).
24	(5) Any other training program for which the board adopts
25	standards.
26	After December 31, 2019, the standards adopted by the board for
27	each program described in this subsection must include
28	requirements for mandatory training in identifying, responding to,
29	and reporting bias motivated crimes in which the person who
30	committed the offense selected the victim who was injured or
31	whose property was damaged or otherwise affected because of the
32	actual or perceived race, color, creed, disability, national origin,
33	religion, sexual orientation, gender, or gender identity of the
34	victim.

