SENATE BILL No. 392

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-34-2; IC 25-1-9-4; IC 25-22.5-8-6.

Synopsis: Abortion. Requires that certain information must be provided by the parent or legal guardian of an unemancipated pregnant woman when giving written consent for the unemancipated pregnant woman to have an abortion. Requires a physician who receives written consent for an unemancipated pregnant woman to have an abortion to execute an affidavit for inclusion in the unemancipated pregnant woman's medical record. Prohibits a person from aiding or assisting an unemancipated pregnant woman in obtaining an abortion without the consent of the minor's parent or guardian. Provides that a parent or legal guardian of a pregnant minor is an interested party with respect to a petition to waive the parental consent requirement and is entitled to notice of any hearing on the petition and an opportunity to submit evidence to the court. Authorizes the award of civil damages for a violation. Authorizes certain persons to seek an injunction from acts that would aid or assist the unemancipated pregnant woman in obtaining an abortion without parental consent. Provides that a health care provider shall transmit the pregnancy termination form to the state department of health (state department) and separately to the department of child services if the woman having the abortion is less than 15 years of age (rather than if the woman is less than 14 years of age as provided by current law). Requires the state department to notify and provide a copy of the form to the department of child services when it has received a form notifying the state department that a female less than 15 years of age had an abortion. Raises the penalty for the failure to file certain forms regarding performed abortions from a Class B misdemeanor to a Class A misdemeanor. Makes it a Class A (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2016.

Houchin

January 12, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Health & Provider Services.



Digest Continued

misdemeanor for a physician to perform an abortion on a female who is less than 15 years of age and recklessly fail to transmit the pregnancy termination form to the state department. Provides that a practitioner is subject to disciplinary sanctions for failure to report suspected sexual trafficking or child abuse. Requires the medical licensing board to revoke a physician's license if the physician: (1) negligently failed to transmit a form regarding an abortion performed on a female who is less than 15 years of age; and (2) performed an abortion in violation of state law.



Introduced

Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 392

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-34-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2011,
2	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) No physician shall perform an abortion on
4	an unemancipated pregnant woman less than eighteen (18) years of age
5	without first having obtained:
6	(1) the notarized written consent of the unemancipated
7	pregnant woman and one (1) of the parents or the legal guardian
8	of the minor unemancipated pregnant woman;
9	(2) government issued proof of identification of the parent or
10	the legal guardian of the unemancipated pregnant woman;
11	and
12	(3) written documentation that establishes that the parent or
13	legal guardian is the lawful parent or legal guardian of the
14	unemancipated pregnant woman.
15	The physician shall keep records of the documents required under



Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

this subsection in the unemancipated pregnant woman's medical file for at least seven (7) years.
(b) A minor:

(1) who objects to having to obtain the written consent of her parent or legal guardian under this section; or
(2) whose parent or legal guardian refuses to consent to an abortion;
may petition, on her own behalf or by next friend, the juvenile court in the county in which the pregnant woman resides or in which the

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9 the county in which the pregnant woman resides or in which the 10 abortion is to be performed, for a waiver of the parental consent 11 requirement under subsection (a). A next friend may not be a physician 12 or provider of abortion services, representative of the physician or 13 provider, or other person that may receive a direct financial benefit 14 from the performance of an abortion.

(c) A physician who feels that compliance with the parental consent
requirement in subsection (a) would have an adverse effect on the
welfare of the pregnant minor or on her pregnancy may petition the
juvenile court within twenty-four (24) hours of the abortion request for
a waiver of the parental consent requirement under subsection (a).

20 (d) The juvenile court must rule on a petition filed by a pregnant 21 minor under subsection (b) or by her physician under subsection (c) 22 within forty-eight (48) hours of the filing of the petition. A parent or 23 legal guardian of the pregnant minor is an interested party with 24 respect to the petition and is entitled to notice of any hearing on the 25 petition and an opportunity to submit evidence to the court. Before 26 ruling on the petition, the court shall consider evidence submitted by 27 the parent or legal guardian of the pregnant minor and the 28 concerns expressed by the pregnant minor and her physician. The 29 requirement of parental consent under this section shall be waived by 30 the juvenile court if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence 31 that the minor is mature enough to make the abortion decision 32 independently or that an abortion would be in the minor's best interests. 33

(e) Unless the juvenile court finds that the pregnant minor is already represented by an attorney, the juvenile court shall appoint an attorney to represent the pregnant minor in a waiver proceeding brought by the minor under subsection (b) and on any appeals. The cost of legal representation appointed for the minor under this section shall be paid by the county.

(f) A minor or her physician who desires to appeal an adverse
judgment of the juvenile court in a waiver proceeding under subsection
(b) or (c) is entitled to an expedited appeal, under rules to be adopted
by the supreme court.



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1 (g) All records of the juvenile court and of the supreme court or the 2 court of appeals that are made as a result of proceedings conducted 3 under this section are confidential. 4 (h) A minor who initiates legal proceedings under this section is 5 exempt from the payment of filing fees. (i) This section shall not apply where there is an emergency need for 6 7 a medical procedure to be performed such that continuation of the 8 pregnancy provides an immediate threat and grave risk to the life or 9 health of the pregnant woman and the attending physician so certifies 10 in writing. 11 (j) A physician receiving parental consent under subsection (a) 12 shall execute an affidavit for inclusion in the unemancipated 13 pregnant woman's medical record. The affidavit must contain the 14 following information: 15 (1) The physician's name. 16 (2) Certification that, to the physician's best information and 17 belief, a reasonable person under similar circumstances would 18 rely on the information provided by the unemancipated 19 pregnant woman and the unemancipated pregnant woman's 20 parent or legal guardian as sufficient evidence of identity and 21 relationship. 22 (3) The physician's signature. 23 SECTION 2. IC 16-34-2-4.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 24 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 25 1, 2016]: Sec. 4.2. (a) This section does not apply if consent is not required under section 4 of this chapter. 26 27 (b) A person may not knowingly or intentionally aid or assist an 28 unemancipated pregnant woman in obtaining an abortion without 29 the consent required by section 4 of this chapter. 30 (c) A person who violates subsection (b) is civilly liable to the 31 unemancipated pregnant woman and the parent or legal guardian 32 of the unemancipated pregnant woman. A court may award 33 damages to a person adversely affected by a violation of this section, including the following damages: 34 (1) Compensation for physical or emotional injury, without 35 36 the need of being physically present at the act or event. 37 (2) Attorney's fees. 38 (3) Court costs. 39 (4) Punitive damages. 40 However, an adult who engaged in or consented to another person 41 engaging in a sex act with a minor in violation of IC 35-42-4-3(a) 42 or IC 35-42-4-9 that resulted in the pregnancy may not be awarded



2016

1 damages under this subsection.

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(d) An unemancipated pregnant woman does not have the capacity to consent to any action in violation of this section or section 4 of this chapter. A person may not use as a defense to a violation of subsection (b) that the abortion was performed or induced with consent of the unemancipated pregnant woman and otherwise met the requirements of this chapter.

(e) The attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the parent or guardian of the unemancipated pregnant woman, or any person who may be adversely affected by the conduct may petition a court to enjoin conduct that would violate this section if the person can show that the conduct:

(1) is reasonably anticipated to occur in the future; or

(2) has occurred in the past, whether with the same unemancipated pregnant woman or others, and that it is not unreasonable to expect that the conduct may be repeated.

A court may enjoin conduct that would violate this section.

18 SECTION 3. IC 16-34-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2015, 19 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 20 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) Every health care provider who performs a 21 surgical abortion or provides, prescribes, administers, or dispenses an 22 abortion inducing drug for the purposes of inducing an abortion shall 23 report the performance of the abortion or the provision, prescribing, 24 administration, or dispensing of an abortion inducing drug on a form 25 drafted by the state department, the purpose and function of which shall 26 be the improvement of maternal health and life through the compilation 27 of relevant maternal life and health factors and data, and a further 28 purpose and function shall be to monitor all abortions performed in 29 Indiana to assure the abortions are done only under the authorized 30 provisions of the law. For each abortion performed and abortion 31 inducing drug provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed, the 32 report shall include, among other things, the following: 33

(1) The age of the patient.

34 (2) The date and location the abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug was provided, prescribed, administered, 35 36 or dispensed.

37 (3) The health care provider's full name and address, including the 38 name of the physicians performing the abortion or providing, 39 prescribing, administering, or dispensing the abortion inducing 40 drug.

41 (4) The name of the father if known.

42 (5) The age of the father, or the approximate age of the father if



1	the father's age is unknown.
2	(6) The postfertilization age of the fetus, the manner in which the
3	postfertilization age was determined, and, if after the earlier of the
4	time the fetus obtains viability or the time the postfertilization age
5	of the fetus is at least twenty (20) weeks, the medical reason for
6	the performance of the abortion or the provision, prescribing,
7	administration, or dispensing of the abortion inducing drug.
8	(7) For a surgical abortion, the medical procedure used for the
9	abortion and, if the fetus was viable or had a postfertilization age
10	of at least twenty (20) weeks:
11	(A) whether the procedure, in the reasonable judgment of the
12	health care provider, gave the fetus the best opportunity to
13	survive; and
14	(B) the basis for the determination that the pregnant woman
15	had a condition described in this chapter that required the
16	abortion to avert the death of or serious impairment to the
17	pregnant woman.
18	(8) For a nonsurgical abortion, the precise drugs provided,
19	prescribed, administered, or dispensed, and the means of delivery
20	of the drugs to the patient.
21	(9) The mother's obstetrical history, including dates of other
22	abortions, if any.
23	(10) The results of pathological examinations if performed.
24	(11) For a surgical abortion, whether the fetus was delivered
25	alive, and if so, how long the fetus lived.
26	(12) Records of all maternal deaths occurring at the location
27	where the abortion was performed or the abortion inducing drug
28	was provided, prescribed, administered, or dispensed.
29	(13) The date the form was transmitted to the state department
30	and, if applicable, separately to the department of child services.
31	(b) The health care provider shall complete the form provided for in
32	subsection (a) and shall transmit the completed form to the state
33	department, in the manner specified on the form, not later than July 30
34	for each abortion occurring in the first six (6) months of that year and
35	not later than January 30 for each abortion occurring in the last six (6)
36	months of the preceding year. However, if an abortion is for a female
37	who is less than fourteen (14) fifteen (15) years of age, the health care
38	provider shall transmit the form to the state department of health and
39	separately to the department of child services within three (3) days after
40	the abortion is performed.
41	(c) The dates supplied on the form may not be redacted for any
42	reason before the form is transmitted as provided in this section.

reason before the form is transmitted as provided in this section.



2016

1	(d) Upon receipt of a form regarding an abortion for a female
2	who is less than fifteen (15) years of age as described in subsections
3	(a) and (b), the state department shall:
4	(1) notify the department of child services that it received the
5	form; and
6	(2) provide a copy of the form to the department of child
7	services.
8	The department of child services shall acknowledge to the state
9	department that it has received a copy of the form.
10	(d) (e) Each failure A person who recklessly fails to complete or
11	timely transmit a form, as required under this section, for each abortion
12	performed or abortion inducing drug that was provided, prescribed,
13	administered, or dispensed, is commits a Class B Class A
14	misdemeanor.
15	(e) (f) Not later than June 30 of each year, the state department shall
16	compile a public report providing the following:
17	(1) Statistics for the previous calendar year from the information
18	submitted under this section.
19	(2) Statistics for previous calendar years compiled by the state
20	department under this subsection, with updated information for
21	the calendar year that was submitted to the state department after
22	the compilation of the statistics.
23	The state department shall ensure that no identifying information of a
24	pregnant woman is contained in the report.
25	SECTION 4. IC 16-34-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
26	SECTION 235, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in
28	subsections (b) and (c), a person who knowingly or intentionally
29	performs an abortion not expressly provided for in this chapter commits
30	a Level 5 felony.
31	(b) A physician who:
32	(1) performs an abortion intentionally or knowingly in violation
33	of section $1(a)(1)(C)$ or 4 of this chapter; or
34	(2) performs an abortion on a female who is less than fifteen
35	(15) years of age and recklessly fails to transmit the form to
36	the state department of health as described in section 5(b) of
37	this chapter;
38	commits a Class A misdemeanor.
39	(c) A person who knowingly or intentionally performs an abortion
40	in violation of section 1.1 of this chapter commits a Class A infraction.
40 41	(d) A woman upon whom a partial birth abortion is performed may
42	not be prosecuted for violating or conspiring to violate section 1(b) of
14	not be prosecuted for violating of conspiring to violate section 1(0) of



1	this chapter.
2	SECTION 5. IC 25-1-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2007,
3	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) A practitioner shall conduct the
5	practitioner's practice in accordance with the standards established by
6	the board regulating the profession in question and is subject to the
7	exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under section 9 of this chapter if,
8	after a hearing, the board finds:
9	(1) a practitioner has:
10	(A) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
11	deception in order to obtain a license to practice, including
12	cheating on a licensing examination;
13	(B) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of
14	professional services or activities;
15	(C) advertised services in a false or misleading manner; or
16	(D) been convicted of a crime or assessed a civil penalty
17	involving fraudulent billing practices, including fraud under:
18	(i) Medicaid (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.);
19	(ii) Medicare (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.);
20	(iii) the children's health insurance program under
21	IC 12-17.6; or
22	(iv) insurance claims;
23	(2) a practitioner has been convicted of a crime that:
24	(A) has a direct bearing on the practitioner's ability to continue
25	to practice competently; or
26	(B) is harmful to the public;
27	(3) a practitioner has knowingly violated any state statute or rule,
28	or federal statute or regulation, regulating the profession in
29	question;
30	(4) a practitioner has continued to practice although the
31	practitioner has become unfit to practice due to:
32	(A) professional incompetence that:
33	(i) may include the undertaking of professional activities
34	that the practitioner is not qualified by training or experience
35	to undertake; and
36	(ii) does not include activities performed under
37	IC 16-21-2-9;
38	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or
39	practice;
40	(C) physical or mental disability; or
41	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or severe dependency upon alcohol
42	or other drugs that endanger the public by impairing a



1	practitioner's ability to practice safely;
2	(5) a practitioner has engaged in a course of lewd or immoral
3 4	conduct in connection with the delivery of services to the public;
	(6) a practitioner has allowed the practitioner's name or a license
5	issued under this chapter to be used in connection with an
6	individual who renders services beyond the scope of that
7	individual's training, experience, or competence;
8	(7) a practitioner has had disciplinary action taken against the
9	practitioner or the practitioner's license to practice in any state or
10	jurisdiction on grounds similar to those under this chapter;
11	(8) a practitioner has diverted:
12	(A) a legend drug (as defined in IC 16-18-2-199); or
13	(B) any other drug or device issued under a drug order (as
14	defined in IC 16-42-19-3) for another person;
15	(9) a practitioner, except as otherwise provided by law, has
16	knowingly prescribed, sold, or administered any drug classified
17	as a narcotic, addicting, or dangerous drug to a habitue or addict;
18	(10) a practitioner has failed to comply with an order imposing a
19	sanction under section 9 of this chapter;
20	(11) a practitioner has engaged in sexual contact with a patient
$\overline{21}$	under the practitioner's care or has used the practitioner-patient
22	relationship to solicit sexual contact with a patient under the
$\frac{22}{23}$	practitioner's care;
24	(12) a practitioner who is a participating provider of a health
25	maintenance organization has knowingly collected or attempted
26	to collect from a subscriber or enrollee of the health maintenance
27	organization any sums that are owed by the health maintenance
28	organization; or
29	(13) a practitioner has assisted another person in committing an
30	act that would be grounds for disciplinary sanctions under this
31	chapter; or
32	(14) a practitioner has failed to report suspected child abuse
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33 34	or sexual trafficking to law enforcement.
35	(b) A practitioner who provides health care services to the
	practitioner's spouse is not subject to disciplinary action under
36	subsection (a)(11).
37	(c) A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive
38	evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action under subsection
39	(a)(7).
40	SECTION 6. IC 25-22.5-8-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
41	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
42	1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "abortion" has the

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meaning set forth in IC 16-18-2-1.
 (b) Notwithstanding IC 25-1-9

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(b) Notwithstanding IC 25-1-9, the board shall revoke the license of a physician if, after appropriate notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the attorney general proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the physician:

6 (1) negligently failed to transmit the form to the state 7 department of health as described in IC 16-34-2-5(b); or

- 8 (2) performed an abortion in violation of IC 16-34-2-7(a)
- 9 through IC 16-34-2-7(c).

