SENATE BILL No. 389

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-1.5-6.5-1; IC 5-28-15-14; IC 6-1.1; IC 36-1; IC 36-7.

Synopsis: Tax increment financing districts. Provides that if a redevelopment commission outside Marion County wishes to establish a tax increment financing (TIF) area after December 31, 2016, a taxing unit that is located wholly or partly within a proposed TIF area may elect whether to participate in the TIF area. If a taxing unit elects to participate in a proposed TIF area, the taxing unit is bound by the terms of the TIF area until the TIF area expires.

Effective: January 1, 2017.

Bassler

January 12, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Appropriations.



Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 389

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-1.5-6.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) The bank
3	shall establish and maintain:
4	(1) a capital principal fund, to be funded from appropriations
5	made to the fund by the general assembly and any other money
6	that the bank transfers to the fund; and
7	(2) a capital interest fund, to be funded from investment earnings
8	on the capital principal fund.
9	(b) The bank may use the funds only for programs for qualified
10	entities issuing securities for any of the following purposes:
11	(1) Sewage works.
12	(2) Waterworks.
13	(3) Parking facilities.
14	(4) Redevelopment projects financed with allocated property tax
15	proceeds under IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.8, or
16	IC 36-7-15.1-26.
17	SECTION 2. IC 5-28-15-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.4-2005,



1	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14. (a) A U.E.A. shall do the following:
3	(1) Coordinate zone development activities.
4	(2) Serve as a catalyst for zone development.
5	(3) Promote the zone to outside groups and individuals.
6	(4) Establish a formal line of communication with residents and
7	businesses in the zone.
8	(5) Act as a liaison between residents, businesses, the
9	municipality, and the board for any development activity that may
10	affect the zone or zone residents.
11	(b) A U.E.A. may do the following:
12	(1) Initiate and coordinate any community development activities
13	that aid in the employment of zone residents, improve the
14	physical environment, or encourage the turnover or retention of
15	capital in the zone. These additional activities include but are not
16	limited to recommending to the municipality the manner and
17	purpose of expenditure of funds generated under
18	$\frac{1C}{36-7-14-39(g)}$ IC 36-7-14-39(h), IC 36-7-14-39.8(h), or
19	IC 36-7-15.1-26(g).
20	(2) Recommend that the board modify a zone boundary or
21	disqualify a zone business from eligibility for one (1) or more
22	benefits or incentives available to zone businesses.
23	(3) Incorporate as a nonprofit corporation. Such a corporation
24	may continue after the expiration of the zone in accordance with
25	the general principles established by this chapter. A U.E.A. that
26	incorporates as a nonprofit corporation under this subdivision
27	may purchase or receive real property from a redevelopment
28	commission under IC 36-7-14-22.2 or IC 36-7-15.1-15.2.
29	(c) The U.E.A. may request, by majority vote, that the legislative
30	body of the municipality in which the zone is located modify or waive
31	any municipal ordinance or regulation that is in effect in the zone. The
32	legislative body may, by ordinance, waive or modify the operation of
33	the ordinance or regulation, if the ordinance or regulation does not
34	affect health (including environmental health), safety, civil rights, or
35	employment rights.
36	(d) The U.E.A. may request, by majority vote, that the board waive
37	or modify any state rule that is in effect in the zone. The board shall
38	review the request and may approve, modify, or reject the request.
39	Approval or modification by the board shall take place after review by
40	the appropriate state agency. A modification may include but is not

limited to establishing different compliance or reporting requirements, timetables, or exemptions in the zone for a business or an individual,



to the extent that the modification does not adversely affect health (including environment health), safety, employment rights, or civil rights. An approval or a modification of a state rule by the board takes effect upon the approval of the governor. In no case are the provisions of IC 22-2-2 and IC 22-7-1-2 mitigated by this chapter.

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-12.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) A designating body may find that a particular area within its jurisdiction is an economic revitalization area. However, the deduction provided by this chapter for economic revitalization areas not within a city or town shall not be available to retail businesses.

- (b) In a county containing a consolidated city or within a city or town, a designating body may find that a particular area within its jurisdiction is a residentially distressed area. Designation of an area as a residentially distressed area has the same effect as designating an area as an economic revitalization area, except that the amount of the deduction shall be calculated as specified in section 4.1 of this chapter and the deduction is allowed for not more than the number of years specified by the designating body under section 17 of this chapter. In order to declare a particular area a residentially distressed area, the designating body must follow the same procedure that is required to designate an area as an economic revitalization area and must make all the following additional findings or all the additional findings described in subsection (c):
 - (1) The area is comprised of parcels that are either unimproved or contain only one (1) or two (2) family dwellings or multifamily dwellings designed for up to four (4) families, including accessory buildings for those dwellings.
 - (2) Any dwellings in the area are not permanently occupied and are:
 - (A) the subject of an order issued under IC 36-7-9; or
 - (B) evidencing significant building deficiencies.
 - (3) Parcels of property in the area:
 - (A) have been sold and not redeemed under IC 6-1.1-24 and IC 6-1.1-25; or
 - (B) are owned by a unit of local government.

However, in a city in a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand (270,000), the designating body is only required to make one (1) of the additional findings described in this subsection or one (1) of the additional findings described in subsection (c).



- 4 (c) In a county containing a consolidated city or within a city or town, a designating body that wishes to designate a particular area a residentially distressed area may make the following additional findings as an alternative to the additional findings described in subsection (b): (1) A significant number of dwelling units within the area are not permanently occupied or a significant number of parcels in the area are vacant land. (2) A significant number of dwelling units within the area are: (A) the subject of an order issued under IC 36-7-9; or (B) evidencing significant building deficiencies. (3) The area has experienced a net loss in the number of dwelling units, as documented by census information, local building and demolition permits, or certificates of occupancy, or the area is owned by Indiana or the United States. (4) The area (plus any areas previously designated under this subsection) will not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total area within the designating body's jurisdiction. However, in a city in a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand (270,000), the designating body is only required to make one (1) of the additional findings described in this subsection as an alternative to one (1) of the additional findings described in subsection (b).
 - (d) A designating body is required to attach the following conditions to the grant of a residentially distressed area designation:
 - (1) The deduction will not be allowed unless the dwelling is rehabilitated to meet local code standards for habitability.
 - (2) If a designation application is filed, the designating body may require that the redevelopment or rehabilitation be completed within a reasonable period of time.
 - (e) To make a designation described in subsection (a) or (b), the designating body shall use procedures prescribed in section 2.5 of this chapter.
 - (f) The property tax deductions provided by section 3, 4.5, or 4.8 of this chapter are only available within an area which the designating body finds to be an economic revitalization area.
 - (g) The designating body may adopt a resolution establishing general standards to be used, along with the requirements set forth in the definition of economic revitalization area, by the designating body in finding an area to be an economic revitalization area. The standards must have a reasonable relationship to the development objectives of



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1	the area in which the designating body has jurisdiction. The following
2	four (4) sets of standards may be established:
3	(1) One (1) relative to the deduction under section 3 of this
4	chapter for economic revitalization areas that are not residentially
5	distressed areas.
6	(2) One (1) relative to the deduction under section 3 of this
7	chapter for residentially distressed areas.
8	(3) One (1) relative to the deduction allowed under section 4.5 of
9	this chapter.
10	(4) One (1) relative to the deduction allowed under section 4.8 of
11	this chapter.
12	(h) A designating body may impose a fee for filing a designation
13	application for a person requesting the designation of a particular area
14	as an economic revitalization area. The fee may be sufficient to defray
15	actual processing and administrative costs. However, the fee charged
16	for filing a designation application for a parcel that contains one (1) or
17	more owner-occupied, single-family dwellings may not exceed the cost
18	of publishing the required notice.
19	(i) In declaring an area an economic revitalization area, the
20	designating body may:
21	(1) limit the time period to a certain number of calendar years
22	during which the economic revitalization area shall be so
23	designated;
24	(2) limit the type of deductions that will be allowed within the
25	economic revitalization area to the deduction allowed under
26	section 3 of this chapter, the deduction allowed under section 4.5
27	of this chapter, the deduction allowed under section 4.8 of this
28	chapter, or any combination of these deductions;
29	(3) limit the dollar amount of the deduction that will be allowed
30	with respect to new manufacturing equipment, new research and
31	development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment,
32	and new information technology equipment;
33	(4) limit the dollar amount of the deduction that will be allowed
34	with respect to redevelopment and rehabilitation occurring in
35	areas that are designated as economic revitalization areas;
36	(5) limit the dollar amount of the deduction that will be allowed
37	under section 4.8 of this chapter with respect to the occupation of
38	an eligible vacant building; or
39	(6) impose reasonable conditions related to the purpose of this
40	chapter or to the general standards adopted under subsection (g)
41	for allowing the deduction for the redevelopment or rehabilitation

of the property or the installation of the new manufacturing



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equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, or new information technology equipment.

To exercise one (1) or more of these powers, a designating body must include this fact in the resolution passed under section 2.5 of this chapter.

- (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a designating body limits the time period during which an area is an economic revitalization area, that limitation does not:
 - (1) prevent a taxpayer from obtaining a deduction for new manufacturing equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, or new information technology equipment installed on or before the approval deadline determined under section 9 of this chapter, but after the expiration of the economic revitalization area if the new manufacturing equipment, new research and development equipment, new logistical distribution equipment, or new information technology equipment was described in a statement of benefits submitted to and approved by the designating body in accordance with section 4.5 of this chapter before the expiration of the economic revitalization area designation; or
 - (2) limit the length of time a taxpayer is entitled to receive a deduction to a number of years that is less than the number of years designated under section 17 of this chapter.
- (k) In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, if property located in an economic revitalization area is also located in an allocation area (as defined in IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.8, or IC 36-7-15.1-26), a taxpayer's statement of benefits concerning that property may not be approved under this chapter unless a resolution approving the statement of benefits is adopted by the legislative body of the unit that approved the designation of the allocation area.

SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-20-1.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1.6. As used in this chapter, "property taxes" means a property tax rate or levy to pay debt service or to pay lease rentals, but does not include taxes allocated for an allocation area under IC 6-1.1-39-5, IC 8-22-3.5-9, IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-15.1-26, or IC 36-7-15.1-53.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-21.2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 232, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "base assessed value" means the base assessed value as that term is defined or used in:



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               (1) IC 6-1.1-39-5(h);
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               (2) IC 8-22-3.5-9(a);
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               (3) IC 8-22-3.5-9.5;
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               (4) <del>IC 36-7-14-39(a);</del> IC 36-7-14-39(b);
 5
               (5) IC 36-7-14-39.2;
 6
               (6) IC 36-7-14-39.3(c);
 7
               (7) IC 36-7-14-39.8(b);
 8
               <del>(7)</del> (8) IC 36-7-14-48;
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               (8) (9) IC 36-7-14.5-12.5;
10
               <del>(9)</del> (10) IC 36-7-15.1-26(a);
11
               <del>(10)</del> (11) IC 36-7-15.1-26.2(c);
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               (11) (12) IC 36-7-15.1-35(a);
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               <del>(12)</del> (13) IC 36-7-15.1-35.5;
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               (13) (14) IC 36-7-15.1-53;
15
               <del>(14)</del> (15) IC 36-7-15.1-55(c);
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               (15) (16) IC 36-7-30-25(a)(2);
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               (16) (17) IC 36-7-30-26(c);
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               (17) (18) IC 36-7-30.5-30; or
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               (18) (19) IC 36-7-30.5-31.
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             SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-21.2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
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          SECTION 236, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
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          [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. As used in this chapter,
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          "property taxes" means:
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               (1) property taxes, as defined in:
25
                  (A) IC 6-1.1-39-5(g);
26
                  (B) <del>IC 36-7-14-39(a);</del> IC 36-7-14-39(b);
27
                  (C) IC 36-7-14-39.2;
28
                  (D) IC 36-7-14-39.3(c);
29
                  (E) IC 36-7-14-39.8(b);
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                  (E) (F) IC 36-7-14.5-12.5;
31
                  (F) (G) IC 36-7-15.1-26(a);
32
                  (G) (H) IC 36-7-15.1-26.2(c);
33
                  (H) (I) IC 36-7-15.1-53(a);
34
                  (I) (J) IC 36-7-15.1-55(c);
35
                  (J) (K) IC 36-7-30-25(a)(3);
36
                  (K) (L) IC 36-7-30-26(c);
37
                  (L) (M) IC 36-7-30.5-30; or
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                  (M) (N) IC 36-7-30.5-31; or
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               (2) for allocation areas created under IC 8-22-3.5, the taxes
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               assessed on taxable tangible property in the allocation area.
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             SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-21.2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011,
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          SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
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1	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "special fund"
2	means:
3	(1) the special funds referred to in IC 6-1.1-39-5;
4	(2) the special funds referred to in IC 8-22-3.5-9(e);
5	(3) the allocation fund referred to in $\frac{1}{1}$ C 36-7-14-39(b)(3);
6	IC 36-7-14-39(c)(3);
7	(4) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-14-39.8(c)(3);
8	(4) (5) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-14.5-12.5(d);
9	(5) (6) the special fund referred to in IC 36-7-15.1-26(b)(3);
10	(6) (7) the special fund referred to in IC 36-7-15.1-53(b)(3);
11	(7) (8) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-30-25(b)(3); or
12	(8) (9) the allocation fund referred to in IC 36-7-30.5-30(b)(3).
13	SECTION 8. IC 36-1-7-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,
14	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 15. (a) As used in this section, "economic
16	development entity" means any of the following:
17	(1) A department of redevelopment organized under IC 36-7-14.
18	(2) A department of metropolitan development under
19	IC 36-7-15.1.
20	(3) A port authority organized under IC 8-10-5.
21	(4) An airport authority organized under IC 8-22-3.
22	(5) The Indiana finance authority.
23	(b) Notwithstanding section 2 of this chapter, two (2) or more
24	economic development entities may enter into a written agreement
25	under section 3 of this chapter if the agreement is approved by each
26	entity's governing body.
27	(c) A party to an agreement under this section may do one (1) or
28	more of the following:
29	(1) Except as provided in subsection (d), grant one (1) or more of
30	its powers to another party to the agreement.
31	(2) Exercise any power granted to it by a party to the agreement.
32	(3) Pledge any of its revenues, including taxes or allocated taxes
33	under IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-15.1, or IC 8-22-3.5, to the bonds or
34	lease rental obligations of another party to the agreement under
35	IC 5-1-14-4.
36	(d) An economic development entity may not grant to another entity
37	the power to tax or to establish an allocation area under IC 8-22-3.5,
38	IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.8 , or IC 36-7-15.1.
39	(e) An agreement under this section does not have to comply with
40	section 3(a)(5) or 4 of this chapter.
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40 41 42	(f) An action to challenge the validity of an agreement under this section must be brought within thirty (30) days after the agreement has



been approved by all the parties to the agreement. After that period has
passed, the agreement is not contestable for any cause.

- SECTION 9. IC 36-1-10-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 17. (a) A political subdivision or agency that executes a lease under this chapter shall, subject to subsection (d), make an annual appropriation and tax levy at a rate to provide sufficient money to pay the rental payable from property taxes stipulated in the lease.
- (b) The appropriation and levy are subject to review by other bodies that have the authority to ascertain that the levy is sufficient to raise the amount required to pay the rental payable from property taxes under the lease.
- (c) The appropriation and levy may be reduced in any year to the extent other money or any reimbursement under IC 36-7-14-39 or IC 36-7-14-39.8 are pledged or available for the payment of the lease rental.
- (d) A political subdivision or agency that executes a lease for a transportation project may only levy a tax under this section for an amount necessary to restore debt service reserve funds and may not levy a tax for lease rental payments.
- SECTION 10. IC 36-7-14-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies whenever:
 - (1) a municipality with a redevelopment district is annexing an area in a county; or
- (2) a municipality establishes a redevelopment district; after the county in which the municipality is located has established a redevelopment district.
 - (b) This subsection applies whenever:
 - (1) the area to be annexed or to be included in the municipality's district includes all or part of an allocation area established by a county redevelopment commission for purposes of section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter; and
 - (2) bonds or lease obligations are outstanding that are payable by the county redevelopment commission in whole or in part from property tax proceeds allocated from the allocation area under section 39 **or 39.8** of this chapter.

The county redevelopment commission shall continue to receive allocations of property tax proceeds from the area annexed or included in the municipality's district for the commission's allocation fund as if the annexation or establishment of the district had not occurred as long as any bonds or lease obligations payable by the county from allocated



property tax proceeds are outstanding. After the final effectiveness of the annexation or the establishment of the municipality's district, the county redevelopment commission may not issue bonds or enter into leases that are payable from allocated property tax proceeds from the part of the allocation area annexed or included unless the legislative body of the municipality adopts an ordinance approving the issuance and this use of allocated property tax proceeds from that part of the allocation area.

(c) This subsection applies whenever bonds or lease obligations are outstanding that are payable by the county redevelopment commission in whole or in part from the special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter. The county redevelopment commission shall continue to levy a special tax on property in the area annexed or included in the municipality's district as long as any bonds or lease obligations payable by the county are outstanding. After the final effectiveness of the annexation or the establishment of the municipality's district, the county redevelopment commission may not levy the special tax for new bonds or lease obligations in the annexed or included area unless the legislative body of the municipality adopts an ordinance approving the levy.

SECTION 11. IC 36-7-14-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2015, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. (a) Not later than April 15 of each year, the redevelopment commissioners or their designees shall file with the unit's executive and fiscal body a report setting out their activities during the preceding calendar year.

- (b) The report of the commissioners of a municipal redevelopment commission must show the names of the then qualified and acting commissioners, the names of the officers of that body, the number of regular employees and their fixed salaries or compensation, the amount of the expenditures made during the preceding year and their general purpose, an accounting of the tax increment revenues expended by any entity receiving the tax increment revenues as a grant or loan from the commission, the amount of funds on hand at the close of the calendar year, and other information necessary to disclose the activities of the commissioners and the results obtained.
- (c) The report of the commissioners of a county redevelopment commission must show all the information required by subsection (b), plus the names of any commissioners appointed to or removed from office during the preceding calendar year.
- (d) A copy of each report filed under this section must be submitted to the department of local government finance in an electronic format.



1	(e) The report required under subsection (a) must also include the
2	following information set forth for each tax increment financing district
3	regarding the previous year:
4	(1) Revenues received.
5	(2) Expenses paid.
6	(3) Fund balances.
7	(4) The amount and maturity date for all outstanding obligations.
8	(5) The amount paid on outstanding obligations.
9	(6) For a tax increment financing district to which section 39
10	of this chapter applies, a list of all the parcels included in each
11	tax increment financing district allocation area and the base
12	assessed value and incremental assessed value for each parcel in
13	the list.
14	(7) For a tax increment financing district to which section 39.8
15	of this chapter applies, for each participating taxing unit (as
16	defined in section 39.8(b) of this chapter), a list of all the
17	parcels of the participating taxing unit that are included in
18	each tax increment financing district allocation area and the
19	base assessed value and incremental assessed value for each
20	parcel in the list.
21	(f) A redevelopment commission and a department of
22	redevelopment are subject to the same laws, rules, and ordinances of
23	a general nature that apply to all other commissions or departments of
24	the unit.
25	SECTION 12. IC 36-7-14-15.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012,
26	SECTION 206, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 15.5. (a) This section applies
28	to a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty
29	thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand
30	(270,000).
31	(b) In adopting a declaratory resolution under section 15 of this
32	chapter, a redevelopment commission may include a provision stating
33	that the redevelopment project area is considered to include one (1) or
34	more additional areas outside the boundaries of the redevelopment
35	project area if the redevelopment commission makes the following
36	findings and the requirements of subsection (c) are met:
37	(1) One (1) or more taxpayers presently located within the
38	boundaries of the redevelopment project area are expected within
39	one (1) year to relocate all or part of their operations outside the
40	boundaries of the redevelopment project area and have expressed

an interest in relocating all or part of their operations within the

boundaries of an additional area.



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- (2) The relocation described in subdivision (1) will contribute to the continuation of the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 in the redevelopment project area.
- (3) For purposes of this section, it will be of public utility and benefit to include the additional areas as part of the redevelopment project area.
- (c) Each additional area must be designated by the redevelopment commission as a redevelopment project area or an economic development area under this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding section 3 of this chapter, the additional areas shall be considered to be a part of the redevelopment special taxing district under the jurisdiction of the redevelopment commission. Any excess property taxes that the commission has determined may be paid to taxing units under section $\frac{39(b)(4)}{39(c)(4)}$ or 39.8(c)(4) of this chapter shall be paid to the taxing units from which the excess property taxes were derived. All powers of the redevelopment commission authorized under this chapter may be exercised by the redevelopment commission in additional areas under its jurisdiction.
- (e) The declaratory resolution must include a statement of the general boundaries of each additional area. However, it is sufficient to describe those boundaries by location in relation to public ways, streams, or otherwise, as determined by the commissioners.
- (f) The declaratory resolution may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes with respect to one (1) or more of the additional areas in the manner provided in section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter. If the redevelopment commission includes such a provision in the resolution, allocation areas in the redevelopment project area and in the additional areas considered to be part of the redevelopment project area shall be considered a single allocation area for purposes of this chapter.
- (g) The additional areas must be located within the same county as the redevelopment project area but are not otherwise required to be within the jurisdiction of the redevelopment commission, if the redevelopment commission obtains the consent by ordinance of:
 - (1) the county legislative body, for each additional area located within the unincorporated part of the county; or
 - (2) the legislative body of the city or town affected, for each additional area located within a city or town.
- In granting its consent, the legislative body shall approve the plan of development or redevelopment relating to the additional area.
- (h) A declaratory resolution previously adopted may be amended to include a provision to include additional areas as set forth in this



section and an allocation provision under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter with respect to one (1) or more of the additional areas in accordance with sections 15, 16, and 17 of this chapter.

(i) The redevelopment commission may amend the allocation provision of a declaratory resolution in accordance with sections 15, 16, and 17 of this chapter to change the assessment date that determines the base assessed value of property in the allocation area to any assessment date following the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution. Such a change may relate to the assessment date that determines the base assessed value of that portion of the allocation area that is located in the redevelopment project area alone, that portion of the allocation area that is located in an additional area alone, or the entire allocation area.

SECTION 13. IC 36-7-14-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 728, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 17. (a) After receipt of the written order of approval of the plan commission and approval of the municipal legislative body or county executive, the redevelopment commission shall publish notice of the adoption and substance of the resolution in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The notice must:

- (1) state that maps and plats have been prepared and can be inspected at the office of the department; and
- (2) name a date when the commission will:
 - (A) receive and hear remonstrances and objections from persons interested in or affected by the proceedings pertaining to the proposed project or other actions to be taken under the resolution; and
 - (B) determine the public utility and benefit of the proposed project or other actions.

All persons affected in any manner by the hearing, including all taxpayers of the special taxing district, shall be considered notified of the pendency of the hearing and of subsequent acts, hearings, adjournments, and orders of the commission by the notice given under this section.

(b) A copy of the notice of the hearing on the resolution shall be filed in the office of the unit's plan commission, board of zoning appeals, works board, park board, and building commissioner, and any other departments, bodies, or officers of the unit having to do with unit planning, variances from zoning ordinances, land use, or the issuance of building permits. These agencies and officers shall take notice of the pendency of the hearing and, until the commission confirms, modifies and confirms, or rescinds the resolution, or the confirmation of the



resolution is set aside on appeal, may not:

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- (1) authorize any construction on property or sewers in the area described in the resolution, including substantial modifications, rebuilding, conversion, enlargement, additions, and major structural improvements; or
- (2) take any action regarding the zoning or rezoning of property, or the opening, closing, or improvement of streets, alleys, or boulevards in the area described in the resolution.

This subsection does not prohibit the granting of permits for ordinary maintenance or minor remodeling, or for changes necessary for the continued occupancy of buildings in the area.

- (c) If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter, the redevelopment commission shall file the following information with each taxing unit that is wholly or partly located within the allocation area:
 - (1) A copy of the notice required by subsection (a).
 - (2) A statement disclosing the impact of the allocation area, including the following:
 - (A) The estimated economic benefits and costs incurred by the allocation area, as measured by increased employment and anticipated growth of real property assessed values.
- (B) The anticipated impact on tax revenues of each taxing unit. If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39 of this chapter applies, the redevelopment commission shall file the information required by this subsection with the officers of the taxing unit who are authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 at least ten (10) days before the date of the hearing. If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies, the redevelopment commission shall file the information required by this subsection with the officers of the taxing unit who are authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 at least ninety (90) days before the date of the hearing. If the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies, the redevelopment commission shall prepare the statement required under subdivision (2) assuming that each taxing unit will elect to be subject to the



allocation provision as provided in subsection (d).

- (d) This subsection applies if the resolution to be considered at the hearing includes a provision establishing or amending an allocation provision to which section 39.8 of this chapter applies. If a taxing unit is wholly or partly located in a proposed allocation area that is referred to in an allocation provision of the resolution to be considered at the hearing scheduled under subsection (c), the fiscal body of the taxing unit may adopt a resolution electing to be subject to the allocation provision. If the fiscal body of the taxing unit adopts a resolution electing to be subject to the proposed allocation provision, the fiscal body shall deliver a copy of the resolution to the redevelopment commission before the hearing date specified in the notice given to the taxing unit under subsection (c)(1). A taxing unit that is wholly or partly located in a proposed allocation area is not subject to the proposed allocation provision unless:
 - (1) the fiscal body of a taxing unit adopts a resolution electing to be subject to the proposed allocation provision in the resolution to be considered at the hearing; and
 - (2) the allocation provision in the resolution to be considered at the hearing is adopted by the redevelopment commission as provided in subsection (e).

If a taxing unit elects to be bound by an allocation provision and the redevelopment commission adopts the resolution containing the allocation provision as provided in subsection (e), the taxing unit is bound by the allocation provision as amended from time to time until the allocation provision terminates.

(d) (e) At the hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time, the redevelopment commission shall hear all persons interested in the proceedings and shall consider all written remonstrances and objections that have been filed. After considering the evidence presented, the commission shall take final action determining the public utility and benefit of the proposed project or other actions to be taken under the resolution, and confirming, modifying and confirming, or rescinding the resolution. The final action taken by the commission shall be recorded and is final and conclusive, except that an appeal may be taken in the manner prescribed by section 18 of this chapter.

SECTION 14. IC 36-7-14-25.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 25.1. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a redevelopment project area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be



1	levied under section 27 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under
2	section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter, or other revenues of the district, or
3	any combination of these sources, the redevelopment commission may,
4	by bond resolution and subject to subsections (c) and (p), issue the
5	bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. The amount
6	of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission,
7	of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition
8	and redevelopment of the property, including:
9	(1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to
10	be acquired and redeveloped;
11	(2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal,
12	financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and
13	supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment
14	of the property or the issuance of bonds;
15	(3) capitalized interest permitted by this chapter and a debt
16	service reserve for the bonds to the extent the redevelopment
17	commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required; and
18	(4) expenses that the redevelopment commission is required or
19	permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.
20	(b) If the redevelopment commission plans to acquire different
21	parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at
22	approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more
23	resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1)
24	issue of bonds.
25	(c) The legislative body of the unit must adopt a resolution that
26	specifies the public purpose of the bond, the use of the bond proceeds,
27	the maximum principal amount of the bond, the term of the bond, and
28	the maximum interest rate or rates of the bond, any provision for
29	redemption before maturity, and any provision for the payment of
30	capitalized interest. The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond
31	resolution and negotiable, subject to the requirements of the bond
32	resolution for registering the bonds. The resolution authorizing the
33	bonds must state:
34	(1) the denominations of the bonds;
35	(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and
36	(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed:
37	(A) fifty (50) years, for bonds issued before July 1, 2008;
38	(B) thirty (30) years, for bonds issued after June 30, 2008, to



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(i) an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in

(ii) a part of an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as

finance:

IC 6-3.1-29-6);

1	defined in IC 6-3.1-29-6); or
2	(iii) property used in the operation or maintenance of an
3	integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in
4	IC 6-3.1-29-6);
5	that received a certificate of public convenience and necessity
6	from the Indiana utility regulatory commission under
7	IC 8-1-8.5 et seq. before July 1, 2008; or
8	(C) twenty-five (25) years, for bonds issued after June 30,
9	2008, that are not described in clause (B).
10	The bond resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable
11	before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the
12	redevelopment commission.
13	(d) The redevelopment commission shall certify a copy of the
14	resolution authorizing the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal
15	officer, who shall then prepare the bonds, subject to subsections (c) and
16	(p). The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile
17	of the seal must be printed on the bonds.
18	(e) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the
19	unit and attested by the municipal or county fiscal officer.
20	(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.
21	(g) The municipal or county fiscal officer shall give notice of the
22	sale of the bonds by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The
23	municipal fiscal officer, or county fiscal officer or executive, shall sell
24	the bonds to the highest bidder, but may not sell them for less than
25	ninety-seven percent (97%) of their par value. However, bonds payable
26	solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{3}$
27	39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter, or other revenues of the district
28	may be sold at a private negotiated sale.
29	(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment
30	commission may not issue the bonds when the total issue, including
31	bonds already issued and to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the
32	adjusted value of the taxable property in the special taxing district, as
33	determined under IC 36-1-15.
34	(i) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an
35	indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable,
36	as set forth in the bond resolution of the redevelopment commission:
37	(1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the taxing
38	district, as provided by section 27 of this chapter;
39	(2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section $39(b)(3)$
40	39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter;
41	(3) from other revenues available to the redevelopment



commission; or

1 2	(4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1) through (3).
3	If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under
4	section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $39.8(c)(3)$ of this chapter, other revenues
5	of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources,
6	they may be issued in any amount not to exceed the maximum amount
7	approved by the legislative body in the resolution described in
8	subsection (c).
9	(j) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of
10	interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the
11	date of issuance.
12	(k) All laws relating to the giving of notice of the issuance of bonds,
13	the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds
14	of the bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the
15	proposed appropriation, and the approval of the appropriation by the
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17	department of local government finance apply to all bonds issued under
18	this chapter that are payable from the special benefits tax levied
	pursuant to section 27 of this chapter or from taxes allocated under
19	section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter.
20	(l) All laws relating to:
21	(1) the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds; and
22	(2) the right of:
23	(A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of
24	bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by
25	IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
26	(B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a
27	proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
28	apply to bonds issued under this chapter except for bonds payable
29	solely from tax proceeds allocated under section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ 39(c)(3) or
30	39.8(c)(3) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment
31	commission, or any combination of these sources.
32	(m) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds,
33	the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on
34	the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.
35	(n) Any amount remaining in the debt service reserve after all of the
36	bonds of the issue for which the debt service reserve was established
37	have matured shall be:
38	(1) deposited in the allocation fund established under section
39	$\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $39.8(c)(3)$ of this chapter; and
40	(2) to the extent permitted by law, transferred to the county or
41	municipality that established the department of redevelopment for
42	use in reducing the county's or municipality's property tax levies



for debt service.

- (o) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues to the redevelopment commission from a project or projects, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the redevelopment commission that are payable solely from revenues of the commission shall contain a statement to that effect in the form of bond.
- (p) If the total principal amount of bonds authorized by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted before July 1, 2008, is equal to or greater than three million dollars (\$3,000,000), the bonds may not be issued without the approval, by resolution, of the legislative body of the unit. Bonds authorized in any principal amount by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted after June 30, 2008, may not be issued without the approval of the legislative body of the unit.

SECTION 15. IC 36-7-14-25.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 25.2. (a) Subject to the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit under subsection (c), a redevelopment commission may enter into a lease of any property that could be financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter with a lessor for a term not to exceed:

- (1) fifty (50) years, for a lease entered into before July 1, 2008; or (2) twenty-five (25) years, for a lease entered into after June 30, 2008.
- The lease may provide for payments to be made by the redevelopment commission from special benefits taxes levied under section 27 of this chapter, taxes allocated under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter, any other revenues available to the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.
- (b) A lease may provide that payments by the redevelopment commission to the lessor are required only to the extent and only for the



- period that the lessor is able to provide the leased facilities in accordance with the lease. The terms of each lease must be based upon the value of the facilities leased and may not create a debt of the unit or the district for purposes of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (c) A lease may be entered into by the redevelopment commission only after a public hearing by the redevelopment commission at which all interested parties are provided the opportunity to be heard. After the public hearing, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution authorizing the execution of the lease on behalf of the unit if it finds that the service to be provided throughout the term of the lease will serve the public purpose of the unit and is in the best interests of its residents. Any lease approved by a resolution of the redevelopment commission must also be approved by an ordinance or resolution of the fiscal body of the unit. The approving ordinance or resolution of the fiscal body must include the following:
 - (1) The maximum annual lease rental for the lease.
 - (2) The maximum interest rate or rates, any provisions for redemption before maturity, and any provisions for the payment of capitalized interest associated with the lease.
 - (3) The maximum term of the lease.
- (d) Upon execution of a lease providing for payments by the redevelopment commission in whole or in part from the levy of special benefits taxes under section 27 of this chapter and upon approval of the lease by the unit's fiscal body, the redevelopment commission shall publish notice of the execution of the lease and its approval in accordance with IC 5-3-1. Fifty (50) or more taxpayers residing in the redevelopment district who will be affected by the lease and who may be of the opinion that no necessity exists for the execution of the lease or that the payments provided for in the lease are not fair and reasonable may file a petition in the office of the county auditor within thirty (30) days after the publication of the notice of execution and approval. The petition must set forth the petitioners' names, addresses, and objections to the lease and the facts showing that the execution of the lease is unnecessary or unwise or that the payments provided for in the lease are not fair and reasonable, as the case may be.
- (e) Upon the filing of the petition, the county auditor shall immediately certify a copy of it, together with such other data as may be necessary in order to present the questions involved, to the department of local government finance. Upon receipt of the certified petition and information, the department of local government finance shall fix a time and place for a hearing in the redevelopment district, which must be not less than five (5) or more than thirty (30) days after



the time is fixed. Notice of the hearing shall be given by the department of local government finance to the members of the fiscal body, to the redevelopment commission, and to the first fifty (50) petitioners on the petition by a letter signed by the commissioner or deputy commissioner of the department and enclosed with fully prepaid postage sent to those persons at their usual place of residence, at least five (5) days before the date of the hearing. The decision of the department of local government finance on the appeal, upon the necessity for the execution of the lease, and as to whether the payments under it are fair and reasonable, is final.

- (f) A redevelopment commission entering into a lease payable from allocated taxes under section 39 or 39.8 of this chapter or other available funds of the redevelopment commission may:
 - (1) pledge the revenue to make payments under the lease pursuant to IC 5-1-14-4; and
 - (2) establish a special fund to make the payments.
- (g) Lease rentals may be limited to money in the special fund so that the obligations of the redevelopment commission to make the lease rental payments are not considered debt of the unit or the district for purposes of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (h) Except as provided in this section, no approvals of any governmental body or agency are required before the redevelopment commission enters into a lease under this section.
- (i) An action to contest the validity of the lease or to enjoin the performance of any of its terms and conditions must be brought within thirty (30) days after the publication of the notice of the execution and approval of the lease. However, if the lease is payable in whole or in part from tax levies and an appeal has been taken to the department of local government finance, an action to contest the validity or enjoin the performance must be brought within thirty (30) days after the decision of the department.
- (j) If a redevelopment commission exercises an option to buy a leased facility from a lessor, the redevelopment commission may subsequently sell the leased facility, without regard to any other statute, to the lessor at the end of the lease term at a price set forth in the lease or at fair market value established at the time of the sale by the redevelopment commission through auction, appraisal, or arms length negotiation. If the facility is sold at auction, after appraisal, or through negotiation, the redevelopment commission shall conduct a hearing after public notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 before the sale. Any action to contest the sale must be brought within fifteen (15) days of the hearing.



SECTION 16. IC 36-7-14-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011,
SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 26. (a) All proceeds from the sale of bonds
under section 25.1 of this chapter shall be kept as a separate and
specific fund to pay the expenses incurred in connection with the
acquisition and redevelopment of property. The fund shall be known as
the redevelopment district capital fund. Any surplus of funds remaining
after all expenses are paid shall be paid into and become a part of the
redevelopment district bond fund established under section 27 of this
chapter.
(1) 411 '0 1 '' 1 ' 1 ' 1 1 1 ' ' (1)

- (b) All gifts or donations that are given or paid to the department of redevelopment or to the unit for redevelopment purposes shall be promptly deposited to the credit of the redevelopment district capital fund. The redevelopment commission may use these gifts and donations for the purposes of this chapter.
- (c) Before the eleventh day of each calendar month the fiscal officer shall notify the redevelopment commission and the officers of the unit who have duties in respect to the funds and accounts of the unit of the amount standing to the credit of the redevelopment district capital fund at the close of business on the last day of the preceding month.
- (d) A redevelopment commission shall deposit in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter of an allocation area the proceeds from the sale or leasing of property in the area under section 22 of this chapter if:
 - (1) there are outstanding bonds that were issued to pay costs of redevelopment in the allocation area; and
 - (2) the bonds are payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter.

SECTION 17. IC 36-7-14-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 27. (a) This section applies only to:

- (1) bonds that are issued under section 25.1 of this chapter; and
- (2) leases entered into under section 25.2 of this chapter; which are payable from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the special taxing district. This section does not apply to bonds or leases that are payable solely from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.
- (b) The redevelopment commission, with the prior approval of the legislative body, shall levy each year a special tax on all of the property of the redevelopment taxing district, in such a manner as to meet and



pay the principal of the bonds as they mature, together with all accruing interest on the bonds or lease rental payments under section 25.2 of this chapter. The commission shall cause the tax levied to be certified to the proper officers as other tax levies are certified, and to the auditor of the county in which the redevelopment district is located, before the second day of October in each year. The tax shall be estimated and entered on the tax duplicate by the county auditor and shall be collected and enforced by the county treasurer in the same manner as other state and county taxes are estimated, entered, collected, and enforced. The amount of the tax levied to pay bonds or lease rentals payable from the tax levied under this section shall be reduced by any amount available in the allocation fund established under section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ of this chapter or other revenues of the redevelopment commission to the extent such revenues have been set aside in the redevelopment bond fund.

- (c) As the tax is collected, it shall be accumulated in a separate fund to be known as the redevelopment district bond fund and shall be applied to the payment of the bonds as they mature and the interest on the bonds as it accrues, or to make lease payments and to no other purpose. All accumulations of the fund before their use for the payment of bonds and interest or to make lease payments shall be deposited with the depository or depositories for other public funds of the unit in accordance with IC 5-13, unless they are invested under IC 5-13-9.
- (d) If there are no outstanding bonds that are payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this chapter and that were issued to pay costs of redevelopment in an allocation area that is located wholly or in part in the special taxing district, then all proceeds from the sale or leasing of property in the allocation area under section 22 of this chapter shall be paid into the redevelopment district bond fund and become a part of that fund. In arriving at the tax levy for any year, the redevelopment commission shall take into account the amount of the proceeds deposited under this subsection and remaining on hand.
- (e) The tax levies provided for in this section are reviewable by other bodies vested by law with the authority to ascertain that the levies are sufficient to raise the amount that, with other amounts available, is sufficient to meet the payments under the lease payable from the levy of taxes.

SECTION 18. IC 36-7-14-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2015, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 39. (a) This section applies only to an allocation area initially established before January 1, 2017, and all



1	subsequent amendments to the allocation provision for the
2	allocation area.
3	(a) (b) As used in this section:
4	"Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment project area
5	to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted
6	under section 15 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and
7	allocation of property taxes.
8	"Base assessed value" means the following:
9	(1) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1995, in a
10	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
11	resolution establishing an economic development area:
12	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
13	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
14	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
15	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); (i); plus
16	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
17	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
18	property under the rules of the department of local government
19	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
20	effective date of the allocation provision.
21	(2) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1997, in a
22	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
23	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area:
23 24 25	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
25	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
26	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
27	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); (i); plus
28	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
29	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
30	property under the rules of the department of local government
31	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
32	effective date of the allocation provision.
33	(3) If:
34	(A) an allocation provision adopted before June 30, 1995, in
35	a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
36	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area expires
37	after June 30, 1997; and
38	(B) after June 30, 1997, a new allocation provision is included
39	in an amendment to the declaratory resolution;
10	the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for
1 1	the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of
12	the allocation provision adopted after June 30, 1007, as adjusted



under subsection (h). (i).

- (4) Except as provided in subdivision (5), for all other allocation areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h). (i).
- (5) If an allocation area established in an economic development area before July 1, 1995, is expanded after June 30, 1995, the definition in subdivision (1) applies to the expanded part of the area added after June 30, 1995.
- (6) If an allocation area established in a redevelopment project area before July 1, 1997, is expanded after June 30, 1997, the definition in subdivision (2) applies to the expanded part of the area added after June 30, 1997.

Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter, "property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property. However, upon approval by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted before June 1, 1987, "property taxes" also includes taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property. If a redevelopment commission adopted before June 1, 1987, a resolution to include within the definition of property taxes, taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property that has a useful life in excess of eight (8) years, the commission may by resolution determine the percentage of taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property that will be included within the definition of property taxes. However, the percentage included must not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property.

(b) (c) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) (j) may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) (j) in accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. A declaratory resolution or amendment that establishes an allocation provision must include a specific finding of fact, supported by evidence, that the adoption of the allocation provision will result in new property taxes in the area that would not have been generated but for the adoption of the allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30,



2025, or the last date of any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2015, whichever is later. A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision after June 30, 1995, must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than thirty (30) years after the date on which the allocation provision is established. For an allocation area established after June 30, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first obligation was incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. However, with respect to bonds or other obligations that were issued before July 1, 2008, if any of the bonds or other obligations that were scheduled when issued to mature before the specified expiration date and that are payable only from allocated tax proceeds with respect to the allocation area remain outstanding as of the expiration date, the allocation provision does not expire until all of the bonds or other obligations are no longer outstanding. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
 - (A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
- (B) the base assessed value; shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the respective taxing units.
- (2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local public question was conducted.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2) shall be allocated to the redevelopment district and, when collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that



1	may be used by the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or
2	more of the following:
3	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
4	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds which are incurred
5	by the redevelopment district for the purpose of financing or
6	refinancing the redevelopment of that allocation area.
7	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
8	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
9	that allocation area.
10	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
l 1	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and from the
12	special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
13	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
14	unit to pay for local public improvements that are physically
15	located in or physically connected to that allocation area.
16	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
17	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in tha
18	allocation area.
19	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
20	proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this
21	chapter.
22	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by it for loca
23	public improvements (which include buildings, parking
23 24 25	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this
25	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected
26	to that allocation area.
27	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building or
28	parking facility that is physically located in or physically
29	connected to that allocation area under any lease entered into
30	under IC 36-1-10.
31	(I) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1
32	2009, pay all or a part of a property tax replacement credit to
33	taxpayers in an allocation area as determined by the
34	redevelopment commission. This credit equals the amoun
35	determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a
36	taxing district (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or
37	part of the allocation area:
38	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
39	under IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$
10	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(3)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and
1 1	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to
12	the taxing district.



1	STEP TWO: Divide:
2	(i) that part of each county's eligible property tax
3	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its
4	repeal)) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4
5	(before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district;
6	by
7	(ii) the STEP ONE sum.
8	STEP THREE: Multiply:
9	(i) the STEP TWO quotient; times
10	(ii) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
11	IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its repeal)) levied in the taxing district
12	that have been allocated during that year to an allocation
13	fund under this section.
14	If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit
15	in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to
16	receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not
17	receive a credit under this section and a credit under section
18	
19	39.5 of this chapter (before its repeal) in the same year.
	(J) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment commission
20	for local public improvements that are in the allocation area or
21	serving the allocation area. Public improvements include
22	buildings, parking facilities, and other items described in
23	section 25.1(a) of this chapter.
24	(K) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
25	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
26	located:
27	(i) in the allocation area; and
28	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
29	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
30	government finance.
31	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
32	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
33	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
34	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
35	reimbursements under this clause must be made within three
36	(3) years after the date on which the investments that are the
37	basis for the increment financing are made.
38	(L) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project
39	(as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that established
40	the redevelopment commission. However, property tax
41	proceeds may be used under this clause to pay the costs of



2016

carrying out an eligible efficiency project only if those

1	property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary to do the
2	following:
3	(i) Make, when due, any payments required under clauses
4	(A) through (K), including any payments of principal and
5	interest on bonds and other obligations payable under this
6	subdivision, any payments of premiums under this
7	subdivision on the redemption before maturity of bonds, and
8	any payments on leases payable under this subdivision.
9	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
10	subdivision.
11	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
12	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service reserve
13	under this subdivision.
14	(M) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
15	authorized in section 12.2(a)(27) of this chapter.
16	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
17	commission.
18	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), (h), before July 1 of each
19	year, the commission shall do the following:
20	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value
21	of the taxable property in the allocation area for the most
22	recent assessment date minus the base assessed value, when
23	multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will
24	exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce the
25	property taxes necessary to make, when due, principal and
26	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3), plus
27	the amount necessary for other purposes described in
28	subdivision (3).
29	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal
30	body of the county or municipality that established the
31	department of redevelopment, the officers who are authorized
32	to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for
33	each of the other taxing units that is wholly or partly located
34	within the allocation area, and (in an electronic format) the
35	department of local government finance. The notice must:
36	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that the
37	commission has determined may be allocated to the
38	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
39	subdivision (1); or
40	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there is no
41	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
42	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).



1	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
2	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
3	commission. The commission may not authorize an allocation
4	of assessed value to the respective taxing units under this
5	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interests of the
6	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors under
7	section 25.3 of this chapter.
8	(C) If:
9	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
10	commission is expected to generate more than two hundred
11	percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds
12	necessary to make, when due, principal and interes
13	payments on bonds described in subdivision (3); plus
14	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
15	subdivision (3);
16	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the uni
17	its determination of the excess assessed value that the
18	commission proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units
19	in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1). The legislative
20	body of the unit may approve the commission's determination
21	or modify the amount of the excess assessed value that will be
22	allocated to the respective taxing units in the manner
23	prescribed in subdivision (1).
24	(e) (d) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
25	unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
26	allocation area that is annexed by any taxing unit after the effective
27	date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the
28	lesser of:
29	(1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with
30	respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
31	(2) the base assessed value.
32	(d) (e) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment distric
33	under subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(c)(3)}$ may, subject to subsection $\frac{(b)(4)}{(c)(4)}$
34	be irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as se
35	forth in subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(b)(3)}$.
36	(e) (f) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upor
37	petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable
38	property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective
39	on the next assessment date after the petition.
40	(f) (g) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of al
41	taxable property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation
42	
+∠	property tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and



tax levy for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the lesser of:

- (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to this section; or
- (2) the base assessed value.

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(g) (h) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection $\frac{(b)(3)}{(c)(3)}$ and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection $\frac{b}{1}$ (c)(1) and $\frac{b}{2}$ (c)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata portion of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that has no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) (c)(1) and (b)(2) (c)(2) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection $\frac{b}{1}$ (c)(1) and $\frac{b}{2}$ (c)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), (c)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) to allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. Those programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(h) (i) The state board of accounts and department of local government finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. After each general reassessment of real property in an area



under IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment in an area under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection:

- (1) may not include the effect of phasing in assessed value due to property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1;
- (2) may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district under subsection (b)(3) (c)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, the reassessment under the reassessment plan, or the annual adjustment had not occurred; and
- (3) may decrease base assessed value only to the extent that assessed values in the allocation area have been decreased due to annual adjustments or the reassessment under the reassessment plan.

Assessed value increases attributable to the application of an abatement schedule under IC 6-1.1-12.1 may not be included in the base assessed value of an allocation area. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

- (i) (j) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (b) (c) is determined in the following manner:
 - (1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2011.
 - (2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline and subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically extended in increments of five (5) years, so that allocation deadlines subsequent to the initial allocation deadline fall on December 31, 2016, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
 - (3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation deadline determined under subdivision (2), the general assembly may enact a law that:
 - (A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation deadlines under subdivision (2); and
 - (B) specifically designates a particular date as the final allocation deadline.



- SECTION 19. IC 36-7-14-39.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012, SECTION 207, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 39.2. (a) This section applies to a county having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand (250,000) but less than two hundred seventy thousand (270,000).
- (b) As used in this section, "designated taxpayer" means any taxpayer designated by the commission in a declaratory resolution adopted or amended under section 15 or 17.5 of this chapter and with respect to which the commission finds that taxes to be derived from the taxpayer's depreciable personal property in the allocation area, in excess of the taxes attributable to the base assessed value of that personal property, are reasonably expected to exceed in one (1) or more future years the taxes to be derived from the taxpayer's real property in the allocation area in excess of the taxes attributable to the base assessed value of that real property.
- (c) The allocation provision of a declaratory resolution may modify the definition of "property taxes" under section 39(a) 39(b) of this chapter to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property of designated taxpayers, in accordance with the procedures and limitations set forth in this section and section 39 of this chapter. If such a modification is included in the resolution for purposes of section 39 of this chapter, the term "base assessed value" with respect to the depreciable personal property of designated taxpayers means the net assessed value of all the depreciable personal property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding:
 - (1) the effective date of the modification, for modifications adopted before July 1, 1995; and
 - (2) the adoption date of the modification for modifications adopted after June 30, 1995;

as adjusted under section 39(h) 39(i) of this chapter.

SECTION 20. IC 36-7-14-39.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012, SECTION 244, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 39.3. (a) As used in this section, "depreciable personal property" refers to:

- (1) all of the designated taxpayer's depreciable personal property that is located in the allocation area; and
- (2) all other depreciable property located and taxable on the designated taxpayer's site of operations within the allocation area.
- (b) As used in this section, "designated taxpayer" means any taxpayer designated by the commission in a declaratory resolution



- adopted or amended under section 15 or 17.5 of this chapter, and with respect to which the commission finds that taxes to be derived from the depreciable personal property in the allocation area, in excess of the taxes attributable to the base assessed value of that personal property, are needed to pay debt service or to provide security for bonds issued under section 25.1 of this chapter or to make payments or to provide security on leases payable under section 25.2 of this chapter in order to provide local public improvements for a particular allocation area. However, a commission may not designate a taxpayer after June 30, 1992, unless the commission also finds that:
 - (1) the taxpayer's property in the allocation area will consist primarily of industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, research and development, processing, distribution, or transportation related projects or regulated amusement devices (as defined in IC 22-12-1-19.1) and related improvements; and
 - (2) the taxpayer's property in the allocation area will not consist primarily of retail, commercial, or residential projects, other than an amusement park or tourism industry project.
- (c) The allocation provision of a declaratory resolution may modify the definition of "property taxes" under section 39(a) 39(b) of this chapter to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property located and taxable on the site of operations of the designated taxpayers in accordance with the procedures and limitations set forth in this section and section 39 of this chapter. If such a modification is included in the resolution, for purposes of section 39 of this chapter the term "base assessed value" with respect to the depreciable personal property means the net assessed value of all the depreciable personal property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding:
 - (1) the effective date of the modification, for modifications adopted before July 1, 1995; and
 - (2) the adoption date of the modification for modifications adopted after June 30, 1995;
- as adjusted under section 39(h) 39(i) of this chapter.
- (d) A declaratory resolution of a city redevelopment commission that is adopted before March 20, 1990, is legalized and validated as if it had been adopted under this section.
- (e) An action taken by a redevelopment commission before February 24, 1992, to designate a taxpayer, modify the definition of property taxes, or establish a base assessed value as described in this section, as in effect on February 24, 1992, is legalized and validated as if this section, as in effect on February 24, 1992, had been in effect on



1	the date of the action.
2	(f) The amendment made to this section by P.L.41-1992, does not
3	affect actions taken pursuant to P.L.35-1990.
4	(g) A declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
5	resolution that was adopted by:
6	(1) a county redevelopment commission for a county; or
7	(2) a city redevelopment commission for a city;
8	before February 26, 1992, is legalized and validated as if the
9	declaratory resolution or amendment had been adopted under this
10	section as amended by P.L.147-1992.
11	SECTION 21. IC 36-7-14-39.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 39.8. (a) This section applies
14	only to an allocation area initially established after December 31,
15	2016, and all subsequent amendments to the allocation provision
16	for the allocation area.
17	(b) The following definitions apply throughout this section:
18	(1) "Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment
19	project area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory
20	resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter refers for
21	purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.
22	(2) "Base assessed value" with respect to a specified
23	participating taxing unit means the following:
24	(A) If an allocation provision is adopted in a declaratory
25	resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution
26	establishing an economic development area:
27	(i) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
28	determined for the assessment date immediately
29	preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of
30	the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection
31	(i); plus
32	(ii) to the extent that it is not included in item (i), the net
33	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
34	property under the rules of the department of local
35	government finance, as finally determined for any
36	assessment date after the effective date of the allocation
37	provision.
38	(B) If an allocation provision is adopted in a declaratory
39	resolution or an amendment to a declaratory resolution
40	establishing a redevelopment project area:
41	(i) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
42	determined for the assessment date immediately



preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of
the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection
(i); plus

- (ii) to the extent that it is not included in item (i), the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the effective date of the allocation provision.
- (C) For all other allocation areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (i).
- (3) "Participating taxing unit" means a taxing unit that has elected to be subject to an allocation provision under section 17(d) of this chapter.
- (4) Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter, "property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property.
- (c) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (j) may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (j) in accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. A declaratory resolution or amendment that establishes an allocation provision must include a specific finding of fact, supported by evidence, that the adoption of the allocation provision will result in new property taxes in the area that would not have been generated but for the adoption of the allocation provision. A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision. The expiration date of an allocation area may not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first obligation is incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must require that any



1	property taxes subsequently levied by a participating taxing unit
2	for the benefit of the participating taxing unit or another public
3	body be allocated and distributed as follows:
4	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for each
5	participating taxing unit, the proceeds of the taxes
6	attributable to the lesser of:
7	(A) the assessed value of the property in the participating
8	taxing unit for the assessment date with respect to which
9	the allocation and distribution is made; or
10	(B) the base assessed value of the participating taxing unit;
11	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds
12	of the participating taxing unit.
13	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed
14	for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation
15	and distribution is made that are attributable to taxes
16	imposed after being approved by the voters in a referendum
17	or local public question not otherwise included in subdivision
18	(1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the
19	funds of the participating taxing unit for which the
20	referendum or local public question was conducted.
21	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
22	proceeds of participating taxing units in excess of those
23	described in subdivisions (1) and (2) shall be allocated to the
24	redevelopment district and, when collected, paid into an
25	allocation fund for that allocation area that may be used by
26	the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or more of the
27	following:
28	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
29	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds that are
30	incurred by the redevelopment district for the purpose of
31	financing or refinancing the redevelopment of that
32	allocation area.
33	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve
34	for bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax
35	proceeds in that allocation area.
36	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable
37	from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and
38	from the special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
39	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
40	unit to pay for local public improvements that are
41	physically located in or physically connected to that



2016

allocation area.

1	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of
2	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds
3	in that allocation area.
4	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
5	proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this
6	chapter.
7	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by it for
8	local public improvements (including buildings, parking
9	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of
10	this chapter) that are physically located in or physically
11	connected to that allocation area.
12	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building
13	or parking facility that is physically located in or
14	physically connected to that allocation area under any
15	lease entered into under IC 36-1-10.
16	(I) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment
17	commission for local public improvements that are in the
18	allocation area or serving the allocation area. Public
19	improvements include buildings, parking facilities, and
20	other items described in section 25.1(a) of this chapter.
21	(J) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
22	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that
23	are located:
24	(i) in the allocation area; and
25	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified
26	as industrial property under the rules of the department
27	of local government finance.
28	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose
29	in any year may not exceed the total amount of money in
30	the allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes
31	paid by the industrial facilities described in this clause. The
32	reimbursements under this clause must be made within
33	three (3) years after the date on which the investments that
34	are the basis for the increment financing are made.
35	(K) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency
36	project (as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that
37	established the redevelopment commission. However,
38	property tax proceeds may be used under this clause to pay
39	the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project only
40	if those property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary
41	to do the following:



(i) Make, when due, any payments required under

1	clauses (A) through (J), including any payments of
2	principal and interest on bonds and other obligations
3	payable under this subdivision, any payments of
4	premiums under this subdivision on the redemption
5	before maturity of bonds, and any payments on leases
6	payable under this subdivision.
7	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
8	subdivision.
9	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
10	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service
11	reserve under this subdivision.
12	(L) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
13	authorized in section 12.2(a)(27) of this chapter.
14	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of
15	the commission.
16	(4) Except as provided in subsection (h), before July 1 of each
17	year, the commission shall do the following:
18	(A) For each participating taxing unit, determine the
19	amount, if any, by which the assessed value of the taxable
20	property of the participating taxing unit in the allocation
21	area for the most recent assessment date minus the base
22	assessed value of the participating taxing unit, when
23	multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area,
24	will exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce
25	the property taxes necessary to make, when due, the
26	principal and interest payments on bonds described in
27	subdivision (3), plus the amount necessary for other
28	purposes described in subdivision (3).
29	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the
30	fiscal body of the county or municipality that established
31	the department of redevelopment, the officers who are
32	authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under
33	IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units that is
34	wholly or partly located within the allocation area, and (in
35	an electronic format) the department of local government
36	finance. The notice must:
37	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that
38	the commission has determined may be allocated to the
39	respective participating taxing units in the manner
40	prescribed in subdivision (1); or
41	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there



is no excess assessed value that may be allocated to the

1	respective participating taxing units in the manner
2	prescribed in subdivision (1).
3	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective
4	participating taxing units the amount, if any, of excess
5	assessed value determined by the commission. The
6	commission may not authorize an allocation of assessed
7	value to the respective participating taxing units under this
8	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interests of the
9	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors
10	under section 25.3 of this chapter.
11	(C) If:
12	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
13	commission is expected to generate more than two
14	hundred percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax
15	proceeds necessary to make, when due, principal and
16	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3);
17	plus
18	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
19	subdivision (3);
20	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the
21	unit its determination of the excess assessed value that the
22	commission proposes to allocate to the respective
23	participating taxing units in the manner prescribed in
24	subdivision (1). The legislative body of the unit may
25	approve the commission's determination or modify the
26	amount of the excess assessed value that will be allocated
27	to the respective participating taxing units in the manner
28	prescribed in subdivision (1).
29	(d) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any
30	participating taxing unit or units, the assessed value of taxable
31	property in a territory in the allocation area that is annexed by any
32	participating taxing unit after the effective date of the allocation
33	provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:
34	(1) the assessed value of the property in the participating
35	taxing unit for the assessment date with respect to which the
36	allocation and distribution is made; or
37	(2) the base assessed value of the participating taxing unit.
38	(e) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district
39	under subsection (c)(3) may, subject to subsection(c)(4), be
40	irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as
41	set forth in subsection (c)(3).
42	(f) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon



petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective on the next assessment date after the petition.

- (g) Notwithstanding any other law, for each participating taxing unit, the assessed value of all taxable property in the part of the participating taxing unit in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy is the lesser of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the property in the part of the participating taxing unit in the allocation area as valued without regard to this section; or
 - (2) the base assessed value of the participating taxing unit.
- (h) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (c)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (c)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(3)from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (c)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (c)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata portion of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that has no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (c)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (c)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (c)(3) to allocation area it refers for purposes of payments from the



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- special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. Those programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.
- (i) The state board of accounts and department of local government finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment in an area under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value of each participating taxing unit one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value of each participating taxing unit one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection:
 - (1) may not include the effect of phasing in assessed value due to property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1;
 - (2) may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district under subsection (c)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, the reassessment under the reassessment plan, or the annual adjustment had not occurred; and
 - (3) may decrease base assessed value of a participating taxing unit only to the extent that assessed values in the allocation area have been decreased due to annual adjustments or the reassessment under the reassessment plan.

Assessed value increases attributable to the application of an abatement schedule under IC 6-1.1-12.1 may not be included in the base assessed value of a participating taxing unit. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

- (j) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (c) is determined in the following manner:
 - (1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2021.
 - (2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline



1 2	and subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically extended in increments of five (5) years, so that allocation
3	deadlines after the initial allocation deadline fall on December
4	31, 2026, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
5	(3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation
6	deadline determined under subdivision (2), the general
7	assembly may enact a law that:
8	(A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation
9	deadlines under subdivision (2); and
10	(B) specifically designates a particular date as the final
11	allocation deadline.
12	SECTION 22. IC 36-7-14-45, AS ADDED BY P.L.154-2006,
13	SECTION 73, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 45. (a) The commission may establish a
15	program for housing by resolution. The program, which may include
16	any relevant elements the commission considers appropriate, may be
17	adopted as part of a redevelopment plan or amendment to a
18	redevelopment plan, and must establish an allocation area for purposes
19	of sections section 39 or 39.8 and section 48 of this chapter for the
20	accomplishment of the program. The program must be approved by the
21	municipal legislative body or county executive as specified in section
22	17 of this chapter.
23	(b) The notice and hearing provisions of sections 17 and 17.5 of this
24	chapter, including notice under section 17(c) of this chapter to a taxing
25	unit that is wholly or partly located within an allocation area, apply to
26	the resolution adopted under subsection (a). Judicial review of the
27	resolution may be made under section 18 of this chapter.
28	(c) Before formal submission of any housing program to the
29	commission, the department of redevelopment:
30	(1) shall consult with persons interested in or affected by the
31	proposed program;
32	(2) shall provide the affected neighborhood associations,
33	residents, and township assessors with an adequate opportunity to
34	participate in an advisory role in planning, implementing, and
35	evaluating the proposed program; and
36	(3) shall hold public meetings in the affected neighborhood to
37	obtain the views of neighborhood associations and residents.
38	SECTION 23. IC 36-7-14-46, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2014,
39	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 46. All the rights, powers, privileges, and
41	immunities that may be exercised by the commission in blighted,

deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by the



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commission in implementing its program	for housing,	including the
following:		

- (1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this chapter may be used to accomplish the housing program.
- (2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the housing program, but only one (1) issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any allocation area except for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to complete a housing program for which bonds were previously issued.
- (3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish the housing program.
- (4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are applicable.
- (5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 **or 39.8** of this chapter.

SECTION 24. IC 36-7-14-48, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2015, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 48. (a) Notwithstanding section 39(a) 39(b) or 39.8(b) of this chapter, with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the accomplishment of a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter, "base assessed value" means the net assessed value of all of the property, other than personal property, as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the allocation provision, as adjusted under section 39(h) 39(i) or 39.8(i) of this chapter.

- (b) The allocation fund established under section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter may be used only for purposes related to the accomplishment of the program, including the following:
 - (1) The construction, rehabilitation, or repair of residential units within the allocation area.
 - (2) The construction, reconstruction, or repair of any infrastructure (including streets, sidewalks, and sewers) within or serving the allocation area.
 - (3) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property within the allocation area.
 - (4) The demolition of real property within the allocation area.
 - (5) The provision of financial assistance to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential units within the allocation area. However, financial assistance may be provided only to those individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's



1	median income for individuals and families, respectively.
2	(6) The provision of financial assistance to neighborhood
3	development corporations to permit them to provide financial
4	assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (5).
5	(7) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1,
6	2009, providing each taxpayer in the allocation area a credit for
7	property tax replacement as determined under subsections (c) and
8	(d). However, the commission may provide this credit only if the
9	municipal legislative body (in the case of a redevelopment
10	commission established by a municipality) or the county
11	executive (in the case of a redevelopment commission established
12	by a county) establishes the credit by ordinance adopted in the
13	year before the year in which the credit is provided.
14	(c) The maximum credit that may be provided under subsection
15	(b)(7) to a taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of an
16	allocation area established for a program adopted under section 45 of
17	this chapter shall be determined as follows:
18	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
19	described in IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A) and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)
20	through IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is
21	attributable to the taxing district.
22	STEP TWO: Divide:
23	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
24	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) for
25	that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4(a)(1) (before its
26	repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district; by
27	(B) the amount determined under STEP ONE.
28	STEP THREE: Multiply:
29	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by
30	(B) the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before
31	its repeal) levied in the taxing district allocated to the
32	allocation fund, including the amount that would have been
33	allocated but for the credit.
34	(d) The commission may determine to grant to taxpayers in an
35	allocation area from its allocation fund a credit under this section, as
36	calculated under subsection (c). Except as provided in subsection (g),
37	one-half $(1/2)$ of the credit shall be applied to each installment of taxes
38	(as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) that under
39	IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable in a year. The commission must
40	provide for the credit annually by a resolution and must find in the
41	resolution the following:



2016

(1) That the money to be collected and deposited in the allocation

1	fund, based upon historical collection rates, after granting the
2	credit will equal the amounts payable for contractual obligations
3	from the fund, plus ten percent (10%) of those amounts.
4	(2) If bonds payable from the fund are outstanding, that there is
5	a debt service reserve for the bonds that at least equals the amount
6	of the credit to be granted.
7	(3) If bonds of a lessor under section 25.2 of this chapter or under
8	IC 36-1-10 are outstanding and if lease rentals are payable from
9	the fund, that there is a debt service reserve for those bonds that
10	at least equals the amount of the credit to be granted.
11	If the tax increment is insufficient to grant the credit in full, the
12	commission may grant the credit in part, prorated among all taxpayers.
13	(e) Notwithstanding section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter,
14	the allocation fund established under section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of
15	this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under section
16	45 of this chapter may only be used to do one (1) or more of the
17	following:
18	(1) Accomplish one (1) or more of the actions set forth in:
19	(A) section $39(b)(3)(A)$ $39(c)(3)(A)$ through $39(b)(3)(H)$
20	39(c)(3)(H) and $39(b)(3)(J)$ $39(c)(3)(J)$ of this chapter; or
21	(B) section $39.8(c)(3)(A)$ through $39.8(c)(3)(I)$;
22	for property that is residential in nature.
23	(2) Reimburse the county or municipality for expenditures made
24	by the county or municipality in order to accomplish the housing
25	program in that allocation area.
26	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
27	commission.
28	(f) Notwithstanding section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c)(3) of this
29	chapter, the commission shall, relative to the allocation fund
30	established under section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter for an
31	allocation area for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter,
32	do the following before July 1 of each year:
33	(1) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value of
34	the taxable property in the allocation area for the most recent
35	assessment date minus the base assessed value, when multiplied
36	by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will exceed the
37	amount of assessed value needed to produce the property taxes
38	necessary to:
39	(A) make the distribution required under section $39(b)(2)$
40	39(c)(2) or 39.8(c)(2) of this chapter;
41	(B) make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds
42	described in section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $39.8(c)(3)$ of this



1	chapter;
2	(C) pay the amount necessary for other purposes described in
3	section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $39.8(c)(3)$ of this chapter; and
4	(D) reimburse the county or municipality for anticipated
5	expenditures described in subsection (e)(2).
6	(2) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal body
7	of the county or municipality that established the department of
8	redevelopment, the officers who are authorized to fix budgets, tax
9	rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other
10	taxing units that is wholly or partly located within the allocation
11	area, and (in an electronic format) the department of local
12	government finance. The notice must:
13	(A) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
14	commission has determined may be paid to the respective
15	taxing units in the manner prescribed in section $39(b)(1)$
16	39(c)(1) or 39.8(c)(1) of this chapter; or
17	(B) state that the commission has determined that there is no
18	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
19	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
20	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units the
21	amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
22	commission.
23	(3) If:
24	(A) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
25	commission is expected to generate more than two hundred
26	percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds
27	necessary to make, when due, principal and interest payments
28	on bonds described in subdivision (1); plus
29	(B) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
30	subdivision (1);
31	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the unit its
32	determination of the excess assessed value that the commission
33	proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units in the manner
34	prescribed in subdivision (2). The legislative body of the unit may
35	approve the commission's determination or modify the amount of
36	the excess assessed value that will be allocated to the respective
37	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (2).
38	(g) This subsection applies to an allocation area only to the extent
39	that the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
40	property under the rules of the department of local government finance
41	is not included in the base assessed value. If property tax installments
т1	15 not included in the base assessed value. If property tax illistaninents

with respect to a homestead (as defined in IC 6-1.1-12-37) are due in



42

installments established by the department of local government finance
under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an
allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (d)
for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) due in
installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each
installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal).
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SECTION 25. IC 36-7-14-49, AS ADDED BY P.L.7-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 49. (a) A commission may adopt a resolution to establish a program for age-restricted housing. The program:

- (1) must be limited to age-restricted housing that satisfies the requirements of 42 U.S.C. 3607 (the federal Housing for Older Persons Act);
- (2) may include any relevant elements the commission considers appropriate;
- (3) may be adopted as part of a redevelopment plan or an amendment to a redevelopment plan; and
- (4) may establish an allocation area for purposes of sections 39 or 39.8 and 50 of this chapter for the accomplishment of the program.

The program must be approved by the municipal legislative body or county executive as specified in section 17 of this chapter.

- (b) The notice and hearing provisions of sections 17 and 17.5 of this chapter, including notice under section 17(c) of this chapter to a taxing unit that is wholly or partly located within an allocation area, apply to the resolution adopted under subsection (a). Judicial review of the resolution may be made under section 18 of this chapter.
- (c) Before formal submission of any age-restricted housing program to the commission, the department of redevelopment:
 - (1) shall consult with persons interested in or affected by the proposed program; and
 - (2) shall hold public meetings in the areas to be affected by the proposed program to obtain the views of affected persons.

SECTION 26. IC 36-7-14-50, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014, SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), all the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by a commission in blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by a commission in implementing its program for age-restricted housing, including the following:

(1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this chapter may be used to accomplish the purposes of the



1	age-restricted housing program.
2	(2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the
3	purposes of the age-restricted housing program, but only one (1)
4	issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any
5	allocation area established under section 49 of this chapter, except
6	for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to
7	complete an age-restricted housing program for which bonds were
8	previously issued.
9	(3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish
10	the purposes of the age-restricted housing program.
11	(4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are
12	applicable.
13	(5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 or 39.8 of
14	this chapter.
15	(b) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain
16	in implementing its age-restricted housing program.
17	SECTION 27. IC 36-7-14-52, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2015,
18	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 52. (a) Notwithstanding section 39(a) 39(b)
20	or 39.8(b) of this chapter, with respect to the allocation and
21	distribution of property taxes for the accomplishment of the purposes
22	of an age-restricted housing program adopted under section 49 of this
23	chapter, "base assessed value" means the net assessed value of all of
24	the property, other than personal property, as finally determined for the
25	assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the
26	allocation provision, as adjusted under section 39(h) 39(i) or 39.8(i) of
27	this chapter.
28	(b) The allocation fund established under section 39(b) 39(c) or
29	39.8(c) of this chapter for the allocation area for an age-restricted
30	housing program adopted under section 49 of this chapter may be used
31	only for purposes related to the accomplishment of the purposes of the
32	program, including, but not limited to, the following:
33	(1) The construction of any infrastructure (including streets,
34	sidewalks, and sewers) or local public improvements in, serving,
35	or benefiting the allocation area.
36	(2) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property
37	within the allocation area.
38	(3) The preparation of real property in anticipation of
39	development of the real property within the allocation area.
40	(4) To do any of the following:
41	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds or any other



2016

obligations payable from allocated tax proceeds in the

1	allocation area that are incurred by the redevelopment district
2	for the purpose of financing or refinancing the age-restricted
3	housing program established under section 49 of this chapter
4	for the allocation area.
5	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
6	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
7	the allocation area.
8	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
9	allocated tax proceeds in the allocation area and from the
10	special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
11	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
12	unit to pay for local public improvements that are physically
13	located in or physically connected to the allocation area.
14	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
15	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in the
16	allocation area.
17	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
18	proceeds in the allocation area under section 25.2 of this
19	chapter.
20	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by the unit for
21	local public improvements (which include buildings, parking
22	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this
23	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected
24	to the allocation area.
25	(c) Notwithstanding section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter,
26	the commission shall, relative to the allocation fund established under
27	section 39(b) 39(c) or 39.8(c) of this chapter for an allocation area for
28	an age-restricted housing program adopted under section 49 of this
29	chapter, do the following before July 1 of each year:
30	(1) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value of
31	the taxable property in the allocation area for the most recent
32	assessment date minus the base assessed value, when multiplied
33	by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will exceed the
34	amount of assessed value needed to produce the property taxes
35	necessary to:
36	(A) make the distribution required under section $\frac{39(b)(2)}{(2)}$
37	39(c)(2) or 39.8(c)(2) of this chapter;
38	(B) make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds
39	described in section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ 39(c)(3) or 39.8(c)(3) of this
40	chapter;
41	(C) pay the amount necessary for other purposes described in
42	section $\frac{39(b)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ or $\frac{39.8(c)(3)}{39(c)(3)}$ of this chapter; and



1	(D) reimburse the county or municipality for anticipated
2	expenditures described in subsection (b)(2).
3	(2) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal body
4	of the county or municipality that established the department of
5	redevelopment, the officers who are authorized to fix budgets, tax
6	rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other
7	taxing units that is wholly or partly located within the allocation
8	area, and (in an electronic format) the department of local
9	government finance. The notice must:
10	(A) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
l 1	commission has determined may be paid to the respective
12	taxing units in the manner prescribed in section 39(b)(1)
13	39(c)(1) or 39.8(c)(1) of this chapter; or
14	(B) state that the commission has determined that there is no
15	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
16	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
17	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units the
18	amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
19	commission.
20	SECTION 28. IC 36-7-14.2-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.80-2014
21	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "property taxes"
23	means:
24	(1) property taxes, as described in:
25	(A) IC 6-1.1-39-5(g);
26	(B) IC 36-7-14-39(a); IC 36-7-14-39(b) ;
27	(C) IC 36-7-14-39.8(b);
28	(C) (D) IC 36-7-14-39.2;
29	(D) (E) IC 36-7-14-39.3(c);
30	(E) (F) IC 36-7-14.5-12.5;
31	(F) (G) IC 36-7-15.1-26(a);
32	(G) (H) IC 36-7-15.1-26.2(c);
33	(H) (I) IC 36-7-15.1-53(a);
34	(I) (J) IC 36-7-15.1-55(c);
35	(3) (K) IC 36-7-30-25(a)(3);
36	(K) (L) IC 36-7-30-26(c);
37	(L) (M) IC 36-7-30.5-30; or
38	(M) (N) IC 36-7-30.5-31; and
39	(2) for allocation areas created under IC 8-22-3.5, the taxes
10	assessed on taxable tangible property in the allocation area.
11	SECTION 29. IC 36-7-14.5-12.5, AS AMENDED BY
12.	PL 242-2015 SECTION 43 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12.5. (a) This
2	section applies only to an authority in a county having a United States
3	government military base that is scheduled for closing or is completely
4	or partially inactive or closed.
5	(b) In order to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 11 of this
6	chapter, an authority may create an economic development area:
7	(1) by following the procedures set forth in IC 36-7-14-41 for the
8	establishment of an economic development area by a
9	redevelopment commission; and
.0	(2) with the same effect as if the economic development area was
1	created by a redevelopment commission.
2	The area established under this section shall be established only in the
.3	area where a United States government military base that is scheduled
4	for closing or is completely or partially inactive or closed is or was
.5	located.
.6	(c) In order to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 11 of this
.7	chapter, an authority may do the following in a manner that serves an
8	economic development area created under this section:
9	(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, condemnation, or
20	lease, or any combination of methods, any personal property or
21	interest in real property needed for the redevelopment of
22	economic development areas located within the corporate
23	boundaries of the unit.
24	(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or
25 26	other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, or otherwise dispose of
	property acquired for use in the redevelopment of economic
27	development areas on the terms and conditions that the authority
28	considers best for the unit and the unit's inhabitants.
29	(3) Sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property
30	acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of
31	the unit or to any other governmental agency for public ways,
32	levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public
33	purposes on any terms that may be agreed on.
34	(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
35	(5) Repair and maintain structures acquired for redevelopment
86	purposes.
37	(6) Remodel, rebuild, enlarge, or make major structural
88	improvements on structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.
39	(7) Survey or examine any land to determine whether the land
10	should be included within an economic development area to be
1	acquired for redevelopment purposes and to determine the value
12	of that land.



1	(8) Appear before any other department or agency of the unit, or
2	before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter
3	affecting:
4	(A) real property acquired or being acquired for
5	redevelopment purposes; or
6	(B) any economic development area within the jurisdiction of
7	the authority.
8	(9) Institute or defend in the name of the unit any civil action, but
9	all actions against the authority must be brought in the circuit or
10	superior court of the county where the authority is located.
11	(10) Use any legal or equitable remedy that is necessary or
12	considered proper to protect and enforce the rights of and perform
13	the duties of the authority.
14	(11) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of and
15	within the corporate boundaries of the unit subject to the same
16	conditions and procedures that apply to the exercise of the power
17	of eminent domain by a redevelopment commission under
18	IC 36-7-14.
19	(12) Appoint an executive director, appraisers, real estate experts,
20	engineers, architects, surveyors, and attorneys.
21	(13) Appoint clerks, guards, laborers, and other employees the
22	authority considers advisable, except that those appointments
23	must be made in accordance with the merit system of the unit if
24	such a system exists.
25	(14) Prescribe the duties and regulate the compensation of
26	employees of the authority.
27	(15) Provide a pension and retirement system for employees of
28	the authority by using the public employees' retirement fund or a
29	retirement plan approved by the United States Department of
30	Housing and Urban Development.
31	(16) Discharge and appoint successors to employees of the
32	authority subject to subdivision (13).
33	(17) Rent offices for use of the department or authority, or accept
34	the use of offices furnished by the unit.
35	(18) Equip the offices of the authority with the necessary
36	furniture, furnishings, equipment, records, and supplies.
37	(19) Design, order, contract for, and construct, reconstruct,
38	improve, or renovate the following:
39	(A) Any local public improvement or structure that is
40	necessary for redevelopment purposes or economic
41	development within the corporate boundaries of the unit.
42	(B) Any structure that enhances development or economic



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- (20) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of pedestrian skyways (as defined in IC 36-7-14-12.2(c)).
- (21) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial assistance from, or contract with, the federal government, the state government, a municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or any other source.
- (22) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of the duties of the authority and the execution of the powers of the authority under this chapter.
- (23) Take any action necessary to implement the purpose of the authority.
- (24) Provide financial assistance, in the manner that best serves the purposes set forth in section 11 of this chapter, including grants and loans, to enable private enterprise to develop, redevelop, and reuse military base property or otherwise enable private enterprise to provide social and economic benefits to the citizens of the unit.
- (d) An authority may designate all or a portion of an economic development area created under this section as an allocation area by following the procedures set forth in IC 36-7-14-39 or IC 36-7-14-39.8 for the establishment of an allocation area by a redevelopment commission. The allocation provision may modify the definition of "property taxes" under IC 36-7-14-39(a) IC 36-7-14-39(b) or IC 36-7-14-39.8(b) to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property located and taxable on the site of operations of designated taxpayers in accordance with the procedures applicable to a commission under IC 36-7-14-39.3. IC 36-7-14-39.3 applies to such a modification. An allocation area established by an authority under this section is a special taxing district authorized by the general assembly to enable the unit to provide special benefits to taxpayers in the allocation area by promoting economic development that is of public use and benefit. For allocation areas established for an economic development area created under this section after June 30, 1997, and to the expanded portion of an allocation area for an economic development area that was established before June 30, 1997, and that is expanded under this section after June 30, 1997, the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date, must be allocated. All of the provisions of IC 36-7-14-39 or IC 36-7-14-39.8 apply to an allocation area created under this section, except that the authority shall be vested



with the rights and duties of a commission as referenced in those sections, except that the expiration date of any allocation provision for the allocation area is the later of July 1, 2016, or the expiration date determined under IC 36-7-14-39(b), IC 36-7-14-39(c) or IC 36-7-14-39.8(c) and except that, notwithstanding IC 36-7-14-39(b)(3), IC 36-7-14-39(c)(3) or IC 36-7-14-39.8(c)(3), property tax proceeds paid into the allocation fund may be used by the authority only to do one (1) or more of the following:

- (1) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium on any obligations incurred by the special taxing district or any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing military base reuse activities in or serving or benefiting that allocation area.
- (2) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for obligations payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area or from other revenues of the authority (including lease rental revenues).
- (3) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.
- (4) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures made by it that benefits or provides for local public improvements or structures in or serving or benefiting that allocation area.
- (5) Pay expenses incurred by the authority that benefit or provide for local public improvements or structures that are in the allocation area or serving or benefiting the allocation area.
- (6) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are located:
 - (A) in the allocation area; and
 - (B) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as industrial property under the rules of the department of local government finance.

However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the industrial facilities described in clause (B). The reimbursements under this subdivision must be made within three (3) years after the date on which the investments that are the basis for the increment financing are made.

(e) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition, redevelopment, or economic development activities in or directly serving or benefiting an economic development area created by an authority under this section, and in anticipation of the taxes allocated under subsection (d), other revenues of the authority, or any



1	combination of these sources, the authority may, by resolution, issue
2	the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. Bonds
3	issued under this section may be issued in any amount without
4	limitation. The following apply if such a resolution is adopted:
5	(1) The authority shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing
6	the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then
7	prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the
8	bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.
9	(2) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the
10	unit and attested by the unit's fiscal officer.
11	(3) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.
12	(4) Bonds issued under this section may be sold at public sale in
13	accordance with IC 5-1-11 or at a negotiated sale.
14	(5) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an
15	indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are
16	payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the authority:
17	(A) from the tax proceeds allocated under subsection (d);
18	(B) from other revenues available to the authority; or
19	(C) from a combination of the methods stated in clauses (A)
20	and (B).
21	(6) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost
22	of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years
23	from the date of issuance.
24	(7) Laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance
25	of bonds and the right of taxpayers and voters to remonstrate
26	against the issuance of bonds do not apply to bonds issued under
27	this section.
28	(8) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds,
29	the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest
30	on the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.
31	(9) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely
32	or in part from revenues to the authority from a project or
33	projects, the authority may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or
34	enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue
35	bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the
36	revenues from the project or projects. The resolution or trust
37	indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and
38	enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be
39	reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including
40	covenants setting forth the duties of the authority. The authority

may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and

covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and



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charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the authority that are
payable solely from revenues of the authority shall contain a statement to that effect in the form of bond.
(f) Notwithstanding section 8(a) of this chapter, an ordinance adopted under section 11 of this chapter may provide, or be amended
to provide, that the board of directors of the authority shall be composed of not fewer than three (3) nor more than eleven (11)
members, who must be residents of or be employed at a place of employment located within the unit. The members shall be appointed
by the executive of the unit. (g) The acquisition of real and personal property by an authority
under this section is not subject to the provisions of IC 5-22,
IC 36-1-10.5, IC 36-7-14-19, or any other statutes governing the purchase of property by public bodies or their agencies.
(h) An authority may negotiate for the sale, lease, or other disposition of real and personal property without complying with the
provisions of IC 5-22-22, IC 36-1-11, IC 36-7-14-22, or any other
statute governing the disposition of public property. (i) Notwithstanding any other law, utility services provided within

- ed within an economic development area established under this section are subject to regulation by the appropriate regulatory agencies unless the utility service is provided by a utility that provides utility service solely within the geographic boundaries of an existing or a closed military installation, in which case the utility service is not subject to regulation for purposes of rate making, regulation, service delivery, or issuance of bonds or other forms of indebtedness. However, this exemption from regulation does not apply to utility service if the service is generated, treated, or produced outside the boundaries of the existing or closed military installation.
- SECTION 30. IC 36-7-30-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.95-2014, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 25. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:
 - (1) "Allocation area" means that part of a military base reuse area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 10 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.
 - (2) "Base assessed value" means:
 - (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the adoption date of the allocation provision of the declaratory



1	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
2	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (C), the
3	net assessed value of any and all parcels or classes of parcels
4	identified as part of the base assessed value in the declaratory
5	resolution or an amendment thereto, as finally determined for
6	any subsequent assessment date; plus
7	(C) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (B), the
8	net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
9	property under the rules of the department of local government
10	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
11	effective date of the allocation provision.
12	Clause (C) applies only to allocation areas established in a
13	military reuse area after June 30, 1997, and to the part of an
14	allocation area that was established before June 30, 1997, and that
15	is added to an existing allocation area after June 30, 1997.
16	(3) "Property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real
17	property.
18	(b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 10 of this chapter
19	before the date set forth in IC 36-7-14-39(b) IC 36-7-14-39(c) or
20	IC 36-7-14-39.8(c) pertaining to declaratory resolutions adopted under
21	IC 36-7-14-15 may include a provision with respect to the allocation
22	and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner
23	provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted
24	may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that
25	declaratory resolution in accordance with the procedures set forth in
26	section 13 of this chapter. The allocation provision may apply to all or
27	part of the military base reuse area. The allocation provision must
28	require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit
29	of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable
30	property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:
31	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of
32	the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
33	(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date
34	with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
35	or
36	(B) the base assessed value;
37	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of
38	the respective taxing units.
39	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for
40	the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and
41	distribution are made that are attributable to taxes imposed after

being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public



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1	question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included
2	in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid
3	into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local
4	public question was conducted.
5	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
6	proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
7	shall be allocated to the military base reuse district and, when
8	collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that
9	may be used by the military base reuse district and only to do one
10	(1) or more of the following:
11	(A) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium
12	on any obligations incurred by the military base reuse district
13	or any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing
14	military base reuse activities in or directly serving or
15	benefiting that allocation area.
16	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
17	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
18	that allocation area or from other revenues of the reuse
19	authority, including lease rental revenues.
20	(C) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from
21	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.
22	(D) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures
23	made for local public improvements (or structures) in or
24	directly serving or benefiting that allocation area.
25	(E) Pay expenses incurred by the reuse authority, any other
26	department of the unit, or a department of another
27	governmental entity for local public improvements or
28	structures that are in the allocation area or directly serving or
29	benefiting the allocation area, including expenses for the
30	operation and maintenance of these local public improvements
31	or structures if the reuse authority determines those operation
32	and maintenance expenses are necessary or desirable to carry
33	out the purposes of this chapter.
34	(F) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
35	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
36	located:
37	(i) in the allocation area; and
38	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
39	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
40	government finance.
41	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in



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any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the

1	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
2	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
3	reimbursements under this clause must be made not more than
4	three (3) years after the date on which the investments that are
5	the basis for the increment financing are made.
6	(G) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
7	authorized in section 9(a)(25) of this chapter.
8	Except as provided in clause (E), the allocation fund may not be
9	used for operating expenses of the reuse authority.
10	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), before July 15 of each
11	year the reuse authority shall do the following:
12	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which property taxes
13	payable to the allocation fund in the following year will exceed
14	the amount of property taxes necessary to make, when due,
15	principal and interest payments on bonds described in
16	subdivision (3) plus the amount necessary for other purposes
17	described in subdivision (3).
18	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal
19	body of the unit that established the reuse authority, and the
20	officers who are authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax
21	levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units
22	that is wholly or partly located within the allocation area. The
23	notice must:
24	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
25	reuse authority has determined may be paid to the respective
26	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1); or
27	(ii) state that the reuse authority has determined that there
28	are no excess property tax proceeds that may be allocated to
29	the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
30	subdivision (1).
31	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
32	the amount, if any, of excess property tax proceeds determined
33	by the reuse authority. The reuse authority may not authorize
34	a payment to the respective taxing units under this subdivision
35	if to do so would endanger the interest of the holders of bonds
36	described in subdivision (3) or lessors under section 19 of this
37	chapter.
38	(c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
39	unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
40	allocation area that is annexed by a taxing unit after the effective date
41	of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:
42	(1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with



respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or (2) the base assessed value.

- (d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the military base reuse district under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be irrevocably pledged by the military base reuse district for payment as set forth in subsection (b)(3).
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon petition of the reuse authority, reassess the taxable property situated upon or in or added to the allocation area, effective on the next assessment date after the petition.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property tax replacement, and the making of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the lesser of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to this section; or
 - (2) the base assessed value.
- (g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata part of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that does not have obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) that are derived from property in the enterprise zone in the fund. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and



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employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. The programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(h) After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1,1-4-4 or reassessment under the county's reassessment plan under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base reuse district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base reuse district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection may not include the effect of property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1, and these adjustments may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the military base reuse district under subsection (b)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, reassessment under the county's reassessment plan, or annual adjustment had not occurred. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

SECTION 31. IC 36-7-30.5-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.95-2014, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 30. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:

- (1) "Allocation area" means that part of a military base development area to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section 16 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes. (2) "Base assessed value" means:
 - (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the adoption date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
 - (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (C), the net assessed value of any and all parcels or classes of parcels identified as part of the base assessed value in the declaratory



1	resolution or an amendment to the declaratory resolution, as
2	finally determined for any subsequent assessment date; plus
3	(C) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A) or (B), the
4	net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
5	property under the rules of the department of local government
6	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
7	effective date of the allocation provision.
8	(3) "Property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real
9	property.
10	(b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 16 of this chapter
11	before the date set forth in IC 36-7-14-39(b) IC 36-7-14-39(c) or
12	IC 36-7-14-39.8(c) pertaining to declaratory resolutions adopted under
13	IC 36-7-14-15 may include a provision with respect to the allocation
14	and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner
15	provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted
16	may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that
17	declaratory resolution in accordance with the procedures set forth in
18	section 18 of this chapter. The allocation provision may apply to all or
19	part of the military base development area. The allocation provision
20	must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the
21	benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on
22	taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as
23	follows:
24	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of
25	the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
26	(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date
27	with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
28	or
29	(B) the base assessed value;
30	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of
31	the respective taxing units.
32	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for
33	the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and
34	distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after
35	being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public
36	question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included
37	in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid
38	into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local
39	public question was conducted.
40	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax

proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)

shall be allocated to the development authority and, when



1	collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that
2	may be used by the development authority and only to do one (1)
2 3	or more of the following:
4	(A) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium
5	on any obligations incurred by the development authority or
6	any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing
7	military base development or reuse activities in or directly
8	serving or benefiting that allocation area.
9	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
10	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
11	that allocation area or from other revenues of the development
12	authority, including lease rental revenues.
13	(C) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from
14	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.
15	(D) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures
16	made for local public improvements (or structures) in or
17	directly serving or benefiting that allocation area.
18	(E) For property taxes first due and payable before 2009, pay
19	all or a part of a property tax replacement credit to taxpayers
20	in an allocation area as determined by the development
21	authority. This credit equals the amount determined under the
22	following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing district (as
23	defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or part of the
24	allocation area:
25	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
26	under IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$,
27	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(3)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and
28	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to
29	the taxing district.
30	STEP TWO: Divide:
31	(i) that part of each county's eligible property tax
32	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its
33	repeal)) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4
34	(before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district;
35	by
36	(ii) the STEP ONE sum.
37	STEP THREE: Multiply:
38	(i) the STEP TWO quotient; by
39	(ii) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
40	IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its repeal)) levied in the taxing district
41	that have been allocated during that year to an allocation
42	fund under this section.



1	If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit
2	in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to
3	receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not
4	receive a credit under this section and a credit under section
5	32 of this chapter (before its repeal) in the same year.
6	(F) Pay expenses incurred by the development authority for
7	local public improvements or structures that were in the
8	allocation area or directly serving or benefiting the allocation
9	area.
10	(G) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
11	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
12	located:
13	(i) in the allocation area; and
14	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
15	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
16	government finance.
17	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
18	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
19	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
20	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
21	reimbursements under this clause must be made not more than
22	three (3) years after the date on which the investments that are
23	the basis for the increment financing are made.
24	(H) Expend money and provide financial assistance as
25	authorized in section 15(26) of this chapter.
26	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
27	development authority.
28	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), before July 15 of each
29	year the development authority shall do the following:
30	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which property taxes
31	payable to the allocation fund in the following year will exceed
32	the amount of property taxes necessary to make, when due,
33	principal and interest payments on bonds described in
34	subdivision (3) plus the amount necessary for other purposes
35	described in subdivisions (2) and (3).
36	(B) Provide a written notice to the appropriate county auditors
37	and the fiscal bodies and other officers who are authorized to
38	
	fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for
39	each of the other taxing units that is wholly or partly located
40	within the allocation area. The notice must:
41	(i) state the amount, if any, of the excess property taxes that
42	the development authority has determined may be paid to



1	the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
2	subdivision (1); or
3	(ii) state that the development authority has determined that
4	there is no excess assessed value that may be allocated to the
5	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
6	subdivision (1).
7	The county auditors shall allocate to the respective taxing units
8	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
9	development authority. The development authority may not
10	authorize a payment to the respective taxing units under this
11	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interest of the
12	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors under
13	section 24 of this chapter. Property taxes received by a taxing
14	unit under this subdivision before 2009 are eligible for the
15	property tax replacement credit provided under IC 6-1.1-21
16	(before its repeal).
17	(c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
18	unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
19	allocation area that is annexed by a taxing unit after the effective date
20	of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the lesser of:
21	(1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with
22	respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
23	(2) the base assessed value.
24	(d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the military base development
25	district under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be
26	irrevocably pledged by the military base development district for
27	payment as set forth in subsection (b)(3).
28	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon
29	petition of the development authority, reassess the taxable property
30	situated upon or in or added to the allocation area, effective on the next
31	assessment date after the petition.
32	(f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable
33	property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property
34	tax replacement, and the making of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy
35	for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the
36	lesser of:
37	(1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to
38	this section; or
39	(2) the base assessed value.
40	(g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone

(g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone

created under IC 5-28-15, the development authority shall create funds

as specified in this subsection. A development authority that has



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obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. The development authority shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata part of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A development authority that does not have obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) that are derived from property in the enterprise zone in the fund. The development authority that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or for other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to an allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. The programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

(h) After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1.1-4-4 or reassessment under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base development district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the military base development district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection may not include the effect of property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1, and these adjustments may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable



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to the military base development district under subsection (b)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, reassessment under the county's reassessment plan, or annual adjustment had not occurred. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

