

SENATE BILL No. 380

DIGEST OF SB 380 (Updated February 20, 2019 11:10 am - DI 128)

Citations Affected: IC 29-3; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: Supported decision making. Requires that a person who files a petition for the appointment of a guardian for an incapacitated person or minor must inform the court what less restrictive alternatives were considered or implemented and, if less restrictive alternatives were not considered or implemented, the reason for the failure to consider or implement less restrictive alternatives. Provides for the use of supported decision making agreements for adults who need support and accommodations in making, communicating, and effectuating decisions.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

Koch, Lanane, Taylor G

January 14, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 21, 2019, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 380

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning probate.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

l	SECTION 1. IC 29-3-1-7.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2019]: Sec. 7.8. (a) "Less restrictive alternatives" means an
4	approach to meeting a person's needs that restricts fewer rights of
5	the person than would the appointment of the guardian.
6	(b) Less restrictive alternatives may include, but are not limited
7	to, the following:
8	(1) A supported decision making agreement (as defined in
9	IC 29-3-14-2).
0	(2) Appropriate technological assistance.
1	(3) The appointment of a representative payee.
2	(4) The appointment of a health care representative (as
3	defined in IC 16-36-1-2).
4	(5) The creation of a power of attorney (as defined in
5	IC 30-5-2-7).
6	SECTION 2. IC 29-3-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2011
7	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 1. (a) Any person may file a petition for the
2	appointment of a person to serve as guardian for an incapacitated
3	person or minor under this chapter or to have a protective order issued
4	under IC 29-3-4. The petition must state the following:
5	(1) The name, age, residence, and post office address of the
6	alleged incapacitated person or minor for whom the guardian is
7	sought to be appointed or the protective order issued.
8	(2) The nature of the incapacity.
9	(3) The approximate value and description of the property of the
10	incapacitated person or minor, including any compensation,
11	pension, insurance, or allowance to which the incapacitated
12	person or minor may be entitled.
13	(4) If a limited guardianship is sought, the particular limitations
14	requested.
15	(5) Whether a protective order has been issued or a guardian has
16	been appointed or is acting for the incapacitated person or minor
17	in any state.
18	(6) The residence and post office address of the proposed
19	guardian or person to carry out the protective order and the
20	relationship to the alleged incapacitated person of:
21	(A) the proposed guardian; or
22	(B) the person proposed to carry out the protective order.
23	(7) The names and addresses, as far as known or as can
24	reasonably be ascertained, of the persons most closely related by
25	blood or marriage to the person for whom the guardian is sought
26	to be appointed or the protective order is issued.
27	(8) The name and address of the person or institution having the
28	care and custody of the person for whom the guardian is sought
29	to be appointed or the protective order is issued.
30	(9) The names and addresses of any other incapacitated persons
31	or minors for whom the proposed guardian or person to carry out
32	the protective order is acting if the proposed guardian or person
33	is an individual.
34	(10) The reasons the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a
35	protective order is sought and the interest of the petitioner in the
36	appointment or issuance.
37	(11) A description of the petitioner's efforts to use less
38	restrictive alternatives before seeking guardianship,
39	including:
40	(A) the less restrictive alternatives for meeting the alleged
41	incapacitated person's needs that were considered or



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implemented;

1	(B) if a less restrictive alternative was not considered or
2	implemented, the reason that the less restrictive alternative
3	was not considered or implemented; and
4	(C) the reason a less restrictive alternative is insufficient to
5	meet the needs of the alleged incapacitated person.
6	(11) (12) The name and business address of the attorney who is
7	to represent the guardian or person to carry out the protective
8	order.
9	(12) (13) Whether a child in need of services petition or a
10	program of informal adjustment has been filed regarding the
11	minor for whom a guardianship is being sought, and, if so,
12	whether the case regarding the minor is open at the time the
13	guardianship petition is filed.
14	(b) Notice of a petition under this section for the appointment of a
15	guardian or the issuance of a protective order and the hearing on the
16	petition shall be given under IC 29-3-6.
17	(c) After the filing of a petition, the court shall set a date for a
18	hearing on the issues raised by the petition. Unless an alleged
19	incapacitated person is already represented by counsel, the court may
20	appoint an attorney to represent the incapacitated person.
21	(d) A person alleged to be an incapacitated person must be present
22	at the hearing on the issues raised by the petition and any response to
23	the petition unless the court determines by evidence that:
24	(1) it is impossible or impractical for the alleged incapacitated
25	person to be present due to the alleged incapacitated person's
26	disappearance, absence from the state, or similar circumstance;
27	(2) it is not in the alleged incapacitated person's best interest to be
28	present because of a threat to the health or safety of the alleged
29	incapacitated person as determined by the court;
30	(3) the incapacitated person has knowingly and voluntarily
31	consented to the appointment of a guardian or the issuance of a
32	protective order and at the time of such consent the incapacitated
33	person was not incapacitated as a result of a mental condition that
34	would prevent that person from knowingly and voluntarily
35	consenting; or
36	(4) the incapacitated person has knowingly and voluntarily
37	waived notice of the hearing and at the time of such waiver the
38	incapacitated person was not incapacitated as a result of a mental
39	condition that would prevent that person from making a knowing
40	and voluntary waiver of notice.
41	(e) A person alleged to be an incapacitated person may present

evidence and cross-examine witnesses at the hearing. The issues raised



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by the petition and any response to the petition shall be determined by
a jury if a jury is requested no later than seventy-two (72) hours prior
to the original date and time set for the hearing on the petition.
However, in no event may a request for a jury trial be made after thirty
(30) days have passed following the service of notice of a petition.

- (f) Any person may apply for permission to participate in the proceeding, and the court may grant the request with or without hearing upon determining that the best interest of the alleged incapacitated person or minor will be served by permitting the applicant's participation. The court may attach appropriate conditions to the permission to participate.
- (g) A court shall notify the department of child services of a hearing regarding the guardianship of a minor under this section if a:
 - (1) child in need of services petition has been filed regarding the minor; or
 - (2) program of informal adjustment involving the minor is pending.

The department of child services may participate in a hearing regarding the guardianship of a minor described in this subsection.

SECTION 3. IC 29-3-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.99-2013, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 6. (a) Unless otherwise directed by the court, a guardian (other than a temporary guardian) shall file with the court:

- (1) at least biennially, not more than thirty (30) days after the anniversary date of the guardian's appointment; and
- (2) not more than thirty (30) days after the termination of the appointment;

a written verified account of the guardian's administration.

- (b) A temporary guardian shall file with the court, within thirty (30) days after the termination of the temporary guardian's appointment, and otherwise as ordered by the court, a written verified account of the temporary guardian's administration.
- (c) A written verified account required under this section must include the incapacitated person's or minor's current residence and a description of the condition and circumstances of the incapacitated person or minor, including a specific showing of whether guardianship is still necessary and appropriate, and whether any less restrictive alternatives have been considered or implemented.
- (d) The court shall conduct a hearing on each verified account filed under this section. The court shall give notice to each person entitled to receive notice that an accounting has been filed and will be acted upon by the court on the date set unless written objections are



1	presented to the court on or before that date. The court shall give the
2	notice required by this subsection, unless waived, to the following:
3	(1) The protected person, unless waived by the court. If notice to
4	the protected person is waived, the court shall give notice to a
5	person who is not the guardian of the protected person in the
6	following priority:
7	(A) The protected person's spouse.
8	(B) An adult child of the protected person.
9	(C) A parent of the protected person.
10	(D) A guardian ad litem appointed by the court under
11	subsection (e).
12	(2) In the case of a protected person who has died, the personal
13	representative of the estate of the protected person, if any.
14	(3) Any other persons that the court directs.
15	(e) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to review on behalf
16	of a protected person an accounting filed under this section if:
17	(1) the protected person does not have a spouse, an adult child, or
18	a parent; or
19	(2) the same individual:
20	(A) served as the protected person's guardian before the death
21	of the protected person; and
22	(B) is the personal representative of the protected person's
23	estate.
24	(f) When an account other than an account in final settlement is
25	filed, the court may approve the same ex parte, but the account may be
26	reviewed by the court at any subsequent time and does not become
27	final until an account in final settlement is approved by the court after
28	notice and hearing.
29	(g) When notice of hearing has been given under this section, the
30	order of the court approving the intermediate account or the final
31	account is binding upon all persons.
32	(h) When a guardian files with the court proper receipts or other
33	evidence satisfactory to the court showing that the guardian has
34	delivered to the appropriate persons all the property for which the
35	guardian is accountable as guardian, the court shall enter an order of
36	discharge. The order of discharge operates as a release from the duties
37	of the guardian's office that have not yet terminated and operates as a
38	bar to any suit against the guardian and the guardian's sureties, unless
39	the suit is commenced within one (1) year from the date of the
40	discharge.

SECTION 4. IC 29-3-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS

A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY



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	4.00.00
1	1, 2019]:
2	Chapter 14. Supported Decision Making
3	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "supported decision making"
4	refers to the process of supporting and accommodating an adult in
5	the decision making process to make, communicate, and effectuate
6	life decisions, without impeding the self-determination of the adult.
7	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "supported decision making
8	agreement" means a document that outlines the decision making
9	supports and accommodations the adult chooses to receive from
10	one (1) or more supporters.
11	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "supporter" means a person at
12	least eighteen (18) years of age who has voluntarily agreed to assist
13	an adult in the decision making process as outlined in the adult's
14	supported decision making agreement.
15	Sec. 4. (a) An adult may not enter into a supported decision
16	making agreement unless the adult:
17	(1) enters into the agreement voluntarily and without coercion
18	or undue influence; and
19	(2) understands the nature and effect of the agreement.
20	(b) An adult may make, change, or revoke a supported decision
21	making agreement even if the adult does not have the capacity to
22	independently manage the adult's own health care, legal matters,
23	or financial affairs.
24	(c) A court may not consider an adult's execution of a supported
25	decision making agreement as evidence of incapacity. The existence
26	of an executed supported decision making agreement does not
27	preclude the adult from acting independently of the supported
28	decision making agreement.
29	(d) An adult may not enter into a supported decision making
30	agreement under this section if the agreement supplants the
31	authority of a guardian of the adult, unless the guardian consents
32	in writing to the adult entering into the supported decision making
33	agreement.
34	Sec. 5. (a) A supporter must:
35	(1) support the will and preference of the adult, and not the
36	supporter's opinion of the adult's best interests;
37	(2) act honestly, diligently, and in good faith;
38	(3) act within the scope set forth in the adult's supported
39	decision making agreement;
40	(4) avoid conflicts of interest; and
41	(5) notify the adult in writing of the supporter's intent to



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resign as a supporter.

1	(b) The relationship between an adult and a supporter is one of
2	trust and confidence, and serves to preserve the decision making
3	authority of the adult.
4	(c) A supporter is prohibited from:
5	(1) exerting undue influence upon the adult;
6	(2) receiving a fee for service related solely to services
7	performed in the role of supporter;
8	(3) obtaining, without the consent of the adult, information
9	acquired for a purpose other than assisting the adult in
10	making a specific decision authorized by the supported
11	decision making agreement;
12	(4) acting outside the scope of authority provided in the
13	supported decision making agreement; or
14	(5) obtaining, without the consent of the adult, nonpublic
15	personal information as defined in 15 U.S.C. 6809(4)(A).
16	(d) A supporter who is expressly given relevant authority in a
17	power of attorney may act within the scope of that authority to sign
18	instructions or other documents on behalf of the adult, in order to
19	communicate or implement decisions by the adult.
20	Sec. 6. A request or decision made or communicated with the
21	assistance of a supporter in conformity with this chapter shall be
22	recognized as the request or decision of the adult for the purposes
23	of any provision of law.
24	Sec. 7. (a) A supported decision making agreement must:
25	(1) name at least one (1) supporter;
26	(2) describe the decision making assistance that each
27	supporter may provide to the adult and how supporters may
28	work together; and
29	(3) if appropriate, be executed by the adult's guardian.
30	(b) A supported decision making agreement may:
31	(1) appoint more than one (1) supporter;
32	(2) appoint an alternate to act in the place of a supporter
33	under circumstances specified in the agreement; or
34	(3) authorize a supporter to share information with any other
35	supporter or others named in the agreement.
36	(c) A supported decision making agreement must be:
37	(1) in writing;
38	(2) dated; and
39	(3) signed by the adult in the presence of a notary.
40	(d) A supported decision making agreement must contain a
41	separate consent signed by each supporter named in the agreement
42	indicating the supporter's:



1	(1) relationship to the adult;
2	(2) willingness to act as a supporter; and
3	(3) acknowledgment of the duties of a supporter.
4	(e) An adult who meets the requirements to enter into a
5	supported decision making agreement under section 4 of this
6	chapter may sign a supported decision making agreement in any
7	manner, including electronic signature, permitted under
8	IC 30-5-4-1(5) or IC 30-5-11-4(a).
9	Sec. 8. An adult may revoke a supported decision making
10	agreement at any time. A revocation under this section must be in
11	writing, and a copy of the revocation must be provided to each
12	supporter.
13	Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in the supported decision making
14	agreement, a supported decision making agreement terminates in
15	the following situations:
16	(1) The adult subject of the supported decision making
17	agreement dies.
18	(2) The adult subject of the supported decision making
19	agreement revokes the agreement under section 8 of this
20	chapter.
21	(3) The named supporters withdraw their participation
22	without naming successor supporters.
23	(4) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that the
24	adult does not have capacity to execute or consent to a
25	supported decision making agreement.
26	(5) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that a
27	supporter has used the supported decision making agreement
28	to commit:
29	(A) financial exploitation;
30	(B) abuse; or
31	(C) neglect;
32	of the adult.
33	(6) A court of competent jurisdiction appoints a temporary or
34	permanent guardian for the person or property of the adult,
35	unless the court's order of appointment:
36	(A) expressly modifies but continues the supported decision
37	making agreement; and
38	(B) limits the powers and duties of the guardian.
39	(7) The adult signs a valid durable power of attorney, except
40	to the extent that the power of attorney expressly continues,
41	in whole or in part, the supported decision making agreement.
42	(b) The court may enter an order under subsection (a)(4), (a)(5),



1	and (a)(6) only after notice and a hearing to the adult and all
2	supporters named in the agreement.
3	Sec. 10. A supported decision making agreement that complies
4	with section 7 of this chapter is presumed valid. A party may rely
5	on the presumption of validity unless the party has actual
6	knowledge that the supported decision making agreement was not
7	validly executed.
8	Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a person who,
9	in good faith, relies on an authorization in a supported decision
10	making agreement or who, in good faith, declines to honor an
11	authorization in a supported decision making agreement is not
12	subject to civil or criminal liability or to discipline for
13	unprofessional conduct.
14	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a supporter who
15	performs supported decision making in good faith as specified in
16	a supported decision making agreement is immune from civil or
17	criminal liability resulting from the adult's decision.
18	(c) This section does not apply to a person whose act or omission
19	amounts to fraud, misrepresentation, recklessness, or willful or
20	wanton misconduct.
21	Sec. 12. The meaning and effect of a supported decision making
22	agreement is determined by the law of the jurisdiction in which the
23	supported decision making agreement was executed, unless the
24	supported decision making agreement provides otherwise.
25	Sec. 13. A person who:
26	(1) receives a copy of a supported decision making agreement;
27	or
28	(2) is aware of the existence of a supported decision making
29	agreement;
30	and reasonably believes that an adult is being abused, neglected, or
31	exploited must report the alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation to
32	adult protective services or another authorized law enforcement
33	agency.
34	SECTION 5. IC 34-30-2-126.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
35	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 126.8. IC 29-3-14-11 (Concerning

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 126.8. IC 29-3-14-11 (Concerning



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supported decision making agreements).

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 380, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 14, delete "appointment" and insert "creation".

Page 6, line 21, delete "to:" and insert "to".

Page 6, delete line 22.

Page 6, line 23, delete "(2)".

Page 6, line 23, after "adult's" insert "own".

Page 6, run in lines 21 through 24.

Page 6, delete lines 25 through 28.

Page 6, line 29, delete "(d)" and insert "(c)".

Page 6, line 34, delete "(e)" and insert "(d)".

Page 7, line 16, delete "or".

Page 7, line 18, delete "agreement." and insert "agreement; or

(5) obtaining, without the consent of the adult, nonpublic personal information as defined in 15 U.S.C. 6809(4)(A).".

Page 7, line 19, delete "is not a surrogate decision maker for the adult" and insert "who is expressly given relevant authority in a power of attorney may act within the scope of that authority to sign instructions or other documents on behalf of the adult, in order to communicate or implement decisions by the adult."

Page 7, delete lines 20 through 22.

Page 8, between lines 6 and 7, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(e) An adult who meets the requirements to enter into a supported decision making agreement under section 4 of this chapter may sign a supported decision making agreement in any manner, including electronic signature, permitted under IC 30-5-4-1(5) or IC 30-5-11-4(a)."

Page 8, line 11, after "9." insert "(a)".

Page 8, between lines 23 and 24, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(5) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that a supporter has used the supported decision making agreement to commit:
 - (A) financial exploitation;
 - (B) abuse; or
 - (C) neglect;

of the adult.

(6) A court of competent jurisdiction appoints a temporary or



permanent guardian for the person or property of the adult, unless the court's order of appointment:

- (A) expressly modifies but continues the supported decision making agreement; and
- (B) limits the powers and duties of the guardian.
- (7) The adult signs a valid durable power of attorney, except to the extent that the power of attorney expressly continues, in whole or in part, the supported decision making agreement.
- (b) The court may enter an order under subsection (a)(4), (a)(5), and (a)(6) only after notice and a hearing to the adult and all supporters named in the agreement."

Page 8, line 40, delete "gross negligence," and insert "recklessness,".

Page 9, delete lines 13 through 17.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 380 as introduced.)

HEAD, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

