

## **SENATE BILL No. 368**

DIGEST OF SB 368 (Updated January 21, 2015 12:13 pm - DI 106)

**Citations Affected:** IC 29-1; IC 29-3; IC 30-2; IC 30-4; IC 30-5; IC 34-30.

**Synopsis:** Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act. Enacts the Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act, drafted by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. Vests fiduciaries with the authority to access, control, or copy digital assets. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

# Waltz, Bray, Young R Michael, Randolph

January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. January 22, 2015, reported favorably — Do Pass.



#### First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

### SENATE BILL No. 368

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning trusts and fiduciaries.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 29-1-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.51-2014,
2	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) Forty-five (45) days after the death of a
4	decedent and upon being presented an affidavit that complies with
5	subsection (b), a person:
6	(1) indebted to the decedent; or
7	(2) having possession of personal property or an instrument
8	evidencing a debt, an obligation, a stock, or a chose in action
9	belonging to the decedent;
10	shall make payment of the indebtedness or deliver the personal
11	property or the instrument evidencing a debt, an obligation, a stock, or
12	a chose in action to a distributee claiming to be entitled to payment or
13	delivery of property of the decedent as alleged in the affidavit.
14	(b) The affidavit required by subsection (a) must be an affidavit
15	made by or on behalf of the distributee and must state the following:

made by or on behalf of the distributee and must state the following:

(1) That the value of the gross probate estate, wherever located



(less liens and encumbrances), does not exceed fifty thousand

2	dollars (\$50,000).
3	(2) That forty-five (45) days have elapsed since the death of the
4	decedent.
5	(3) That no application or petition for the appointment of a
6	personal representative is pending or has been granted in any
7	jurisdiction.
8	(4) The name and address of each distributee that is entitled to a
9	share of the property and the part of the property to which each
10	distributee is entitled.
11	(5) That the affiant has notified each distributee identified in the
12	affidavit of the affiant's intention to present an affidavit under this
13	section.
14	(6) That the affiant is entitled to payment or delivery of the
15	property on behalf of each distributee identified in the affidavit.
16	(c) If a motor vehicle or watercraft (as defined in IC 9-13-2-198.5)
17	is part of the estate, nothing in this section shall prohibit a transfer of
18	the certificate of title to the motor vehicle if five (5) days have elapsed
19	since the death of the decedent and no appointment of a persona
20	representative is contemplated. A transfer under this subsection shal
21	be made by the bureau of motor vehicles upon receipt of an affidavi
22	containing a statement of the conditions required by subsection (b)(1)
23	and (b)(6). The affidavit must be duly executed by the distributees of
24	the estate.
25	(d) A transfer agent of a security shall change the registered
26	ownership on the books of a corporation from the decedent to a
27	distributee upon the presentation of an affidavit as provided in
28	subsection (a).
29	(e) For the purposes of subsection (a), an insurance company that
30	by reason of the death of the decedent, becomes obligated to pay a
31	death benefit to the estate of the decedent is considered a persor
32	indebted to the decedent.
33	(f) For purposes of subsection (a), property in a safe deposit box
34	rented by a decedent from a financial institution organized or
35	reorganized under the law of any state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19) or
36	the United States is considered personal property belonging to the
37	decedent in the possession of the financial institution.
38	(g) For purposes of subsection (a), a distributee has the same
39	rights as a personal representative under IC 30-2-17-4 to access:
10	(1) the content of an electronic communication (as defined in

(2) a catalogue of electronic communications (as defined in



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IC 30-2-17-3);

1	IC 30-2-17-3); or
2	(3) any other digital asset (as defined in IC 30-2-17-3);
3	of the decedent.
4	SECTION 2. IC 29-1-13-1.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.12-2007,
5	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1.1. (a) As used in this section, "custodian" means
7	any person who electronically stores the documents or information of
8	another person.
9	(b) A custodian shall provide (a) IC 30-2-17-4 applies to the right
0	of a personal representative who is acting on behalf of the estate of a
1	deceased person who was domiciled in Indiana at the time of the
2	person's death, to access: to or copies of any documents or information
3	of the deceased person stored electronically by the custodian upon
4	receipt by the custodian of:
5	(1) a written request for access or copies made by the personal
6	representative, accompanied by a copy of the death certificate and
7	a certified copy of the personal representative's letters
8	testamentary; or the content of an electronic communication
9	(as defined in IC 30-2-17-3);
20	(2) an order of a court having probate jurisdiction of the deceased
21	person's estate. a catalogue of electronic communications (as
.2 .3	defined in IC 30-2-17-3); or
23	(3) any other digital asset (as defined in IC 30-2-17-3);
24	of the deceased person.
2.5	(c) (b) A custodian (as defined in IC 30-2-17-3) may not destroy
26	or dispose of the electronically stored documents or information of the
27	deceased person for two (2) years after the custodian receives a request
28	or order under <del>subsection (b).</del> IC 30-2-17.
.9	(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a custodian
0	to disclose any information:
1	(1) in violation of any applicable federal law; or
52	(2) to which the deceased person would not have been permitted
3	access in the ordinary course of business by the custodian.
4	SECTION 3. IC 29-3-1-1.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
6	1, 2015]: Sec. 1.6. "Catalogue of electronic communications" has
7	the meaning set forth in IC 30-2-17-3.
8	SECTION 4. IC 29-3-1-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
9	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
-0	1, 2015]: Sec. 2.7. "Content of an electronic communication" has
-1	the meaning set forth in IC 30-2-17-3.
-2	SECTION 5. IC 29-3-1-4.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



1	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2015]: Sec. 4.1. "Digital asset" has the meaning set forth in
3	IC 30-2-17-3.
4	SECTION 6. IC 29-3-8-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
6	1, 2015]: Sec. 10. (a) IC 30-2-17-5 applies to the right of a guardian
7	to access:
8	(1) the content of an electronic communication;
9	(2) a catalogue of electronic communications; or
10	(3) any other digital asset;
11	of a protected person.
12	(b) This article does not confer upon a guardian the power to
13	access:
14	(1) the content of an electronic communication;
15	(2) a catalogue of electronic communications; or
16	(3) any other digital asset;
17	of a protected person, unless, and only to the extent that, the court
18	expressly confers the power upon the guardian under
19	IC 29-3-9-4.1.
20	(c) For purposes of section 8 of this chapter, a power expressly
21	conferred by the court upon a guardian under IC 29-3-9-4.1 is
22	considered an additional responsibility and power with the
23	meaning of section 8(a)(1) of this chapter.
24	SECTION 7. IC 29-3-9-4.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
25	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
26	1, 2015]: Sec. 4.1. (a) After notice to interested persons and upon
27	authorization of the court, a guardian may access:
28	(1) the content of an electronic communication;
29	(2) a catalogue of electronic communications; or
30	(3) any other digital asset;
31	of a protected person as provided in the order of the court. The
32	court's authorization may apply generally or be restricted in scope.
33	(b) Before approving a guardian's exercise of the power to
34	access an item described in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(3), the
35	court shall consider primarily the decision that the protected
36	person would have made, to the extent that the decision of the
37	protected person can be ascertained.
38	SECTION 8. IC 30-2-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
39	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
40	1, 2015]:
41	Chapter 17. Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act

Sec. 1. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Fiduciary



1	Access to Digital Assets Act.
2	Sec. 2. (a) This chapter applies to the following:
3	(1) A fiduciary or agent acting under a will or power of
4	attorney, regardless of the date on which the will or the power
5	of attorney is executed.
6	(2) A personal representative acting for a decedent, regardless
7	of the date on which the decedent dies.
8	(3) A guardianship proceeding, regardless of the date or
9	which the guardianship proceeding commenced or whether
10	the guardianship proceeding is pending.
11	(4) A trustee acting under a trust, regardless of the date or
12	which the trust is created.
13	(b) This chapter does not apply to a digital asset of an employer
14	used by an employee in the ordinary course of the employer's
15	business.
16	Sec. 3. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
17	(1) "Account holder" means a person that has entered into a
18	terms of service agreement with a custodian or a fiduciary fo
19	the person.
20	(2) "Agent" means an attorney in fact granted authority
21	under a durable or nondurable power of attorney.
22	(3) "Carries" means engages in the transmission of electronic
23	communications.
24	(4) "Catalogue of electronic communications" means
25	information that identifies each person with which an account
26	holder has had an electronic communication, the time and
27	date of the communication, and the electronic address of the
28	person.
29	(5) "Content of an electronic communication" means
30	information concerning the substance or meaning of a
31	communication that:
32	(A) has been sent or received by the account holder;
33	(B) is in electronic storage by a custodian providing an
34	electronic communication service to the public or is
35	carried or maintained by a custodian providing a remote
36	computing service to the public; and
37	(C) is not readily accessible to the public.
38	(6) "Court" means the following unless the context clearly
39	indicates another meaning:
40	(A) The term has the meaning set forth in IC 30-5-2-3, it
41	the context in which the term is used concerns a fiduciary
42	or agent acting under a will or a power of attorney.



1	(B) The term has the meaning set forth in
2	IC 29-1-1-3(a)(3), if the context in which the term is used
3	concerns a personal representative acting for a decedent.
4	(C) The term has the meaning set forth in IC 29-3-1-3, if
5	the context in which the term is used concerns a guardian
6	acting for a protected person.
7	(D) The term has the meaning set forth in IC 30-4-1-2(6).
8	if the context in which the term is used concerns a trustee
9	acting under a trust.
10	(7) "Custodian" means a person that carries, maintains,
11	processes, receives, or stores a digital asset of an account
12	holder.
13	(8) "Digital asset" means a record that is electronic. The term
14	does not include an underlying asset or liability unless the
15	asset or liability is itself a record that is electronic.
16	(9) "Electronic" means relating to technology having
17	electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic,
18	or similar capabilities.
19	(10) "Electronic communication" has the meaning set forth in
20	18 U.S.C. 2510(12), as amended.
21	(11) "Electronic communication service" means a custodian
22	that provides to an account holder the ability to send or
23	receive an electronic communication.
24	(12) "Fiduciary" means an original, additional, or successor
25	personal representative, guardian, agent, or trustee.
26	(13) "Guardian" means a person appointed by a court to
27	manage the estate of a living individual. The term includes a
28	limited guardian.
29	(14) "Information" means data, text, images, videos, sounds,
30	codes, computer programs, software, data bases, or the like.
31	(15) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or
32	nonprofit entity, public corporation, government or
33	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or
34	other legal entity.
35	(16) "Personal representative" means an executor,
36	administrator, special administrator, or person that performs
37	substantially the same function under Indiana law other than
38	this chapter. The term includes a distributee under IC 29-1-8.
39	(17) "Power of attorney" means a record that grants an agent
40	authority to act in the place of a principal.
41	(18) "Principal" means an individual who grants authority to



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an agent in a power of attorney.

1	(19) "Protected person" means an individual for whom a
2	guardian has been appointed. The term includes an individual
3	for whom an application for the appointment of a guardian is
4	pending.
5	(20) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a
6	tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
7	medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
8	(21) "Remote computing service" means a custodian that
9	provides to an account holder computer processing services
10	or the storage of digital assets by means of an electronic
11	communications system (as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2510(14), as
12	amended).
13	(22) "Terms of service agreement" means an agreement that
14	controls the relationship between an account holder and a
15	custodian.
16	(23) "Trustee" means a fiduciary with legal title to property
17	pursuant to an agreement or declaration that creates a
18	beneficial interest in another. The term includes a successor
19	trustee.
20	(24) "Will" includes a codicil, testamentary instrument that
21	only appoints an executor, and instrument that revokes or
22	revises a testamentary instrument.
23	Sec. 4. Subject to section 8(b) of this chapter and unless
24 25	otherwise ordered by a court or provided in the will of a decedent,
25	the personal representative of the decedent has the right to access:
26	(1) the content of an electronic communication that the
27	custodian is permitted to disclose under the Electronic
28	Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2702(b), as amended;
29	(2) any catalogue of electronic communications sent or
30	received by the decedent; and
31	(3) any other digital asset in which at death the decedent had
32	a right or interest.
33	Sec. 5. Subject to section 8(b) of this chapter, a court, after an
34	opportunity for hearing under IC 29-3-9-4.1, may grant a guardian
35	the right to access:
36	(1) the content of an electronic communication that the
37	custodian is permitted to disclose under the Electronic
38	Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2702(b), as amended;
39	(2) any catalogue of electronic communications sent or
40	received by the protected person; and
41	(3) any other digital asset in which the protected person has
42	a right or interest.



1	Sec. 6. (a) To the extent a power of attorney expressly grants an
2	agent authority over the content of an electronic communication of
3	the principal, and subject to section 8(b) of this chapter, the agent
4	has the right to access the content of an electronic communication
5	that the custodian is permitted to disclose under the Electronic
6	Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2702(b), as amended.
7	(b) Subject to section 8(b) of this chapter and unless otherwise
8	ordered by the court or provided by a power of attorney, an agent
9	has the right to access:
10	(1) any catalogue of electronic communications sent or
11	received by the principal; and
12	(2) any other digital asset in which the principal has a right or
13	interest.
14	Sec. 7. (a) Subject to section 8(b) of this chapter and unless
15	otherwise ordered by the court or provided in a trust, a trustee that
16	is an original account holder has the right to access any digital
17	asset held in trust, including any catalogue of electronic
18	communications of the trustee and the content of an electronic
19	communication.
20	(b) Subject to section 8(b) of this chapter and unless otherwise
21	ordered by the court or provided in a trust, a trustee that is not an
22	original account holder has the right to access:
23	(1) the content of an electronic communication that the
24	custodian is permitted to disclose under the Electronic
25	Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2702(b), as amended;
26	(2) any catalogue of electronic communications sent or
27	received by the original or any successor account holder; and
28	(3) any other digital asset in which the original or any
29	successor account holder has a right or interest.
30	Sec. 8. (a) A fiduciary that is an account holder or has the right
31	under this chapter to access a digital asset of an account holder:
32	(1) subject to the terms of service agreement, copyright law,
33	and other applicable law, may take any action concerning the
34	asset to the extent of the account holder's authority and the
35	fiduciary's power under Indiana law other than this chapter;
36	(2) has, for the purpose of applicable electronic privacy laws,
37	the lawful consent of the account holder for the custodian to
38	divulge the content of an electronic communication to the
39	fiduciary; and
40	(3) is, for the purpose of applicable computer fraud and
41	unauthorized computer access laws, including IC 35-43-1-7,

IC 35-43-1-8, and IC 35-43-2-3(b), an authorized user.



1	(b) Unless an account holder, after June 30, 2015, agrees to a
2	provision in a terms of service agreement that limits a fiduciary's
3	access to a digital asset of the account holder by an affirmative act
4	separate from the account holder's assent to other provisions of the
5	agreement:
6	(1) the provision is void as against the strong public policy of
7	this state; and
8	(2) the fiduciary's access under this chapter to a digital asset
9	does not violate the terms of service agreement even if the
10	agreement requires notice of a change in the account holder's
11	status.
12	(c) A choice of law provision in a terms of service agreement is
13	unenforceable against a fiduciary acting under this chapter to the
14	extent the provision designates law that enforces a limitation on a
15	fiduciary's access to a digital asset, and the limitation is void under
16	subsection (b).
17	(d) As to tangible personal property capable of receiving,
18	storing, processing, or sending a digital asset, a fiduciary with
19	authority over the property of a decedent, protected person,
20	principal, or settlor:
21	(1) has the right to access the property and any digital asset
22	stored in it; and
23	(2) is an authorized user for purposes of any applicable
24	computer fraud and unauthorized computer access laws,
25	including IC 35-43-1-7, IC 35-43-1-8, and IC 35-43-2-3(b).
26	Sec. 9. (a) If a fiduciary with a right under this chapter to access
27	a digital asset of an account holder complies with subsection (b),
28	the custodian shall comply with the fiduciary's request in a record
29	for:
30	(1) access to the asset;
31	(2) control of the asset; and
32	(3) a copy of the asset to the extent permitted by copyright
33	law.
34	(b) If a request under subsection (a) is made by:
35	(1) a personal representative with the right of access under
36	section 4 of this chapter, the request must be accompanied by
37	a certified copy of the letter of appointment of the
38	representative, the affidavit of a distributee under
39	IC 29-1-8-1, or a court order;
40	(2) a guardian with the right of access under section 5 of this

chapter, the request must be accompanied by a certified copy of the court order that gives the guardian authority over the



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1	digital asset;
2	(3) an agent with the right of access under section 6 of this
3	chapter, the request must be accompanied by an original or
4	a copy of the power of attorney that authorizes the agent to
5	exercise authority over the digital asset and a certification of
6	the agent, under penalty of perjury, that the power of
7	attorney is in effect; and
8	(4) a trustee with the right of access under section 7 of this
9	chapter, the request must be accompanied by a certified copy
10	of the trust instrument or a certification of the trust under
11	subsection (d) that authorizes the trustee to exercise authority
12	over the digital asset.
13	(c) A custodian shall comply with a request made under
14	subsection (a) not later than sixty (60) days after receipt. If the
15	custodian fails to comply, the fiduciary may apply to the court for
16	an order directing compliance.
17	(d) Instead of furnishing a copy of the trust instrument under
18	subsection (b)(4), a trustee may provide a certification of trust
19	under IC 30-4-4-5. For purposes of a certification under this
20	subsection, a trustee may describe the trustee's powers in the
21	certification under IC 30-4-4-5(a)(4) by stating that there is
22	nothing inconsistent in the trust with respect to the trustee's

(e) A custodian that receives a certification under subsection (d) may require the trustee to provide copies of excerpts from the original trust instrument and later amendments designating the trustee and conferring on the trustee the power to act in the pending transaction.

powers over digital assets. A trustee's certification under this

subsection is not required to contain the dispositive terms of the

- (f) A custodian that acts in reliance on a certification under subsection (d) without knowledge that the representations contained in the certification are incorrect is not liable to any person for so acting and may assume without inquiry the existence of facts stated in the certification.
- (g) A person that in good faith enters into a transaction in reliance on a certification under subsection (d) may enforce the transaction against the trust property as if the representations contained in the certification were correct.
- (h) A person that demands the trust instrument in addition to a certification under subsection (d) or excerpts under subsection (e) is liable for damages, including attorney's fees, if the court



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trust.

1	determines that the person did not act in good faith in demanding
2	the instrument.
3	(i) This section does not limit the right of a person to obtain a
4	copy of a trust instrument in a judicial proceeding concerning the
5	trust.
6	Sec. 10. A custodian and the custodian's officers, employees, and
7	agents are immune from liability for an act or omission done in
8	good faith in compliance with this chapter.
9	Sec. 11. In applying and construing this uniform act
10	consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of
11	the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact
12	it.
13	Sec. 12. This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the
14	<b>Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15</b>
15	U.S.C. 7001 et seq.), but does not modify, limit, or supersede
16	Section 101(c) of that act (15 U.S.C. 7001(c)), or authorize
17	electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b)
18	of that act (15 U.S.C. 7003(b)).
19	SECTION 9. IC 30-4-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.51-2014
20	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in the terms of the trust
22	and subject to subsection (c), a trustee has the power to perform
23	without court authorization, except as provided in sections 4(b) and
24	5(a) of this chapter, every act necessary or appropriate for the purposes
25	of the trust including, by way of illustration and not of limitation, the
26	following powers:
27	(1) The power to:
28	(A) deal with the trust estate;
29	(B) buy, sell, or exchange and convey or transfer all property
30	(real, personal, or mixed) for cash or on credit and at public or
31	private sale with or without notice; and
32	(C) invest and reinvest the trust estate.
33	(2) The power to receive additions to the assets of the trust.
34	(3) The power to acquire an undivided interest in a trust asset in
35	which the trustee, in any trust capacity, holds an undivided
36	interest.
37	(4) The power to manage real property in every way, including:
38	(A) the adjusting of boundaries;
39	(B) erecting, altering, or demolishing buildings;
40	(C) dedicating of streets, alleys, or other public uses;
41	(D) subdividing;
42	(E) developing;



1	(F) obtaining vacation of plats;
2	(G) granting of easements and rights-of-way;
3	(H) partitioning;
4	(I) entering into party wall agreements; and
5	(J) obtaining title insurance for trust property.
6	(5) The power to:
7	(A) grant options concerning disposition of trust property
8	including the sale of covered security options; and
9	(B) take options for acquisition of trust property, including the
10	purchase back of previously sold covered security options.
1	(6) The power to enter into a lease as lessor or lessee, with or
12	without option to renew.
13	(7) The power to enter into arrangements for exploration and
14	removal of minerals or other natural resources and enter into a
15	pooling or unitization agreement.
16	(8) The power to continue the operation or management of any
17	business or other enterprise placed in trust.
18	(9) The power to:
19	(A) borrow money, to be repaid from trust property or
20	otherwise; and
21	(B) encumber, mortgage, pledge, or grant a security interest in
22 23 24	trust property in connection with the exercise of any power.
23	(10) The power to:
	(A) advance money for the benefit of the trust estate and for al
25	expenses or losses sustained in the administration of the trust
26	and
27	(B) collect any money advanced, without interest or with
28	interest, at no more than the lowest rate prevailing when
29	advanced.
30	(11) The power to prosecute or defend actions, claims, or
31	proceedings for the protection of:
32	(A) trust property; and
33	(B) the trustee in the performance of the trustee's duties.
34	(12) The power to:
35	(A) pay or contest any claim;
36	(B) settle a claim by or against the trust by compromise or
37	arbitration; and
38	(C) abandon or release, totally or partially, any claim
39	belonging to the trust.
10	(13) The power to insure the:
<b>1</b> 1	(A) trust estate against damage or loss; and
12	(R) trustee against liability with respect to third persons



1	(14) The power to pay taxes, assessments, and other expenses
2	incurred in the:
3	(A) acquisition, retention, and maintenance of the trust
4	property; and
5	(B) administration of the trust.
6	(15) The power to:
7	(A) vote securities, in person or by a general or special proxy;
8	(B) hold the securities in the name of a nominee if the trustee
9	is a corporate trustee; and
10	(C) effect or approve, and deposit securities in connection
11	with, any change in the form of the corporation, including:
12	(i) dissolution;
13	(ii) liquidation;
14	(iii) reorganization;
15	(iv) acquisition; and
16	(v) merger.
17	(16) The power to employ persons, including:
18	(A) attorneys;
19	(B) accountants;
20	(C) investment advisors; and
21	(D) agents;
22	to advise and assist the trustee in the performance of the trustee's
23	duties.
24	(17) The power to effect distribution of property in cash, in kind,
25	or partly in cash and partly in kind, in divided or undivided
26	interests.
27	(18) The power to execute and deliver all instruments necessary
28	or appropriate to accomplishing or facilitating the exercise of the
29	trustee's powers.
30	(19) With respect to an interest in a proprietorship, partnership,
31	limited liability company, business trust, corporation, or another
32	form of business or enterprise, the power to:
33	(A) continue the business or enterprise; and
34	(B) take any action that may be taken by shareholders,
35	members, or property owners, including:
36	(i) merging;
37	(ii) dissolving; or
38	(iii) changing the form of business organization or
39	contributing additional capital.
40	(20) With respect to possible liability for violation of
41	environmental law, the power to:
42	(A) inspect or investigate property:



1	(i) the trustee holds or has been asked to hold; or
2	(ii) owned or operated by an organization in which the
2 3	trustee holds an interest or has been asked to hold an
4	interest;
5	to determine the application of environmental law with respect
6	to the property;
7	(B) take action to prevent, abate, or remedy an actual or
8	potential violation of an environmental law affecting property
9	held directly or indirectly by the trustee before or after the
10	assertion of a claim or the initiation of governmental
11	enforcement;
12	(C) decline to accept property into the trust or disclaim any
13	power with respect to property that is or may be burdened with
14	liability for violation of environmental law;
15	(D) compromise claims against the trust that may be asserted
16	for an alleged violation of environmental law; and
17	(E) pay the expense of any inspection, review, abatement, or
18	remedial action to comply with environmental law.
19	(21) The power to exercise elections with respect to federal, state,
20	and local taxes.
21	(22) The power to select a mode of payment under any employee
22	benefit plan or retirement plan, annuity, or life insurance payable
23	to the trustee and exercise rights under the plan, annuity, or
24	insurance, including the right to:
25	(A) indemnification:
26	(i) for expenses; and
27	(ii) against liabilities; and
28	(B) take appropriate action to collect the proceeds.
29	(23) The power to make loans out of trust property, including
30	loans to a beneficiary on terms and conditions the trustee
31	determines fair and reasonable under the circumstances. The
32	trustee has a lien on future distributions for repayment of the
33	loans.
34	(24) The power to pledge trust property to guarantee loans made
35	by others to the beneficiary on terms and conditions the trustee
36	considers to be fair and reasonable under the circumstances. The
37	trustee has a lien on future distributions for repayment of the
38	loans.
39	(25) The power to:
40	(A) appoint a trustee to act in another jurisdiction with respect
41	to trust property located in the other jurisdiction;
42	(B) confer on the appointed trustee all the appointing trustee's



1	powers and duties;
2	(C) require the appointed trustee to furnish security; and
3	(D) remove the appointed trustee.
4	(26) With regard to a beneficiary who is under a legal disability
5	or whom the trustee reasonably believes is incapacitated, the
6	power to pay an amount distributable to the beneficiary by:
7	(A) paying the amount directly to the beneficiary;
8	(B) applying the amount for the beneficiary's benefit;
9	(C) paying the amount to the beneficiary's guardian;
10	(D) paying the amount to the beneficiary's custodian under
11	IC 30-2-8.5 to create a custodianship or custodial trust;
12	(E) paying the amount to an adult relative or another person
13	having legal or physical care or custody of the beneficiary to
14	be expended on the beneficiary's behalf, if the trustee does not
15	know of a guardian, custodian, or custodial trustee; or
16	(F) managing the amount as a separate fund on the
17	beneficiary's behalf, subject to the beneficiary's continuing
18	right to withdraw the distribution.
19	(27) The power to:
20	(A) combine at least two (2) trusts into one (1) trust; or
21	(B) divide one (1) trust into at least two (2) trusts;
22	after notice to the qualified beneficiaries, if the result does not
23	impair the rights of any beneficiary or adversely affect
24	achievement of the purposes of the trust.
25	(b) Any act under subsection (a)(4), an option under subsection
26	(a)(5), a lease under subsection (a)(6), an arrangement under
27	subsection (a)(7), and an encumbrance, mortgage, pledge, or security
28	interest under subsection (a)(9) may be for a term either within or
29	extending beyond the term of the trust.
30	(c) In acquiring, investing, reinvesting, exchanging, retaining,
31	selling, and managing property for any trust, the trustee thereof shall
32	exercise the judgment and care required by IC 30-4-3.5. Within the
33	limitations of the foregoing standard, the trustee is authorized to
34	acquire and retain every kind of property, real, personal, or mixed, and
35	every kind of investment, including specifically, but without in any way
36	limiting the generality of the foregoing, bonds, debentures, and other
37	corporate obligations, stocks, preferred or common, and real estate
38	mortgages, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence
39	acquire or retain for their own account, and within the limitations of the
40	foregoing standard, the trustee is authorized to retain property properly
41	acquired, without limitation as to time and without regard to its

suitability for original purchase. Within the limitations of the foregoing



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1	standard, the trustee is authorized to sell covered security options and
2	to purchase back previously sold covered security options.
3	(d) If a distribution of particular trust assets is to be made to two (2)
4	or more beneficiaries entitled to receive fractional shares in those
5 6	assets, the trustee may distribute the particular assets without
	distributing to each beneficiary a pro rata share of each asset. However, the trustee shall:
7 8	
9	(1) distribute to each beneficiary a pro rata share of the total fair
10	market value of all of the particular assets as of the date of distribution; and
11	(2) cause the distribution to result in a fair and equitable division
12	among the beneficiaries of capital gain or loss on the assets.
13	
13	(e) If the trust is terminated or partially terminated, the trustee may
15	send to the beneficiaries a proposal for distribution. If the proposal for
16	distribution informs the beneficiary that the beneficiary:
17	(1) has a right to object to the proposed distribution; and
18	(2) must object not later than thirty (30) days after the proposal for distribution was sent;
	•
19	the right of the beneficiary to object to the proposed distribution
20 21	terminates if the beneficiary fails to notify the trustee of an objection
22	within the time limit set forth in subdivision (2).
23	(f) When any real or personal property subject to a lien (as defined
	by IC 29-1-17-9(a)) is specifically distributable, the distributee shall
24	take the property subject to the lien unless the terms of the trust provide
25 26	expressly or by necessary implication that the lien be otherwise paid.
27	If:  (1) an around account that makes the magnetic distributebles and
28	(1) an event occurs that makes the property distributable; and
29	(2) the holder of a lien on the property receives payment on a
30	claim based upon the obligation secured by the lien;
31	the property subject to the lien shall be charged with the reimbursement
32	to the trust of the amount of the payment for the benefit of the
33	beneficiaries entitled to the distribution, unless the terms of the trust
34	provide expressly or by necessary implication that the payment be
	charged against the residue of the trust estate.
35	(g) For purposes of subsection (f), a general directive or authority
36	in the trust for payment of debts does not imply an intent that the
37	distribution of property subject to a lien be made free from the lien.
38 39	(h) IC 30-2-17-7 applies to the right of a trustee acting under a
	trust to access:
40 41	(1) the content of an electronic communication (as defined in
	IC 30-2-17-3); (2) a satisfactor of electronic communications (as defined in
42	(2) a catalogue of electronic communications (as defined in



1	IC 30-2-17-3); or
2	(3) any other digital asset (as defined in IC 30-2-17-3).
3	SECTION 10. IC 30-5-2-2.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
5	1, 2015]: Sec. 2.3. "Catalogue of electronic communications" has
6	the meaning set forth in IC 30-2-17-3.
7	SECTION 11. IC 30-5-2-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2015]: Sec. 2.7. "Content of an electronic communication" has
10	the meaning set forth in IC 30-2-17-3.
l 1	SECTION 12. IC 30-5-2-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
13	1, 2015]: Sec. 3.5. "Digital asset" has the meaning set forth in
14	IC 30-2-17-3.
15	SECTION 13. IC 30-5-3-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
16	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
17	1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) IC 30-2-17-6(a) applies to the right of an
18	attorney in fact to access the content of an electronic
19	communication of the principal.
20	(b) IC 30-2-17-6(b) applies to the right of an attorney in fact to
21	access:
22	(1) a catalogue of electronic communications sent or received
23	by the principal; and
24	(2) a digital asset in which the principal has a right or interest
25	other than:
26	(A) the information described in subsection (a); or
27	(B) a digital asset described in subdivision (1).
28	SECTION 14. IC 30-5-5-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
29	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 14.5. (a) Language conferring
31	general authority with respect to electronic records, reports, and
32	statements authorizes the attorney in fact to do the following:
33	(1) Gain access to any computer, storage device, network,
34	communications device, or other computing machinery that
35	the principal owns, leases, or otherwise has license to access.
36	(2) Gain access to any user account the principal maintains
37	with an online service provider.
38	(3) Access, retrieve, copy, or store:
39	(A) the content of an electronic communication of the
10	principal;
<b>1</b> 1	(B) a catalogue of electronic communications sent or
12	received by the principal; or



1	(C) any other digital asset in which the principal has a
2	• • •
	right or interest.
3	(4) Perform any act in connection with the preparation,
4	execution, filing, storage, or other use of electronic records,
5	reports, and statements of or concerning the principal's
6	affairs that the attorney in fact may perform in connection
7	with the preparation, execution, filing, storage, or other use of
8	written records, reports, and statements of or concerning the
9	principal's affairs.
10	(b) The powers described in this section are exercisable equally
11	with respect to electronic records, reports, or statements of or
12	concerning the affairs of the principal at the time of the giving of
13	the power of attorney or are created after that time, whether
14	arising in Indiana or in another jurisdiction.
15	SECTION 15. IC 34-30-2-129.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
16	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 129.9. IC 30-2-17-10 (Concerning
18	actions done in good faith in compliance with the Uniform
19	Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act).



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 368, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to SB 368 as introduced.)

STEELE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0

