

## SENATE BILL No. 337

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### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-3.

**Synopsis:** Deduction for military income. Provides a 100% state income tax deduction for all active military service income received by an individual. Increase the income tax deduction for military retirement or survivor's benefits from \$6,250 to \$40,000.

**Effective:** January 1, 2020.

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## Melton

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January 8, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 337

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

- 1       SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2018(ss),  
2       SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3       JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article, the term  
4       "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:  
5       (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as  
6       defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as  
7       follows:  
8               (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article  
9               by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.  
10              (2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to  
11              any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to  
12              Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or  
13              measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of  
14              the United States.  
15              (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a  
16              joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse  
17              one thousand dollars (\$1,000).



- (4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
  - (A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);
  - (B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
  - (C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
- (5) Subtract:
  - (A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004);
  - (B) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual:
    - (i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of age;
    - (ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and
    - (iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an exemption under clause (A); and
  - (C) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).

This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under subdivision (4).

- (6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction from adjusted gross income.
- (7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under subdivision (1).
- (8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer



1 residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire  
2 taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant  
3 to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount  
4 which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income  
5 taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.

6 (10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance  
7 under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,  
8 subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's  
9 adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not  
10 allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and  
11 local income taxes.

12 (11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of  
13 a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the  
14 individual's federal adjusted gross income.

15 (12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums  
16 paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long  
17 term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer  
18 or the taxpayer's spouse, or both.

19 (13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:

20 (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or

21 (B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the  
22 taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's  
23 principal place of residence.

24 (14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11  
25 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's  
26 federal adjusted gross income.

27 (15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted  
28 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus  
29 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an  
30 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income  
31 that would have been computed had an election not been made  
32 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus  
33 depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in  
34 service.

35 (16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under  
36 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net  
37 operating losses).

38 (17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted  
39 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as  
40 defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service  
41 in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to  
42 the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been



1 computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not  
 2 been made for the year in which the property was placed in  
 3 service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal  
 4 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand  
 5 dollars (\$25,000).

6 (18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's  
 7 ~~qualified active military service income that was not excluded~~  
 8 ~~from included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income~~  
 9 ~~for federal income tax purposes under Section 112 of under the~~  
 10 Internal Revenue Code.

11 (19) Subtract income that is:

12 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income  
 13 derived from patents); and

14 (B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income  
 15 under the Internal Revenue Code.

16 (20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross  
 17 income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business  
 18 indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after  
 19 December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable  
 20 debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal  
 21 Revenue Code. Subtract the amount necessary from the adjusted  
 22 gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted  
 23 gross income in a previous year to offset the amount included in  
 24 federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising  
 25 from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the  
 26 reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,  
 27 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section  
 28 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

29 (21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under  
 30 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on  
 31 an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political  
 32 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after  
 33 December 31, 2011.

34 (22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of the  
 35 Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount was  
 36 previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a  
 37 prior taxable year.

38 (23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an  
 39 amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that  
 40 was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section  
 41 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

42 (24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current



1 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed  
 2 under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any  
 3 interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but  
 4 allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue  
 5 Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,  
 6 an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first  
 7 taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under  
 8 Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under  
 9 Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.

10 (25) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income  
 11 under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable  
 12 years ending after December 22, 2017.

13 (26) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to deduct  
 14 under IC 6-3-2.

15 (b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as  
 16 defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as  
 17 follows:

18 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article  
 19 by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

20 (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed  
 21 or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue  
 22 Code (concerning charitable contributions).

23 (3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to  
 24 any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to  
 25 Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or  
 26 measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of  
 27 the United States.

28 (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the  
 29 corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal  
 30 Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).

31 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted  
 32 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus  
 33 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an  
 34 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income  
 35 that would have been computed had an election not been made  
 36 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus  
 37 depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in  
 38 service.

39 (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section  
 40 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating  
 41 losses).

42 (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted



gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:

(A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) for federal income tax purposes; and

(B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross income (determined without regard to this subdivision). The amount of interest that is considered to have reduced the corporation's adjusted gross income equals:

(i) the directly related interest expense that reduced the taxpayer's federal taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code); plus

(ii) any directly related interest expenses for which a subtraction is allowable under subdivision (15); minus

(iii) any directly related interest expenses required to be added back under subdivision (15).

(9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined in section 34.5 of this chapter).

(10) Subtract income that is:

(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income derived from patents); and

(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.

(11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a



previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after December 31, 2011.

(13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:

(A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; and

(B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the taxpayer included income pursuant to Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code in its taxable income for federal income tax purposes or is required to add back dividends paid under subdivision (9).

(14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.

(16) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable





years ending after December 22, 2017.

(17) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:

(A) required to add or subtract; or

(B) entitled to deduct;

under IC 6-3-2.

(c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if the taxpayer is a corporation:

(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.



(8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any amount of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.

(d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section 816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:

(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning charitable contributions).

(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state.

(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).

(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.

(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses).

(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(8) Subtract income that is:



- 1 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
- 2 derived from patents); and
- 3 (B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
- 4 the Internal Revenue Code.
- 5 (9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
- 6 income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
- 7 indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
- 8 December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
- 9 debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
- 10 Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
- 11 taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
- 12 previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
- 13 in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
- 14 arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
- 15 the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
- 16 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
- 17 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 18 (10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
- 19 Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
- 20 financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
- 21 Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 22 (11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
- 23 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
- 24 an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
- 25 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
- 26 December 31, 2011.
- 27 (12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
- 28 amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
- 29 Transition Tax Statement, line 1.
- 30 (13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
- 31 the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
- 32 Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
- 33 low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
- 34 amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
- 35 Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
- 36 Internal Revenue Code.
- 37 (14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
- 38 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
- 39 under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
- 40 interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
- 41 allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
- 42 Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,



an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.

(15) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December 22, 2017.

(16) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:

(A) required to add or subtract; or

(B) entitled to deduct;

under IC 6-3-2.

(e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:

(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning charitable contributions).

(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state.

(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).

(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.

(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses).

(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to



the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(8) Subtract income that is:

(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income derived from patents); and

(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.

(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1, Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.

(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after December 31, 2011.

(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1.

(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the



Internal Revenue Code.

(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.

(15) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December 22, 2017.

(16) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:

(A) required to add or subtract; or

(B) entitled to deduct;

under IC 6-3-2.

(f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as follows:

(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack.

(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.

(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses).

(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service



in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(6) Subtract income that is:

(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income derived from patents); and

(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after December 31, 2011.

(9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an amount equal to:

(A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; and

(B) with regard to any amounts of income under Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the taxpayer, the deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code attributable to such distributed amounts.

For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added back under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.



(10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.

(11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.

(12) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December 22, 2017.

(13) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:

(A) required to add or subtract; or

(B) entitled to deduct;

under IC 6-3-2.

(g) Subsections (a)(26), (b)(17), (d)(16), (e)(16), or (f)(13) may not be construed to require an add back or allow a deduction or exemption more than once for a particular add back, deduction, or exemption.

SECTION 2. IC 6-3-1-34, AS ADDED BY P.L.144-2007, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 34. "~~Qualified military~~ **Active military service income**" means ~~wages that are paid:~~

~~(1) to a member of:~~

~~(A) a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States; or~~

~~(B) the National Guard; and~~

~~(2) for any of the following applicable periods; or any combination of the following applicable periods; in a calendar year:~~

~~(A) The member's full-time service on involuntary orders in:~~

~~(i) a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States; or~~

~~(ii) the National Guard;~~

~~(B) The period during which the member is mobilized and deployed for full-time service in:~~

~~(i) a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States; or~~





(ii) the National Guard.

(C) The period during which the member's National Guard unit is federalized: **all income (but not including retirement income), received during the taxable year by the individual for the individual's service in an active or reserve component of the armed forces of the United States, including the Army, Navy, Air Force, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Merchant Marine, Indiana Army National Guard, or Indiana Air National Guard.**

SECTION 3. IC 6-3-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2018(ss), SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) Each taxable year, an individual, or the individual's surviving spouse, is entitled to the following:

(1) An adjusted gross income tax deduction for the first five thousand dollars (\$5,000) of income, excluding adjusted gross income described in subdivision (2); received during the taxable year by the individual, or the individual's surviving spouse, for the individual's service in an active or reserve component of the armed forces of the United States, including the army, navy, air force, coast guard, marine corps, merchant marine, Indiana army national guard, or Indiana air national guard.

(2) an adjusted gross income tax deduction of six thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$6,250) **forty thousand dollars (\$40,000)** for income from retirement or survivor's benefits received during the taxable year by the individual, or the individual's surviving spouse, for the individual's service in an active or reserve component of the armed forces of the United States, including the army, navy, air force, coast guard, marine corps, merchant marine, Indiana army national guard, or Indiana air national guard.

(b) An individual whose qualified military income is subtracted from the individual's federal adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(18) for Indiana individual income tax purposes is not, for that taxable year, entitled to a deduction under this section for the same qualified military income that is deducted under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(18).

SECTION 4. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2020] (a) IC 6-3-1-3.5, IC 6-3-1-34, and IC 6-3-2-4, each as amended by this act, apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2023.

