First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE ENROLLED ACT No. 310

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 7.1-3-20-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2019, SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 16. (a) A permit that is authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

- (b) The commission may issue a three-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant facility in the passenger terminal complex of a publicly owned airport. A permit issued under this subsection shall not be transferred to a location off the airport premises.
- (c) Except as provided in sections 16.3 and 16.4 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within a redevelopment project consisting of a building or group of buildings that:
 - (1) was formerly used as part of a union railway station;
 - (2) has been listed in or is within a district that has been listed in the federal National Register of Historic Places maintained pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended; and



(3) has been redeveloped or renovated, with the redevelopment or renovation being funded in part with grants from the federal, state, or local government.

A permit issued under this subsection shall not be transferred to a location outside of the redevelopment project.

- (d) Subject to section 16.1 of this chapter and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant:
 - (1) on land; or
 - (2) in a historic river vessel;

within a municipal riverfront development project funded in part with state and city money. The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued may not be transferred. The legislative body of the municipality in which the municipal riverfront development project is located shall recommend to the commission sites that are eligible to be permit premises. The commission shall consider, but is not required to follow, the municipal legislative body's recommendation in issuing a permit under this subsection. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

- (e) Except as provided in section sections 16.3 and 16.4 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way, two-way, or one-way permit to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within a renovation project consisting of:
 - (1) a building that:
 - (A) was formerly used as part of a passenger and freight railway station; and
 - (B) was built before 1900; or
 - (2) a complex of buildings that:
 - (A) is part of an economic development area established under IC 36-7-14; and
 - (B) includes, as part of the renovation project, the use and repurposing of two (2) or more buildings and structures that are:
 - (i) at least seventy-five (75) years old; and



(ii) located at a site at which manufacturing previously occurred over a period of at least seventy-five (75) years.

The permit authorized by this subsection may be issued without regard to the proximity provisions of IC 7.1-3-21-11.

- (f) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption at a cultural center for the visual and performing arts to the following:
 - (1) A town that:
 - (A) is located in a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); and
 - (B) has a population of more than twenty thousand (20,000) but less than twenty-three thousand seven hundred (23,700).
 - (2) A city that has an indoor theater as described in section 26 of this chapter.
- (g) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than ten (10) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a district, or not more than seven hundred (700) feet from a district, that meets the following requirements:
 - (1) The district has been listed in the National Register of Historic Places maintained under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended.
 - (2) A county courthouse is located within the district.
 - (3) A historic opera house listed on the National Register of Historic Places is located within the district.
 - (4) A historic jail and sheriff's house listed on the National Register of Historic Places is located within the district.

The legislative body of the municipality in which the district is located shall recommend to the commission sites that are eligible to be permit premises. The commission shall consider, but is not required to follow, the municipal legislative body's recommendation in issuing a permit under this subsection. An applicant is not eligible for a permit if, less than two (2) years before the date of the application, the applicant sold a retailer's permit that was subject to IC 7.1-3-22 and that was for premises located within the district described in this section or within seven hundred (700) feet of the district. The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. A permit holder and any lessee or



proprietor of the permit premises is subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation. The total number of active permits issued under this subsection may not exceed ten (10) at any time. The cost of an initial permit issued under this subsection is six thousand dollars (\$6,000).

- (h) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue a three-way permit for the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to an applicant who will locate as the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant within an economic development area under IC 36-7-14 in:
 - (1) a town with a population of more than twenty thousand (20,000); or
 - (2) a city with a population of more than forty-four thousand five hundred (44,500) but less than forty-five thousand (45,000);

located in a county having a population of more than one hundred ten thousand (110,000) but less than one hundred eleven thousand (111,000). The commission may issue not more than five (5) licenses under this section to premises within a municipality described in subdivision (1) and not more than five (5) licenses to premises within a municipality described in subdivision (2). The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission. Notwithstanding any other law, the minimum bid for an initial license under this subsection is thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000), and the renewal fee for a license under this subsection is one thousand three hundred fifty dollars (\$1,350). Before the district expires, a permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. After the district expires, a permit issued under this subsection may be renewed, and the ownership of the permit may be transferred, but the permit may not be transferred from the permit premises.

- (i) After June 30, 2006, and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than five (5) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located within a district, or not more than five hundred (500) feet from a district, that meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The district is within an economic development area, an area



- needing redevelopment, or a redevelopment district as established under IC 36-7-14.
- (2) A unit of the National Park Service is partially located within the district.
- (3) An international deep water seaport is located within the district.

An applicant is not eligible for a permit under this subsection if, less than two (2) years before the date of the application, the applicant sold a retailers' permit that was subject to IC 7.1-3-22 and that was for premises located within the district described in this subsection or within five hundred (500) feet of the district. A permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. If the commission issues five (5) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed five (5) at any time. The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission.

- (i) Subject to section 16.2 of this chapter and except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than six (6) new three-way, two-way, or one-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only to an applicant who is the proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant on land within a municipal lakefront development project funded in part with state, local, and federal money. A permit issued under this subsection may not be transferred. If the commission issues six (6) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed six (6) at any time. The commission shall conduct an auction of the permits under IC 7.1-3-22-9, except that the auction may be conducted at any time as determined by the commission. Notwithstanding any other law, the minimum bid for an initial permit under this subsection is ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (k) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than nine (9) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption to applicants, each of whom must be a proprietor, as owner or lessee, or both, of a restaurant located:
 - (1) within a motorsports investment district (as defined in IC 5-1-17.5-11); or



(2) not more than one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from a motorsports investment district.

The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. If the commission issues nine (9) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed nine (9) at any time. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

(1) Except as provided in section 16.3 of this chapter, the commission may issue not more than two (2) new three-way permits to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption for premises located within a qualified motorsports facility (as defined in IC 5-1-17.5-14). The ownership of a permit issued under this subsection and the location for which the permit was issued shall not be transferred. If the commission issues two (2) new permits under this subsection, and a permit issued under this subsection is later revoked or is not renewed, the commission may issue another new permit, as long as the total number of active permits issued under this subsection does not exceed two (2) at any time. A permit holder and any lessee or proprietor of the permit premises are subject to the formal written commitment required under IC 7.1-3-19-17. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-3-1-3.5 and IC 7.1-3-1.1, if business operations cease at the permit premises for more than six (6) months, the permit shall revert to the commission. The permit holder is not entitled to any refund or other compensation.

SECTION 2. IC 7.1-3-20-16.1, AS AMENDED BY SEA 35-2021, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 16.1. (a) This section applies to a municipal riverfront development project authorized under section 16(d) of this chapter.

- (b) In order to qualify for a permit, an applicant must demonstrate that the municipal riverfront development project area where the permit is to be located meets the following criteria:
 - (1) The project boundaries:
 - (A) must border on at least one (1) side of a river; or
 - (B) must border a lake that is:



- (i) at least seven hundred and fifty (750) acres; and
- (ii) completely within the boundaries of a municipality.
- (2) The proposed permit premises may not be located more than:
 - (A) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet; or
 - (B) three (3) city blocks;

from the river **or the lake**, whichever is greater. However, if the area adjacent to the river **or the lake** is incapable of being developed because the area is in a floodplain, or for any other reason that prevents the area from being developed, the distances described in clauses (A) and (B) are measured from the city blocks located nearest to the river **or the lake** that are capable of being developed.

- (3) The permit premises are located within:
 - (A) an economic development area, a redevelopment project area, an urban renewal area, or a redevelopment area established under IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, or IC 36-7-15.1;
 - (B) an economic development project district under IC 36-7-15.2 or IC 36-7-26; or
 - (C) a community revitalization enhancement district designated under IC 36-7-13-12.1.
- (4) The project must be funded in part with state and city money.
- (5) The boundaries of the municipal riverfront development project must be designated by ordinance or resolution by the legislative body (as defined in IC 36-1-2-9(3) or IC 36-1-2-9(4)) of the city in which the project is located.
- (c) Proof of compliance with subsection (b) must consist of the following documentation, which is required at the time the permit application is filed with the commission:
 - (1) A detailed map showing:
 - (A) definite boundaries of the entire municipal riverfront development project; and
 - (B) the location of the proposed permit within the project.
 - (2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local governing body authorizing the municipal riverfront development project.
 - (3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state and city funds on the municipal riverfront development project.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may issue a permit for premises, the location of which does not meet the criteria of subsection (b)(2), if all the following requirements are met:
 - (1) All other requirements of this section and section 16(d) of this chapter are satisfied.



- (2) The proposed premises is located not more than:
 - (A) three thousand (3,000) feet; or
 - (B) six (6) blocks;

from the river **or the lake**, whichever is greater. However, if the area adjacent to the river **or the lake** is incapable of being developed because the area is in a floodplain, or for any other reason that prevents the area from being developed, the distances described in clauses (A) and (B) are measured from the city blocks located nearest to the river **or the lake** that are capable of being developed.

- (3) The permit applicant satisfies the criteria established by the commission by rule adopted under IC 4-22-2. The criteria established by the commission may require that the proposed premises be located in an area or district set forth in subsection (b)(3).
- (4) The permit premises may not be located less than two hundred (200) feet from facilities owned by a state educational institution.
- (e) A permit may not be issued if the proposed permit premises is the location of an existing three-way permit subject to IC 7.1-3-22-3.

SECTION 3. IC 7.1-3-20-16.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 16.4. (a) If a holder of a permit issued under section 16(e)(2) of this chapter has an interest in a production facility permit for:

- (1) a brewery described in IC 7.1-3-2-7(5);
- (2) a farm winery described in IC 7.1-3-12-3;
- (3) an artisan distillery described in IC 7.1-3-27-2; or
- (4) a combination of the entities described in subdivisions (1) through (3);

that is located on or adjacent to the premises for which the permit was issued under section 16(e)(2) of this chapter, notwithstanding 905 IAC 1-29-2 and 905 IAC 1-41-2(c), the holder of the permit may sell carryout beer, wine, or spirits manufactured at the entity described in subdivisions (1) through (3) in the general merchandising area on the restaurant premises and in a self-serving display. Minors may be allowed in the general merchandising area of the restaurant.

- (b) If a holder of a permit issued under section 16(e)(2) of this chapter has an interest in a production facility permit for:
 - (1) a brewery described in IC 7.1-3-2-7(5);
 - (2) a farm winery described in IC 7.1-3-12-3;
 - (3) an artisan distillery described in IC 7.1-3-27-2; or



(4) a combination of the entities described in subdivisions (1) through (3);

that is located on or adjacent to the premises for which the permit was issued under section 16(e)(2) of this chapter, the holder of the permit may allow a minor to participate in a nondrinking tour of the production facilities on the premises if the minor is accompanied by an adult as provided in IC 7.1-5-7-11(a)(27), IC 7.1-5-7-11(a)(28), and IC 7.1-5-7-11(a)(29), and the tour does not include allowing tour participants to consume, taste, or sample alcoholic beverages.

SECTION 4. IC 7.1-3-20-29, AS ADDED BY P.L.285-2019, SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29. (a) As used in this section, "food hall" means the premises:

- (1) located within a retail shopping and food service district; and
- (2) to which a master permit is issued under this section.
- (b) As used in this section, "master permit" means a food hall master permit issued under this section.
- (c) **Except as provided in subsection (d),** the commission may issue a master permit, which is a three-way retailer's permit for on premises consumption, to a food hall located in a retail shopping and food service district that meets the following requirements:
 - (1) The district consists of an area that:
 - (A) has been redeveloped, renovated, or environmentally remediated in part with grants from the federal, state, or local government under IC 36-7-11; and
 - (B) is entirely located within an incorporated city or town.
 - (2) The district consists of land and a building or group of buildings that are part of a common development.
 - (3) The district is located within a locally designated historic district under IC 36-7-11 established by a city or town ordinance.
 - (4) The district contains at least one (1) building that:
 - (A) is on the list of the National Register for Historic Places or qualifies as a historic building worthy of preservation under IC 36-7-11; and
 - (B) has been approved for present commercial use by the local historic preservation commission of the city or town.
- (d) Subsection (c)(3) and (c)(4) does not apply to a food hall that:
 - (1) is located within a certified technology park established under IC 36-7-32; and
 - (2) operates within a previously vacant building that was, or



within a complex of buildings that were:

- (A) placed in service at least twenty-five (25) years prior to the redevelopment of the building or buildings; and
- (B) owned by a unit of local government or a public charitable trust prior to redevelopment.
- (d) (e) The commission may issue a master permit to the owner or developer of a food hall. The food hall constitutes a single permit premises that:
 - (1) contains not less than seven (7) distinct, nonaffiliated retail food and beverage vendors, each of which may apply for a food hall vendor permit under section 30 of this chapter; and
 - (2) has a seating capacity of the type traditionally designed for food and drink for at least one hundred (100) people.
- (e) (f) An applicant for a master permit shall post notice and appear in front of the local board in which the permit premises is situated. The local board shall determine the eligibility of the applicant under this section and hear evidence in support of or against the master permit location. A master permit may not be transferred to a location outside the food hall permit premises. A permit that is inactive for more than six (6) months shall revert back to the commission or may be deposited with the commission under IC 7.1-3-1.1 with the commission's permission.
- (f) (g) A master permit authorized by this section may be issued without regard to the proximity provisions of IC 7.1-3-21-11 or the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

SECTION 5. IC 7.1-5-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2019, SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) The provisions of sections 9 and 10 of this chapter shall not apply if the public place involved is one (1) of the following:

- (1) Civic center.
- (2) Convention center.
- (3) Sports arena.
- (4) Bowling center.
- (5) Bona fide club.
- (6) Drug store.
- (7) Grocery store.
- (8) Boat.
- (9) Dining car.
- (10) Pullman car.
- (11) Club car.
- (12) Passenger airplane.



- (13) Horse racetrack facility holding a recognized meeting permit under IC 4-31-5.
- (14) Satellite facility (as defined in IC 4-31-2-20.5).
- (15) Catering hall under IC 7.1-3-20-24 that is not open to the public.
- (16) That part of a restaurant which is separate from a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
- (17) Entertainment complex.
- (18) Indoor golf facility.
- (19) A recreational facility such as a golf course, bowling center, or similar facility that has the recreational activity and not the sale of food and beverages as the principal purpose or function of the person's business.
- (20) A licensed premises owned or operated by a postsecondary educational institution described in IC 21-17-6-1.
- (21) An automobile racetrack.
- (22) An indoor theater under IC 7.1-3-20-26.
- (23) A senior residence facility campus (as defined in IC 7.1-3-1-29(c)) at which alcoholic beverages are given or furnished as provided under IC 7.1-3-1-29.
- (24) A hotel other than a part of a hotel that is a room in a restaurant in which a bar is located over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
- (25) The location of an allowable event to which IC 7.1-3-6.1 applies.
- (26) The location of a charity auction to which IC 7.1-3-6.2 applies.
- (27) A tour of a brewery as provided in IC 7.1-3-20-16.4, if the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- (27) (28) A farm winery and any additional locations of the farm winery under IC 7.1-3-12, if the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age and the minor is accompanied by the adult in any area that the adult may be present whether or not the area:
 - (A) is separated in any manner from where the wine is manufactured, sold, or consumed within the farm winery premises; or
 - (B) operates under a retailer's permit.



- (28) (29) An artisan distillery under IC 7.1-3-27, if:
 - (A) the person who holds the artisan distiller's permit also holds a farm winery permit under IC 7.1-3-12, or IC 7.1-3-20-16.4(a) applies to the person; and
 - (B) the minor is in the company of a parent, legal guardian or custodian, or family member who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
- (29) (30) An art instruction studio under IC 7.1-5-8-4.6.
- (30) (31) The licensed premises of a food hall under IC 7.1-3-20-29 and the food and beverage vending space of a food hall vendor permittee under IC 7.1-3-20-30. However, sections 9 and 10 of this chapter apply to a bar within the food and beverage vending space of a food hall vendor permittee under IC 7.1-3-20-30 that serves alcoholic beverages intended to be consumed while sitting or standing at the bar.
- (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "food" means meals prepared on the licensed premises. It is lawful for a minor to be on licensed premises in a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink if all the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The minor is eighteen (18) years of age or older.
 - (2) The minor is in the company of a parent, guardian, or family member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older.
 - (3) The purpose for being on the licensed premises is the consumption of food and not the consumption of alcoholic beverages.

SECTION 6. An emergency is declared for this act.



President of the Senate		
President Pro Tempore		
•		
Speaker of the House of Repr	resentatives	
Governor of the State of India	ana	
Date:	Time:	

