



### **ENGROSSED** SENATE BILL No. 305

DIGEST OF SB 305 (Updated March 24, 2021 12:49 pm - DI 77)

Citations Affected: IC 25-27; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: Physical therapy licensure compact. Adopts the physical therapy licensure compact. Makes conforming amendments.

**Effective:** July 1, 2021; January 1, 2022.

# Messmer, Charbonneau, Becker, Buck, Ford J.D., Tomes, Freeman

(HOUSE SPONSORS — LINDAUER, ZENT, CLERE, FLEMING)

January 11, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider

January 28, 2021, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 1, 2021, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
February 2, 2021, read third time, passed. Yeas 46, nays 1.

HOUSE ACTION

March 2, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.

March 25, 2021, amended, reported — Do Pass. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to Rule 127.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 305

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 25-27-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2019,
2	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter
4	and IC 25-27-2, it is unlawful for a person or business entity to do the
5	following:
6	(1) Practice physical therapy without first obtaining from the
7	board a license authorizing the person to practice physical therapy
8	in this state.
9	(2) Profess to be or promote an employee to be a physical
10	therapist, physiotherapist, doctor of physiotherapy, doctor of
11	physical therapy, or registered physical therapist or to use the
12	initials "P.T.", "D.P.T.", "L.P.T.", or "R.P.T.", or any other letters,
13	words, abbreviations, or insignia indicating that physical therapy
14	is provided by a physical therapist, unless physical therapy is
15	provided by or under the direction of a physical therapist.
16	(3) Advertise services for physical therapy or physiotherapy
17	services, unless the individual performing those services is a



1	physical therapist.
2	(b) Except as provided in section 2.5 of this chapter, it is unlawful
3	for a person to practice physical therapy other than upon the order or
4	referral of a physician, podiatrist, psychologist, chiropractor, dentist,
5	nurse practitioner, or physician assistant holding an unlimited license
6	to practice medicine, podiatric medicine, psychology, chiropractic,
7	dentistry, nursing, or as a physician assistant, respectively. It is
8	unlawful for a physical therapist to use the services of a physical
9	therapist assistant except as provided under this chapter. For the
10	purposes of this subsection, the function of:
11	(1) teaching;
12	(2) doing research;
13	(3) providing advisory services; or
14	(4) conducting seminars on physical therapy;
15	is not considered to be a practice of physical therapy.
16	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and IC 25-27-2, it
17	is unlawful for a person to profess to be or act as a physical therapist
18	assistant or to use the initials "P.T.A." or any other letters, words,
19	abbreviations, or insignia indicating that the person is a physical
20	therapist assistant without first obtaining from the board a certificate
21	authorizing the person to act as a physical therapist assistant. It is
22	unlawful for the person to act as a physical therapist assistant other
23	than under the general supervision of a licensed physical therapist who
24	is in responsible charge of a patient. However, nothing in this chapter
25	prohibits a person licensed or registered in this state under another law
26	from engaging in the practice for which the person is licensed or
27	registered. These exempted persons include persons engaged in the
28	practice of osteopathic medicine, chiropractic, or podiatric medicine.
29	(d) Except as provided in section 2.5 of this chapter, this chapter
30	does not authorize a person who is licensed as a physical therapist or
31	certified as a physical therapist assistant to:
32	(1) evaluate any physical disability or mental disorder except
33	upon the order or referral of a physician, podiatrist, psychologist,
34	chiropractor, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or dentist;
35	(2) practice medicine, surgery (as described in
36	IC 25-22.5-1-1.1(a)(1)(C)), dentistry, optometry, osteopathic
37	medicine, psychology, chiropractic, or podiatric medicine; or
38	(3) prescribe a drug or other remedial substance used in medicine.
39	SECTION 2. IC 25-27-2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
40	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

**Chapter 2. Physical Therapy Licensure Compact** 



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JANUARY 1, 2022]:

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1	Sec. 1. PURPOSE
2	The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate interstate practice
3	of physical therapy with the goal of improving public access to
4	physical therapy services. The practice of physical therapy occurs
5	in the state where the patient/client is located at the time of the
6	patient/client encounter. The Compact preserves the regulatory
7	authority of states to protect public health and safety through the
8	current system of state licensure.
9	This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:
10	(1) Increase public access to physical therapy services by
11	providing for the mutual recognition of other member state
12	licenses;
13	(2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health
14	and safety;
15	(3) Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating
16	multi-state physical therapy practice;
17	(4) Support spouses of relocating military members;
18	(5) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and
19	disciplinary information between member states; and
20	(6) Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services with a
21	compact privilege in that state accountable to that state's
22	practice standards.
23	Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS
24	As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, the
25	following definitions shall apply:
26	(1) "Active Duty Military" means full-time duty status in the
27	active uniformed service of the United States, including
28	members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty
29	orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 1209 and 10 U.S.C.
30	Chapter 1211.
31	(2) "Adverse Action" means disciplinary action taken by a
32	physical therapy licensing board based upon misconduct,
33	unacceptable performance, or a combination of both.
34	(3) "Alternative Program" means a non-disciplinary
35	monitoring or practice remediation process approved by a
36	physical therapy licensing board. This includes, but is not
37	limited to, substance abuse issues.
38	(4) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by

a remote state to allow a licensee from another member state

to practice as a physical therapist or work as a physical

therapist assistant in the remote state under its laws and rules.

The practice of physical therapy occurs in the member state



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1	where the patient/client is located at the time of the
2	patient/client encounter.
3	(5) "Continuing competence" means a requirement, as a
4	condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of
5	participation in, and/or completion of, educational and
6	professional activities relevant to practice or area of work.
7	(6) "Data system" means a repository of information about
8	licensees, including examination, licensure, investigative,
9	compact privilege, and adverse action.
10	(7) "Encumbered license" means a license that a physical
11	therapy licensing board has limited in any way.
12	(8) "Executive Board" means a group of directors elected or
13	appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted
14	to them by, the Commission.
15	(9) "Home state" means the member state that is the
16	licensee's primary state of residence.
17	(10) "Investigative information" means information, records,
18	and documents received or generated by a physical therapy
19	licensing board pursuant to an investigation.
20	(11) "Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of
21	an individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the
22	practice of physical therapy in a state.
23	(12) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an
24	authorization from the state to practice as a physical therapist
25	or to work as a physical therapist assistant.
26	(13) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the
27	Compact.
28	(14) "Party state" means any member state in which a
29	licensee holds a current license or compact privilege or is
30	applying for a license or compact privilege.
31	(15) "Physical therapist" means an individual who is licensed
32	by a state to practice physical therapy.
33	(16) "Physical therapist assistant" means an individual who
34	is licensed/certified by a state and who assists the physical
35	therapist in selected components of physical therapy.
36	(17) "Physical therapy," "physical therapy practice," and
37	"the practice of physical therapy" mean the care and services
38	provided by or under the direction and supervision of a
39	licensed physical therapist.
40	(18) "Physical Therapy Compact Commission" or
41	"Commission" means the national administrative body whose

membership consists of all states that have enacted the



1	Compact.
2	(19) "Physical therapy licensing board" or "licensing board"
3	means the agency of a state that is responsible for the
4	licensing and regulation of physical therapists and physical
5	therapist assistants.
6	(20) "Remote State" means a member state other than the
7	home state, where a licensee is exercising or seeking to
8	exercise the compact privilege.
9	(21) "Rule" means a regulation, principle, or directive
0	promulgated by the Commission that has the force of law.
l 1	(22) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
12	territory of the United States of America that regulates the
13	practice of physical therapy.
14	Sec. 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
15	(a) To participate in the Compact, a state must:
16	(1) participate fully in the Commission's data system,
17	including using the Commission's unique identifier as defined
18	in rules;
19	(2) have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating
20	complaints about licensees;
21	(3) notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms of the
22	Compact and rules, of any adverse action or the availability
23 24	of investigative information regarding a licensee;
24	(4) fully implement a criminal background check
25	requirement, within a time frame established by rule, by
26	receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
27	record search on criminal background checks and use the
28	results in making licensure decisions in accordance with
29	Section 3(b);
30	(5) comply with the rules of the Commission;
31	(6) utilize a recognized national examination as a requirement
32	for licensure pursuant to the rules of the Commission; and
33	(7) have continuing competence requirements as a condition
34	for license renewal.
35	(b) Upon adoption of this statute, the member state shall have
36	the authority to obtain biometric-based information from each
37	physical therapy licensure applicant and submit this information
38	to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a criminal background
39	check in accordance with 28 U.S.C. 534 and 42 U.S.C. 14616.
10	(c) A member state shall grant the compact privilege to a
11	licensee holding a valid unencumbered license in another member

state in accordance with the terms of the Compact and rules.



1	(d) Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact
2	privilege.
3	Sec. 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE
4	(a) To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and
5	provisions of the Compact, the licensee shall:
6	(1) hold a license in the home state;
7	(2) have no encumbrance on any state license;
8	(3) be eligible for a compact privilege in any member state in
9	accordance with subsections (d), (g), and (h);
10	(4) have not had any adverse action against any license or
11	compact privilege within the previous two (2) years;
12	(5) notify the Commission that the licensee is seeking the
13	compact privilege within a remote state(s);
14	(6) pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the
15	compact privilege;
16	(7) meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the
17	remote state(s) in which the licensee is seeking a compact
18	privilege; and
19	(8) report to the Commission adverse action taken by any
20	non-member state within thirty (30) days from the date the
21	adverse action is taken.
22	(b) The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the
23	home license. The licensee must comply with the requirements of
24	subsection (a) to maintain the compact privilege in the remote
25	state.
26	(c) A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state under
27	the compact privilege shall function within the laws and
28	regulations of the remote state.
29	(d) A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state is
30	subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in
31	accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a
32	licensee's compact privilege in the remote state for a specific period
33	of time, impose fines, and/or take any other necessary actions to
34	protect the health and safety of its citizens. The licensee is not
35	eligible for a compact privilege in any state until the specific time
36	for removal has passed and all fines are paid.
37	(e) If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall lose
38	the compact privilege in any remote state until the following occur:
39	(1) the home state license is no longer encumbered; and
40	(2) two (2) years have elapsed from the date of the adverse
41	action

(f) Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored to



1	good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of
2	subsection (a) to obtain a compact privilege in any remote state.
3	(g) If a licensee's compact privilege in any remote state is
4	removed, the individual shall lose the compact privilege in any
5	remote state until the following occur:
6	(1) the specific period of time for which the compact privilege
7	was removed has ended;
8	(2) all fines have been paid; and
9	(3) two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action.
10	(h) Once the requirements of subsection (g) have been met, the
11	licensee must meet the requirements in subsection (a) of this
12	chapter to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.
13	Sec. 5. ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR
14	SPOUSES
15	A licensee who is active duty military or is the spouse of an
16	individual who is active duty military may designate one of the
17	following as the home state:
18	(1) home of record;
19	(2) permanent Change of Station (PCS); or
20	(3) state of current residence if it is different than the PCS
21	state or home of record.
22	Sec. 6. ADVERSE ACTIONS
23	(a) A home state shall have exclusive power to impose adverse
24	action against a license issued by the home state.
25	(b) A home state may take adverse action based on the
26	investigative information of a remote state, so long as the home
27	state follows its own procedures for imposing adverse action.
28	(c) Nothing in this Compact shall override a member state's
29	decision that participation in an alternative program may be used
30	in lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall remain
31	non-public if required by the member state's laws. Member states
32	must require licensees who enter any alternative programs in lieu
33	of discipline to agree not to practice in any other member state
34	during the term of the alternative program without prior
35	authorization from such other member state.
36	(d) Any member state may investigate actual or alleged
37	violations of the statutes and rules authorizing the practice of
38	physical therapy in any other member state in which a physical
39	therapist or physical therapist assistant holds a license or compact
40	privilege.

(e)  $\stackrel{\smile}{A}$  remote state shall have the authority to:

(1) take adverse actions as set forth in section 4(d) of this



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1	chapter against a licensee's compact privilege in the state;
2	(2) issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that
3	require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the
4	production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a physical
5	therapy licensing board in a party state for the attendance
6	and testimony of witnesses, and/or the production of evidence
7	from another party state, shall be enforced in the latter state
8	by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the
9	practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas
10	issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority
11	shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other
12	fees required by the service statutes of the state where the
13	witnesses and/or evidence are located; and
14	(3) if otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the
15	licensee the costs of investigations and disposition of cases
16	resulting from any adverse action taken against that licensee.
17	(f) Joint Investigations
18	(1) In addition to the authority granted to a member state by
19	its respective physical therapy practice act or other applicable
20	state law, a member state may participate with other member
21	states in joint investigations of licensees.
22	(2) Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or
23	compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual
24	investigation initiated under the Compact.
25	Sec. 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PHYSICAL THERAPY
26	COMPACT COMMISSION
27	(a) The Compact member states hereby create and establish a
28	joint public agency known as the Physical Therapy Compact
29	Commission.
30	(1) The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact
31	states.
32	(2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the
33	Commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court
34	of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the
35	Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and
36	jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to
37	participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
38	(3) Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver
39	of sovereign immunity.
40	(b) Membership, Voting, and Meetings
41	(1) Each member state shall have and be limited to one (1)

delegate selected by that member state's licensing board.



1	(2) The delegate shall be a current member of the licensing
2	board, who is a physical therapist, physical therapist assistant,
3	public member, or the board administrator.
4	(3) Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as
5	provided by the law of the state from which the delegate is
6	appointed.
7	(4) The member state board shall fill any vacancy occurring
8	in the Commission.
9	(5) Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard
10	to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall
11	otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business
12	and affairs of the Commission.
13	(6) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as
14	provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for
15	delegates' participation in meetings by telephone or other
16	means of communication.
17	(7) The Commission shall meet at least once during each
18	calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth
19	in the bylaws.
20	(c) The Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
21	(1) establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
22	(2) establish bylaws;
23	(3) maintain its financial records in accordance with the
24	bylaws;
25	(4) meet and take such actions as are consistent with the
26	provisions of this Compact and the bylaws;
27	(5) promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate
28	implementation and administration of this Compact. The
29	rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be
30	binding in all member states;
31	(6) bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the
32	name of the Commission, provided that the standing of any
33	state physical therapy licensing board to sue or be sued under
34	applicable law shall not be affected;
35	(7) purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
36	(8) borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel,
37	including, but not limited to, employees of a member state;
38	(9) hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation,
39	define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to
40	carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish the
41	Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to

conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other



1	related personnel matters;
2	(10) accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of
3	money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to
4	receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all
5	times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of
6	impropriety and/or conflict of interest;
7	(11) lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of,
8	or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property, real,
9	personal or mixed; provided that at all times the Commission
10	shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
11	(12) sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon,
12	or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed;
13	(13) establish a budget and make expenditures;
14	(14) borrow money;
15	(15) appoint committees, including standing committees
16	composed of members, state regulators, state legislators or
17	their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such
18	other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact
19	and the bylaws;
20	(16) provide and receive information from, and cooperate
21	with, law enforcement agencies;
22	(17) establish and elect an Executive Board; and
23 24 25	(18) perform such other functions as may be necessary or
24	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact
	consistent with the state regulation of physical therapy
26	licensure and practice.
27	(d) The Executive Board shall have the power to act on behalf
28	of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact.
29	(1) The Executive Board shall be composed of nine (9)
30	members:
31	(A) seven (7) voting members who are elected by the
32	Commission from the current membership of the
33	Commission;
34	(B) one (1) ex-officio, nonvoting member from the
35	recognized national physical therapy professional
36	association; and
37	(C) one (1) ex-officio, nonvoting member from the
38	recognized membership organization of the physical
39	therapy licensing boards.
40	(2) The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective
41	organizations.
42	(3) The Commission may remove any member of the



1	Executive Board as provided in bylaws.
2	(4) The Executive Board shall meet at least annually.
3	(5) The Executive Board shall have the following duties and
4	responsibilities:
5	(A) recommend to the entire Commission changes to the
6	rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact legislation, fees
7	paid by Compact member states such as annual dues, and
8	any commission Compact fee charged to licensees for the
9	compact privilege;
10	(B) ensure Compact administration services are
11	appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise;
12	(C) prepare and recommend the budget;
13	(D) maintain financial records on behalf of the
14	Commission;
15	(E) monitor Compact compliance of member states and
16	provide compliance reports to the Commission;
17	(F) establish additional committees as necessary; and
18	(G) other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
19	(e) Meetings of the Commission
20	(1) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice
21	of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required
22	under the rulemaking provisions in section 9 of this chapter.
23	(2) The Commission or the Executive Board or other
24	committees of the Commission may convene in a closed,
25	non-public meeting if the Commission or Executive Board or
26	other committees of the Commission must discuss:
27	(A) non-compliance of a member state with its obligations
28	under the Compact;
29	(B) the employment, compensation, discipline or other
30	matters, practices or procedures related to specific
31	employees or other matters related to the Commission's
32	internal personnel practices and procedures;
33	(C) current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
34	litigation;
35	(D) negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale
36	of goods, services, or real estate;
37	(E) accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring
38	any person;
39	(F) disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial
40	information that is privileged or confidential;
41	(G) disclosure of information of a personal nature where
42	disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion



1	of personal privacy;
2	(H) disclosure of investigative records compiled for law
3	enforcement purposes;
4	(I) disclosure of information related to any investigative
5	reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the
6	Commission or other committee charged with
7	responsibility of investigation or determination of
8	compliance issues pursuant to the Compact; or
9	(J) matters specifically exempted from disclosure by
10	federal or member state statute.
11	(3) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to
12	this provision, the Commission's legal counsel or designee
13	shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall
14	reference each relevant exempting provision.
15	(4) The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly
16	describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide
17	a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons
18	therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All
19	documents considered in connection with an action shall be
20	identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a
21	closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by
22	a majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of
23	competent jurisdiction.
24	(f) Financing of the Commission
25	(1) The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of,
26	the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization,
27	and ongoing activities.
28	(2) The Commission may accept any and all appropriate
29	revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment,
30	supplies, materials, and services.
31	(3) The Commission may levy on and collect an annual
32	assessment from each member state or impose fees on other
33	parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the
34	Commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount
35	sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for
36	which revenue is not provided by other sources. The
37	aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based
38	upon a formula to be determined by the Commission, which
39	shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
40	(4) The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind
41	prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor

shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the member



states, except by and with the authority of the member state. (5) The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission.

### (g) Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification

- (1) The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
- (2) The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
- (3) The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that



1	occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties,
2	or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis
3	for believing occurred within the scope of Commission
4	employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the
5	actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from
6	the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
7	Sec. 8. DATA SYSTEM
8	(a) The Commission shall provide for the development,
9	maintenance, and utilization of a coordinated database and
10	reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and
11	investigative information on all licensed individuals in member
12	states.
13	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the
14	contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the
15	data system on all individuals to whom this Compact is applicable
16	as required by the rules of the Commission, including:
17	(1) identifying information;
18	(2) licensure data;
19	(3) adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;
20	(4) non-confidential information related to alternative
21	program participation;
22	(5) any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s)
23	for such denial; and
24	(6) other information that may facilitate the administration of
25	this Compact, as determined by the rules of the Commission.
26	(c) Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any
27	member state will only be available to other party states.
28	(d) The Commission shall promptly notify all member states of
29	any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual
30	applying for a license. Adverse action information pertaining to a
31	licensee in any member state will be available to any other member
32	state.
33	(e) Member states contributing information to the data system
34	may designate information that may not be shared with the public
35	without the express permission of the contributing state.
36	(f) Any information submitted to the data system that is
37	subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the member
38	state contributing the information shall be removed from the data
39	system.

(a) The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Section and the rules



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Sec. 9. RULEMAKING

system.

1	adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding
2	as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
3	(b) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects
4	a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner
5	used to adopt the Compact within four (4) years of the date of
6	adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have no further force and
7	effect in any member state.
8	(c) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a
9	regular or special meeting of the Commission.
10	(d) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules
11	by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance of the
12	meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the
13	Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:
14	(1) on the website of the Commission or other publicly
15	accessible platform; and
16	(2) on the website of each member state physical therapy
17	licensing board or other publicly accessible platform or the
18	publication in which each state would otherwise publish
19	proposed rules.
20	(e) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
21	(1) the proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in
22	which the rule will be considered and voted upon;
23	(2) the text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason
24	for the proposed rule;
25	(3) a request for comments on the proposed rule from any
26	interested person; and
27	(4) the manner in which interested persons may submit notice
28	to the Commission of their intention to attend the public
29	hearing and any written comments.
30	(f) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission shall
31	allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
32	arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
33	(g) The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
34	hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is
35	requested by:
36	(1) at least twenty-five (25) persons;
37	(2) a state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
38	(3) an association having at least twenty-five (25) members.
39	(h) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the
40	Commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled

public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic means, the

Commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the



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1	electronic hearing.
2	(1) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify
3	the executive director of the Commission or other designated
4	member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the
5	hearing not less than five (5) business days before the
6	scheduled date of the hearing.
7	(2) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each
8	person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable
9	opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
10	(3) All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will
11	be made available on request.
12	(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a
13	separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the
14	convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this
15	section.
16	(i) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of
17	business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held,
18	the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments
19	received.
20	(j) If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by
21	interested parties is received, the Commission may proceed with
22	promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing.
23	(k) The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take
24	final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective
25	date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full
26	text of the rule.
27	(l) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the
28	Commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without
29	prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that
30	the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in
31	this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as
32	reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after
33	the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an
34	emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order
35	to:
36	(1) meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or
37	welfare;
38	
39	(2) prevent a loss of Commission or member state funds; (3) most a deadline for the promulation of an administrative
39 40	(3) meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
	•
41	(4) protect public health and safety.

(m) The Commission or an authorized committee of the



Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission.

Sec. 10. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

#### (a) Oversight

- (1) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member state shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this Compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.
- (2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the Commission.
- (3) The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this Compact, or promulgated rules.

#### (b) Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination

- (1) If the Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated rules, the Commission shall:
  - (A) provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the default and/or any other action to be taken by the Commission; and
  - (B) provide remedial training and specific technical



1	assistance regarding the default.
2	(2) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting
3	state may be terminated from the Compact upon an
4	affirmative vote of a majority of the member states, and all
5	rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact may
6	be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of
7	the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations
8	or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
9	(3) Termination of membership in the Compact shall be
10	imposed only after all other means of securing compliance
11	have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate
12	shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the
13	majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's
14	legislature, and each of the member states.
15	(4) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all
16	assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the
17	effective date of termination, including obligations that extend
18	beyond the effective date of termination.
19	(5) The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a state
20	that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from
21	the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the
22	Commission and the defaulting state.
23	(6) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the
24	Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the
25	District of Columbia or the federal district where the
26	Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member
27	shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
28	reasonable attorney's fees.
29	(c) Dispute Resolution
30	(1) Upon request by a member state, the Commission shall
31	attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact that arise
32	among member states and between member and non-member
33	states.
34	(2) The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for
35	both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as
36	appropriate.
37	(d) Enforcement
38	(1) The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
39	discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this
40	Compact.
41	(2) By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action

in the United States District Court for the District of



Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices against a member state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include
both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable
attorney's fees.
(3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of
the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.
Sec. 11 DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE

- Sec. 11. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR PHYSICAL THERAPY PRACTICE AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT
- (a) The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact statute is enacted into law in the tenth member state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of the Compact.
- (b) Any state that joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that state.
- (c) Any member state may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
  - (1) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six
  - (6) months after enactment of the repealing statute.
  - (2) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's physical therapy licensing board to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
- (d) Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any physical therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a non-member state that does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact.



(e) This Compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until it is enacted into the laws of all member states.

#### Sec. 12. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any party state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any party state, the Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the party state affected as to all severable matters.

SECTION 3. IC 34-30-2-101.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 101.4.** IC **25-27-2-1** (Concerning the physical therapy compact commission).



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health and Provider Services, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 305, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to SB 305 as introduced.)

CHARBONNEAU, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred Senate Bill 305, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective date in SECTION 2 with "[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2022]".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 305 as printed January 29, 2021.)

**BARRETT** 

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

