SENATE BILL No. 255

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 4-22-2.3-4; IC 6-3-1-3.5; IC 6-3.1-30.5; IC 12-17.2-7.2-11; IC 20-18-2-16; IC 20-19-3; IC 20-26-5-42.2; IC 20-26.5; IC 20-28-11.5-3; IC 20-31; IC 20-32-5.1; IC 20-43-8; IC 20-51-5; IC 20-51.4-7; IC 20-53; IC 21-12.

Synopsis: Education accounts. Expires the Indiana choice scholarship program and Indiana education scholarship account program on June 30, 2025. Beginning July 1, 2025, establishes the Indiana funding students first grant program (program) as a pilot program through June 30, 2027. Provides that the treasurer of state shall administer the program. Allows the parents of eligible students who are homeschooled or who attend a public school or a nonpublic school to apply to the treasurer of state to establish an account for purposes of the program. Defines "eligible student". Specifies the annual grant amount to the eligible student's account. Provides that the parent of an eligible student may use money in a program account for any qualified expense. Defines "qualified expense" for purposes of the program. Requires all students who participate in the program to take the statewide assessment. Makes conforming changes and technical corrections.

Effective: July 1, 2024; July 1, 2025.

Mishler

January 11, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Appropriations.



Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 255

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-22-2.3-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.249-2023,
SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. The Indiana state board of education may adopt
interim rules under the interim rule procedures in IC 4-22-2-37.2 for
the provision of special education or related services to an eligible
choice scholarship student who receives an amount under
IC 20-51-4-4(a)(2) (before its expiration). An interim rule authorized
under this section expires not later than one (1) year after the rule is
accepted for filing by the publisher of the Indiana Register and may not
be continued in another interim rule.

SECTION 2. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023, SECTION 63, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2023, SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2023, SECTION 94, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-2023, SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2024 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this



1	article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
2	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
3	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
4	follows:
5	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
6	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
7	(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
8	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
9	Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
10	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
11	the United States.
12	(3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a
13	joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse
14	one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
15	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
16	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the
17	Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);
18	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of
19	the Internal Revenue Code; and
20	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by
21	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which
22	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income
23	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
24	(5) Subtract <i>each of the following:</i>
25	(A) One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
26	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal
27	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004), except that in
28	the first taxable year in which a particular exemption is
29	allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue
30	Code (as effective January 1, 2004), subtract three thousand
31	dollars (\$3,000) for that exemption.
32	(B) One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each
33	exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal
34	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual:
35	(i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a
36	full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of
37	age;
38	(ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and
39	(iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an exemption
40	under clause (A).
41	(C) Five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount
42	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code



1	if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the
2	taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return,
3	is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). In the case of a
4	married individual filing a separate return, the qualifying
5	income amount in this clause is equal to twenty thousand
6	dollars (\$20,000).
7	(D) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for each exemption
8	allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
9	effective January 1, 2017) for an individual who is:
10	(i) an adopted child of the taxpayer; and
11	(ii) less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a full-time
12	student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of age.
13	This amount is in addition to any amount subtracted under
14	clause (A) or (B).
15	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
16	subdivision (4).
17	(6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
18	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
19	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
20	from adjusted gross income.
21	(7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
22	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were
23	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
24	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
25	subdivision (1).
26	(8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
27	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
28	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
29	(9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
30	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
31	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
32	to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount
33	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
34	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
35	(10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
36	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
37	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
38	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
39	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
40	local income taxes.
41	(11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of



2024

a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the

1	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
2	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums
3	paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long
4	term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer
5	or the taxpayer's spouse if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse
6	file a joint income tax return or the taxpayer is otherwise entitled
7	to a deduction under this subdivision for the taxpayer's spouse, or
8	both.
9	(13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
10	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or one
11	thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) in the case of a
12	married individual filing a separate return; or
13	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
14	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
15	principal place of residence.
16	(14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
17	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
18	federal adjusted gross income.
19	(15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
20	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
21	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in ar
22	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
23	that would have been computed had an election not been made
24	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
25	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
26	service.
27	(16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
28	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning ne
29	operating losses).
30	(17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
31	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
32	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
33	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
34	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
35	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no
36	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
37	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Interna
38	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
39	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the exten
40	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
41	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
41	were not elected as provided in clause (b); and



2024

(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the

1	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
2	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
3	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
4	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
5	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
6	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
7	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
8	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
9	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
10	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
11	into service.
12	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
13	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
14	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
15	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
16	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
17	qualified military income that was not excluded from the
18	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under
19	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
20	(19) Subtract income that is:
21	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
22	derived from patents); and
23	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income
24	under the Internal Revenue Code.
25	(20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
26	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
27	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
28	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
29	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
30	Revenue Code. Subtract the amount necessary from the adjusted
31	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted
32	gross income in a previous year to offset the amount included in
33	federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising
34	from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
35	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
36	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
37	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
38	(21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
39	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
40	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
41	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
42	December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:



1	(A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through entity,
2	a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or similar
3	arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
4	acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
5	obligation;
6	(B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other than
7	a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation shall be
8	the date ownership of the obligation was transferred, except
9	to the extent provided in clause (A), and if a portion of the
10	obligation is acquired on multiple dates, the date of
11	acquisition shall be considered separately for each portion of
12	the obligation; and
13	(C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of a
14	refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date shall be
15	the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
16	(22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of the
17	Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount was
18	previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a
19	prior taxable year.
20	(23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
21	amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that
22	was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section
23	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
24	(24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
25	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
26	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
27	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
28	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
29	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
30	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
31	
32	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
33	
	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
34	(25) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
35	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
36	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
37	22, 2017.
38	(26) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
39	before January 1, 2021, add an amount of the deduction claimed
40	under Section 62(a)(22) of the Internal Revenue Code.
41	(27) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, for
42	payments made by an employer under an education assistance



1	program after March 27, 2020:
2	(A) add the amount of payments by an employer that are
3	excluded from the taxpayer's federal gross income under
4	Section 127(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
5	(B) deduct the interest allowable under Section 221 of the
6	
	Internal Revenue Code, if the disallowance under Section
7	221(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not apply to the
8	payments described in clause (A). For purposes of applying
9	Section 221(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to the amount
10	allowable under this clause, the amount under clause (A) shall
11	not be added to adjusted gross income.
12	(28) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
13	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
14	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
15	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
16	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
17	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
18	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
19	(29) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and
20	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess
21	business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(1)(3) of the
22	Internal Revenue Code. In addition:
23	(A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this
24	subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions (15)
25	and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year,
26	the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable year
27	modifications for that property as occurring in the taxable year
28	the property is placed in service and a portion of the
29	modifications as occurring in the immediately following
30	taxable year.
31	(B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (15)
32	and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year
33	treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the property
34	is placed in service equals:
35	
	(i) the modification for the property otherwise determined
36	under this section; minus
37	(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this
38	subdivision;
39	but not less than zero (0).
40	(C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (15)
41	and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year
42	treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately following



1	the taxable year in which the property is placed in service
2	equals the modification for the property otherwise determined
3	under this section minus the amount in clause (B).
4	(D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years
5	under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the
6	modification under subdivision (15), then to the modification
7	under subdivision (17).
8	(30) Add an amount equal to the amount excluded from federal
9	gross income under Section 108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue
10	Code. For purposes of this subdivision:
11	(A) if an amount excluded under Section 108(f)(5) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code would be excludible under Section
13	108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, the exclusion
14	under Section 108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code shall
15	take precedence; and
16	(B) if an amount would have been excludible under Section
17	108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January
18	1, 2020, the amount is not required to be added back under this
19	subdivision.
20	(31) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
21	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
22	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
23	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
24	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
25	116-260); and
26	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
27	(32) Subtract the amount of an annual grant amount
28	distributed to an Indiana enrichment scholarship account
29	under IC 20-52 that is used for qualified expenses (as defined
30	in IC 20-52-2-6), to the extent the distribution used for the
31	qualified expense is included in the taxpayer's federal
32	adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code. The
33	following apply:
34	(A) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2026,
35	subtract the amount of an ESA annual grant amount and, as
36	applicable, a CSA annual grant amount distributed to a
37	taxpayer's Indiana education scholarship account under
38	IC 20-51.4-4-2 IC 20-51.4 (before its expiration) that is used
39	for a an ESA or CSA qualified expense (as defined in
40	IC 20-51.4-2-9) IC 20-51.4-2 (before its expiration)), or to an
41	Indiana enrichment scholarship account under IC 20-52 that is



2024

used for qualified expenses (as defined in IC 20-52-2-6), to the

1	extent the distribution used for the qualified expense is
2	included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income under
3	the Internal Revenue Code.
4	(B) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024,
5	and before January 1, 2028, subtract the amount of an
6	annual grant amount distributed from the state general
7	fund to a taxpayer's Indiana funding students first grant
8	program account under IC 20-53, and excluding any other
9	amount deposited in the taxpayer's account from any other
10	source, that is used for a qualified expense (as defined in
1	IC 20-53-2-8), to the extent the distribution used for the
12	qualified expense is included in the taxpayer's federal
13	adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code.
14	(33) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
15	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the amount of
16	unemployment compensation excluded from federal gross income
17	under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(34) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
19	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
20	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
21	(35) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
22	or subtract amounts related to specified research or experimental
23 24	procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29.
24	(35) (36) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to
25	deduct under IC 6-3-2.
26	(36) (37) Subtract the amount of a CSA annual grant amount
27	distributed to a taxpayer's career scholarship account under
28	IC 20-51.4-4.5 that is used for a CSA qualified expense (as
29	defined in IC 20-51.4-2-3.8), to the extent the distribution used
30	for the CSA qualified expense is included in the taxpayer's federal
31	adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code.
32	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
33	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
34	follows:
35	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
36	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
37	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
38	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
39	Code (concerning charitable contributions).
10	(3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
1 1	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
12	Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or



1	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
2	the United States.
3 4	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
5	
	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
6	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
7	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
8	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
9	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
10	that would have been computed had an election not been made
11	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
12	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
13	service.
14	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
15	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
16	losses).
17	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
18	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
19	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
20	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
21	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
22	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
23	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
24	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
25	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
26	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
27	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
28	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
29	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
30	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
31	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
32	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
33	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
34	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
35	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
36	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
37	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
38	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
39	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
40	into service.
41	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property



2024

under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross

income realized on the property that would have been deferred
under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
(8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:
(A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in
IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's
taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal
Revenue Code) for federal income tax purposes; and
(B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in
IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross
income (determined without regard to this subdivision). For
purposes of this clause, any directly related interest expense
that constitutes business interest within the meaning of Section
163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be considered to
have reduced the taxpayer's federal taxable income only in the
first taxable year in which the deduction otherwise would have
been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal
Revenue Code did not exist.
(9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
in section 34.5 of this chapter).
(10) Subtract income that is:
(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
derived from patents); and
(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the
Internal Revenue Code.
(11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
(12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under

Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on



42

4	
1	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
2	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
3	December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:
4	(A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through entity,
5	a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or similar
6	arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
7	acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
8	obligation;
9	(B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other than
10	a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation shall be
11	the date ownership of the obligation was transferred, except
12	to the extent provided in clause (A), and if a portion of the
13	obligation is acquired on multiple dates, the date of
14	acquisition shall be considered separately for each portion of
15	the obligation; and
16	(C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of a
17	refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date shall be
18	the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
19	(13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:
20	(A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment trust,
21	add:
22	(i) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer
23	on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
24	(ii) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
25	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
26	
27	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
28	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal
	Revenue Code; and
29	(B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal to
30	the deduction for deferred foreign income that was claimed by
31	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 965(c) of the
32	Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the taxpayer
33	included income pursuant to Section 965 of the Internal
34	Revenue Code in its taxable income for federal income tax
35	purposes or is required to add back dividends paid under
36	subdivision (9).
37	(14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
38	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
39	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
40	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
41	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
42	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the



1	Internal Revenue Code.
2	(15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
3	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
4	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
5	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year bu
6	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
7	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision
8	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
9	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
10	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
1	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
12	(16) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
13	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
14	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
15	22, 2017.
16	(17) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
17	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
18	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
19	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
20	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
21	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
22	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
23	(18) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract ar
24	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
25 26	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136)
26	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
27	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
28	116-260); and
29	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
30	(19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022
31	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
32	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
33	(20) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021
34	subtract the amount of any:
35	(A) federal, state, or local grant received by the taxpayer; and
36	(B) discharged federal, state, or local indebtedness incurred
37	by the taxpayer;
38	for purposes of providing or expanding access to broadband
39	service in this state.
10	(21) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
1 1	or subtract amounts related to specified research or experimental
12.	procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29



1	$\frac{(20)}{(22)}$ Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
2	(A) required to add or subtract; or
3	(B) entitled to deduct;
4	under IC 6-3-2.
5	(c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December
6	31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the
7	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in
8	subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if
9	the taxpayer is a corporation:
10	(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and
11	before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under
12	this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any
13	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
14	wagering taxes.
15	(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
16	before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under
17	this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed
18	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
19	(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and
20	before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under
21	this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any
22	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
23	wagering taxes.
24	(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and
25	before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under
26	this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the
27	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
28	(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and
29	before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under
30	this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any
31	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
32	wagering taxes.
33	(6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and
34	before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under
35	this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed
36	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
37	(7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and
38	before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under
39	this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any
40	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
41	wagering taxes.
42	(8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a



1	taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any amount
2	of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
3	for wagering taxes.
4	(d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section
5	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana
6	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined
7	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
8	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
9	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
10	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
11	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
12	charitable contributions).
13	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
14	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
15	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
16	level by any state.
17	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
18	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
19	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
20	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
21	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
22	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
23	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
24	that would have been computed had an election not been made
25	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
26	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
27	service.
28	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
29	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
30	losses).
31	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
32	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
33	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
34	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
35	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
36	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
37	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
38	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
39	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
40	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
41	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code

were not elected as provided in clause (B); and



42

1	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
2	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
3	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
4	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
5	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
6	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
7	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
8	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
9	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
10	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
11	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
12	into service.
13	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
14	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
15	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
16	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
17	(8) Subtract income that is:
18	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
19	derived from patents); and
20	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
21	the Internal Revenue Code.
22	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
23	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
24	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
25	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
26	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
27	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
28	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
29	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
30	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
31	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
32	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
33	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
34	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
35	
36	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
37	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
38	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
39	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
40	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
41	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political

subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after



42

1	December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:
2	(A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through entity,
3	a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or similar
4	arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
5	acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
6	obligation;
7	(B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other than
8	a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation shall be
9	the date ownership of the obligation was transferred, except
10	to the extent provided in clause (A), and if a portion of the
11	obligation is acquired on multiple dates, the date of
12	acquisition shall be considered separately for each portion of
13	the obligation; and
13	
15	(C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of a
16	refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date shall be
	the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
17	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:
18	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on
19	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
20	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
21	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
22	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
23	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
24	Code.
25	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
26	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
27	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
28	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
29	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
30	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
31	Internal Revenue Code.
32	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
33	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
34	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
35	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
36	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
37	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
38	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
39	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
40	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
41	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
42	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from



1	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
2	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
3	22, 2017.
4	(16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
5	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
6	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
7	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
8	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
9	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
10	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
l 1	(17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
12	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
13	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
14	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
15	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
16	116-260); and
17	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
19	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
20	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
21	(19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
22	or subtract amounts related to specified research or experimental
23 24	procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29.
24	(19) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
25	(A) required to add or subtract; or
26	(B) entitled to deduct;
27	under IC 6-3-2.
28	(e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
29	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
30	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
31	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
32	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
33	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
34	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
35	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
36	charitable contributions).
37	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
38	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
39	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
10	level by any state.
1 1	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
12	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal



1	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
2	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
3	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
4	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
5	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
6	that would have been computed had an election not been made
7	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
8	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
9	service.
10	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
11	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
12	losses).
13	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
14	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
15	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
16	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
17	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
18	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
19	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
20	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
21	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
22	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
23	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
24	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
25	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
26	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
27	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
28	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
29	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
30	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
31	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
32	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
33	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
34	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
35	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
36	into service.
37	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
38	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
39	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
40	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
41	(8) Subtract income that is:
42	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income



1	derived from patents); and
2	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
3	the Internal Revenue Code.
4	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
5	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
6	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
7	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
8	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
9	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
10	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
11	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
12	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
13	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
14	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
15	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
16	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
17	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
18	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
19	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
20	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
21	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
22	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
23	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
24	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
25	December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:
26	(A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through entity,
27	a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or similar
28	arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
29	acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
30	obligation;
31	(B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other than
32	a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation shall be
33	the date ownership of the obligation was transferred, except
34	to the extent provided in clause (A), and if a portion of the
35	obligation is acquired on multiple dates, the date of
36	acquisition shall be considered separately for each portion of
37	the obligation; and
38	(C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of a
39	refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date shall be
40	the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
41	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:
42	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on



1	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
2	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
3	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
4	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
5	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
6	Code.
7	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
8	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
9	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
10	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
11	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
13	Internal Revenue Code.
14	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
15	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
16	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
17	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
18	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
19	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
20	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
21	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
23	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
24	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
25	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
26	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
27	22, 2017.
28	(16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
29	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
30	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
31	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
32	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
33	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
34	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
35	(17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
36	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
37	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
38	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
39	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
40	116-260); and
41	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
42	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,



or subtract amounts related to specified research or experiments procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29. (49) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is: (A) required to add or subtract; or (B) entitled to deduct; under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which borned depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply borned depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in	1	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
or subtract amounts related to specified research or experiments procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29. (49) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is: (A) required to add or subtract; or (B) entitled to deduct; under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which borned depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply borned depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in	2	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29. (H9) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is: (A) required to add or subtract; or (B) entitled to deduct; under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purpos	3	(19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
(49) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is: (A) required to add or subtract; or (B) entitled to deduct; under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed	4	or subtract amounts related to specified research or experimental
(A) required to add or subtract; or (B) entitled to deduct; under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artice by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September Interrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September Interrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September Interrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September Interrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been maded the service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amou	5	procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29.
(A) required to add or subtract; or (B) entitled to deduct; under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victio of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bome gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bome aearlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been mad under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bome depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed if service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Sectio 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operatir losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjuste gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in servic in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have bee computed had an election for federal income tax purposes ne	6	(19) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
under IC 6-3-2. (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artice by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election f	7	
(f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artice by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an elect	8	(B) entitled to deduct;
trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September I terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the Septembe 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September I1 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross incom that would have been computed had an election not been mad under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operatir losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in servic in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have bee computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no	9	under IC 6-3-2.
trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artic by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the Septembe 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which born depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been mad under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply born depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operatir losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in servic in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have bee computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no	10	(f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
adjusted as follows: (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this artice by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed had an election for federal income tax purposes incomputed in the current taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes incomputed in the current	11	
by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income	12	·
by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 1 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which born depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply born depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the computed had an election for federal income	13	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
15 (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 16 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder 17 adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 18 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. 20 (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. 28 (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). 31 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross i	14	· · ·
terrorist attack settlement payment included in the feder adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been maded under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (adefined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessa	15	•
adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bone depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been maded under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the appropriate that any purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the appropriate that any purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes nec	16	
of the September 11 terrorist attack. (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bond depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been maded under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bond depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make the adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes necessary to make	17	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
20 (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bond depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bond depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. 28 (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). 31 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	18	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bond depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bond depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service and the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes not service and the amount of adjusted gross income tax purposes not service.	19	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	20	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in a earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	21	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply born depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no	22	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	23	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bone depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	24	· · ·
depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed is service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes in the service.	25	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
service. (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operation losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	26	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (and defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	27	
losses). (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	28	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
31 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 32 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a 33 defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service 34 in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to 35 the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been 36 computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	29	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (a defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no	30	losses).
defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not service.	31	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to the current taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to the current taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to the current taxable year.	32	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not seem to be computed to the computed had an election for the computed had an elec	33	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no	34	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
	35	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
27	36	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
been made for the year in which the property was placed	37	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
service to take deductions under Section 179 of the International	38	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:	39	
~	40	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
were not elected as provided in clause (B); and	42	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and



1	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
2	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
3	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
4	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
5	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
6	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
7	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
8	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
9	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
10	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
11	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
12	into service.
13	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
14	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
15	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
16	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
17	(6) Subtract income that is:
18	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
19	derived from patents); and
20	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
21	Internal Revenue Code.
22	(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
23	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
24	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
25	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
26	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
27	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
28	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
29	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
30	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
31	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
32	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
33	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
34	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
35	(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
36	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
37	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
38	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
39	December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:
40	(A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through entity,
41	a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or similar
	a regulated investment company, a neage juin, or simula



2024

arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have

1	acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
2 3	obligation;
	(B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other than
4	a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation shall be
5	the date ownership of the obligation was transferred, except
6	to the extent provided in clause (A), and if a portion of the
7	obligation is acquired on multiple dates, the date of
8	acquisition shall be considered separately for each portion of
9	the obligation; and
10	(C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of a
11	refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date shall be
12	the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
13	(9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
14	amount equal to:
15	(A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
16	Transition Tax Statement, line 1;
17	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
18	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
19	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
20	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
21	Code; and
22	(C) with regard to any amounts of income under Section 965
23	of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the taxpayer, the
24	deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
25	attributable to such distributed amounts and not reported to the
26	beneficiary.
27	For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added back
28	under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or
29	distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of
30	Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
31	(10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
32	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
33	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
34	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
35	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
36	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
37	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
38	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
39	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
40	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
41	(11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business
42	income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year



1	under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.
2	(12) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
3	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
4	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
5	22, 2017.
6	(13) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
7	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
8	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
9	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
10	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
11	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
12	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
13	(14) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and
14	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess
15	business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(1)(3) of the
16	Internal Revenue Code. In addition:
17	(A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this
18	subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions (3)
19	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable year,
20	the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable year
21	modifications for that property as occurring in the taxable year
22	the property is placed in service and a portion of the
22 23 24	modifications as occurring in the immediately following
24	taxable year.
25	(B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)
26	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable year
27	treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the property
28	is placed in service equals:
29	(i) the modification for the property otherwise determined
30	under this section; minus
31	(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this
32	subdivision;
33	but not less than zero (0).
34	(C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)
35	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable year
36	treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately following
37	the taxable year in which the property is placed in service
38	equals the modification for the property otherwise determined
39	under this section minus the amount in clause (B).
10	(D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years
1 1	under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the
12	modification under subdivision (3), then to the modification



1	under subdivision (5).
2	(15) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
3	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
4	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
5	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
6	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
7	116-260); and
8	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
9	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
10	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
11	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
12	(17) Except as provided in subsection (c), for taxable years
13	beginning after December 31, 2022, add an amount equal to any
14	deduction or deductions allowed or allowable in determining
15	taxable income under Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue
16	Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the
17	state level by any state of the United States.
18	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
19	or subtract amounts related to specified research or experimental
20	procedures as required under IC 6-3-2-29.
21	(18) (19) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
22	(A) required to add or subtract; or
23	(B) entitled to deduct;
24	under IC 6-3-2.
25	(g) For purposes of IC 6-3-2.1, IC 6-3-4-12, IC 6-3-4-13, and
26	IC 6-3-4-15 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
27	"adjusted gross income" of a pass through entity means the aggregate
28	of items of ordinary income and loss in the case of a partnership or a
29	corporation described in IC 6-3-2-2.8(2), or aggregate distributable net
30	income of a trust or estate as defined in Section 643 of the Internal
31	Revenue Code, distributions subject to tax for state and federal income
32	tax for beneficiaries in the case of a trust or estate, whichever is
33	applicable, for the taxable year modified as follows:
34	(1) Add the separately stated items of income and gains, or the
35	equivalent items that must be considered separately by a
36	beneficiary, as determined for federal purposes, attributed to the
37	partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries of the pass through entity,
38	determined without regard to whether the owner is permitted to
39	exclude all or part of the income or gain or deduct any amount
40	against the income or gain.
41	(2) Subtract the separately stated items of deductions or losses or
42	items that must be considered separately by beneficiaries, as



1	determined for federal purposes, attributed to partners
2	shareholders, or beneficiaries of the pass through entity and that
3	are deductible by an individual in determining adjusted gross
4	income as defined under Section 62 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code:
6	(A) limited as if the partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries
7	deducted the maximum allowable loss or deduction allowable
8	for the taxable year prior to any amount deductible from the
9	pass through entity; but
10	(B) not considering any disallowance of deductions resulting
11	from federal basis limitations for the partner, shareholder, or
12	beneficiary.
13	(3) Add or subtract any modifications to adjusted gross income
14	that would be required both for individuals under subsection (a)
15	and corporations under subsection (b) to the extent otherwise
16	provided in those subsections, including amounts that are
17	allowable for which such modifications are necessary to accoun
18	for separately stated items in subdivision (1) or (2).
19	(h) Subsections (a)(35), (b)(20), (d)(19), (e)(19), or (f)(18) (a)(36)
20	(b)(22), (d)(20), (e)(20), or (f)(19) may not be construed to require ar
21	add back or allow a deduction or exemption more than once for a
22	particular add back, deduction, or exemption.
23	(i) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, if:
24	(1) a taxpayer is a shareholder, either directly or indirectly, in a
25	corporation that is an E&P deficit foreign corporation as defined
26	in Section 965(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the
27	earnings and profit deficit, or a portion of the earnings and profit
28	deficit, of the E&P deficit foreign corporation is permitted to
29	reduce the federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
30	income of the taxpayer, the deficit, or the portion of the deficit
31	shall also reduce the amount taxable under this section to the
32	extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code, however, in no
33	case shall this permit a reduction in the amount taxable under
34	Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this
35	section to be less than zero (0); and
36	(2) the Internal Revenue Service issues guidance that such ar
37	income or deduction is not reported directly on a federal tax
38	return or is to be reported in a manner different than specified in
39	this section, this section shall be construed as if federal adjusted
40	gross income or federal taxable income included the income or
41	deduction.

(j) If a partner is required to include an item of income, a deduction,



or another tax attribute in the partner's adjusted gross income tax return
pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5, such item shall be considered to be includible
in the partner's federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
income, regardless of whether such item is actually required to be
, ,
reported by the partner for federal income tax purposes. For purposes
of this subsection:

- (1) items for which a valid election is made under IC 6-3-4.5-6, IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9 shall not be required to be included in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable income; and (2) items for which the partnership did not make an election under IC 6-3-4.5-6, IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9, but for which the partnership is required to remit tax pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5-18, shall be included in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable income.
- (k) The following apply for purposes of this section:
 - (1) For purposes of subsections (b) and (f), if a taxpayer is an organization that has more than one (1) trade or business subject to the provisions of Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code, the following rules apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017:
 - (A) If a trade or business has federal unrelated business taxable income of zero (0) or greater for a taxable year, the unrelated business taxable income and modifications required under this section shall be combined in determining the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and shall not be treated as being subject to the provisions of Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code if one (1) or more trades or businesses have negative Indiana adjusted gross income after adjustments.
 - (B) If a trade or business has federal unrelated business taxable income of less than zero (0) for a taxable year, the taxpayer shall apply the modifications under this section for the taxable year against the net operating loss in the manner required under IC 6-3-2-2.5 and IC 6-3-2-2.6 for separately stated net operating losses. However, if the application of modifications required under IC 6-3-2-2.5 or IC 6-3-2-2.6 results in the separately stated net operating loss for the trade or business being zero (0), the modifications that increase adjusted gross income under this section and remain after the calculations to adjust the separately stated net operating loss to zero (0) that result from the trade or business must be treated as modifications to which clause (A) applies for the



1	taxable year.
2	(C) If a trade or business otherwise described in Section
3	512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code incurred a net
4	operating loss for a taxable year beginning after December
5	31, 2017, and before January 1, 2021, and the net operating
6	loss was carried back for federal tax purposes:
7	(i) if the loss was carried back to a taxable year for which
8	the requirements under Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal
9	
10	Revenue Code did not apply, the portion of the loss and
	modifications attributable to the loss shall be treated as
11	adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the first taxable
12	year of the taxpayer beginning after December 31, 2022,
13	and shall be treated as part of the adjusted gross income
14	attributable to clause (A), unless, and to the extent, the loss
15	and modifications were applied to adjusted gross income for
16	a previous taxable year, as determined under this article;
17	and
18	(ii) if the loss was carried back to a taxable year for which
19	the requirements under Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal
20	Revenue Code applied, the portion of the loss and
21	modifications attributable to the loss shall be treated as
22	adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the first taxable
23	year of the taxpayer beginning after December 31, 2022,
24	and for purposes of this clause, the inclusion of losses and
25	modifications shall be in the same manner as provided in
26	clause (B), unless, and to the extent, the loss and
27	modifications were applied to adjusted gross income for a
28	previous taxable year, as determined under this article.
29	(D) Notwithstanding any provision in this subdivision, if a
30	taxpayer computed its adjusted gross income for a taxable
31	year beginning before January 1, 2023, based on a reasonable
32	interpretation of this article, the taxpayer shall be permitted
33	to compute its adjusted gross income for those taxable years
34	based on that interpretation. However, a taxpayer must
35	continue to report any tax attributes for taxable years
36	beginning after December 31, 2022, in a manner consistent
37	with its previous interpretation.
38	(2) In the case of a corporation, other than a captive real estate
39	investment trust, for which the adjusted gross income under this
10	article is determined after a deduction for dividends paid under
10 11	
+1 1 2	the Internal Revenue Code, the modifications required under this
t∠	section shall be applied in ratio to the corporation's taxable



income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) after deductions for dividends paid under the Internal Revenue Code compared to the corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) before the deduction for dividends paid under the Internal Revenue Code.

(3) In the case of a trust or estate, the trust or estate is required to include only the portion of the modifications not passed through to beneficiaries.

(4) In the case of a taxpayer for which modifications are required to be applied against a separately stated net operating loss under IC 6-3-2-2.5 or IC 6-3-2-2.6, the modifications required under this section must be adjusted to reflect the required application of the modifications against a separately stated net operating loss, in order to avoid the application of a particular modification multiple times.

SECTION 3. IC 6-3.1-30.5-0.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.63-2012, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 0.5. Each provision of P.L.92-2011 is presumed to be and is severable from the remainder to the fullest extent and under IC 1-1-1-8. If any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of IC 6-3.1-30.5 this chapter or IC 20-51 (before its expiration), as added and amended, is held invalid for any reason, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions that are to be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The general assembly intends each provision to be passed into law individually and as a whole, without any provisions later found to be invalid or otherwise counter to constitutional or other legal requirements.

SECTION 4. IC 6-3.1-30.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2011, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "scholarship granting organization" refers to an organization that:

- (1) is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (2) conducts a school scholarship program without limiting the availability of scholarships to students of only one (1) participating school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-6). IC 20-51-1-6 (before its expiration)).

SECTION 5. IC 6-3.1-30.5-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.182-2009(ss), SECTION 205, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "school scholarship program" refers to a scholarship program certified by the department of education under IC 20-51 (before its expiration).



- SECTION 6. IC 12-17.2-7.2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2023, SECTION 139, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2023, SECTION 17, AND AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2024 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 11. Except as provided under IC 20-51-1-4.3(4)(E), The receipt of a grant under the *pilot prekindergarten* program does not qualify, nor have an effect on the qualification or eligibility, of a child for a choice scholarship under IC 20-51-4 (before its expiration).
 - SECTION 7. IC 20-18-2-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2019, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 16. (a) "School corporation", for purposes of this title (except IC 20-20-33, IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5, IC 20-26-7, IC 20-26-7.1, IC 20-28-11.5, IC 20-30-8, IC 20-30-16, IC 20-43, and IC 20-50, and IC 20-53), means a public school corporation established by Indiana law. The term includes a:
 - (1) school city;

- (2) school town;
 - (3) consolidated school corporation;
 - (4) metropolitan school district;
 - (5) township school corporation;
- (6) county school corporation;
 - (7) united school corporation; or
 - (8) community school corporation.
- (b) "School corporation", for purposes of IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5, IC 20-26-7, and IC 20-26-7.1, has the meaning set forth in IC 20-26-2-4.
- (c) "School corporation", for purposes of IC 20-20-33, IC 20-26.5, IC 20-30-8, and IC 20-50, and IC 20-53, includes a charter school (as defined in IC 20-24-1-4).
- (d) "School corporation", for purposes of IC 20-43, has the meaning set forth in IC 20-43-1-23.
- (e) "School corporation", for purposes of IC 20-28-11.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 20-28-11.5-3.
- (f) "School corporation", for purposes of IC 20-35, has the meaning set forth in IC 20-35-1-6.
- (g) "School corporation", for purposes of IC 20-30-16, has the meaning set forth in IC 20-30-16-4.
- SECTION 8. IC 20-19-3-2.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.169-2016, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2.1. (a) As used in this section, "school corporation" includes:



1	(1) any local public school corporation established under indiana
2	law;
3	(2) a charter school; and
4	(3) an eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7);
5	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration));
6	that are otherwise entitled to receive federal funds under federal and
7	state law.
8	(b) If, by any act of Congress, funds are provided as federal aid to
9	education to the several states and the disposition of the funds is not
10	otherwise provided for by or under the act of Congress or by or under
11	any Indiana law, the apportionment and distribution of those funds to
12	school corporations shall, insofar as consistent with the requirements
13	prescribed by the federal law and implementing rules and regulations,
14	be governed by the standards set forth in this section.
15	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the department is
16	responsible for the general administration of federal grant programs
17	under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA),
18	as amended.
19	(d) The department shall make timely application for any federal
20	funds made available for school corporations in Indiana, and shall,
21	under the federal law and this section, direct the allocation and
22	apportionment of the federal funds received fairly, equitably, and in a
23	timely manner to all school corporations in accordance with federal law
24	and this section. The department must ensure that sufficient personnel
25	are assigned to its federal grants program to enable the department to
26	comply with subsection (c).
27	(e) Whenever the department provides federal formula grant
28	funding to a school corporation, the department must also provide to
29	the school corporation the formula and the data used to calculate the
30	funding amount.
31	SECTION 9. IC 20-19-3-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-2023,
32	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 15. (a) This section does not apply to a school
34	promotional item that has minimal monetary value.
35	(b) As used in this section, "CSA participating entity" has the
36	meaning set forth in IC 20-51.4-2-3.2.
37	(c) As used in this section, "ESA participating entity" has the
38	meaning set forth in IC 20-51.4-2-4.7.
39	(b) As used in this section, "participating entity" has the
40	meaning set forth in IC 20-53-2-5.
41	(d) (c) As used in this section, "school" means any of the following:

(1) A school corporation.



42

(2) A charter school, including a conversion charter school or a
virtual charter school.
(3) A nonpublic school that has any students enrolled who receive
a choice scholarship under IC 20-51-4 (before its expiration).
(e) (d) A school, an ESA or CSA a participating entity, an employee
of a school or an ESA or CSA a participating entity, or a member or
representative of an association affiliated with a school employee
organization (as defined in IC 20-29-2-14) may not offer or give, as an
incentive to enroll, reenroll, continue attending, or receive services
from a school or an ESA or CSA a participating entity, any item that
has monetary value, including cash or a gift card, to:
(1) a student or prospective student (or the parent of a student or
prospective student) in exchange for enrolling, reenrolling, or
incentivizing continued attendance of the student or prospective
student at the school or with the ESA or CSA participating entity;
or
(2) any person in exchange for referring a prospective student to
the school or ESA or CSA participating entity.
SECTION 10. IC 20-19-3-22.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-2023,
SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 22.3. (a) The following definitions apply
throughout this section:
(1) "Advanced placement course" means an advanced course as
defined by IC 20-36-3-1.
(2) "Cambridge International course" has the meaning set forth in
IC 20-36-6-1.
(3) "Cohort" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-26-13-2.
(4) "CSA program" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-51.4-2-3.4.
(5) (4) "Dual credit course" has the meaning set forth in
IC 21-43-1-2.5.
(6) "ESA program" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-51.4-2-5.
(5) "Indiana funding students first grant program" means the
program established by IC 20-53-3-1.
(7) (6) "Internet dashboard" means the department's Internet
dashboard established under IC 20-31-8-5.5.
(8) (7) "Management performance hub" refers to the management
performance hub established by IC 4-3-26-8.
(b) Beginning with students who graduated during the 2017-2018
school year and not later than January 1, 2022, the department, in
collaboration with the management performance hub, shall report on
the department's website the median earned income of graduates of a
particular school year, for each school corporation, charter high school,



or state accredited nonpublic school. The median earned income of a
particular graduating class for a school corporation, charter school, or
state accredited nonpublic school shall be updated annually.
(c) The department shall, in collaboration with the management
performance hub and the commission for higher education, collect,
maintain, and aggregate the following data regarding each cohort,
beginning with the cohort expected to graduate in 2023:
(1) The median income of the cohort at:
(A) one (1) year after graduation;
(B) three (3) years after graduation;
(C) five (5) years after graduation; and
(D) ten (10) years after graduation.
(2) The number of students in the cohort who participated in each
of the following:
(A) Advanced placement courses.
(B) Dual placement courses.
(C) Cambridge International courses.
(D) International baccalaureate courses.
(3) The number of students in the cohort who enrolled in a public
university, aggregated by major.
(4) The number of students in the cohort who completed at least
two (2) academic years at a college or university.
(5) The number of students in the cohort who were employed:
(A) one (1) year after graduation;
(B) three (3) years after graduation;
(C) five (5) years after graduation; and
(D) ten (10) years after graduation;
aggregated by federal Standard Occupational Classification code.
(d) The department shall, not later than January 1, 2024, do the
following:
(1) Begin publishing the data described in subsection (c) on the
department's Internet dashboard. Data described in subsection
(c)(1) must be published under this subdivision:
(A) aggregated by secondary school; and
(B) for each secondary school, aggregated by Indiana funding
students first grant program participation.
(i) CSA program participation, if applicable; and
(ii) ESA program participation, if applicable.
(2) Begin publishing the data described in subsection (c),
aggregated by secondary school, on the department's Graduates
Prepared to Succeed website.
(e) The department may not disclose any personal, identifiable



1	information of any individual under this section.
2	SECTION 11. IC 20-19-3-28.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2025]. Sec. 28.5. (a) As used in this section, "CSA participating
4	entity" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-51.4-2-3.2.
5	(b) As used in this section, "skill competency" has the meaning set
6	forth in IC 20-51.4-2-11.
7	(e) The department shall publish on the department's website a list
8	of skill competencies identified by CSA participating entities who are
9	providing training and education approved by the department and the
10	commission for higher education under IC 20-51.4-4.5-6.
11	SECTION 12. IC 20-26-5-42.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.29-2023,
12	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 42.2. (a) This section does not apply to a
14	nonpublic school unless the nonpublic school is an eligible school (as
15	defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)).
16	(b) As used in this section, "FAFSA" refers to the Free Application
17	for Federal Student Aid.
18	(c) Beginning with the 2023-2024 school year, each student in the
19	student's senior year shall complete and submit the FAFSA not later
20	than April 15 of the school year.
21	(d) A student is not required to comply with subsection (c) if:
22	(1) a parent of the student or the student, if the student is an
23	emancipated minor, submits a signed waiver certifying that the
24	student understands what the FAFSA is and declines to complete
25	it; or
26	(2) the principal or school counselor of the student's high school
27	waives the requirement for a group of students due to the
28	principal or school counselor being unable to reach the parents of
29	the students by April 15 of the school year after at least two (2)
30	reasonable attempts to contact the parents.
31	(e) This section expires June 30, 2033.
32	SECTION 13. IC 20-26.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2020,
33	SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. As used in this article, "coalition member"
35	refers to a school corporation, eligible school (as defined in
36	IC 20-51-1-4.7), IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or state
37	accredited nonpublic school that is approved by the state board under
38	IC 20-26.5-2 to become a member of a coalition established under
39	IC 20-26.5-2.
40 41	SECTION 14. IC 20-26.5-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2020,
	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 1. (a) The state board may approve not more than



1	one (1) coalition of continuous improvement school districts under this
2	chapter to offer flexibility and innovation to schools to improve student
3	outcomes.
4	(b) To establish a coalition under this chapter, at least four (4), but
5	not more than a total of eight (8), of any of the following must jointly
6	submit a plan to the state board in a manner prescribed by the state
7	board:
8	(1) A school corporation.
9	(2) An eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7).
10	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)).
11	(3) A state accredited nonpublic school.
12	(c) The plan submitted under subsection (b) must include:
13	(1) a description of the various educational programs that will be
14	offered by members of the proposed coalition;
15	(2) a description that identifies potential coalition member
16	partnerships with:
17	(A) business or industry;
18	(B) postsecondary educational institutions; or
19	(C) community partners;
20	(3) the specific goals and the measurable student outcomes to be
21	obtained by the proposed coalition members; and
22	(4) an explanation of how student performance in achieving the
23	specific outcomes will be measured, evaluated, and reported.
24	If a plan submitted to the state board includes a request to suspend all
25	or portions of IC 20-30 for a proposed coalition, the plan must include
26	how the specific goal of the proposed coalition will be achieved by
27	suspending all or portions of IC 20-30. The state board may approve a
28	plan that proposes to suspend all or portions of IC 20-30 only if the
29	suspension is related to a specific goal of the proposed coalition.
30	(d) The state board may approve a coalition under this chapter if the
31	state board determines that the coalition will:
32	(1) improve student performance and outcomes;
33	(2) offer coalition members flexibility in the administration of
34	educational programs; and
35	(3) promote innovative educational approaches to student
36	learning.
37	(e) The plan approved by the state board under subsection (d) must
38	apply uniformly for each member of the coalition.
39	(f) Upon approval of the coalition by the state board under
40	subsection (d), the state board shall post the following on the state
41	board's Internet web site: website:
42	(1) A copy of the plan approved by the state board under



(1) A copy of the plan approved by the state board under

1	subsection (d).
2	(2) Information describing how a school corporation, an eligible
3	school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7), IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its
4	expiration)), or a state accredited nonpublic school may submit
5	an application to become a coalition member to the coalition
6	under section 2(b) of this chapter.
7	SECTION 15. IC 20-26.5-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2020,
8	SECTION 15. 16 20-20.5-2-2, AS AWENDED BY 1.E.52-2020, SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) Subject to subsection (b), if the state board
10	approves a coalition under section 1(d) of this chapter, the applicants
11	that jointly submitted an application under section 1 of this chapter
12	become coalition members.
13	(b) In addition to the coalition members described in subsection (a),
14	a school corporation, an eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7),
15	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or a state accredited
16	nonpublic school may become a coalition member by submitting an
17	application to the coalition, in a manner prescribed by the coalition.
18	The coalition may submit a recommendation to the state board that an
19	applicant under this subsection should be approved to participate in the
20	coalition. Subject to subsection (c), the state board shall approve an
21	application submitted under this subsection.
22	(c) For:
23	(1) the 2018-2019 school year, not more than a total of eight (8)
24	school corporations, eligible schools (as defined in
25	IC 20-51-1-4.7), IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or state
26	accredited nonpublic schools may participate in the coalition;
27	(2) the 2019-2020 school year, not more than a total of twelve
28	(12) school corporations, eligible schools (as defined in
29	IC 20-51-1-4.7), IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or state
30	accredited nonpublic schools may participate in the coalition; and
31	(3) the 2020-2021 school year, not more than a total of sixteen
32	(16) school corporations, eligible schools (as defined in
33	IC 20-51-1-4.7), IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or state
34	accredited nonpublic schools may participate in the coalition.
35	(d) Beginning in the 2021-2022 school year and each school year
36	thereafter, the state board shall limit the number of coalition members
37	to thirty (30) school corporations, eligible schools (as defined in
38	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}$
39	accredited nonpublic schools.
40	SECTION 16. IC 20-28-11.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.200-2023,
41	SECTION 10. 16 20-20-11.5-5, AS AMENDED BY 1.E.200-2025, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
TI	SECTION 17, IS TWILL TO BE TO READ AST OFFOR WS [EFFECTIVE

JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "school corporation"



42

1	includes:
2	(1) a school corporation;
3	(2) a school created by an interlocal agreement under IC 36-1-7;
4	(3) a special education cooperative under IC 20-35-5; and
5	(4) a joint career and technical education program created under
6	IC 20-37-1.
7	However, for purposes of section 4(a) of this chapter, "school
8	corporation" includes a charter school, a virtual charter school, and an
9	eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7). IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before
10	its expiration)).
11	SECTION 17. IC 20-31-4.1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2023,
12	SECTION 169, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7. A school or group of schools that
14	submits an application under section 4 of this chapter may not request
15	to waive any of the following provisions:
16	IC 20-24-8-2 (prohibited acts).
17	IC 20-26-5-10 (criminal history and child protection index check).
18	IC 20-26-12-1 (curricular material purchase and provision; public
19	school students).
20	IC 20-26-12-2 (curricular material purchase and rental).
21	IC 20-27-7 (school bus inspection and registration).
22	IC 20-27-8-1 (school bus drivers and monitors).
23	IC 20-27-8-2 (school bus driver driving summary).
24	IC 20-27-10-3 (capacity of school bus).
25	IC 20-28 (school teachers).
26	IC 20-29 (collective bargaining).
27	IC 20-30-5-0.5 (display of United States flag; Pledge of
28	Allegiance).
29	IC 20-30-5-1 (constitutions).
30	IC 20-30-5-2 (constitutions; interdisciplinary course).
31	IC 20-30-5-3 (protected writings).
32	IC 20-30-5-4 (American history).
33	IC 20-30-5-4.5 (moment of silence).
34	IC 20-30-5-5 (morals instruction).
35	IC 20-30-5-6 (good citizenship instruction).
36	IC 20-30-5-13 (human sexuality instructional requirements).
37	IC 20-30-5-17 (access to materials; consent for participation).
38	IC 20-30-5-21 (contrary student instruction not permitted).
39	IC 20-30-5-22 (Indiana studies).
40	IC 20-31 (accountability for performance and improvement).
41	IC 20-32-4 (graduation requirements).
42	IC 20-32-5.1 (Indiana's Learning Evaluation Assessment



1	Readiness Network (ILEARN) program).
2	IC 20-33-1 (equal educational opportunity).
3	IC 20-34 (student health and safety measures).
4	IC 20-35 (special education).
5	IC 20-35.5 (dyslexia screening and intervention).
6	IC 20-36 (high ability students).
7	IC 20-39 (accounting and financial reporting procedures).
8	IC 20-40 (government funds and accounts).
9	IC 20-41 (extracurricular funds and accounts).
10	IC 20-42 (fiduciary funds and accounts).
11	IC 20-42.5 (allocation of expenditures to student instruction and
12	learning).
13	IC 20-43 (state tuition support).
14	IC 20-44 (property tax levies).
15	IC 20-46 (levies other than general fund levies).
16	IC 20-47 (related entities; holding companies; lease agreements).
17	IC 20-48 (borrowing and bonds).
18	IC 20-49 (state management of common school funds; state
19	advances and loans).
20	IC 20-50 (homeless children and foster care children).
21	IC 20-51 (school scholarships) (before its expiration).
22	SECTION 18. IC 20-31-8-4.6, AS AMENDED BY THE
23	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2024 GENERAL
24	ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4.6. (a) If a school corporation or a charter school
26	enters into an agreement with an eligible school (as defined in
27	IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) to provide
28	dropout recovery educational services for an at-risk student who is
29	enrolled at a public school, the student:
30	(1) may not be included in the calculation of the public school's:
31	(A) category or designation of school performance; and
32	(B) graduation rate; calculation; and
33	(2) shall be included in the eligible school's graduation rate
34	calculation.
35	(b) The state board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and any
36	guidelines necessary to carry out this section.
37	SECTION 19. IC 20-32-5.1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.11-2023,
38	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section
40	and in the manner provided in section 6 of this chapter, the state board
41	is responsible for determining the appropriate subjects, grades, and
42	format of a statewide assessment.



1	(b) For each school year beginning after June 30, 2018, and except
2	as provided in section 11 of this chapter, the statewide assessment must
3	be administered to all full-time students attending a school corporation,
4	charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as
5	defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) and
6	all students with an Indiana funding students first grant program
7	account established by the student's parent under IC 20-53-4-1 in
8	grades subject to the statewide assessment required by federal law and
9	in a manner prescribed by the state board.
10	(c) Subject matter tested on the statewide assessment as determined
11	by the state board under subsection (a) must, at a minimum, do the
12	following:
13	(1) Comply with requirements established under federal law with:
14	(A) math and English/language arts assessed yearly in grades
15	3 through 8, and at least once in grades 9 through 12; and
16	(B) science assessed at least once in grades 3 through 5, grades
17	6 through 9, and grades 10 through 12.
18	(2) Require that United States history or United States
19	government be assessed at least once in grades 5 or 8.
20	(d) Except as provided under subsection (e), for each school year
21	beginning after June 30, 2021, a nationally recognized college entrance
22	exam must be administered for the high school subjects required under
23	subsection (c). The proficiency benchmark must be approved by the
24	commission for higher education, in consultation with the state
25	educational institutions, and may not be lower than the national college
26	ready benchmark established for that particular exam.
27	(e) If the state board determines that no nationally recognized
28	college entrance exam assesses a given high school subject that is
29	required under subsection (c), the state board may select another type
30	of assessment, including an end of course assessment, for that subject.
31	(f) The statewide assessment:
32	(1) may not use technology that may negatively influence the
33	ability to measure a student's mastery of material or a particular
34	academic standard being tested; and
35	(2) may use a technology enhanced test question only when the
36	technology enhanced test question is the best way to measure the
37	academic standard being tested.
38	(g) A statewide assessment, other than an assessment administered
39	under subsection (d), must use a scale score that will ensure the
40	statewide assessment scores are comparable to scale scores used as part
41	of the ISTEP program under IC 20-32-5, before its expiration.
42	SECTION 20. IC 20-32-5.1-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.242-2017,



- SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) The governing body of each school corporation or the equivalent authority for each charter school, eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7), IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), school that is approved as a participating entity under IC 20-53-5-2, or state accredited nonpublic school is entitled to acquire at no charge from the department:
 - (1) the statewide assessment; and

- (2) the scoring reports used by the department.
- (b) A state accredited nonpublic school, or an eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or a school that is approved as a participating entity under IC 20-53-5-2 shall:
 - (1) administer the statewide assessment to its students at the same time that school corporations administer the test under section 7 of this chapter; and
 - (2) make available to the department the results of the statewide assessment.

SECTION 21. IC 20-32-5.1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.139-2022, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 12. (a) The department shall establish policies and procedures that foster, to the extent possible, the scoring of student responses of an open ended writing assessment on a statewide assessment by Indiana teachers. The teacher may not grade student responses of students who are enrolled in the same school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or school that is approved as a participating entity under IC 20-53-5-2 in which the teacher is currently employed.

- (b) The scoring of student responses under a statewide assessment:
 - (1) must adhere to scoring rubrics and anchor papers;
 - (2) must measure student achievement relative to the academic standards established by the state board; and
 - (3) may not reflect the scorer's judgment of the values expressed by a student in the student's responses.
- (c) The department, in consultation with the technical advisory committee established by the state board, shall conduct a study to analyze and determine the reliability of machine scoring student responses to items on the statewide assessment. After conducting the study, the department may, if recommended by the technical advisory committee, utilize machine scoring for purposes of scoring student responses to items on the statewide assessment.



1	SECTION 22. IC 20-32-5.1-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.30-2023,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 13. (a) The proficiency of students under a
4	statewide assessment must be reported to the state board not later than:
5	(1) for the 2018-2019 school year, August 15, 2019; and
6	(2) for each school year beginning after June 30, 2019, July 1 of
7	the year in which the statewide assessment is administered.
8	(b) Reports of student scores on the statewide assessment must be:
9	(1) returned to the school corporation, charter school, state
10	accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in
11	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) that administered the test;
12	and
13	(2) accompanied by a guide for interpreting scores.
14	(c) Subject to approval by the state board, reports of student results
15	on computer scored items under a statewide assessment may be
16	returned to schools regardless of whether the hand scored items are
17	returned.
18	(d) After reports of final student scores on the statewide assessment
19	are returned to a school corporation, charter school, state accredited
20	nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7),
21	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)), or school that is approved
22	as a participating entity under IC 20-53-5-2, the school corporation
23	or school shall promptly do the following:
24	(1) Give each student and the student's parent the student's
25	statewide assessment test scores, including the summary
26	described in section 14.5 of this chapter.
27	(2) Make available for inspection to each student and the student's
28	parent the following:
29	(A) A copy of the student's scored responses.
30	(B) A copy of the anchor papers and scoring rubrics used to
31	score the student's responses.
32	A student's parent or the student's principal may request a rescoring of
33	a student's responses to a statewide assessment, including a student's
34	essay. A student's final score on a rescored statewide assessment must
35	reflect the student's actual score on the rescored statewide assessment
36	regardless of whether the student's score decreased or improved on the
37	rescored assessment.
38	(e) The department shall develop criteria to provide a student's
39	parent the opportunity to inspect questions in a manner that will not

compromise the validity or integrity of a statewide assessment.

(f) A student's statewide assessment scores may not be disclosed to



40 41

42

the public.

1	(g) The department may not release less than ten (10) items per
2	subject matter per grade level. The state board and department shall:
3	(1) post:
4	(A) the questions; and
5	(B) with the permission of each student's parent, studen
6	answers that are exemplary responses to the released
7	questions;
8	on the websites of the state board and department; and
9	(2) publicize the availability of the questions and answers to
10	schools, educators, and the public.
1	A student answer posted under this subsection may not identify the
12	student who provided the answer.
13	SECTION 23. IC 20-32-5.1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2023
14	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 17. (a) The state board shall approve two (2) or
16	more benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessments to identify
17	students that require remediation and provide individualized instruction
18	in which a school corporation, charter school, state accredited
19	nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7)
20	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) may receive a grant under
21	subsection (g).
22 23 24	(b) For a benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessmen
23	described in subsection (a) that is administered to students in
	kindergarten through grade 2, the assessment must meet one (1) or
25	more of the following:
26	(1) The assessment:
27	(A) focuses on English/language arts; and
28	(B) shows alignment, verified by a third party, to Indiana's
29	academic standards for English/language arts domains
30	specifically foundational reading skills.
31	(2) The assessment is a universal screener that:
32	(A) meets the screening requirements listed in IC 20-35.5-2-2
33	(B) measures foundational reading skills; and
34	(C) received a convincing or partially convincing rating for
35	accuracy, reliability, and validity by the National Center or
36	Intensive Intervention or a nationally recognized dyslexia
37	assessment expert.
38	(3) The assessment focuses on numeracy and shows alignment
39	verified by a third party, to Indiana's academic standards for
10	mathematical domains, specifically:
11	(A) number sense;
12	(R) computation and algebraic thinking; and



(C) measurement.

- (c) For a benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessment described in subsection (a) that is administered to students in grades 3 through 7, the assessment must show alignment, verified by a third party, to Indiana's academic standards.
- (d) For a benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessment described in subsection (a) that is administered to students in grades 8 through 10, the assessment must show alignment, verified by a third party, to:
 - (1) Indiana's academic standards; or
 - (2) the nationally recognized college entrance exam required to be administered under section 7 of this chapter.
- (e) This subsection does not apply to an assessment that is a universal screener described in subsection (b)(2). The majority of the benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessment reporting must indicate the degree to which students are on track for grade level proficiency and college and career readiness. Approved assessments must also provide predictive study results for student performance on the statewide assessment under section 7 of this chapter, not later than two (2) years after the summative assessment has been first administered.
- (f) This subsection does not apply to an assessment that is a universal screener described in subsection (b)(2). A school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) may elect to administer a benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessment described in subsection (a). If a school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) administers an assessment described in subsection (a), the school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) may prescribe the time and the manner in which the assessment is administered.
- (g) If a school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) elects to administer a benchmark, formative, interim, or similar assessment described in subsection (a), the school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) is entitled to receive a grant or reimbursement from the department in an amount not to exceed the



	7.5
1	cost of the assessment. The department shall provide grants and
2 3	reimbursements to a school corporation, charter school, state accredited nonpublic school, or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7)
3 4	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) under this section from money
5	appropriated to the department for the purpose of carrying out this
6	section.
7	(h) The state board and the department may not contract with,
8	approve, or endorse the use of a single vendor to provide benchmark,
9	formative, interim, or similar assessments for any grade level or levels
10	of kindergarten through grade 7.
11	(i) Before the state board may approve a benchmark, formative,
12	interim, or similar assessment described in subsection (a), the
13	assessment vendor must enter into a data share agreement with the
14	department in the manner prescribed by the department.
15	SECTION 24. IC 20-43-8-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2023,
16	SECTION 206, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided under
18	subsection (b), In addition to the amount a school corporation is
19	entitled to receive in basic tuition support, each school corporation is
20	entitled to receive a grant for career and technical education programs.
21	For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2023, the amount of the
22	grant is the sum of:
23	(1) the aggregate amount determined under section 15 of this
24	chapter; plus
25	(2) the amount determined for the school corporation under
26	section 15.5 of this chapter.
27	(b) A school corporation may not receive a grant under this chapter
28	for a student enrolled in a career and technical education program if the
29	student is enrolled in the CSA program established by
30	IC 20-51.4-3-1.5.
31	SECTION 25. IC 20-43-8-15.5, AS AMENDED BY THE
32	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2024 GENERAL
33	ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 15.5. (a) This section applies to a student who:
35	(1) has legal settlement in Indiana;
36	(2) is at least five (5) years of age and less than twenty-two (22)
37	years of age on the date in the school year specified in
38	IC 20-33-2-7;
39	(3) is enrolled in grade 10, 11, or 12 in Indiana; and
40	(4) meets one (1) of the following requirements:



42

(i) successfully completed a modern youth apprenticeship or

(A) The student:

_	
1	course sequence designated and approved under
2	IC 20-51.4-4.5-6(a); and
3	(ii) received an industry recognized credential with regard
4	to the apprenticeship or course sequence.
5	(B) The student has successfully completed any other
6	credential approved under subsection (h). (d).
7	(b) As used in this section, "CSA participating entity" has the
8	meaning set forth in IC 20-51.4-2-3.2.
9	(e) (b) Subject to subsection (1), (f), upon a student described in
l0	subsection (a) meeting the requirements under subsection $\frac{(a)(4)(A)}{(a)(4)(B)}$ (b) (c) (d) if the student is annulled in an approximation of
11	(a)(4)(B), (a)(4), if the student is enrolled in an accredited or
12	nonaccredited school that has one (1) or more employees, the
13	department shall award a credential completion grant in an amount
14	equal to five hundred dollars (\$500) to the accredited or nonaccredited
15	school.
16	(d) Subject to subsection (1), upon a student described in subsection
17	(a) meeting the requirements under subsection (a)(4)(A) or (a)(4)(B),
18	and in addition to the grant amount awarded under subsection (c), the
19	department shall award a credential completion grant in an amount
20	equal to five hundred dollars (\$500) to the CSA participating entity that
21	provided the apprenticeship or course sequence described in subsection
22	(a)(4)(A) or (a)(4)(B) that the student completed.
23	(e) A CSA participating entity that receives a grant amount under
24	subsection (d) may enter into an agreement with one (1) or more
25	intermediaries (as defined in IC 22-4-2-41) IC 21-18-1-3.5) or other
26	CSA participating entities to share a grant amount received under
27	subsection (d).
28	(f) An accredited or nonaccredited school that is also a CSA
29	participating entity may receive, if eligible, a grant award under:
30	(1) subsection (c);
31	(2) subsection (d); or
32	(3) both subsections (c) and (d).
33	(g) (c) The department shall distribute the grants awarded under this
34	section.
35	(h) (d) The department, in consultation with the governor's
36	workforce cabinet, shall approve and maintain a list of credentials that
37	are eligible for a credential completion grant under subsection
38	$\frac{(a)(4)(B)}{(a)(4)}$.
39	(i) The department shall approve a CSA provider that is also an
10	employer who has partnered with an approved intermediary to offer an
11	apprenticeship, modern youth apprenticeship, or program of study that
12	culminates in an approved credential. The department may revoke an



1	initial approval under this subsection if the provider fails to achieve an
2	adequate outcome as determined by the department.
3	(j) A grant awarded under this section to an eligible school (as
4	defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) does not count toward a student's choice
5	scholarship amount calculated under IC 20-51-4-5 and is not subject to
6	the maximum choice scholarship cap under IC 20-51-4-4.
7	(k) (e) The state board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
8	implement this section.
9	(1) (f) The total amount of grants that may be awarded in a state
10	fiscal year under this section may not exceed five million dollars
11	(\$5,000,000).
12	(m) (g) If the total amount to be distributed as credential completion
13	grants for a particular state fiscal year exceeds the maximum amount
14	allowed under subsection (1) (f) for a state fiscal year, the total amount
15	to be distributed as credential completion grants shall be
16	proportionately reduced so that the total reduction equals the amount
17	of the excess.
18	$\frac{\text{(n)}}{\text{(h)}}$ The amount of the reduction described in subsection $\frac{\text{(m)}}{\text{(g)}}$
19	for a particular recipient is equal to the total amount of the excess
20	multiplied by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the amount of
21	the credential completion grant that the recipient would have received
22	if a reduction were not made under this section. The denominator of the
23	fraction is the total amount that would be distributed as credential
24	completion grants to all recipients if a reduction were not made under
25	this section.
26	SECTION 26. IC 20-51-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
27	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2024]:
29	Chapter 5. Expiration
30	Sec. 1. This article expires June 30, 2025.
31	SECTION 27. IC 20-51.4-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
32	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2024]:
34	Chapter 7. Expiration
35	Sec. 1. This article expires June 30, 2025.
36	Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, ESA
37	accounts and CSA accounts shall terminate on June 30, 2025, and
38	any money remaining in the accounts and any money remaining in

the ESA program fund and CSA program fund on June 30, 2025,

the Indiana education scholarship account administration fund

Sec. 3. The treasurer of state shall transfer money remaining in

shall revert to the state general fund.



39

40

41

1	established by IC 20-51.4-4-3.5, the Indiana education scholarship
2	account donation fund established by IC 20-51.4-4-3.6, the career
3	scholarship account administration fund established by
4	IC 20-51.4-4.5-5, and the career scholarship account donation fund
5	established by IC 20-51.4-4.5-5.3 after the expiration of this article
6	to the state general fund.
7	SECTION 28. IC 20-53 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
8	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
9	2025]:
10	ARTICLE 53. INDIANA FUNDING STUDENTS FIRST
11	GRANT PROGRAM
12	Chapter 1. General Provisions
13	Sec. 1. The Indiana funding students first grant program
14	established under this article is a pilot program.
15	Sec. 2. This article expires June 30, 2027.
16	Chapter 2. Definitions
17	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
18	article.
19	Sec. 2. "Account" refers to an Indiana funding students first
20	grant program account established by an eligible student's parent
21	under IC 20-53-4-1.
22	Sec. 3. "Annual grant amount" refers to the annual grant
23	amount for an eligible student, which equals the following:
24	(1) For eligible students enrolled in a school corporation, fifty
25	percent (50%) of the foundation amount under IC 20-43-3-8.
26	An eligible student may only use the annual grant amount for
27	services used outside the jurisdiction of the school corporation
28	and not provided by the school corporation.
29	(2) For eligible students enrolled in a nonpublic school, ninety
30	percent (90%) of the foundation amount under IC 20-43-3-8.
31	(3) For eligible students who receive any services provided
32	virtually, the service shall be paid at eighty-five percent
33	(85%) of the cost of the service provided.
34	This amount is subject to IC 20-53-4-6 and IC 20-53-4-7.
35	Sec. 4. "Eligible student" means an individual who:
36	(1) has legal settlement in Indiana;
37	(2) is at least five (5) years of age and less than twenty-two
38	(22) years of age on the date in the school year specified in
39	IC 20-33-2-7; and
40	(3) is enrolled in a:
41	(A) nonpublic, nonaccredited school described in
42	IC 20-33-2-12;



1	(B) school corporation; or
2	(C) nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12);
3	in kindergarten through grade 12 in Indiana.
4	Sec. 5. "Participating entity" refers to an individual or entity
5	authorized by the treasurer of state to participate in the program
6	under IC 20-53-5-2.
7	Sec. 6. "Program" refers to the Indiana funding students first
8	grant program established by IC 20-53-3-1.
9	Sec. 7. "Program fund" refers to the Indiana funding students
10	first grant program fund established by IC 20-53-4-3.
11	Sec. 8. "Qualified expenses" refers to the following expenses
12	provided by a participating entity related to the education of an
13	eligible student for which scholarship money in an account may be
14	used:
15	(1) Tuition and fees at a nonpublic school (as defined in
16	IC 20-18-2-12) or other participating entity.
17	(2) Fees for:
18	(A) national norm referenced or criterion referenced
19	examinations;
20	(B) advanced placement examinations, Cambridge
	International courses, International Baccalaureate courses,
21 22	or College-Level Examination Program (CLEP)
23	examinations; or
24	(C) statewide assessments associated with industry
25	recognized credentials.
26	(3) Educational services for an eligible student who is a
27	student with a disability. This includes, but is not limited to,
28	payment for or services related to sensory aids and assistive
29	technology tools.
30	(4) Payments associated with the use of paraprofessional or
31	educational aides.
32	(5) Services contracted for and provided by a school
33	corporation or nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12),
34	including:
35	(A) individual classes;
36	(B) extracurricular activities or programs; or
37	(C) additional programs, resources, or staffing defined in
38	the student's education plan.
39	(6) Occupational therapy for a student with a disability,
40	provided in accordance with the eligible student's
41	individualized education program developed under IC 20-35
42	or service plan developed under 511 IAC 7-34.



1	(7) Fees for transportation paid to a fee-for-service
2	transportation provider for the eligible student to travel to
3	and from an approved special education service provider.
4	(8) Tuition and fees to attend training programs and camps
5	that have a focus on:
6	(A) vocational skills;
7	(B) academic skills;
8	(C) life skills;
9	(D) independence; or
10	(E) soft job skills that are character traits and
11	interpersonal skills that characterize a person's
12	relationships with other people.
13	(9) Additional services and therapies prescribed by the
14	eligible student's treating physician in accordance with
15	generally accepted standards of care to improve outcomes for
16	the student in addition to any services currently being
17	provided by the school, insurance, or the Medicaid program
18	(10) Expenses to enroll in and attend sequences, courses
19	apprenticeships, or programs of study designated and
20	approved under this article, including:
21	(A) career coaching and navigation services;
22	(B) postsecondary education and training;
23	(C) transportation and equipment;
24	(D) certification and credentialing examinations; and
25	(E) any other expenses approved by the treasurer of the
26	state under this article.
27	Sec. 9. "School corporation" refers to a school corporation as
28	defined in IC 20-18-2-16(c).
29	Sec. 10. "Virtually" means services that are qualified expenses
30	are provided in an interactive learning environment created
31	through technology in which the student is separated from a
32	teacher by time or space, or both.
33	Chapter 3. Administration of New Accounts
34	Sec. 1. The Indiana funding students first grant program is
35	established to provide grants to a parent of an eligible student
36	under IC 20-53-4 after June 30, 2025.
37	Sec. 2. (a) The program shall be administered by the treasurer
38	of state in consultation with the state board and the department.
39	(b) The treasurer of state may contract with one (1) or more
40	entities to maintain and manage accounts established under
41	IC 20-53-4-1 after issuing a request for proposal under IC 5-22-9



Each entity shall:

1	(1) meet qualification requirements established by the
2	treasurer of state; and
3	(2) comply with generally accepted accounting principles.
4	(c) The treasurer of state shall establish reasonable fees for
5	entities described in subsection (b) participating in the program
6	based upon market rates.
7	Sec. 3. (a) The program is subject to annual audit by an
8	independent public accounting firm retained by the treasurer of
9	state.
10	(b) The treasurer of state shall promptly transmit copies of each
11	annual audit to the governor and, in an electronic format under
12	IC 5-14-6, the general assembly. Upon request, the treasurer of
13	state shall make copies of the audit available to the public.
14	Sec. 4. (a) After June 30, 2026, the treasurer of state shall
15	administer an annual survey of parents of eligible students who
16	maintain an account under IC 20-53-4-1. The survey must request
17	information:
18	(1) regarding when the account was established and the
19	number of grants received;
20	(2) relating to relative satisfaction with the program; and
21	(3) regarding opinions on any topics, items, or issues that the
22	treasurer of state determines may improve the effectiveness
23	of the program or the education experience of the eligible
24 25	student or the eligible student's family.
25	(b) Not later than November 1, 2026, the treasurer of state shall
26	provide a summary of the surveys administered under subsection
27	(a) to the governor, the legislative council in an electronic format
28	under IC 5-14-6, and the budget committee.
29	Sec. 5. The treasurer of state shall provide online services and
30	capabilities including, but not limited to, the following:
31	(1) A method for parents to submit an application agreement
32	described in IC 20-53-4-1.
33	(2) A method for a participating entity to submit the intent of
34	the participating entity to participate in the program.
35	(3) A method for parents to identify and select participating
36	entities participating in the program.
37	(4) A method for parents and participating entities to initiate
38	and receive payments from an eligible student's account.
39	(5) A method for parents to rate the parent's experience with
40	a participating entity and the ability for other parents of
41	eligible students to see the rating.

(6) Methods that are intuitive and allow for contributions to



42

1	be easily made to an eligible student's account.
2	(7) Resources the family of an eligible student can access to
3	learn about advocacy groups available to provide information
4	and resources to the eligible student's family.
5	Sec. 6. (a) The department shall provide services that offer
6	objective advice upon request to parents of an eligible student
7	relating to services that can help meet the eligible student's
8	particular needs.
9	(b) The department may contract with a third party provider to
10	provide the services described in subsection (a).
11	Chapter 4. Account Program Fund and Accounts
12	Sec. 1. (a) After June 30, 2025, a parent of an eligible student
13	may establish an account for the eligible student by entering into
14	a written agreement with the treasurer of state on a form prepared
15	by the treasurer of state. The account of an eligible student shall be
16	made in the name of the eligible student. To be eligible, a parent of
17	an eligible student wishing to participate in the program must
18	agree that:
19	(1) a grant deposited in the eligible student's account under
20	this chapter will be used only for the eligible student's
21	qualified expenses;
22	(2) money in the account when the account is terminated
23	reverts to the state general fund; and
24	(3) the eligible student will take the statewide assessment, as
25	applicable based on the eligible student's grade level, as
26	provided under IC 20-32-5.1, or the assessment specified in
27	the eligible student's:
28	(A) individualized education program developed under
29	IC 20-35;
30	(B) service plan developed under 511 IAC 7-34;
31	(C) choice special education plan developed under 511
32	IAC 7-49; or
33	(D) plan developed under Section 504 of the federal
34	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794).
35	The treasurer of state shall make the agreement form available on
36	the website of the treasurer of state.
37	(b) A parent of an eligible student may enter into a separate
38	agreement under subsection (a) for each child of the parent.
39	However, not more than one (1) account may be established for
40	each eligible student.
41	(c) A parent of an eligible student may apply and establish an

account under this section. An application must be submitted and



42

approved not later than September 1 in the fall semester or January 1 in the spring semester. A school corporation may not receive a grant under this chapter if the eligible student is currently included in the school corporation's ADM count under IC 20-43-4. An eligible student who attends a school corporation may receive a grant equal the amount set forth in IC 20-53-2-3(1), however the school corporation may not receive grant funding, and the eligible student shall only use the grant for services used outside the jurisdiction of the school corporation. If any student utilizes any qualified expenses virtually, the service shall be paid at eighty-five percent (85%) of the cost of the service provided as set forth in IC 20-53-2-3(3).

- (d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), an agreement made under this section is valid for one (1) school year while the eligible student is in kindergarten through grade 12. An agreement may be renewed annually. An application to renew an agreement must be submitted and approved not later than September 1 for the fall semester or January 1 for the spring semester.
- (e) Subject to subsection (h), an agreement entered into under this section terminates automatically for an eligible student if:
 - (1) the eligible student no longer resides in Indiana while the eligible student is eligible to receive grants under section 2 of this chapter; or
 - (2) the account is not renewed within three hundred ninety-five (395) days after the date the account was either established or last renewed.

If an account is terminated under this section, money in the eligible student's account reverts to the state general fund.

- (f) An agreement made under this section for an eligible student while the eligible student is in kindergarten through grade 12 may be terminated before the end of the school year if the parent of the eligible student notifies the treasurer of state in a manner specified by the treasurer of state.
- (g) The department shall establish a student test number as described in IC 20-19-3-9.4 for each eligible student. The treasurer of state shall provide the department information necessary for the department to comply with this subsection.
- (h) All agreements entered into and accounts established under this article terminate upon the expiration of this article under IC 20-53-1-2.
- Sec. 2. (a) Subject to the expiration of this article, an eligible student who currently maintains an account is entitled to an annual



grant a	mount for each school year. An eligible student may not
receive	a grant under this section after graduating. The annual
grant a	mount shall be paid from the program fund. The treasurer
of state	, with notice to the department, shall deposit the annual
	amount under this section, in biannual deposits, into an
C	student's account in a manner established by the treasurer
of state	·

- (b) Unused money remaining in an account at the end of the state fiscal year shall revert the state general fund, except for money from donations or gifts in the account and any interest that may accrue in the account which shall remain in the account. Any money remaining in an account from donations or gifts or from accrued interest at the end of the state fiscal year shall roll over for use in a subsequent year.
- Sec. 3. (a) The Indiana funding students first grant program fund is established for the purpose of providing grants to eligible students under the program. Money appropriated to the program fund may be used to provide grants under this chapter.
 - (b) The treasurer of state shall administer the program fund.
 - (c) The program fund consists of the following:
 - (1) Appropriations by the general assembly.
 - (2) Interest deposited in the program fund under subsection (d).
 - (3) Amounts transferred to the program fund from the Indiana account administration fund under section 4(e) of this chapter.
 - (4) Amounts transferred to the program fund from the Indiana account donation fund under section 5(e) of this chapter.
- (d) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the program fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the program fund in the same manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the program fund. Interest that accrues on money deposited in the program fund or deposited and held in an account shall not revert to the state general fund under subsection (e).
- (e) Subject to subsection (d), money in the program fund at the end of a state fiscal year reverts to the state general fund.
- Sec. 4. (a) The Indiana account administration fund is established for the purpose of accepting money for the program to support administration of the program.
 - (b) The treasurer of state shall administer the Indiana account



	33
1	administration fund.
2	(c) The Indiana account administration fund consists of the
3	following:
4	(1) Money appropriated from the general assembly.
5	(2) Interest deposited in the fund under subsection (d).
6	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the Indiana
7	account administration fund not currently needed to meet the
8	obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public money
9	may be invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall
10	be deposited in the fund. Interest that accrues on money deposited
11	in the fund shall not revert to the state general fund under
12	subsection (f).
13	(e) The treasurer of state may transfer any funds held in the
14	Indiana account administration fund to the program fund
15	established by section 3 of this chapter at any time for the purpose
16	of the program fund.
17	(f) Subject to subsection (d), money in the Indiana account
18	administration fund shall revert to the state general fund at the end
19	of each state fiscal year.
20	Sec. 5. (a) The Indiana account donation fund is established for
21	the purpose of accepting donations for the program to support
22	administration of the program.
23	(b) The treasurer of state shall administer the Indiana account
24	donation fund.
25	(c) The Indiana account donation fund consists of the following:
26	(1) Donations, gifts, and money received from any other
27	source, including transfers from other funds or accounts.
28	(2) Interest deposited in the fund under subsection (d).
29	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the Indiana
30	account donation fund not currently needed to meet the obligations
31	of the fund in the same manner as other public money may be
32	invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be
33	deposited in the fund. Interest that accrues on money deposited in
34	the fund shall not revert to the state general fund under subsection
35	(g).
36	(e) The treasurer of state may transfer any funds held in the
37	Indiana account donation fund to the program fund established by
38	section 3 of this chapter at any time for the purpose of the program
39	fund.
40	(f) Money in the Indiana account donation fund is continuously

appropriated for purposes of the fund.

(g) Subject to subsection (d), money in the Indiana account



41

42

donation fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund but remains in the fund for the purposes of the fund.

- Sec. 6. (a) An eligible student may choose to receive special education services from the school corporation required to provide the special education services to the eligible student under 511 IAC 7-34-1. However, if an eligible student chooses not to receive special education or related services from a school corporation required to provide the services to the eligible student under 511 IAC 7-34-1, the annual grant amount for the eligible student shall, in addition to the amount described in IC 20-53-2-3, include the amount the school corporation would receive under IC 20-43-7 for the eligible student if the eligible student attended the school corporation.
- (b) The annual grant amounts provided in subsection (a) shall be rounded as provided in IC 20-43-3-1(4).
- Sec. 7. (a) The parent of an eligible student may use money in an account for any qualified expense the parent may choose, subject to any limitation in section 8 of this chapter.
- (b) Upon entering into or renewing an agreement under this chapter, the treasurer of state shall provide to the parent of an eligible student a written explanation of the qualified expenses and authorized uses of the money in the account and the responsibilities of the parent of an eligible student and the treasurer of state regarding an account.
- Sec. 8. (a) A parent of an eligible student may use not more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) of the annual grant amount received under this chapter each school year for fees for transportation paid to a fee-for-service transportation provider for the eligible student to travel to and from an approved service provider. However, the treasurer of state, in consultation with the department, shall establish criteria and a process by which a parent of an eligible student may receive a waiver from the limit imposed on transportation fees under this section.
- (b) The annual grant amount received under this chapter may only be used by eligible schools for curricular materials for those students who are not eligible for the curricular material program under IC 20-40-22.
- (c) A parent of an eligible student may not use funds from the parent's eligible student's account to compensate the parent for the parent's own teaching of courses or programs for the eligible student.



- (d) Two (2) or more eligible students who attend a nonpublic, nonaccredited school described in IC 20-33-2-12 may combine funding from their annual grant amount received under this chapter to use for courses or programs that are offered to the group of eligible students. However, a parent of an eligible student who participates in combining funding under this subsection may not teach any of the courses or programs offered to the group, unless the parent is licensed as a teacher by the department, or receive any benefit from the eligible student's participation.
- Sec. 9. This chapter does not prohibit a parent of an eligible student from making a payment for any qualified expense from a source other than the eligible student's account. The parent of an eligible student is responsible for the payment of any tuition required by a nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12) that is not paid from the eligible student's account.
- Sec. 10. A participating entity that receives a payment for a qualified expense may not refund any part of the payment directly to the parent of the eligible student. Any refund provided by a participating entity shall be deposited into the eligible student's account.
- Sec. 11. (a) The treasurer of state shall freeze the account of any parent of an eligible student who:
 - (1) fails to comply with the terms of the agreement;
 - (2) fails to comply with applicable laws or regulations; or
 - (3) substantially misuses funds in the account.
- (b) The treasurer of state shall send written notice to the parent of the eligible student stating the reason for the freeze under subsection (a). The treasurer of state may also send notice to the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney in the county in which the parent of the eligible student resides if the treasurer of state believes a crime has been committed or a civil action relating to the account is necessary.
- (c) A parent of an eligible student whose account has been frozen under subsection (a) may petition the treasurer of state for redetermination of the decision under subsection (a) within thirty (30) days after the date the treasurer of state sends notice to the parent of the eligible student under subsection (b). The petition must contain a written explanation stating why the treasurer of state was incorrect in freezing the account under subsection (a). If the treasurer of state does not receive a timely submitted petition from a parent of an eligible student under this subsection, the treasurer of state shall terminate the account.



- (d) The treasurer of state shall review a petition received under subsection (c) within fifteen (15) business days of receipt of the petition and issue a redetermination letter to the parent of the eligible student. If the treasurer of state overturns the treasurer of state's initial decision under subsection (a), the treasurer of state shall immediately unfreeze the account. If the treasurer of state affirms the decision under subsection (a), the treasurer of state shall give notice of the affirmation to the parent of the eligible student and terminate the account.
- Sec. 12. Notwithstanding 511 IAC 7-34-1(d)(4), a public school is not required to make available special education and related services to an eligible student if the eligible student receives funds under this chapter and the special education services are provided to the eligible student by the participating entity. This section may not be construed as a restriction or limitation on any of the rights, benefits, and protections granted to an individual under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).
- Sec. 13. Distributions made to an account under this chapter or money in the account may not be treated as income or a resource for purposes of qualifying for any other federal or state grant or program administered by the state or a political subdivision.

Chapter 5. Participating Entities

- Sec. 1. It is the intent of the general assembly to honor the autonomy of nonpublic schools that choose and are authorized to become participating entities under this article. A nonpublic eligible school is not an agent of the state or federal government, and therefore:
 - (1) the treasurer of state, state board, department, or any other state agency may not in any way regulate the educational program of a nonpublic school that accepts money from an account under this article, including the regulation of curriculum content, religious instruction or activities, classroom teaching, teacher and staff hiring requirements, and other activities carried out by the nonpublic school;
 - (2) the creation of the program does not expand the regulatory authority of the state or the state's officers to impose additional regulation of nonpublic schools beyond those necessary to enforce the requirements of the program; and
 - (3) an accredited nonpublic school that is a participating



1 2

1	entity may provide for the educational needs of students
2	without governmental control.
3	Sec. 2. (a) The following individuals or entities may become a
4	participating entity by submitting an application to the treasurer
5	of state in a manner prescribed by the treasurer of state:
6	(1) A nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12).
7	(2) An individual who or tutoring agency that provides
8	private tutoring.
9	(3) An individual who or entity that provides services to a
10	student with a disability in accordance with an individualized
11	education program developed under IC 20-35 or a service
12	plan developed under 511 IAC 7-34 or generally accepted
13	standards of care prescribed by the eligible student's treating
14	physician.
15	(4) An individual who or entity that offers a course or
16	program to an eligible student, including a nonpublic,
17	nonaccredited school described in IC 20-33-2-12 and a course
18	or program offered to a group of eligible students as
19	described in IC 20-53-4-8(d).
20	(5) A licensed occupational therapist.
21	(6) Entities that provide assessments.
22	(b) The treasurer of state may approve an application submitted
23	under subsection (a) if the individual or entity meets the criteria to
24	serve as a participating entity.
25	(c) If it is reasonably expected by the treasurer of state that a
26	participating entity will receive, from payments made under the
27	program, more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) during a
28	particular school year, the participating entity shall, on or before
29	a date prescribed by the treasurer of state, provide the treasurer
30	of state evidence, in a manner prescribed by the treasurer of state,
31	indicating that the participating entity has unencumbered assets
32	sufficient to pay the treasurer of state an amount equal to the
33	amount expected to be paid to the participating entity under the
34	program during the particular school year.
35	(d) Each participating entity that accepts payments made from
36	an account under this article shall provide a receipt to the parent
37	of an eligible student for each payment made.
38	Sec. 3. (a) Each nonpublic school that is a participating entity
39	that accepts payments for tuition and fees, or a nonpublic,

nonaccredited school described in IC 20-33-2-12 that is a

participating entity that accepts payments made from an account under the program, shall administer to its eligible students, for the



	60
1	applicable grade levels as provided under IC 20-32-5.1, the
2	statewide assessment unless otherwise prescribed by the eligible
3	student's:
4	(1) individualized education program;
5	(2) service plan developed under 511 IAC 7-34;
6	(3) choice special education plan developed under 511
7	IAC 7-49; or
8	(4) plan developed under Section 504 of the federal
9	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794).
10	(b) Upon receipt of the statewide assessment test results, the

- department shall, subject to the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g) and any regulations adopted under that act:
 - (1) aggregate the statewide assessment test results according to the grade level, gender, race, and family income level of all eligible students; and
 - (2) make the results determined under subdivision (1) available on the department's website.
- Sec. 4. (a) The treasurer of state may refuse to allow a participating entity to continue participation in the program and revoke the participating entity's status as a participating entity if the treasurer of state determines that the participating entity accepts payments made from an account under this article and:
 - (1) has failed to provide any educational service required by state or federal law to an eligible student receiving instruction from the participating entity; or
 - (2) has routinely failed to meet the requirements of a participating entity under the program.
- (b) If the treasurer of state revokes a participating entity's status as a participating entity in the program, the treasurer of state shall provide notice of the revocation within thirty (30) days of the revocation to each parent of an eligible student receiving instruction from the participating entity who has paid the participating entity from the eligible student's account.
- (c) The treasurer of state may permit a former participating entity described in subsection (a) to reapply with the treasurer of state for authorization to be a participating entity on a date established by the treasurer of state, which may not be earlier than one (1) year after the date on which the former participating entity's status as a participating entity was revoked under subsection (a). The treasurer of state may establish reasonable criteria or requirements that the former participating entity must



12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

1	meet before being reapproved by the treasurer of state as a
2	participating entity.
3	Sec. 5. An approved participating entity:
4	(1) may not charge an eligible student participating in the
5	program an amount greater than a similarly situated student
6	who is receiving the same or similar services; and
7	(2) shall provide a receipt to a parent of an eligible student for
8	each qualified expense charged for education or related
9	services provided to the eligible student.
10	Sec. 6. The treasurer of state shall annually make available on
11	the treasurer of state's website a list of participating entities.
12	SECTION 29. IC 21-12-16-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2023,
13	SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.242-2023, SECTION 1,
14	AND AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL
15	OF THE 2024 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS CORRECTED AND
16	AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]:
17	Sec. 5. (a) An applicant who is enrolled in an accredited postsecondary
18	educational institution after June 30, 2017, may qualify for a
19	scholarship under this <i>chapter</i> . section. To qualify for a scholarship, an
20	applicant must:
21 22	(1) apply for a scholarship on a form supplied by the commission;
22	(2) except as provided in subsection (b), have graduated from an
23	Indiana nonaccredited nonpublic or state accredited high school
24 25	accredited under IC 20-31-4.1 and:
25	(A) graduated in the highest twenty percent (20%) of students
26	in the applicant's high school graduating class;
27	(B) received a score in the top twentieth percentile on the SAT
28	or ACT examination; or
29	(C) achieved a cumulative grade point average upon
30	graduation of at least 3.5 3.0 on a 4.0 grading scale (or its
31	equivalent if another grading scale is used) for courses taken
32	during grades 9, 10, 11, and 12;
33	(3) have participated in school activities and community service
34	activities during high school;
35	(4) have applied to and been accepted for enrollment in an
36	accredited postsecondary educational institution approved by the
37	commission under section 10 of this chapter;
38	(5) agree in writing to:
39	(A) obtain a license to teach under IC 20-28-5; and
40	(B) teach for at least five (5) consecutive years in a public
41	school or an eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7)
12	IC 20 51 1 47 (hofore its expiration)) in Indiana after



1	graduating with a baccalaureate degree from the accredited
2	postsecondary educational institution described in subdivision
3	(4); and
4	(6) meet any other criteria established by the commission.
5	(b) A student who graduates from a nonaccredited nonpublic school
6	must meet the requirement described in subsection (a)(2)(B) in order
7	to meet the eligibility requirement described in subsection (a)(2).
8	SECTION 30. IC 21-12-16-5.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.242-2023,
9	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5.5. An applicant who is enrolled in a transition
11	to teaching program after June 30, 2023, may qualify for a scholarship
12	under section 8.5 of this chapter. To qualify for a scholarship, an
13	applicant must:
14	(1) apply for a scholarship on a form supplied by the commission;
15	(2) possess a baccalaureate degree from an accredited
16	postsecondary four (4) year institution;
17	(3) have enrolled in a transition to teaching program described in
18	IC 20-28-4;
19	(4) agree in writing to:
20	(A) complete a transition to teaching program described in
21	IC 20-28-4 and obtain an initial practitioner license under
22	IC 20-28; and
23	(B) teach for at least five (5) consecutive years in a public
24	school or an eligible school (as defined in $\frac{1}{100}$ 20-51-1-4.7)
25	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) in Indiana after
26	obtaining the initial practitioner license under IC 20-28-4-6;
27	and
28	(5) meet any other criteria established by the commission.
29	SECTION 31. IC 21-12-16-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.242-2023,
30	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
32	(c), if an individual:
33	(1) receives a scholarship under section 5 or 5.5 of this chapter;
34	and
35	(2) fails to teach in a public school or an eligible school (as
36	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its
37	expiration)) in Indiana for at least five (5) consecutive years as
38	described in section $5(a)(5)$ or $5.5(4)$ of this chapter, as
39	applicable;
40	the individual shall repay the total amount of the scholarship awarded
41	to the individual under this chapter in a timely fashion. The total
42	amount that an individual is required to repay shall be reduced by



twenty percent (20%), as determined by the commission, for each consecutive year the individual teaches at a public school or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7). IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its
,
expiration)).
(b) The commission may extend the length of time in which an
individual must complete the requirements of an agreement described
in section 5(a)(5) or 5.5(4) of this chapter if the individual submits a
petition to the commission in a manner prescribed by the commission
and the commission makes a determination that extenuating

5(a)(5) or 5.5(4) of this chapter, as applicable.

(c) The commission may waive repayment under subsection (a) if the individual has been declared to be totally and permanently disabled under 34 CFR 685.213.

circumstances, as determined by the commission, prevented the individual from timely meeting the requirements described in section

(d) The commission may enter into an agreement with the department of state revenue established by IC 6-8.1-2-1 or another third party vendor to assist in the enforcement of subsection (a) and section 11 of this chapter.

SECTION 32. IC 21-12-16-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.105-2016, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 13. An individual who receives a scholarship under this chapter is not required to teach at the same public school or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) **IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration))** in Indiana for five (5) consecutive years.

SECTION 33. IC 21-12-16.5-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.161-2023, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. (a) An applicant who is enrolled in an accredited postsecondary educational institution may qualify for a scholarship under this chapter. To qualify for a scholarship, an applicant must:

- (1) apply for a scholarship on a form supplied by the commission; (2) except as provided in subsection (b), have graduated from an Indiana nonaccredited nonpublic or state accredited high school accredited under IC 20-31-4.1 and:
 - (A) graduated in the highest twenty percent (20%) of students in the applicant's high school graduating class;
 - (B) received a score in the top twentieth percentile on the SAT or ACT examination; or
 - (C) achieved a cumulative grade point average upon graduation of at least 3.0 on a 4.0 grading scale (or its equivalent if another grading scale is used) for courses taken



1	during grades 9, 10, 11, and 12;
2	(3) have participated in school activities and community service
3	activities during high school;
4	(4) have applied to and been accepted for enrollment in an
5	accredited postsecondary educational institution approved by the
6	commission under section 10 of this chapter;
7	(5) agree in writing to:
8	(A) obtain a license to teach under IC 20-28-5; and
9	(B) teach for at least five (5) consecutive years in a public
10	school or an eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7)
1	IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) in Indiana after
12	graduating with a baccalaureate degree from the accredited
13	postsecondary educational institution described in subdivision
14	(4);
15	(6) meet the definition of a minority under IC 21-13-1-6; and
16	(7) meet any other criteria established by the commission.
17	(b) A student who graduates from a nonaccredited nonpublic school
18	must meet the requirement described in subsection (a)(2)(B) in order
19	to meet the eligibility requirement described in subsection (a)(2).
20	SECTION 34. IC 21-12-16.5-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.161-2023,
21	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
23 24 25	(c), if an individual:
24	(1) receives a scholarship under this chapter; and
25	(2) fails to teach in a public school or an eligible school (as
26	defined in $\frac{1C}{20-51-1-4.7}$ IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its
27	expiration)) in Indiana for at least five (5) consecutive years as
28	described in section 5(a)(5) of this chapter;
29	the individual shall repay the total amount of the scholarship awarded
30	to the individual under this chapter in a timely fashion. The total
31	amount that an individual is required to repay shall be reduced by
32	twenty percent (20%), as determined by the commission, for each
33	consecutive year the individual teaches at a public school or eligible
34	school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7). IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its
35	expiration)).
36	(b) The commission may extend the length of time in which an
37	individual must complete the requirements of an agreement described
38	in section 5(a)(5) of this chapter if the individual submits a petition to
39	the commission in a manner prescribed by the commission and the
10	commission makes a determination that extenuating circumstances, as
11	determined by the commission, prevented the individual from timely
12	meeting the requirements described in section 5(a)(5) of this chapter.



(c) The commission may waive repayment under subsection (a) if
the individual has been declared to be totally and permanently disabled
under 34 CFR 685.213.

(d) The commission may enter into an agreement with the department of state revenue established by IC 6-8.1-2-1 or another third party vendor to assist in the enforcement of subsection (a) and section 11 of this chapter.

SECTION 35. IC 21-12-16.5-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.161-2023, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 13. An individual who receives a scholarship under this chapter is not required to teach at the same public school or eligible school (as defined in IC 20-51-1-4.7) IC 20-51-1-4.7 (before its expiration)) in Indiana for five (5) consecutive years.

