SENATE BILL No. 245

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-4.

Drug testing of unemployment insurance applicants. Requires an individual to undergo a drug test as a condition of the individual's initial eligibility for unemployment benefits (benefits) if the individual: (1) was discharged from employment by the individual's most recent employer because of the individual's unlawful use of a controlled substance; or (2) is an individual for whom suitable work is only available in an occupation that the United States Department of Labor has determined by rule is an occupation that regularly conducts drug testing. If the individual tests positive or refuses to take a drug test, provides that the individual is ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights for the week in which the positive test results or refusal occurred and until: (1) the individual earns remuneration in employment in at least eight weeks; and (2) the remuneration earned equals or exceeds the product of the individual's weekly benefit amount multiplied by eight. Provides that an individual is not disqualified from receiving benefits, if the individual: (1) obtained the controlled substance for which the individual tested positive by means of a prescription issued by a practitioner authorized to prescribe the controlled substance; and (2) ingested, injected, or inhaled the controlled substance that was prescribed in accordance with the practitioner's directions. Provides that the department of workforce development (department) may not require an individual to pay any of the costs of a drug test. Provides that the fact that the individual took a drug test and the results of the test are confidential to the extent required by 20 CFR 603. Requires the department to ensure that a drug test meets or exceeds: (1) standards of the mandatory guidelines for federal workplace drug testing programs published by the Substance (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2016.

Ford

January 7, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Pensions & Labor.



Digest Continued

Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA); or (2) procedures established by the United States Department of Transportation.



Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 245

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 22-4-14-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2011
2	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in IC 22-4-5-1 or
4	subsection (b) or (c), an unemployed individual shall be eligible to
5	receive benefits with respect to any week only if the individual:
6	(1) has made a claim for benefits in accordance with IC 22-4-17
7	and
8	(2) if required to undergo a drug test as a condition of the
9	individual's initial eligibility for benefits under section 12 of
10	this chapter, passes a drug test.
11	(b) A person who:
12	(1) accepts a layoff under an inverse seniority clause of a validly
13	negotiated contract; and
14	(2) otherwise meets the eligibility requirements established by
15	this article;



1	is entitled to receive benefits in the same amounts, under the same
2	terms, and subject to the same conditions as any other unemployed
3	person.
4	(c) This subsection applies to initial claims for unemployment filed
5	for a week that begins after March 14, 2008, and before October 1,
6	2011. This subsection does not apply to a person who elects to retire in
7	connection with a layoff or plant closure and receive pension,
8	retirement, or annuity payments. Except as provided in IC 22-4-5-1, a
9	person who:
10	(1) accepts an offer of payment or other compensation offered by
1	an employer to avert or lessen the effect of a layoff or plant
12	closure; and
13	(2) otherwise meets the eligibility requirements established by
14	this article;
15	is entitled to receive benefits in the same amounts, under the same
16	terms, and subject to the same conditions as any other unemployed
17	person.
18	SECTION 2. IC 22-4-14-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
19	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
20	1,2016]: Sec. 12. (a) As used in this section, "controlled substance"
21	has the meaning set forth in section 102 of the federal Controlled
22	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
23	(b) As used in this section, "drug test" means either of the
24	following conducted to determine whether a controlled substance
25	is present in a biological specimen taken from an individual's body:
26	(1) A chemical test of an individual's urine.
27	(2) An oral fluid test that uses a swab.
28	(c) As used in this section, "practitioner" has the meaning set
29	forth in IC 16-42-19-5.
30	(d) As used in this section, "prescription" has the meaning set
31	forth in IC 16-42-19-7.
32	(e) If either of the following apply to an individual who files an
33	initial claim for benefits under IC 22-4-17-1, the department shall
34	require the individual to undergo a drug test as a condition of the
35	individual's initial eligibility for benefits:
36	(1) The individual was discharged from employment by the
37	individual's most recent employer because of the individual's
38	unlawful use of a controlled substance.
39	(2) The individual is an individual for whom suitable work is
10	only available in an occupation that the United States
1 1	Department of Labor has determined by rule is an occupation
12	that regularly conducts drug testing.



1	(f) Except as provided in subsection (g), if an individual:
2	(1) takes a drug test required under subsection (e) and the
3	results of the test are positive, indicating the presence of a
4	controlled substance in a biological specimen taken from the
5	individual's body; or
6	(2) refuses to take a drug test required under subsection (e);
7	the individual is ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights for
8	the week in which the positive test results or refusal occurred and
9	until the individual qualifies for waiting period or benefit rights
10	under IC 22-4-15-1(a).
l 1	(g) An individual is not subject to disqualification under
12	subsection (f) if the individual:
13	(1) obtained the controlled substance for which the individual
14	tested positive by means of a prescription issued by a
15	practitioner authorized to prescribe the controlled substance;
16	and
17	(2) ingested, injected, or inhaled the controlled substance that
18	was prescribed in accordance with the practitioner's
19	directions.
20	(h) The department may not require an individual who takes a
21	drug test required under this section to pay any of the costs of the
22	test.
23	(i) The following are confidential to the extent required by 20
24	CFR 603:
25	(1) The fact that an individual took a drug test required by
26	this section.
27	(2) The results of an individual's drug test required by this
28	section.
29	(j) The department shall do the following:
30	(1) Ensure that a drug test conducted under this section meets
31	or exceeds:
32	(A) standards of the mandatory guidelines for federal
33	workplace drug testing programs published by the
34	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
35	Administration of the United States Department of Health
36	and Human Services (SAMHSA); or
37	(B) procedures established by the United States
38	Department of Transportation.
39	(2) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules in
10	the manner provided under IC 4-22-37.1, as the department
11	considers necessary to administer this section.

SECTION 3. IC 22-4-17-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2009,



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- SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with rules adopted by the department. The department shall adopt reasonable procedures consistent with the provisions of this article for the expediting of the taking of claims of individuals for benefits in instances of mass layoffs by employers, the purpose of which shall be to minimize the amount of time required for such individuals to file claims upon becoming unemployed as the result of such mass layoffs. If required as a condition of an individual's initial eligibility for benefits, an individual filing an initial claim shall undergo a drug test in accordance with IC 22-4-14-12.
- (b) Except when the result would be inconsistent with the other provisions of this article, as provided in the rules of the department, the provisions of this article which apply to claims for, or the payment of, regular benefits shall apply to claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits.
- (c) Whenever an extended benefit period is to become effective in this state as a result of a state "on" indicator, or an extended benefit period is to be terminated in this state as a result of a state "off" indicator, the commissioner shall make an appropriate public announcement.
- (d) Computations required by the provisions of IC 22-4-2-34(f) shall be made by the department in accordance with regulations prescribed by the United States Department of Labor.
- (e) Each employer shall display and maintain in places readily accessible to all employees posters concerning its regulations and shall make available to each such individual at the time the individual becomes unemployed printed benefit rights information furnished by the department.

SECTION 4. IC 22-4-17-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.154-2013, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) When an individual files an initial claim and, if required as a condition of the individual's initial eligibility for benefits by IC 22-4-14-12, passes a drug test, the department shall promptly make a determination of the individual's status as an insured worker in a form prescribed by the department. A written notice of the determination of insured status shall be furnished to the individual promptly. Each such determination shall be based on and include a written statement showing the amount of wages paid to the individual for insured work by each employer during the individual's base period and shall include a finding as to whether such wages meet the requirements for the individual to be an insured worker, and, if so,



the week ending date of the first week of the individual's benefit period, the individual's weekly benefit amount, and the maximum amount of benefits that may be paid to the individual for weeks of unemployment in the individual's benefit period. For the individual who is not insured, the notice shall include the reason for the determination. Unless the individual, within ten (10) days after such determination was mailed to the individual's last known address, or otherwise delivered to the individual, asks a hearing thereon before an administrative law judge, such determination shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.

- (b) The department shall promptly furnish each employer in the base period whose experience or reimbursable account is potentially chargeable with benefits to be paid to such individual with a notice in writing of the employer's benefit liability. The notice shall contain the date, the name and Social Security account number of the individual, the ending date of the individual's base period, and the week ending date of the first week of the individual's benefit period. The notice shall further contain information as to the proportion of benefits chargeable to the employer's experience or reimbursable account in ratio to the earnings of such individual from such employer. Unless the employer within ten (10) days after such notice of benefit liability was mailed to the employer's last known address, or otherwise delivered to the employer, asks a hearing thereon before an administrative law judge, such determination shall be final and benefits paid shall be charged in accordance therewith.
- (c) An employing unit, including an employer, having knowledge of any facts which may affect an individual's eligibility or right to waiting period credits or benefits, shall notify the department of such facts within ten (10) days after the mailing of notice that a former employee has filed an initial or additional claim for benefits on a form prescribed by the department.
- (d) In addition to the foregoing determination of insured status by the department, the deputy shall, throughout the benefit period, determine the claimant's eligibility with respect to each week for which the claimant claims waiting period credit or benefit rights, the validity of the claimant's claim therefor, and the cause for which the claimant left the claimant's work, or may refer such claim to an administrative law judge who shall make the initial determination with respect thereto in accordance with the procedure in section 3 of this chapter.
- (e) In cases where the claimant's benefit eligibility or disqualification is disputed, the department shall promptly notify the claimant and the employer or employers directly involved or connected



with the issue raised as to the validity of such claim, the eligibility of the claimant for waiting period credit or benefits, or the imposition of a disqualification period or penalty, or the denial thereof, and of the cause for which the claimant left the claimant's work, of such determination and the reasons thereof.

- (f) Except as otherwise hereinafter provided in this section regarding parties located in Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico, unless the claimant or such employer, within ten (10) days after the notification required by subsection (e), was mailed to the claimant's or the employer's last known address or otherwise delivered to the claimant or the employer, asks for a hearing before an administrative law judge thereon, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.
- (g) For a notice of disputed administrative determination or decision mailed or otherwise delivered to the claimant or employer either of whom is located in Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico, unless the claimant or employer, within fifteen (15) days after the notification required by subsection (e), was mailed to the claimant's or employer's last known address or otherwise delivered to the claimant or employer, asks for a hearing before an administrative law judge thereon, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.
- (h) If a claimant or an employer requests a hearing under subsection (f) or (g), the request therefor shall be filed with the department in writing within the prescribed periods as above set forth in this section and shall be in such form as the department may prescribe. In the event a hearing is requested by an employer or the department after it has been administratively determined that benefits should be allowed to a claimant, entitled benefits shall continue to be paid to said claimant unless said administrative determination has been reversed by a due process hearing. Benefits with respect to any week not in dispute shall be paid promptly regardless of any appeal.
- (i) A person may not participate on behalf of the department in any case in which the person is an interested party.
- (j) Solely on the ground of obvious administrative error appearing on the face of an original determination, and within the benefit year of the affected claims, the commissioner, or a representative authorized by the commissioner to act in the commissioner's behalf, may reconsider and direct the deputy to revise the original determination so as to correct the obvious error appearing therein. Time for filing an appeal and requesting a hearing before an administrative law judge regarding the determinations handed down pursuant to this subsection shall begin on the date following the date of revision of the original



determination and shall be filed with the commissioner in	writing
within the prescribed periods as above set forth in subsection	(c).

- (k) Notice to the employer and the claimant that the determination of the department is final if a hearing is not requested shall be prominently displayed on the notice of the determination which is sent to the employer and the claimant.
- (1) If an allegation of the applicability of IC 22-4-15-1(c)(8) is made by the individual at the time of the claim for benefits, the department shall not notify the employer of the claimant's current address or physical location.

