## **SENATE BILL No. 232**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-10.

**Synopsis:** Nonprofit hospitals. Eliminates the property tax exemption for property owned by an Indiana nonprofit corporation and used by that corporation in the operation of a hospital.

Effective: January 1, 2021.

## Ruckelshaus

January 6, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 232

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-10-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2019
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 16. (a) Except as provided in subsection
4	(q), all or part of a building is exempt from property taxation if it is
5	owned, occupied, and used by a person for educational, literary
6	scientific, religious, or charitable purposes.
7	(b) A building is exempt from property taxation if it is owned
8	occupied, and used by a town, city, township, or county for educational
9	literary, scientific, fraternal, or charitable purposes.
10	(c) A tract of land, including the campus and athletic grounds of ar
11	educational institution, is exempt from property taxation if:
12	(1) a building that is exempt under subsection (a) or (b) is situated
13	on it;
14	(2) a parking lot or structure that serves a building referred to in
15	subdivision (1) is situated on it; or
16	(3) the tract:
17	(A) is owned by a nonprofit entity established for the purpose



2	characteristics;
3	(B) does not exceed five hundred (500) acres; and
4	(C) is not used by the nonprofit entity to make a profit.
5	(d) A tract of land is exempt from property taxation if:
6	(1) it is purchased for the purpose of erecting a building that is to
7	be owned, occupied, and used in such a manner that the building
8	will be exempt under subsection (a) or (b); and
9	(2) not more than four (4) years after the property is purchased,
10	and for each year after the four (4) year period, the owner
11	demonstrates substantial progress and active pursuit towards the
12	erection of the intended building and use of the tract for the
13	exempt purpose. To establish substantial progress and active
14	pursuit under this subdivision, the owner must prove the existence
15	of factors such as the following:
16	(A) Organization of and activity by a building committee or
17	other oversight group.
18	(B) Completion and filing of building plans with the
19	appropriate local government authority.
20	(C) Cash reserves dedicated to the project of a sufficient
21	amount to lead a reasonable individual to believe the actual
22	construction can and will begin within four (4) years.
23	(D) The breaking of ground and the beginning of actual
24	construction.
25	(E) Any other factor that would lead a reasonable individual to
26	believe that construction of the building is an active plan and
27	that the building is capable of being completed within eight (8)
28	years considering the circumstances of the owner.
29	If the owner of the property sells, leases, or otherwise transfers a tract
30	of land that is exempt under this subsection, the owner is liable for the
31	property taxes that were not imposed upon the tract of land during the
32	period beginning January 1 of the fourth year following the purchase
33	of the property and ending on December 31 of the year of the sale,
34	lease, or transfer. The county auditor of the county in which the tract
35	of land is located may establish an installment plan for the repayment
36	of taxes due under this subsection. The plan established by the county
37	auditor may allow the repayment of the taxes over a period of years
38	equal to the number of years for which property taxes must be repaid
39	under this subsection.
40	(e) Subject to subsection (q), personal property is exempt from
41	property taxation if it is owned and used in such a manner that it would
42	be exempt under subsection (a) or (b) if it were a building.



1	(1) Subject to subsection (4), a nospitar's property that is exempt
2	from property taxation under subsection (a), (b), or (e) shall remain
3	exempt from property taxation even if the property is used in part to
4	furnish goods or services to another hospital whose property qualifies
5	for exemption under this section.
6	(g) Property owned by a shared hospital services organization that
7	is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or
8	501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code is exempt from property taxation
9	if it is owned, occupied, and used exclusively to furnish goods or
0	services to a hospital whose property is exempt from property taxation
1	under subsection (a), (b), or (e).
2	(h) This section does not exempt from property tax an office or a
3	practice of a physician or group of physicians that is owned by a
4	hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2 or other property that is not
5	substantially related to or supportive of the inpatient facility of the
6	hospital unless the office, practice, or other property:
7	(1) provides or supports the provision of charity care (as defined
8	in IC 16-18-2-52.5), including providing funds or other financial
9	support for health care services for individuals who are indigent
20	(as defined in IC 16-18-2-52.5(b) and IC 16-18-2-52.5(c)); or
21	(2) provides or supports the provision of community benefits (as
22	defined in IC 16-21-9-1), including research, education, or
23	government sponsored indigent health care (as defined in
.4	IC 16-21-9-2).
25	However, participation in the Medicaid or Medicare program alone
26	does not entitle an office, practice, or other property described in this
27	subsection to an exemption under this section.
28	(i) A tract of land or a tract of land plus all or part of a structure on
.9	the land is exempt from property taxation if:
0	(1) the tract is acquired for the purpose of erecting, renovating, or
1	improving a single family residential structure that is to be given
2	away or sold:
3	(A) in a charitable manner;
4	(B) by a nonprofit organization; and
5	(C) to low income individuals who will:
6	(i) use the land as a family residence; and
7	(ii) not have an exemption for the land under this section;
8	(2) the tract does not exceed three (3) acres; and
9	(3) the tract of land or the tract of land plus all or part of a
0.	structure on the land is not used for profit while exempt under this
-1	section.
-2	(j) An exemption under subsection (i) terminates when the property



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is conveyed by the nonprofit organization to another owner.  (k) When property that is exempt in any year under subsection (i) is conveyed to another owner, the nonprofit organization receiving the exemption must file a certified statement with the auditor of the county, notifying the auditor of the change not later than sixty (60) days after the date of the conveyance. The county auditor shall immediately forward a copy of the certified statement to the county assessor. A nonprofit organization that fails to file the statement required by this subsection is liable for the amount of property taxes due on the property conveyed if it were not for the exemption allowed under this
chapter.
(l) If property is granted an exemption in any year under subsection
(i) and the owner:
(1) fails to transfer the tangible property within eight (8) years
after the assessment date for which the exemption is initially granted; or
(2) transfers the tangible property to a person who:
(A) is not a low income individual; or
(B) does not use the transferred property as a residence for at
least one (1) year after the property is transferred;
the person receiving the exemption shall notify the county recorder and
the county auditor of the county in which the property is located not
later than sixty (60) days after the event described in subdivision (1) or
(2) occurs. The county auditor shall immediately inform the county

(m) If subsection (1)(1) or (1)(2) applies, the owner shall pay, not later than the date that the next installment of property taxes is due, an amount equal to the sum of the following:

assessor of a notification received under this subsection.

- (1) The total property taxes that, if it were not for the exemption under subsection (i), would have been levied on the property in each year in which an exemption was allowed.
- (2) Interest on the property taxes at the rate of ten percent (10%) per year.
- (n) The liability imposed by subsection (m) is a lien upon the property receiving the exemption under subsection (i). An amount collected under subsection (m) shall be collected as an excess levy. If the amount is not paid, it shall be collected in the same manner that delinquent taxes on real property are collected.
- (o) Property referred to in this section shall be assessed to the extent required under IC 6-1.1-11-9.
- (p) A for-profit provider of early childhood education services to children who are at least four (4) but less than six (6) years of age on



the annual assessment date may receive the exemption provided by this
section for property used for educational purposes only if all the
requirements of section 46 of this chapter are satisfied. A for-profit
provider of early childhood education services that provides the
services only to children younger than four (4) years of age may not
receive the exemption provided by this section for property used for
educational purposes.

(q) Tangible property owned by a nonprofit corporation and used by that corporation in the operation of a hospital licensed under IC 16-21 is not exempt from property taxation under this section.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-10-18.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2011, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 18.5. (a) This section does not exempt from property tax an office or a practice of a physician or group of physicians that is owned by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2 or other property that is not substantially related to or supportive of the inpatient facility of the hospital unless the office, practice, or other property:

- (1) provides or supports the provision of charity care (as defined in IC 16-18-2-52.5), including funds or other financial support for health care services for individuals who are indigent (as defined in IC 16-18-2-52.5(b) and IC 16-18-2-52.5(c)); or
- (2) provides or supports the provision of community benefits (as defined in IC 16-21-9-1), including research, education, or government sponsored indigent health care (as defined in IC 16-21-9-2).

However, participation in the Medicaid or Medicare program, alone, does not entitle an office, a practice, or other property described in this subsection to an exemption under this section.

- (b) Tangible property is exempt from property taxation if it is:
  - (1) owned by an Indiana nonprofit corporation; and
  - (2) used by that corporation in the operation of a hospital licensed under IC 16-21, a health facility licensed under IC 16-28, or in the operation of a residential facility for the aged and licensed under IC 16-28, or in the operation of a Christian Science home or sanatorium.
- (c) Property referred to in this section shall be assessed to the extent required under IC 6-1.1-11-9.

