SENATE BILL No. 200

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 4-6-2-13; IC 33-39-10-2.

Synopsis: Noncompliant prosecuting attorney. Permits the attorney general to request the appointment of a special prosecuting attorney if a prosecuting attorney is categorically refusing to prosecute certain crimes, and establishes a procedure for the appointment of a person to serve as a special prosecuting attorney to prosecute cases that the county prosecuting attorney is refusing to prosecute.

Effective: July 1, 2021.

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January 12, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections and Criminal Law.



First Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2021)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2020 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 200

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 4-6-2-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2021]: Sec. 13. (a) The following definitions apply throughout
4	this section:
5	(1) "Categorically refusing to enforce a criminal law" means
6	a blanket refusal to enforce a criminal law. The term includes
7	the refusal to enforce a criminal law unless certain conditions
8	are met. The term does not include the refusal to enforce a
9	criminal law:
10	(A) based on a reasonable, good faith belief that the law is
11	unconstitutional, or that enforcement would violate federal
12	law or an order issued by a state or federal court; or
13	(B) in one (1) or more specific instances, if the
14	determination not to enforce the law is based on an
15	individual investigation of the facts and circumstances of
16	each particular case.
17	(2) "Noncompliant prosecuting attorney" means a



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prosecuting attorney who has implemented a policy of categorically refusing to enforce a criminal law enacted by the general assembly.

- (b) If the attorney general receives credible information that a prosecuting attorney is categorically refusing to enforce a criminal law enacted by the general assembly, the attorney general shall conduct an investigation to determine whether the prosecuting attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting attorney.
- (c) If the attorney general, after conducting the investigation described in subsection (b), determines that a prosecuting attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting attorney, the attorney general may file a notice with the chief justice of Indiana, stating:
 - (1) that the attorney general has determined that the prosecuting attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting attorney;
 - (2) the name of the county in which the prosecuting attorney exercises jurisdiction; and
 - (3) that the attorney general requests that the chief justice assign a circuit or superior court judge to determine whether a person should be appointed as a special prosecuting attorney.

Upon receipt of the notice, the chief justice shall randomly select a circuit or superior court judge to determine whether a special prosecuting attorney should be appointed. The chief justice shall exclude from the random selection a judge who resides in the court of appeals district in which the prosecuting attorney exercises jurisdiction.

- (d) The attorney general shall file a verified petition for appointment of a special prosecuting attorney with the judge assigned under subsection (c). In the verified petition, the attorney general shall set forth why:
 - (1) the attorney general believes that the prosecuting attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting attorney; and
 - (2) the attorney general believes that appointment of a special prosecuting attorney would serve the interests of justice.

The attorney general may support the verified petition by including relevant documents, transcripts, or written statements in support of the attorney general's position. The attorney general shall serve a copy of the verified petition, along with any supporting evidence, on the prosecuting attorney.

(e) The prosecuting attorney shall file a verified answer to the attorney general's petition for appointment of a special prosecuting attorney not later than fifteen (15) days after receipt of the



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1	attorney general's petition.
2	(f) After considering the petition and answer, the judge may
3	appoint a person described in IC 33-39-10-2(c) to serve as a special
4	prosecuting attorney if the judge finds that:
5	(1) the prosecuting attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting
6	attorney; and
7	(2) appointment of a special prosecuting attorney is in the best
8	interests of justice.
9	In making a determination under this subsection, the judge shall
10	consider only the arguments and evidence contained in the petition
11	and answer.
12	(g) A special prosecuting attorney appointed under this section
13	has the same powers as the prosecuting attorney of the county.
14	However, the judge shall:
15	(1) limit the scope of the special prosecuting attorney's duties
16	as a special prosecuting attorney to include only the
17	investigation or prosecution of the cases or category of cases
18	that the noncompliant prosecuting attorney refused to
19	prosecute, including any matter that reasonably results from
20	the investigation or prosecuting; and
21	(2) establish for a time certain the length of the special
22	prosecuting attorney's term.
23	For good cause shown, the judge may at any time increase the
24	scope of the special prosecuting attorney's duties or establish a
25	longer term for the special prosecuting attorney. The judge may
26	require the special prosecuting attorney to submit periodic reports.
27	(h) If a special prosecuting attorney is not regularly employed
28	as a full-time prosecuting attorney or full-time deputy prosecuting
29	attorney, the compensation for the special prosecuting attorney's
30	services:
31	(1) shall be paid, as incurred, to the special prosecuting
32	attorney, following an application to the county auditor, from
33	the unappropriated funds of the appointing county; and
34	(2) may not exceed:
35	(A) an hourly rate based upon the regular salary of a
36	full-time prosecuting attorney of the appointing circuit;
37	(B) travel expenses and reasonable accommodation
38	expenses actually incurred; and
39	(C) other reasonable expenses actually incurred, including
10	the costs of investigation, trial and discovery preparation,
11	and other trial expenses

The amount of compensation a special prosecuting attorney



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1	receives for services performed during a calendar day under
2	subdivision (2)(A) may not exceed the amount of compensation a
3	full-time prosecuting attorney would receive in salary for the
4	calendar day.
5	(i) If the special prosecuting attorney is regularly employed as
6	a full-time prosecuting attorney or full-time deputy prosecuting
7	attorney, the compensation for the special prosecuting attorney's
8	services:
9	(1) shall be paid out of the appointing county's
10	unappropriated funds to the treasurer of the county in which
11	the special prosecuting attorney regularly serves; and
12	(2) must include a per diem equal to the regular salary of a
13	full-time prosecuting attorney of the appointing circuit, travel
14	expenses, and reasonable accommodation expenses actually
15	incurred.
16	SECTION 2. IC 33-39-10-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.57-2014,
17	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) A person may be appointed as a special
19	prosecutor:
20	(1) as provided under this section; or
21	(2) in accordance with IC 4-2-7-7; or
22	(3) in accordance with IC 4-6-2-13.
23 24	(b) A circuit court or superior court judge:
24	(1) shall appoint a special prosecutor if:
25	(A) any person, other than a prosecuting attorney or the
26	prosecuting attorney's deputy, files a verified petition
27	requesting the appointment of a special prosecutor; and
28	(B) the prosecuting attorney agrees that a special prosecutor is
29	needed;
30	(2) may appoint a special prosecutor if:
31	(A) a person files a verified petition requesting the
32	appointment of a special prosecutor; and
33	(B) the court, after:
34	(i) notice is given to the prosecuting attorney; and
35	(ii) an evidentiary hearing is conducted at which the
36	prosecuting attorney is given an opportunity to be heard;
37	finds by clear and convincing evidence that the appointment
38	is necessary to avoid an actual conflict of interest or there is
39	probable cause to believe that the prosecuting attorney has
40	committed a crime;
41	(3) may appoint a special prosecutor if:
42	(A) the prosecuting attorney files a petition requesting the
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1	court to appoint a special prosecutor; and
2	(B) the court finds that the appointment is necessary to avoid
3	the appearance of impropriety;
4	(4) may appoint a special prosecutor if:
5	(A) an elected public official who is a defendant in a crimina
6	proceeding files a verified petition requesting a specia
7	prosecutor within ten (10) days after the date of the initia
8	hearing; and
9	(B) the court finds that the appointment of a special prosecutor
10	is in the best interests of justice; and
11	(5) shall appoint a special prosecutor if:
12	(A) a previously appointed special prosecutor:
13	(i) files a motion to withdraw as special prosecutor; or
14	(ii) has become incapable of continuing to represent the
15	interests of the state; and
16	(B) the court finds that the facts that established the basis for
17	the initial appointment of a special prosecutor still exist.
18	The elected prosecuting attorney who serves in the jurisdiction of
19	the appointing court shall receive notice of all pleadings filed and
20	orders issued under this subdivision.
21	(c) A person appointed to serve as a special prosecutor:
22	(1) must consent to the appointment; and
22 23 24	(2) must be:
24	(A) the prosecuting attorney or a deputy prosecuting attorney
25	in a county other than the county in which the person is to
26	serve as special prosecutor; or
27	(B) a senior prosecuting attorney as described in section 1 or
28	this chapter. A senior prosecuting attorney may be appointed
29	to serve as a special prosecutor in a county in which the senior
30	prosecuting attorney previously served if the court finds that
31	the appointment would not create the appearance of
32	impropriety.
33	(d) A person appointed to serve as a special prosecutor in a county
34	has the same powers as the prosecuting attorney of the county
35	However, the appointing judge shall limit the scope of the special
36	prosecutor's duties to include only the investigation or prosecution of
37	a particular case or particular grand jury investigation.
38	(e) Upon making an appointment under this section, the court shall
39	establish the length of the special prosecutor's term. At least one (1)
10	time every six (6) months throughout the appointed term, a special
11	prosecutor shall file a progress report with the appointing court. A
12	progress report:



1	(1) must inform the court of the:
2	(A) status of the investigation; and
3	(B) estimated time for completion of the special prosecutor's
4	duties; and
5	(2) may not:
6	(A) include substantive facts or legal issues; or
7	(B) offer preliminary conclusions.
8	The court may extend the term of appointment upon the request of the
9	special prosecutor or terminate any appointment if the special
10	prosecutor has failed to file reports or a request for an extended term
11	under this subsection.
12	(f) If the target of an investigation by the special prosecutor is a
13	public servant (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-261), the court shall order
14	the special prosecutor to file a report of the investigation with the court
15	at the conclusion of the investigation. A report filed under this
16	subsection is a public record under IC 5-14-3.
17	(g) If a special prosecutor is not regularly employed as a full-time
18	prosecuting attorney or full-time deputy prosecuting attorney, the
19	compensation for the special prosecutor's services:
20	(1) shall be paid, as incurred, to the special prosecutor, following
21	an application to the county auditor, from the unappropriated
22	funds of the appointing county; and
23	(2) may not exceed:
24	(A) an hourly rate based upon the regular salary of a full-time
25	prosecuting attorney of the appointing circuit;
26	(B) travel expenses and reasonable accommodation expenses
27	actually incurred; and
28	(C) other reasonable expenses actually incurred, including the
29	costs of investigation, trial and discovery preparation, and
30	other trial expenses.
31	The amount of compensation a special prosecutor receives for services
32	performed during a calendar day under subdivision (2)(A) may not
33	exceed the amount of compensation a full-time prosecuting attorney
34	would receive in salary for the calendar day.
35	(h) If the special prosecutor is regularly employed as a full-time
36	prosecuting attorney or deputy prosecuting attorney, the compensation
37	for the special prosecutor's services:
38	(1) shall be paid out of the appointing county's unappropriated
39	funds to the treasurer of the county in which the special
40	prosecutor regularly serves; and
41	(2) must include a per diem equal to the regular salary of a
42	full-time prosecuting attorney of the appointing circuit, travel



expenses, and reasonable accommodation expenses actually incurred.

